

Stellingen behorende bij het proefschrift

Functional Proteomics Analysis of Transcription Factor Networks in Erythroid Cells

- 1. 5FMC is a novel chromatin complex composed of Pelp1, Senp3, Las1L, Wdr18 and Tex10. (this thesis)
- 2. The 5FMC complex interacts with methylated Chtop. (this thesis)
- 3. Prmt1 is the only type I arginine methyltransferase that methylates Chtop. (this thesis)
- 4. Senp3 regulates the sumoylation status of Zbp-89. (this thesis)
- 5. LAS1L is localized in the nucleolus of human cells but can not be detected in the nucleolus of mouse cells. (this thesis)
- 6. Sumoylation of transcriptional repressors is a general mechanism to recruit chromatin remodeling and histone-modifying complexes. (Garcia-Dominguez and Reyes, Biochimica et Biophysica Acta, 2009)
- 7. Histone sumoylation appears to govern chromatin structure, thus mediating transcriptional repression. (Shiio and Eisenman, PNAs, 2003)
- 8. PELP1 is associated with SUMO-2 (Rosendorff et al., PNAs, 2006)
- Methylation of arginine residues in proteins can provide a recognition platform for interaction partners, or can modulate their biological activity directly. (Bedford and Clarke, Mol. Cell, 2009)
- Components of the 5FMC complex are involved in ribosome biogenesis and RNA processing. (Finkbeiner et al., EMBO J., 2011 and Castle et al., Mol Cell Biol., 2010)
- 11. "What is research but a blind date with knowledge". (Will Harvey)

Paylos Fanis