got extra \$ 100. At the end of the season, all bonuses were paid.

At negotiations all the essential terms of the contract, including the amount of transfer, salary, terms of termination of the contract and others are agreed upon. Vadim Shabliy, the most famous Ukrainian sport agent, points out that the most difficult thing while concluding a sports contract is to reach a consensus in finding a compromise on significant issues of the contract. The parties do not always come to meet each other in person, including the clients. If during the negotiations the agent and the other party have agreed upon all the contract terms, then the decision must be approved with the athlete. Since the opinion of the agent and the opinion of his client may diverge, the latter must weigh all the advantages and disadvantages himself (the opinion expressed by V. Shabliy in the telephone conversation with the author of this publication).

As a result of the research, the following conclusions have been made. It is clear that the problem of sports contracts requires further study and research. At the legislative level, labor relations in the field of sports are regulated by regulatory acts, which have lost their relevance in the times of market economy and do not meet the requirements of the current situation in sports. In particular, the Labor Code of Ukraine establishes general rules for all employees, including athletes, despite the fact that the athletes' labor relations require a separate legal definition.

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INFLUENCE OF MODERN YOUTH VALUE SYSTEM ON DEMOGRAPHIC STRUCTURE

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The report deals with Demographic Crisis which can be understood as the situation when sociologists indicate negative population parameter.

Is there anything dangerous about depopulation? Significant decline in the birth rate comes with phenomenon known as aging of the nation. It means that majority of population is people of retirement age. In such case the nation's potential in production, research, and many other areas is decreasing. As a result, we can observe increase in pressure on medical and social institutions and in growth of taxes paid by people whose age is appropriate to work.

Moreover, from a sociological point of view, a question arises whether families whose members have made a decision to be childless can be considered full-fledged, which in its turn extends the question by asking if anything important may be lost because of people's orientation toward being childfree. Nowadays such a question is as relevant as it has ever been and even more. But we should understand that such social institution as family is able to be changed in accordance with the global situation. So, the youth should face the decision to have children or not.

In recent years, we have been able to observe a situation like this: modern young families have increasingly come to the conclusion that they want to have only one descendant or do not want to have children at all. For sociologists and demographers in Ukraine childless families are an actual target for research, because over the last decade, Ukraine has experienced a decline in absolute and relative fertility rates. According to the researchers (Eurobarometer data in machining of Jon MacInnes) there are 19% of people, who prefer not to have children. There is evidence that only 2-3% of them are incapable to give birth to a descendant because of health issues, while the main part of them are willing to be childless.

It is interesting to mention that the majority of scientists who have been doing the research on a childfree position, conclude that voluntary childlessness is a form of deviation.

In accordance with classification, proposed by Johan Vivers, there are two types of childfree people. They are *rejecters* (those, who actually hate children), this group consisting of minority. The other group is made up of those who refuse to have children for the benefit of self-freedom and is called *alficionado*.

Modern researches have led to conclusion that there are two more types of voluntary childless people: "*permanent de-layers*" (they are the people who actually don't mind having children, but for different reasons delay it. There are also "*wave-like refusers*," for who it is hard to make a final decision whether they want to have children or not, till it might be too late.

According to numerous researches all of those positions may be a wish or a purpose to make a career, especially among women. Usually the birth of a baby does not make any problems for a male's career unlike that of a female. Nowadays a great amount of modern young women have an orientation to making a career with high salary, which demands a lot of their time. So, voluntary childlessness consists in the prospect of self-actualization. According to academic Bogachiova, self-supportability is the main criterion of modern youth and it is going to destroy the traditional way of the society structure. This is how parenthood becomes secondary value.

A clear-cut example of the foregoing statements is an interviewing made by a group of sociologists for the purpose of determining which reasons push young people to refuse of parenthood. Some of the most indicative answers of the youth will be represented further in this paper. One of the first respondents said that children were a waste of time and money: "Oh, you know, I see how much time my friends are killinfor the benefit of their children, and I also know how much money they spend on children. So I can say that children are waste of resources. I'd rather spend this money on traveling and self-development." Another informant reported, "The surrounding people do not understand me. They ask me questions such as: "When are you going to have children?" and said that he felt as if everybody were pushing him to become a parent.

As we can see, the demographic situation is related to the values of the youth. Most of the childless people simply decide not to have children. So, the conclusion might be the following: young people aim at career building and self-development and cannot see such things in combination with parenthood Some young people consider children to be a waste of money and time. There are also some individuals who do their best to resist to being pushed to be a parent.

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COMPETENCE OF ENGLISH COURTS IN THE MODERN WORLD

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The competence or jurisdiction of the English courts, that is, the range of cases with an international element that the English courts consider themselves