UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN QUEENSLAND

SUSTAINING PROACTIVE MOTIVATION FOR NON-MANDATORY PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT: BUILDING SELF-DETERMINED EMPLOYEES

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Abstract

This dissertation examined the motivations energising employees' participation in non-mandatory professional development (PD) provided within their work organisation using a proactive motivation framework (Parker, Bindl, & Strauss, 2010) and a Self-Determination Theory (Deci & Ryan, 1985) perspective. Two studies were conducted using a mixed-method design. Study 1 was conducted in a specific organisation and involved both quantitative and qualitative data. Both aspects of this study informed the development of the quantitative Study 2 conducted in an organisation non-specific sample.

The quantitative aspect of both Study 1 and Study 2 provided support for a structural model of employees' motivation to participate in non-mandatory PD within their work organisation as a proactive, self-determined process that includes transfer implementation intentions as a pre-participation commitment toward change and readiness to transfer what is learned. Study 1 demonstrated that employees' Transfer Implementation Intentions were energised by autonomous motivation for participation in non-mandatory PD and the intrinsic benefits envisioned from participation. As an organisational context variable, positive work environment directly influenced each aspect of the model.

From the Study 1 qualitative findings it was concluded that organisational commitment to employee development, useful to job, useful to career, and prosocial benefits were important variables to include in the structural model tested in Study 2. Study 2 demonstrated that employees' transfer implementation intentions were influenced by both intrinsic benefits and prosocial benefits. Autonomous motivation demonstrated only an indirect influence on transfer implementation intentions. An organisational commitment to development influenced employees' perceptions of

useful to career and useful to job. Useful to job influenced autonomous motivation and prosocial benefits, while useful to career influenced intrinsic benefits.

Together, the results of the two studies highlight the importance of autonomous motivation, intrinsic and prosocial goals, and the provision of organisational support to facilitate employees' proactive involvement in non-mandatory PD and their intention to transfer what is learned. These influences are important, as participation and the use of what is learned are paramount to the success of non-mandatory PD activities (Goldstein & Ford, 2002).

Certification of Dissertation

I certify that the ideas, experimental work, res	ults, analyses, and conclusions	
reported in this dissertation are entirely my ow	vn effort, except where otherwise	
acknowledged. I also certify that the work is o	original and has not been previousl	y
submitted for any other award, except where o	otherwise acknowledged.	
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ENDORSEMENT		
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Emeritus Prof. Gerard J. Fogarty (Supervisor)	Date	

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In conclusion, this dissertation is dedicated to Kristian, for the future that might have been.

List of Conference Presentations

- Sankey, K. & Machin, M. A. (July 2010). The role of climate for transfer and intrinsic benefits in explaining employees' motivation to attend voluntary professional development activities. Paper presented at the meeting of the 27th International Congress of Applied Psychology. Melbourne, Australia.
- Sankey, K. & Machin, M. A. (April 2013). *Core proactive motivational processes in continuing professional development across groups*. Peer reviewed poster presentation presented at the meeting of Society for Industrial and Organizational Psychology, 28th Annual Conference. Houston, Texas.

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List of Acronyms

AIC Akaike Information Criteria

CFA Confirmatory Factor Analysis

CFI Comparative fit Index

CI Confidence Interval

CTQ Climate for Transfer Questionnaire

HR Human Resources

ICT Information Communication Technology

LTS Learning and Teaching Support

LTSU Learning and Teaching Support Unit

MECVI Maximum Likelihood Estimation Expected Cross-Validation Index

MI Modification Index

ML Maximum Likelihood

PD Professional Development

RMSEA Root Mean Square Error of Approximation

SDT Self-Determination Theory

SEM Structural Equation Modelling

SIMS Situational Motivation Scale

SRMR Standardised Root Mean Square Residual