## **Electronic Dissertation Oscar H. Franco Duran**

- 1. Faculty: FGG
- 2. Title: Cardiovascular Disease Prevention: from meta-analyses to life expectancies
- 3. Date of the promotion: August 31<sup>st</sup> 2005, 13:45
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## 5. Stellingen:

- 1. Physical activity not only prolongs total life expectancy but also life expectancy free of cardiovascular disease. (this thesis)
- 2. Economic analyses need to increase transparency to reduce vulnerability to bias and increase reproducibility. (this thesis)
- 3. A cost-effective pharmacological strategy to prevent cardiovascular disease should start with smoking-cessation for smokers and aspirin for men aged 45 and over with moderate and high risk. (this thesis)
- 4. Although the Polypill theoretically is a highly effective intervention, the costs of the medication could be its caveat for implementing it in the primary prevention of cardiovascular disease. (this thesis)
- 5. Pharmacological ways are not the first option in cardiovascular disease prevention. A healthy lifestyle, including a good diet and exercise, should be promoted first. (this thesis)
- 6. If Jesus Christ would come back in the 21<sup>st</sup> century one of His central teachings would probably be the keystone of cardiovascular disease prevention: adoption of a healthy lifestyle.
- 7. The recommendation for a healthy heart may one day be exercise, eat right and laugh a few times a day. (Michael Miller, MD, F.A.C.C., Centre for Preventive Cardiology at the University of Maryland Medical Centre)
- 8. Let each of your acts be your last battle on earth. Only under those conditions will your acts have their rightful power. (Don Juan, Lord George Gordon Byron, 1788-1824)
- 9. Imagination is more important than knowledge. Knowledge is limited whereas imagination embraces the entire world... stimulating progress, giving birth to evolutions. (Albert Einstein 1879-1955)
- 10. All the knowledge I possess everyone else can acquire, but my heart is all my own. (The Sorrows of Young Werther, Johann Wolfgang von Goethe, 1749-1832)
- 11. The shortest and most realistic formula of luck (L) results from a simple combination of faith (F) and hard work (HW). [L=F\*HW]