Technical University of Denmark



### A high-mobility two-dimensional electron gas at the spinel/perovskite interface of - AI2O3/SrTiO3

Chen, Yunzhong; Trier, Felix; Christensen, Dennis Valbjørn; Andersen, Niels Hessel; Kasama, Takeshi; Zhang, Wei; Linderoth, Søren; Pryds, Nini

Publication date: 2013

Link back to DTU Orbit

Citation (APA):

Chen, Y., Triér, F., Christensen, D. V., Andersen, N. H., Kasama, T., Zhang, W., ... Pryds, N. (2013). A highmobility two-dimensional electron gas at the spinel/perovskite interface of -Al2O3/SrTiO3 . Poster session presented at 2nd Frontiers of Microscopy Virtual Conference, .

### DTU Library Technical Information Center of Denmark

#### **General rights**

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

• Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.

- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
- You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

# 

# A high-mobility two-dimensional electron gas at the spinel/perovskite interface of y-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/SrTiO<sub>3</sub>

Yunzhong Chen<sup>1\*</sup>, Felix Trier<sup>1</sup>, Dennis Christensen<sup>1</sup>, N. H. Andersen<sup>2</sup>, T. Kasama<sup>3</sup>, W. Zhang<sup>1</sup>, S. Linderoth<sup>1</sup>, and Nini Pryds<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>Department of Energy Conversion and Storage, Technical University of Denmark, DK-4000 Roskilde, Denmark <sup>2</sup>Department of Physics, Technical University of Denmark, 2800 Lyngby, Denmark <sup>3</sup>Center for Electron Nanoscopy, Technical University of Denmark, 2800 Lyngby, Denmark Email: yunc@dtu.dk

# Background and motivation

The realization of high-mobility 2DEGs in epitaxially grown heterostructures made of traditional semiconductors is at the heart of present electronics, which has led to a wealth of new physical phenomena as well as new electronic and photonic devices over the past few decades. 2DEGs at the interface between insulating complex oxides not only provide a wealth of opportunities to study mesoscopic physics with strongly correlated electrons confined in nanostructures, but also show promise for multifunctional all-oxide devices with

## □ Metallic interface between insulating oxides of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and SrTiO<sub>3</sub>

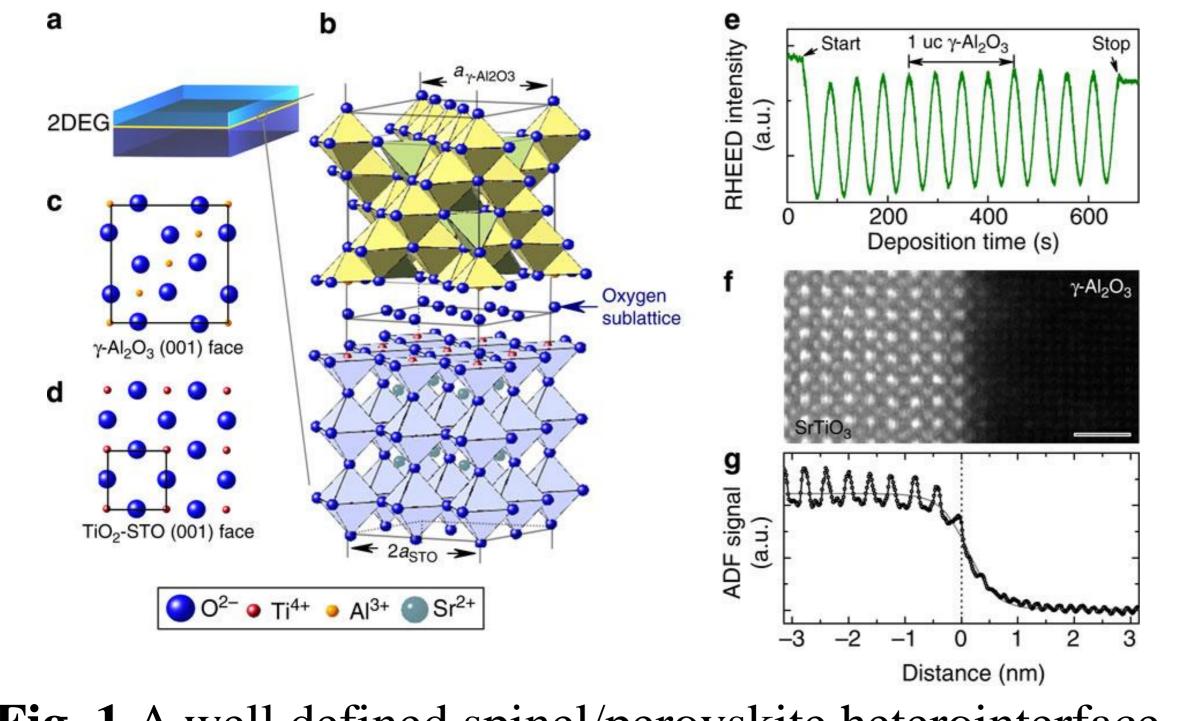


Fig. 1 A well defined spinel/perovskite heterointerface determined by STEM-EELS, grown by PLD-RHEED.

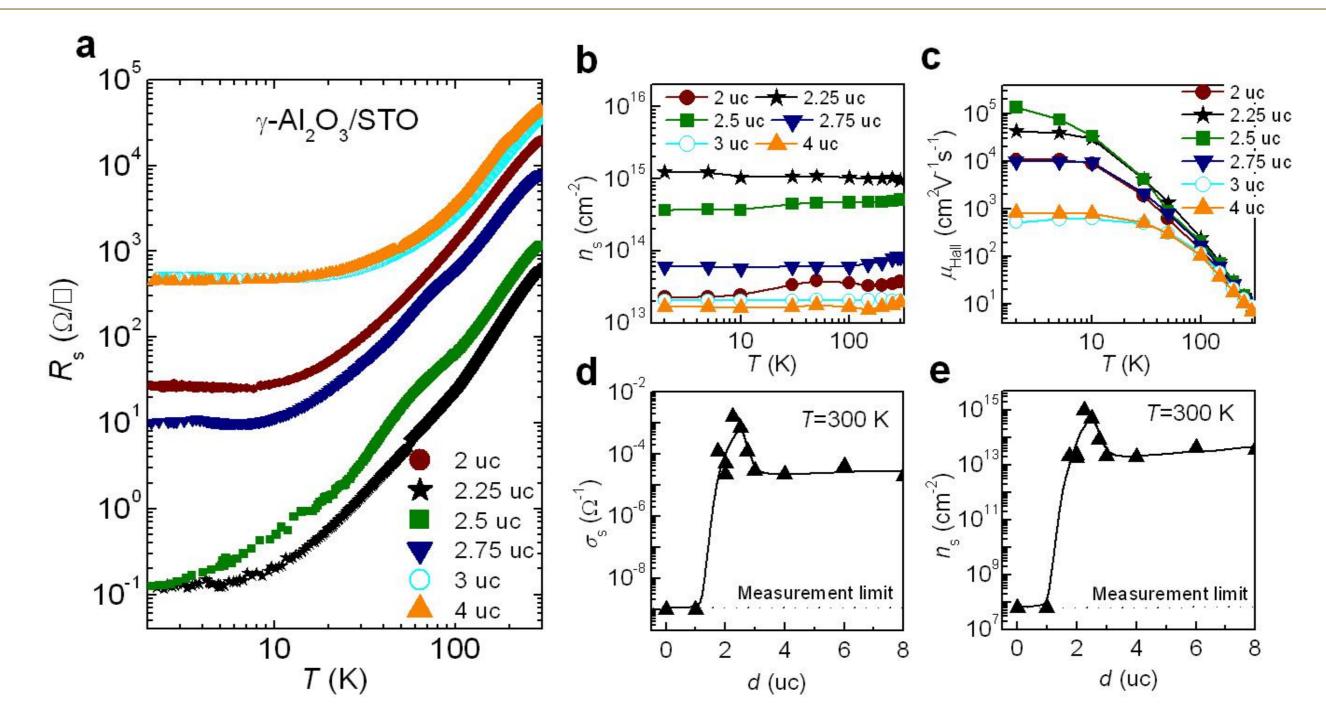
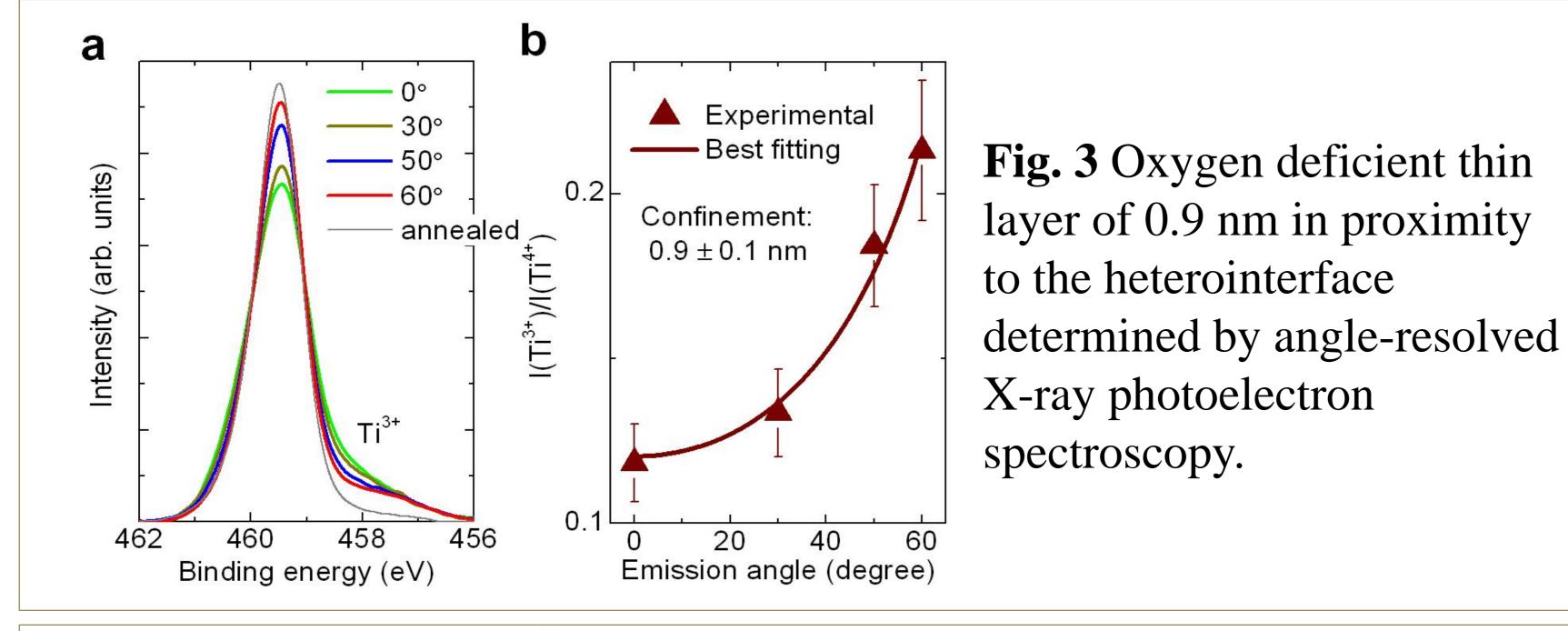
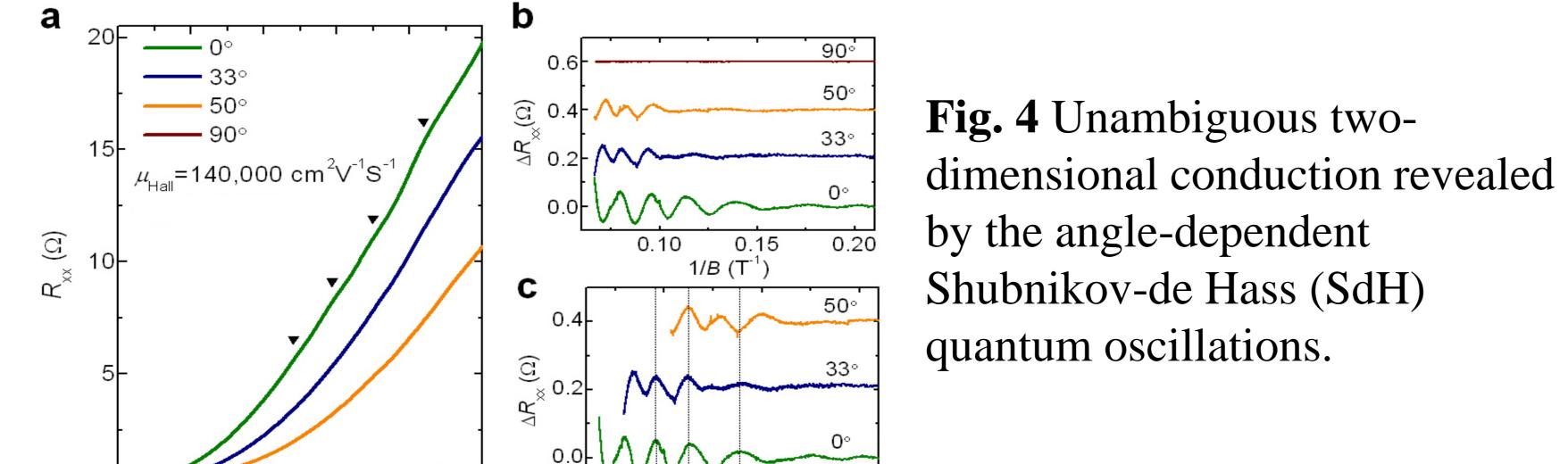


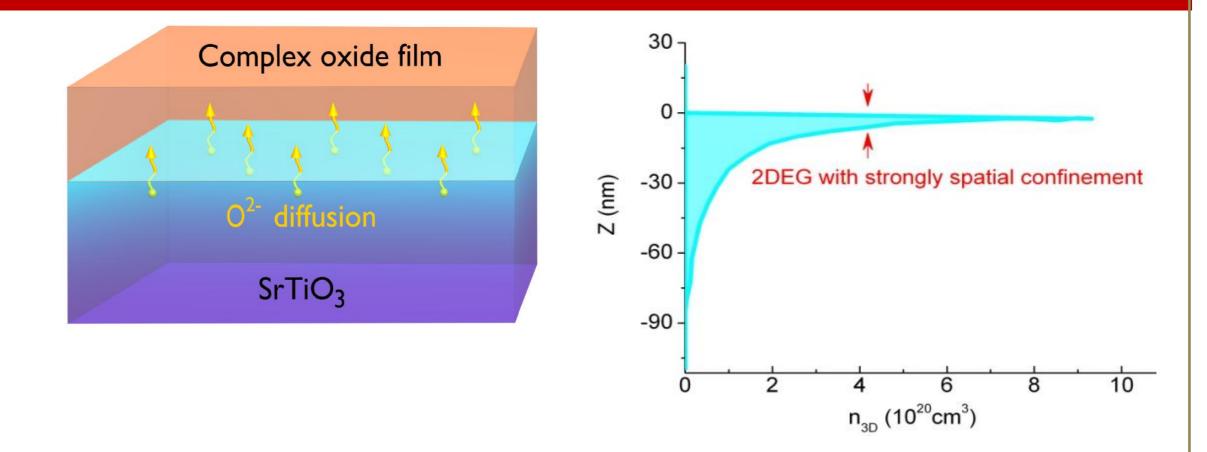
Fig. 2 High mobility metallic conduction with critical thickness dependence.

**High-mobility 2DEGs dominated by interface-stabilized oxygen vacancies** 

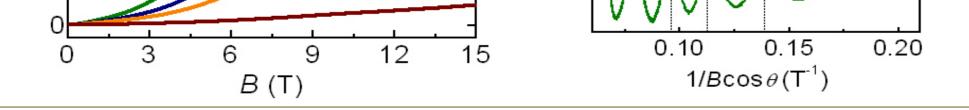




**Exploring 2DEGs at oxide interfaces** 



- **Oxygen ions redistribution across interface** can result in metallic conduction in STObased heterostructures involving complex oxides with Al, Ti, Zr, and Hf as component elements.
- **Defect engineering of oxygen vacancies,** 2) especially interfacial redox reactions with strongly spatial confinement will be a crucial issue for the conductive interface between insulating complex oxides.



## **Conclusion**

Confined redox reactions in STO-based heterointerfaces: an alternative way to create high-mobility 2D conductivity at oxide nterfaces.

1)Y. Z. Chen et al. Nat. Commun. 4:1371 doi: 10.1038/ncomms2394 (2013). 2) News story: Electron gas conducts at insulating interface (nanotechweb.org);