



Domestic thermoelectric cogeneration drying system: Thermal modeling and case study

Submitted by Thierry Lemenand on Mon, 01/21/2019 - 11:18

Titre	Domestic thermoelectric cogeneration drying system: Thermal modeling and case study
Type de publication	Article de revue
Auteur	Jaber, Hassan [1], Khaled, Mahmoud [2], Lemenand, Thierry [3], Murr, Rabih [4], Faraj, Jalal [5], Ramadan, Mohamad [6]
Editeur	Elsevier
Type	Article scientifique dans une revue à comité de lecture
Année	2019
Langue	Anglais
Date	1er Mars 2019
Pagination	1036-1050
Volume	170
Titre de la revue	Energy
ISSN	03605442
Mots-clés	Energy [7], Heat recovery [8], Hybrid system [9], TEG Cogeneration [10] The demand for reducing fuel consumption and mitigating exhaust fumes accountable for the greenhouse effect push toward developing efficient energy recovery systems. Optimizing the heat recovery process can be achieved by adding multi-recovery stages. In this frame, the present work suggests a new multi-stage recovery system for heating water and air and generating electricity. The concept of the system is applied to the exhaust gases of a chimney. A complete thermal modeling of the system is drawn. Then a case study is carried out for three different fed fuels (diesel, coal, wood). The results show that when diesel is used water temperature achieved 351 K and 240 W electric power is generated. Moreover, a 0.16 m ² heat recovery heat exchanger area is required to heat air to 363 K at an air flow rate of 0.0076 kg/s. Such system can recover up to 84% of the energy lost to the environment when wood is utilized as a fed fuel.
Résumé en anglais	
URL de la notice	http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua18671 [11]
DOI	10.1016/j.energy.2018.12.071 [12]
Lien vers le document	https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S036054421832437X?... [13]
Titre abrégé	Energy

Liens

- [1] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/user/8132/publications>
- [2] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=15996>

- [3] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/t.lemenand/publications>
- [4] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=33109>
- [5] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=33110>
- [6] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=27321>
- [7] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=1867>
- [8] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23586>
- [9] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=26983>
- [10] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=26984>
- [11] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua18671>
- [12] <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2018.12.071>
- [13] <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S036054421832437X?via%3Dihub>

Publié sur *Okina* (<http://okina.univ-angers.fr>)