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#### EPA SSOAP Toolbox – Evolution and Applications

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Srini Vallabhaneni, "EPA SSOAP Toolbox – Evolution and Applications" in "Fifty Years Of Watershed Modeling - Past, Present And Future", A.S. Donigian, AQUA TERRA Consultants; Richard Field, US EPA (retired); Michael Baker Jr., Inc. Eds, ECI Symposium Series, (2013). http://dc.engconfintl.org/watershed/21

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#### EPA SSOAP Toolbox – Evolution and Applications

Presented by: Srini Vallabhaneni, P.E., BCEE CDM Smith Project Manager

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Office of Research and Development National Risk Management Research Laboratory Water Supply and Water Resources Division Urban Watershed Management Branch, Edison, NJ

> The National Center for Atmospheric Research Boulder, Colorado, USA September 24-26, 2012

Office of Research and Development National Risk Management Research Laboratory



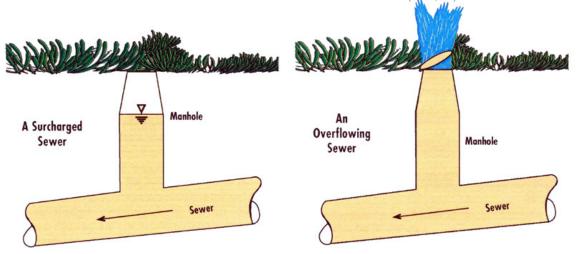
# **Presentation Outline**

- Aging Infrastructure Challenges
- EPA Research and Development
- SSOAP Applications
- Current Status and On-going Efforts
- Contact Information



### Aging Wastewater Infrastructure Challenges in the United States

- Aging sewers risk of failure; performance problems sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs)
  - some more than 100 years old
  - more than 19,500 sanitary sewer systems serving 150 million people
  - 50,000 sewer breaks/year
  - 500,000 stoppages/year
  - 75% of sewers operating at 50% capacity or less
  - 40,000 SSO events/ year





Sewer Capacity Can Be Exceeded During Wet Weather



# **Prime Culprit of SSO**

- Rainfall Derived Infiltration and Inflow (RDII) that causes flows to exceed sewer capacity from:
  - -Poor sewer maintenance root intrusion, grease build up, debris
  - Aging sewers defective joints, lines, manholes, missing manhole covers







### EPA Research and Development (2002 - 2008)

- R&D goal develop guidance and tools:
  - methodology for assessing RDII
  - Sewer capacity and conditions assessment tools
  - SSO mitigation plans

**EPA** 

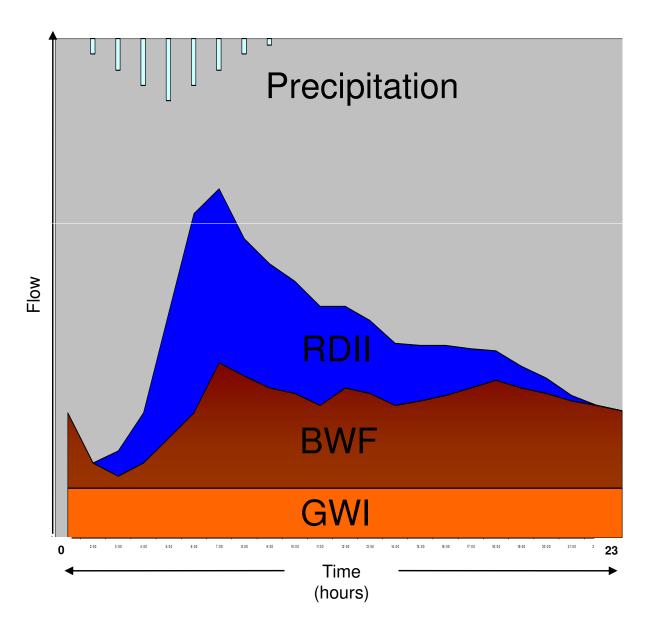
 SSO CRADA (Cooperative Research and Development Agreement)



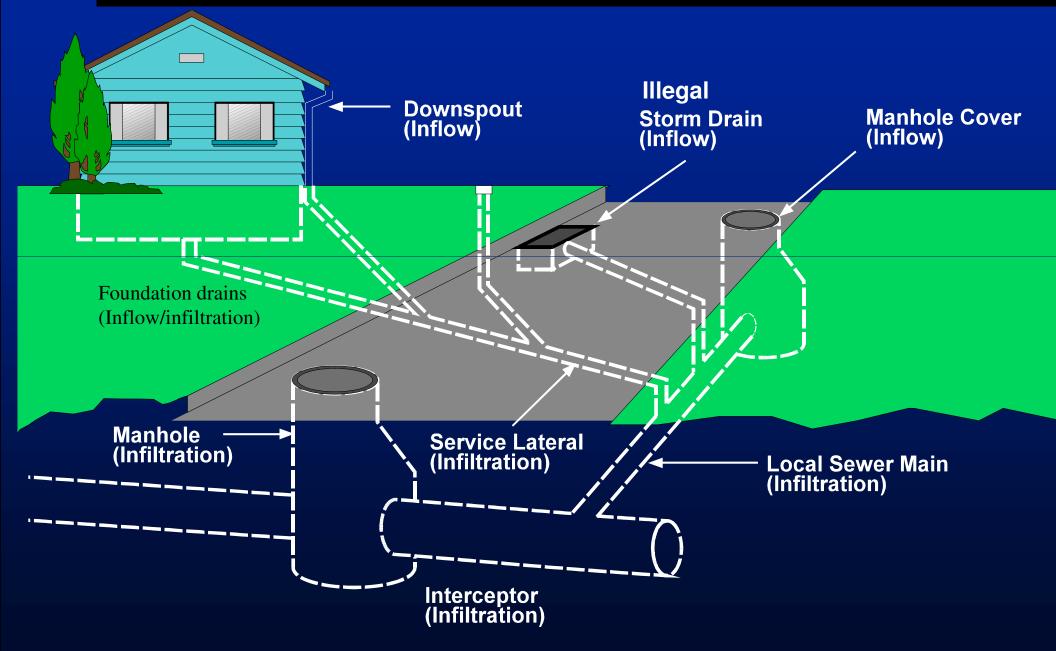


### **Components of Wet-weather** Wastewater Flow

- GWI Ground
   Water Infiltration
  - -f (season, river flow, tides)
- BWF Base
   Wastewater Flow
   –f (pop, land use)
- RDII Rainfall Derived Infiltration and inflow
  - -f (rain, AMC)



### Collection System Components & Infiltration/Inflow Sources

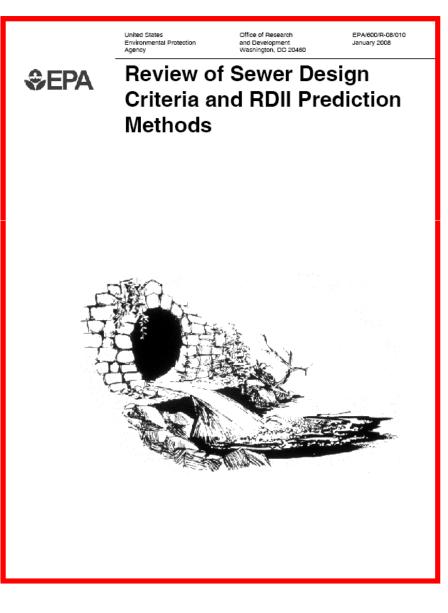




# CRADA Outcomes – Technical Report #1

- EPA Report, EPA/600/R-08/010, Jan 2008
- Website link: http://www.epa.gov/nr mrl/pubs/600r08010/6 00r08010.pdf

Provide a literature review of RDII prediction methods and selection of the RDII method for SSOAP



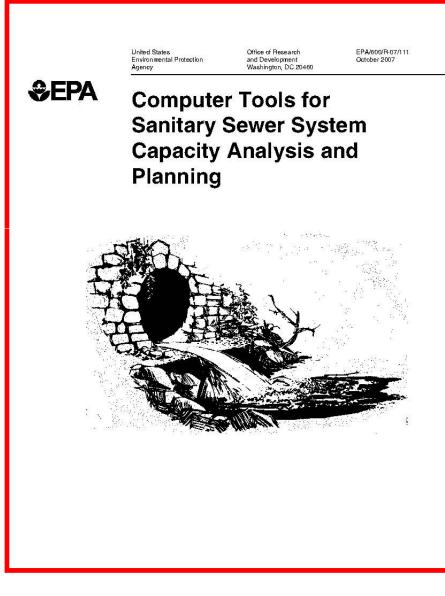


# CRADA Outcomes – Technical Report #2

- EPA Report, EPA/600/R-07/111, Oct. 2007
- Website link: http://www.epa.gov/nrmrl/pub s/600r07111/600r07111.pdf

# A reference report for SSOAP users

An independent national technical panel provided critical review of the Toolbox and technical report





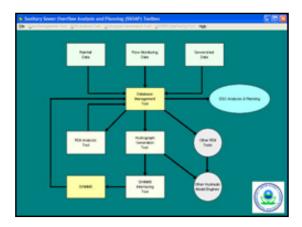
### **CRADA Outcomes – SSOAP Toolbox**

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Address 🙆 http://www	.epa.gov/ednnrmrl/models/ssoap/index.html#download	Selec
Urban Watershed Management Research Home Program Overview Research Topics Wet-Weather Flow Models Storm Water Management Model Sanitary Sewer Overflow Analysis and Planning (SSOAP) Toolbox System for Urban Stormwater Treatment and Analysis Integration (SUSTAIN) Model Publications Related Links Calendar	Persent Additions   Contact Us Search: ○ All EPA ⊙ This Area  Provide an Intervention of a Development & Research & Development & Research & Urban Watershed Management Research * Sentary Sevent  Sanitary Seweer Overflow Analysis and Planning (S  • Description • Methodology • Capabilities • Applications • Support • Downloads • Links • Contact  Description Rainfall-derived infiltration and inflow (RDII) into sanitary sever systems has long been recognized as a source of operating problems in severage systems. RDII is the main cause of sanitary sever overflows (SSOS) to basements, streets, or nearby receiving waters and can also cause serious operating problems at watewater treatment facilities. Thus, there is a need to develop provem methodologies and computer tools to assist SSO communities in developing an optimal capital improvement J. To assist municipalities in developing plans to mitigate SSO problems, the United States Environmental Protection Management Model Version S (SWMMS) for performing dynamic routing of flows through the sanitary sever systems. The toolbox is currently interfaced with the USEPA toolbox is a suite of computer software tools used for quantification of ROII and facilitating capacity analysis of sanitary sever systems. The toolbox is currently interfaced with the USEPA toolbox is a suite of computer software tools used for quantification of ROII and facilitating capacity analysis of sanitary sever systems. The toolbox is currently interfaced with the USEPA Streets and soft software tools used for quantification of ROII and facilitating capacity analysis of sanitary sever systems. The toolbox is currently interfaced with the USEPA Streets and sanitary Sever Software tools used for quantification of ROII and facilitating capacity analysis of sanitary sever systems. The toolbox is currently interfaced with the USEPA Streets and software tools used for quantification of ROII and facilitating capacity analysis of sanitary sever systems. The toolbox is currently interfaced with the USEPA S	
	Methodology	
	SSOAP uses the synthetic unit hydrograph (SUH) approach for predicting RDII. Specifically, this approach ( characterize the RDII response to a rainfall event The selection of this method for quantifying RDII in the	



# What is SSOAP Toolbox?

- The SSOAP Toolbox contains a suite of computer software tools
- It is designed to assist SSO communities to:
  - Assess sanitary sewer capacity problems, and develop mitigation solutions
  - Prioritization of subareas to perform field investigations for sewer condition assessment
  - Assess post-rehabilitation RDII

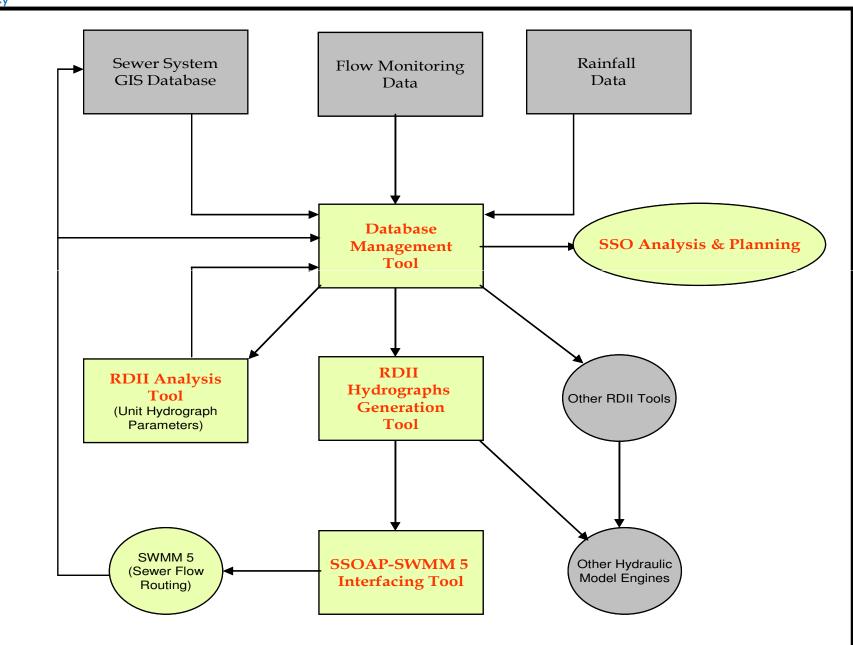


### **Overview of SSOAP Toolbox**

Environmental Protection Agency

**€FPA** 

United States



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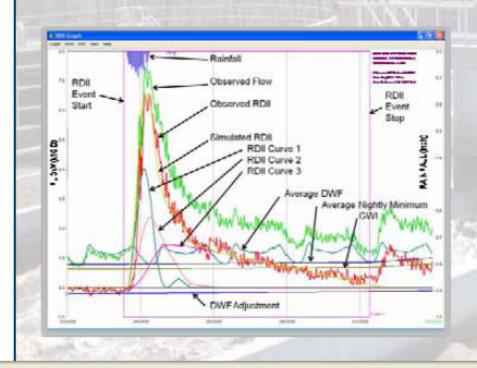
### Research and Development (2009 – ongoing)



#### **Research Project**

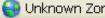
National Risk Management Research Laboratory Water Supply and Water Resources Division Urban Watershed Management Branch

CONDITION ASSESSMENT OF WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEMS USING THE SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOW ANALYSIS AND PLANNING (SSOAP) TOOLBOX



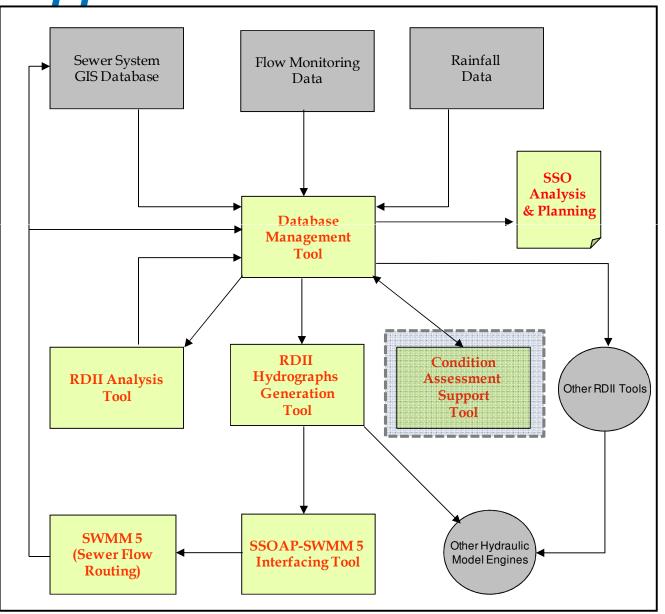
#### IMPACT STATEMENT

The Sanitary Sewer Overflow Analysis and Planning (SSOAP) Toolbox can serve as the foundation of wastewater collection system infrastructure research, among several applications, for analyzing monitored flow data to prioritize where to inspect, monitor, and to assess the performance of rehabilitation activities. In addition, it will support program offices in adding the conducting capacity, operation and maintenance requirements to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits and help municipalities identify sanitary sewer overflow problems and develop a sensible control plan to meet their NPDES permit requirements.





### SSOAP Enhancements: Addition of *Condition Assessment* Support Tool



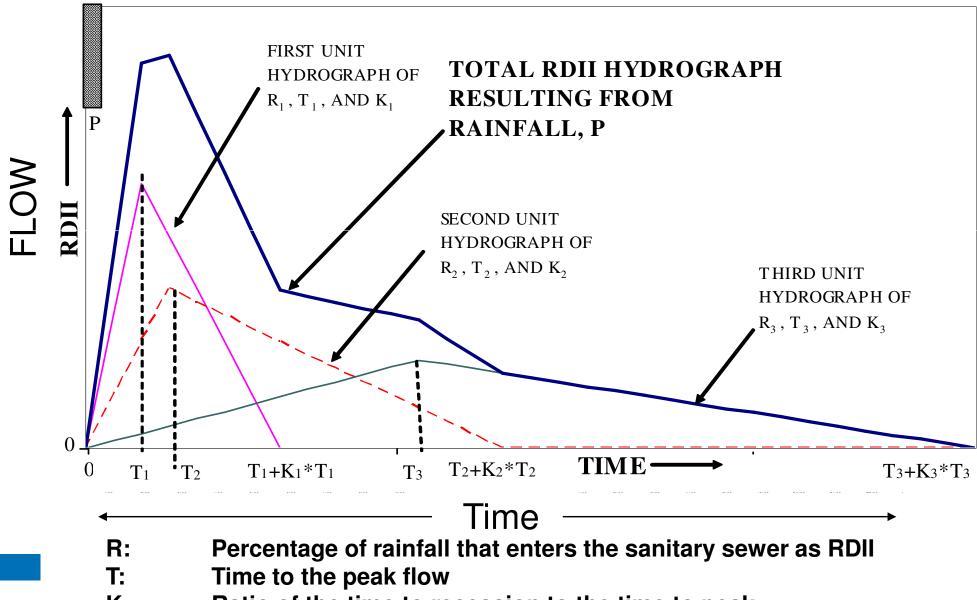


Objectives are to create a dedicated tool for:

- Developing priorities among different sewersheds and sub-sewersheds for designing a focused field investigation plan and subsequent sewer rehabilitation plan
- Assessing effectiveness of sewer rehabilitation programs using pre- and post-rehabilitation RDII correlations



#### **SSOAP Synthetic Unit Hydrograph Method**



K: Ratio of the time to recession to the time to peak

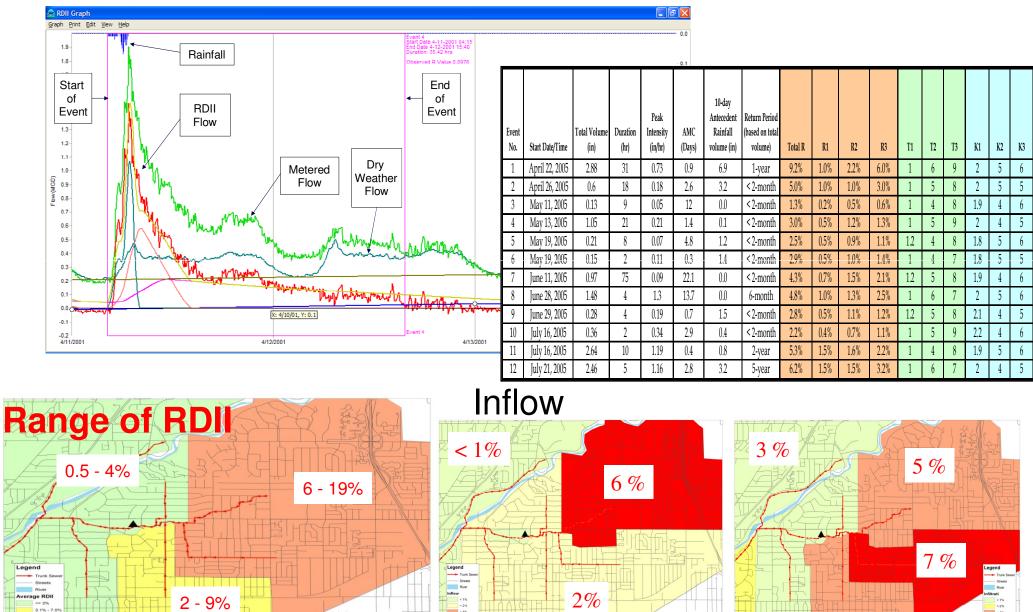


# **SSOAP Applications**



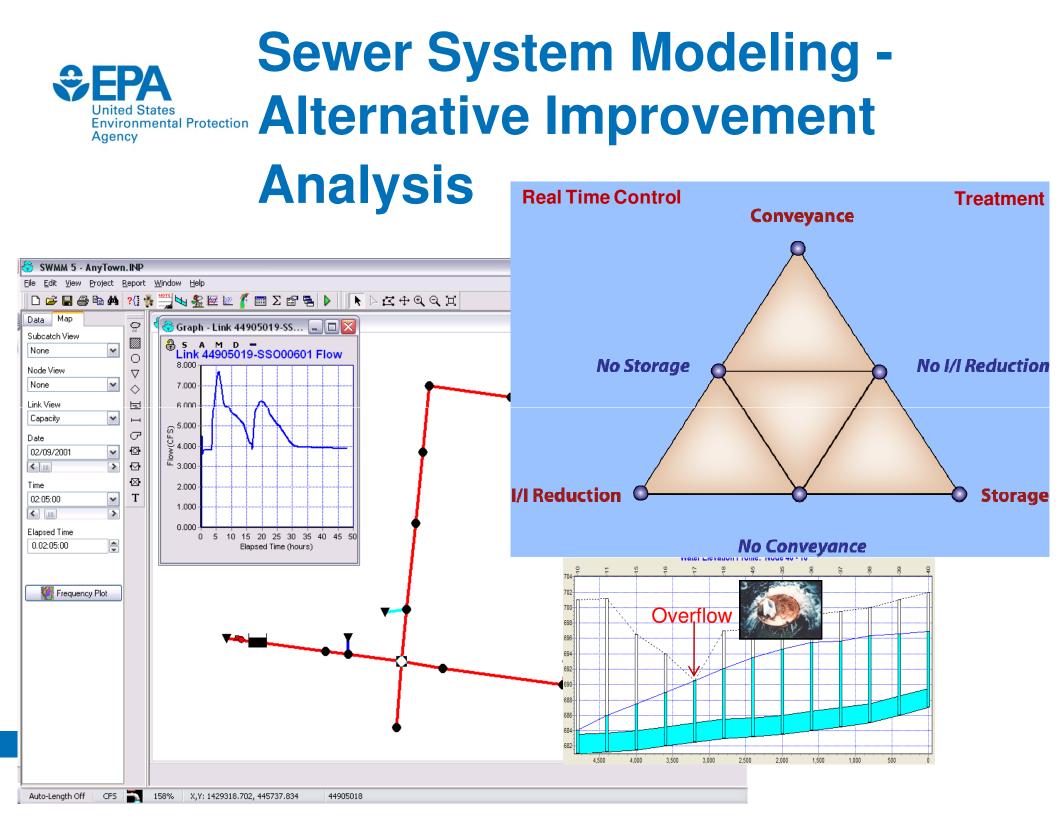
7.0% - 15%

# **RDII Assessment**



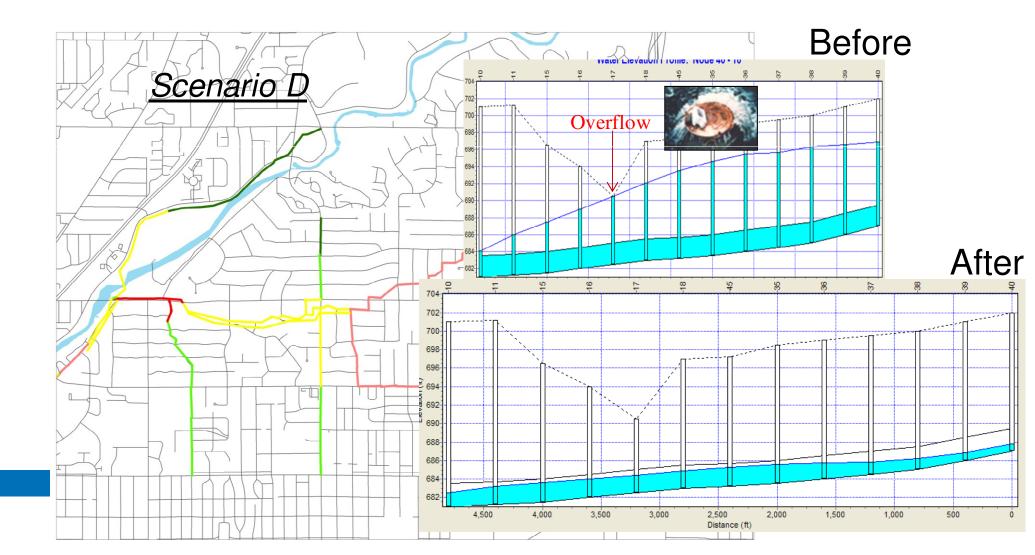
Infiltration

< 4%





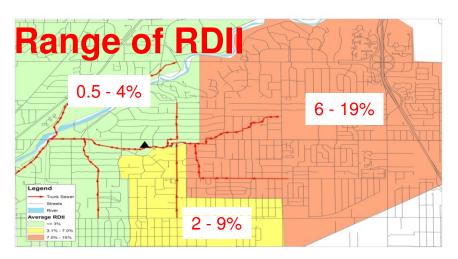
# United States Environmental Protection Agency and Assurance

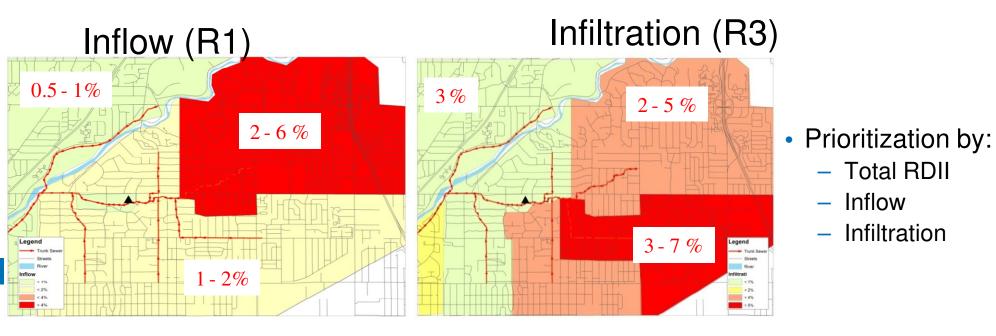




### Sewer Condition Assessment and Rehabilitation Prioritization

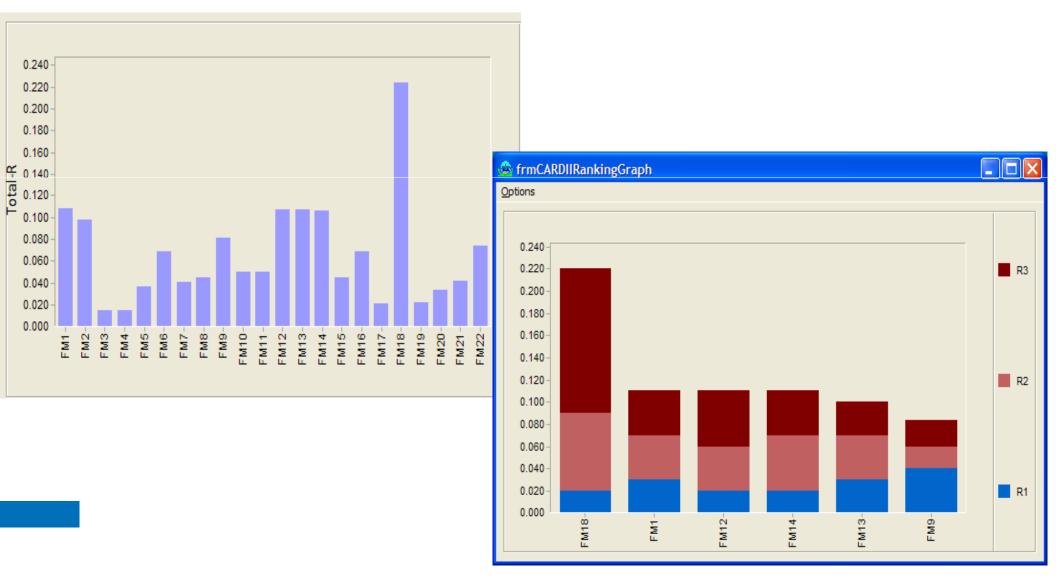
Prioritized subareas to perform field investigations to assess sewer condition and subsequent rehabilitation





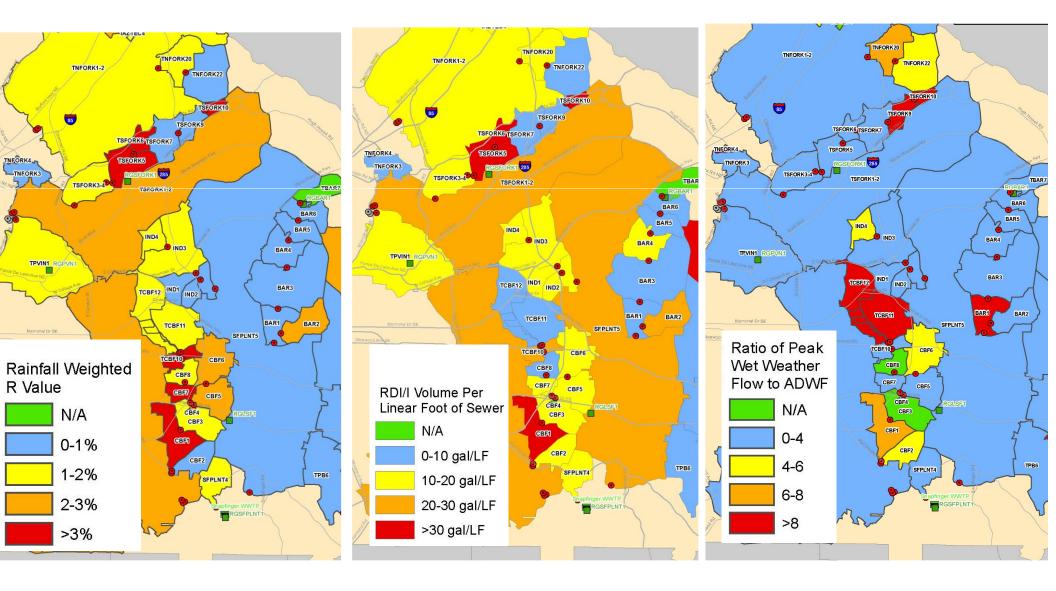


### Sewershed Comparisons with Relative Inflow and Infiltration Contributions



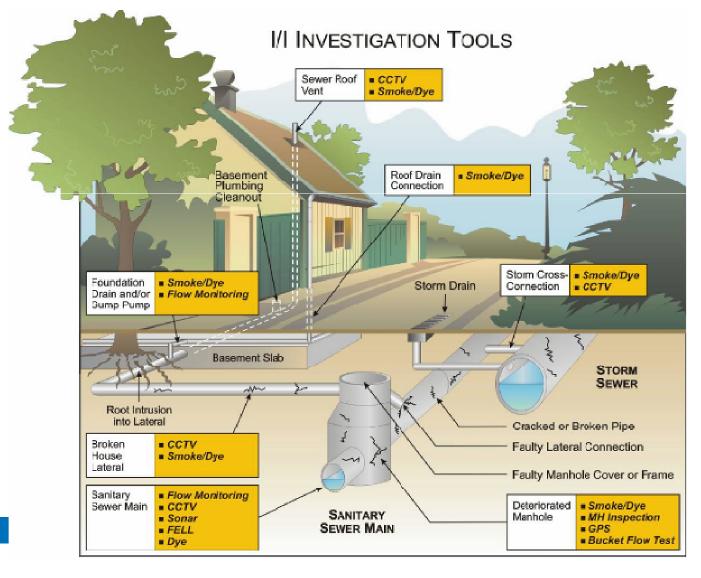


# Field Investigation Priorities – Varying Metrics





### **Focused Field Investigations**



SSOAP Toolbox designed to assist prioritizing portions of the sewer systems and help select proper I/I investigation tools

Save program \$\$Collect meaningful data



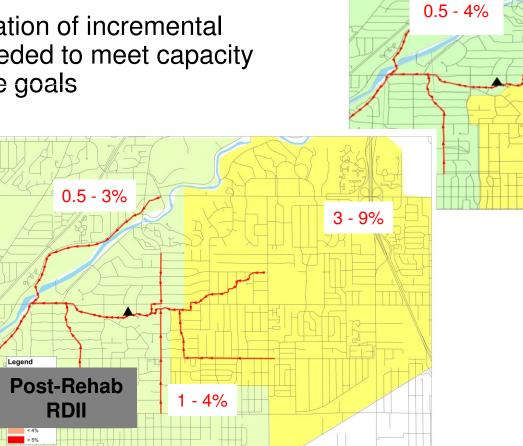
## **Post-Rehabilitation RDII** Assessment

**Pre-Rehab RDII** 

6 - 19%

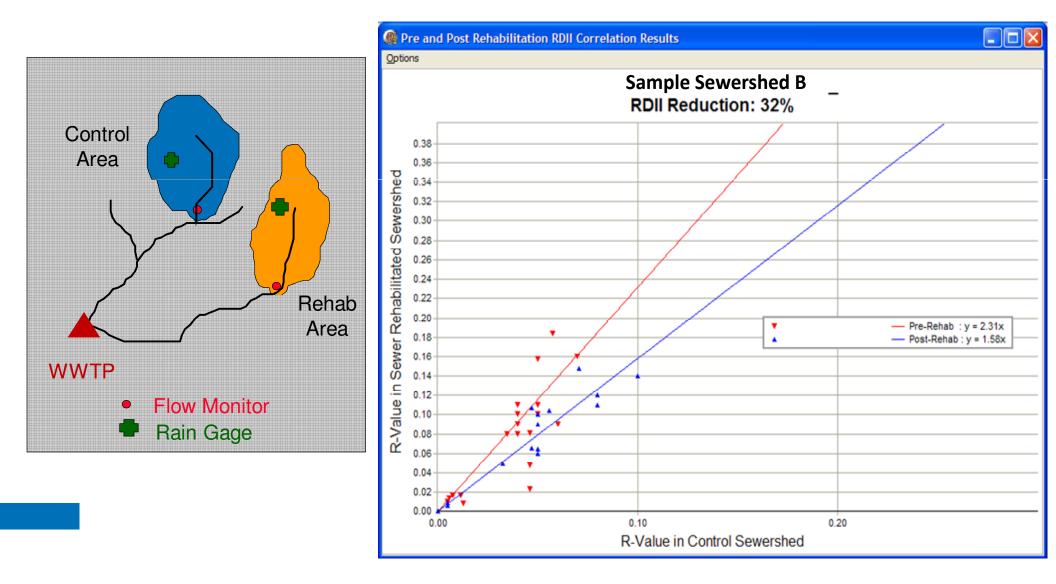
2 - 9%

- RDII Assessment of pre and post rehabilitation conditions
- Determination of incremental efforts needed to meet capacity assurance goals





### **Confirmation of Rehabilitation** Agency Environmental Protection Effectiveness (Correlation of RDII **Between Rehab and Control Sub-basins)**





# SSOAP R&D Status and Ongoing Efforts

### •2009-2012:

- -SSOAP training workshops
- -Provide users support
- -Enhance SSOAP to facilitate condition assessment applications – Condition Assessment Support Tool
- -Technical Report: SSOAP Enhancements and Case Study



# For information on research and tools:

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