Interpretation of the phosphorus soil test for Alaska agricultural soils

Gary J. Michaelson Research Associate

and

Chien Lu Ping Assistant Professor of Agronomy

Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station School of Agriculture and Land Resources Management University of Alaska Fairbanks James V. Drew, Dean and Director

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Introduction

Phosphorus (P) along with nitrogen (N) and potassium (K) comprise the three macronutrients most frequently added as fertilizer for growing plants. In Alaska soils, P is often the second most limiting nutrient after N. A proper supply of plant–available P is important for root development and plant growth. To supply P to growing crops, the soil not only must contain enough P, but it must be in a form which is available for utilization by the plant.

The status of P in the soil has an important influence on fertilization practices. Agricultural soils of Alaska vary considerably, not only in their total content of P and its distribution (form it occurs in), but also in their characteristics for sorption or fixation of P (Ping and Michaelson, 1986). Forms of P in the soil will affect its availability. The P-sorption character of soils will affect P fertilizer reactions in the soil and thus influence the amount of P fertilizer necessary and carry-over effects of applied P. It is essential that P soil tests and their interpretation be tailored for soils with similar P reactions. A useful P soil test must be based on both correlation of test values to plant growth and to field calibration of soil test values with yield.

There are many P-extracting solutions in use today for soil testing. The two extractants most commonly used for Alaska soils have been the Bray 1 extractant (Bray and Kurtz, 1945) and Morgan's solution (Morgan, 1954). Recently agriculture has expanded in Alaska into areas with different soil types. Because of this expansion and continued advancements in the field of soil testing, a comprehensive study of soil P was initiated in 1983.

Representative agricultural soils of Alaska were used in this study. The objectives of the study were:

1) to characterize the P-reaction/sorption of representative soils (Ping and Michaelson, 1986),

2) to identify a suitable P extractant for the range of soils and establish a correlation to plant growth (Michaelson and Ping, 1986),

3) to assure suitability of the extractant for use in the lab (Michaelson et al., 1987), and

4) to field–calibrate the P soil test under representative soil environments (Ping and Michaelson, 1988). Our studies determined that the Mehlich 3–P soil test is the most preferred of methods studied for Alaska's agricultural soils. In the tables that follow, data from the field calibration trials and laboratory studies have been summarized for practical interpretation of the Mehlich 3-P soil test.

Interpretation of Soil Test Phosphorus

The following tables were developed for interpretation of the Mehlich 3–P soil test in five general areas of the state: Tables 1 and 6 for the Kenai Peninsula; Tables 2 and 7 for Pt. MacKenzie, Susitna Valley and Anchorage; Tables 3 and 8 for the Matanuska Valley; Tables 4 and 9 for the Copper River Basin; and Tables 5 and 10 for the Tanana Valley. Field trials for calibration of the P soil test were performed with the cooperation of farmers from each area. These trials were conducted from 1984 through 1987. Ten representative soils from the five areas were first studied in the laboratory. The data from laboratory studies were used to determine P fertilizer application rates necessary to establish plots with a range of P fertility at each field location. Oats and/or barley were grown as forage test crops in each area. The field trials provided the data to identify deficient (low) and sufficient or high P soil test values for each soil. A range was identified for each soil type. This is the range where crop response to additions of P fertilizer can be expected. The forage/grain tables presented here were developed using the current rates recommended for maximum yield by the

Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station, University of Alaska Fairbanks. Full recommended P rates are reduced for each location and individual soil according to the estimated contribution of soil P as indicated by the Mehlich 3 soil test. These tables are based on results of field trials on representative soils located in each area.

Tables 6–10 provide recommendations for vegetable crops in each area. These tables were developed using lab tests of soils from the field trial plots in each area. The ranges for recommended P rates in the tables are based on the relationship between known soil solution P concentrations required for vegetable crops (Nishimoto et al., 1977; VanderZaag et al., 1979) and the corresponding Mehlich 3 extractable P for each soil. Rates of P addition for each vegetable crop are rates currently recommended by the Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station and the Cooperative Extension Service, University of Alaska Fairbanks.

Table 11 was developed for P fertilization of soils used in the greenhouse. This table was developed using both laboratory P–sorption and field trial data. All tables are intended only for general recommendations and should not exclude the consideration of other factors which may effect P fertilizer requirements at a specific location.

Use of the Tables

There are two tables for each of the five general geographical areas. These tables, one for forage/grain crops and one for vegetable crops, should be used to interpret a Mehlich 3–P soil test (Mehlich, 1984) as currently performed by the University of Alaska Fairbanks Soil and Plant Tissue Testing Laboratory at Palmer, Alaska. These tables are to be used to find the recommended amount of P_2O_5 fertilizer to be added to a given soil with a given soil-test P level for the specified crop. These recommended rates are for fertilizer which is incorporated 4–6 inches evenly into the surface. The recommendations are in accordance with those currently used by the University of Alaska Cooperative Extension Service. These tables are only appropriate for the Mehlich 3–P soil test and for the specified soil series or closely related soils of the area.

To use the tables, find the one appropriate for your area and crop type, then identify your soil type or series from the USDA-Soil Conservation Service soil survey report. A complete listing of the soil survey reports containing soils maps for each area can be found in the appendix of this circular. Soil surveys in the Fairbanks North Star Borough and Matanuska–Susitna Valley are being either remapped or recorrelated. Some of the soil series in the published soil survey reports may be changed or correlated to other series. There are other areas within the state lacking soil-test calibration data. For soils in the southwest and southeast Alaska, and Kodiak Island, follow the recommendation rate tables for the Kenai Peninsula. In interior Alaska, follow recommendation rate tables for the Tanana Valley. If you have doubts, check with your local Soil Conservation Service district office for up-to-date field sheets. Compare your P soil test value (Mehlich 3) to the value found in the appropriate soil test column for your soil on the left side of the table. Then go to the recommended P_2O_5 column for your crop on the right side of the table corresponding to the soil test value on the left hand side. If your test value is between two table values then interpolate between the values using the corresponding P_2O_5 values to calculate the appropriate recommended P_2O_5 rate. The equations under each table can be used as a more convenient way of calculating your exact recommended P₂O₅ rate. Except for small rounding differences, the equations will give the same recommendation as the table. Find the equation for your soil and crop: Then enter your soil test value in the equation (ppm P soil test) and solve for the lbs P_2O_5 /acre recommended.

Table 1: KENAI PENINSULA				
	Cereals			
	Mehlich 3-P Recommended P_2O_5 for			
Category	Soil test*	Forage	Grain	
	ppm soil lbs P_2O_5 /acre			
Very Low	4	90	60	
Low	8	69	45	
Medium	13	43	30	
High	17	23	15	
Very High	21	0^{**}	0^{**}	
Equations: Forage: lbs $P_2O_5/acre^{**} = 111 - 5.3$ (ppm P soil test) Grain: lbs $P_2O_5/acre^{**} = 74 - 3.5$ (ppm P soil test)				

* Applicable to the following soil series (from SCS soil survey reports): Beluga, Cohoe, Island, Kachemak, Kenai, Mutnala, Naptowne, Soldotna, Tustumena series, and soils from southeastern and south-western Alaska.

** No recommendation indicated at very high soil test levels; however, a small amount of fertilizer–P (25% of very low P category recommendation) may be advisable to compensate for conditions, such as cool soil temperatures and sampling variation.

		Cereals			
	Mehlich 3-P	P Recommended P_2O_5 for			
Category	Soil test*	Forage Grain			
	ppm soil	ppm soil lbs $P_2 0_5$ /acre			
Very Low	4	90	60		
Low	7	68	45		
Medium	10	45	30		
High	13	23	15		
Very High	16	0^{**}	0^{**}		
Equations: Forage: lbs P_2O_5 /acre ^{**} = 120 - 7.5 (ppm P soil test) Grain: lbs P_2O_5 /acre ^{**} = 80 - 5 (ppm P soil test)					

Table 2: Pt. MacKENZIE - SUSITNA VALLEY - ANCHORAGE

* Applicable to the following soil series (from SCS soil survey reports): Chulitna, Flathorn, Homestead, Kashwitna, Nancy, Rabideaux, Schrock, Talkeetna, and Whitsol series.

** No recommendation indicated at very high soil test levels; however, a small amount of fertilizer-P (25% of very low P category recommendation) may be advisable to compensate for conditions, such as cool soil temperatures and sampling variation.

Cereals					
	Mehlich 3-P	Recommended P_2O_5 for			
Category	Soil test*	Forage and Grain			
	ppm soil	lbs P_2O_5 /acre			
Very Low	43	80			
Low	46	60			
Medium	49	40			
High	52	20			
Very High	55	0^{**}			
Equation: Forage/Grain: lbs P_2O_5 /acre ^{**} = 367 - 6.7 (ppm P soil test)					

Table 3: MATANUSKA VALLEY

* Applicable to the following soil series (from SCS soil survey reports): Bodenburg, Doone, Knik, Matanuska, Niklason, Susima series, and the Homestead series mapped along the Matanuska River and foothills of Lazy Mountain.

Note: Soils applicable to the Susitna Valley recommendation tables but mapped in the Matanuska Valley include the Homestead, Kenai, Naptowne, Schrock and Talkeetna series mapped west of Wasilla

** No recommendation indicated at very high soil test levels; however, a small amount of fertilizer–P (25% of very low P category recommendation) may be advisable to compensate for conditions, such as cool soil temperatures and sampling variation.

Cereals				
	Mehlich 3-P	Recommended P_2O_5 for		
Category	Soil test*	Forage and Grain		
	ppm soil	lbs P_2O_5 /acre		
Very Low	29	80		
Low	38	60		
Medium	48	40		
High	57	20		
Very High	66	0^{**}		

Table 4: COPPER RIVER BASIN

*Applicable to all cleared soils with a silt loam topsoil.

** No recommendation indicated at very high soil test levels; however, a small amount of fertilizer–P (25% of very low P category recommendation) may be advisable to compensate for certain conditions, such as cool soil temperatures and sampling variation.

Table 5: TAN	ANA VALLEY				
	Cereals				
	Mehlich 3–P Recommended P_2O_5 for:				
Category	Soil test*	Forage	Grain		
	ppm soil lbs P_2O_5 /acre				
Very Low	6	45	60		
Low	8	35	47		
Medium	11	20	28		
High	13	10	15		
Very High	15	0^{**}	0^{**}		
Equations:					
Forage: lbs P_2O_5 /acre ^{**} = 74 - 4.9 (ppm P soil test)					
	$\int_{5}^{7} / \operatorname{acre}^{**} = 99 - 6.5$				

* Applicable to the following soil series (from SCS soil survey reports): Beales, Chena, Fairbanks, Gilmore, Goldstream, Jarvis, Nenana, Richardson, Salchaket, Steese, Tanana, Volkmar series, and other soils of interior Alaska

** No recommendation indicated at very high soil test levels; however, a small amount of fertilizer–P (25% of very low P category recommendation) may be advisable to compensate for certain conditions, such as cool soil temperatures and sampling variation.

Table 6: K	<u>ENAI PENINSULA</u>	1				
	Ve	getables/Potatoes				
			Recommen	ded P_2O_5		
	Mehlich 3-P Soil tests		for all s	oils		
Category	Group 1 soils*	Group 2 soils*	Vegetables	Potatoes		
	I	opm	lbs P ₂ C	o ₅ /acre		
Very Low	4	4	200	320		
Low	35	55	150	240		
Medium	66	107	100	160		
High	97	158	50	80		
Very High	128	209	0^{**}	0^{**}		
$(lbs / acre \times 0.0023 = lbs / l00 sq ft)$						
Equations	:					
Group 1 s	<u>oils</u> *					
Vegetable	s: lbs P_2O_5 /acre ^{**} = 2	206 - 1.6 (ppm P soil	test)			
Potatoes:	$lbs P_2 O_5 / acre^{**} = 330$	0 - 2.6 (ppm P soil te	st)			
Group 2 se	oils [*]					
Vegetable	s: lbs P_2O_5 /acre" = 2	204 - 0.97 (ppm P soi	il test)			
	Potatoes: lbs $P_2O_5^2$ /acre ^{**} = 326 - 1.6 (ppm P soil test)					
	2 5					

Table 6: KENAI PENINSULA

* Applicable to the following soil series (from SCS soil survey reports):

Group 1 soils: Cohoe, Island, Kenai, Naptowne, Soldoura, and Tustumena series.

Group 2 soils: Beluga, Kachemak, Mutnala series, and soils from southeastern and southwestern Alaska.

** No recommendation indicated at very high soil test levels; however, a small amount of fertilizer–P (25% of very low P category recommendation) may be advisable to compensate for certain conditions. such as cool soil temperatures and sampling variation.

	Vegetables	
	Mehlich 3-P	Recommended $P_2 0_5$
Category	Soil test [*]	for vegetables
	ppm soil	lbs P_2O_5 /acre
Very Low	4	200
Low	58	150
Medium	111	100
High	165	50
Very High	219	0**
		$(lbs/acre \times 0.0023 = lbs/l00 \text{ sq ft})$
Equation:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-	$acre^{**} = 204 - 0.93$ (ppm P soil tes	it)

* Applicable to the following soil series (from SCS soil survey reports): Chulitna, Flathorn, Homestead, Kashwitna, Nancy, Rabideaux, Schrock, Talkeetna, and Whitsol series.

** No recommendation indicated at very high soil test levels; however, a small amount of fertilizer–P (25% of very low P category recommendation) may be advisable to compensate for certain conditions, such as cool soil temperatures and sampling variation.

Vegetables				
	Mehlich 3-P soil test* Rec		Recommend	ded P_2O_5 for: /egetables/
Category	Potatoes	Lettuce	Lettuce	Potatoes
	ppm s	oil	lbs P ₂ 0	O ₅ /acre
Very Low	43	43	200	320
Low	70	74	150	240
Medium	96	105	100	160
High	123	136	50	80
Very High	150	167	0^{**}	0^{**}
	$(lbs/acre \times 0.0023 = lbs/l00 \text{ sq ft})$			
Equations: Vegetables/Garden: lbs P_2O_5 /acre ^{**} = 281 - 1.9 (ppm P soil test) Potatoes: lbs P_2O_5 /acre ^{**} = 449 - 3 (ppm P soil test) Lettuce: lbs P_2O_5 /acre ^{**} = 269 - 1.6 (ppm P soil test)				

Table 8: MATANUSKA VALLEY

* Applicable to the following soil series (From SCS soil survey reports): Bodenburg, Doone, Knik, Matanuska, Niklason, Susitna, and Homestead series, mapped along the Matanuska River and foothills of Lazy Mountain.

Note: Soils applicable to the Susitna Valley recommendation tables but mapped in the Matanuska Valley include the Homestead, Kenai, Naptowne, Schrock and Talkeetna series mapped west of Wasilla.

** No recommendation indicated at very high soil test levels; however, a small amount of fertilizer–P (25% of very low P category recommendation) may be advisable to compensate for certain conditions, such as cool soil temperatures and sampling variation.

Table 9: COPPER RIVER BASIN

	Vegetables			
	Mehlich 3–P	Recommended P_2O_5		
Category	Soil test [*]	Vegetables		
	ppm soil	lbs P ₂ O ₅ /acre		
Very Low	29	200		
Low	52	150		
Medium	74	100		
High	97	50		
Very High	120	0**		
		$(lbs/acre \times 0.0023 = lbs/l00 \text{ sq ft})$		
Equation:				
-	$P_2O_5 / acre^{**} = 264 - 2.2 \text{ (ppm)}$	P soil test)		

* Applicable to all cleared soils with a silt loam topsoil.

** No recommendation indicated at very high soil test levels; however, a small amount of fertilizer-P (25% of very low P category recommendation) may be advisable to compensate for certain conditions, such as cool soil temperatures and sampling variation.

		Vegetables			
	Mehlich 3-	P Soil Tests	Recommended P_2O_5 for all soils		
Category	Group 1 soils*	Group 2 soils*	Vegetables/potatoes		
	р	pm P	lbs P_2O_5 /acre		
Very Low	6	6	200		
Low	61	39	150		
Medium	115	72	100		
High	170	106	50		
Very High	225	139	0**		
		(lb	$s/acre \ge 0.0023 = lbs/l00 sq ft$		
Vegetable/Pota	to Equations:		1 /		
U	lbs P_2O_5 /acre ^{**} = 205 - 0.9	9 (ppm P soil test)			
Group 2 soils*: lbs P_2O_5 /acre** = 209 - 1.5 (ppm P soil test)					

* Applicable to the following soil series (from SCS soil survey reports):

Group 1 soils: Beales, Chena, Fairbanks, Gilmore, Goldstream, Nenana, Steese, and other welldrained soils of interior Alaska.

Group 2 soils: Jarvis, Richardson, Salchaket, Tanana, Volkmar, and other moderately well- or somewhat poorly-drained soils of interior Alaska

** No recommendation indicated at very high soil test levels: however, a small amount of fertilizer-P (25% of very low P category recommendation) may be advisable to compensate for certain conditions, such as cool soil temperatures and sampling variation.

Area Soils	Recommended previously unfe used in the g lbs/cu yd 0–45–0 (TSP)	rtilized soils* reenhouse	General greenhouse: optimum Range for Mehlich 3–P soil test
Kanai Daninayla			ppm P
Kenai Peninsula	0	17	175 100
Group 1 soils**	9	17	175-190
Group 2 soils**	11	20	345-380
Pt. MacKenzie, Anchorage, Susitna Pt. MacKenzie, Anchorage Susitna Valley	Valley 13 15	24 28	290-320 275-295
Matanuska Valley	4	7.5	200-215
Copper River Basin	5.5	10	185-200
Tanana Valley			
Fairbanks Soil Series	1.5	3	330-365
Group 1 soils**	3	5.5	305-330
Group 2 soils**	3.5	6.5	180-200

Table 11. SOILS USED IN THE GREENHOUSE

* Recommended rates assume 100% mineral soil in greenhouse. Reductions should be made according to proportions of soil used in greenhouse mixes.

** Refer to footnotes under vegetable tables in the appropriate area to find pertinent soil series.

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APPENDIX: List of Soil Survey Reports

Kenai Peninsula

- Hinton, R.B. 1971. *Soil survey of Homer-Ninilchik area, Alaska*. USDA-SCS. U.S. Government Printing Office. Washington D.C.
- Rieger, S., G.W. Allen, A.D. Backer, E.G. Link, and B.B. Lovell. 1962. Soil survey of Kenai-Kasilof area, Alaska. USDA-SCS. U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington D.C. Series 1958.
- Van Patten, D. 1988. *Soil Survey of Deep Creek Area, Alaska*. USDA-SCS. Anchorage, Alaska. (in preparation)

Anchorage and Susitna Valley (and part of Pt. MacKenzie)

- Schoephorster, D.B., and R.B. Hinton. 1973. *Soil survey of Susitna Valley area, Alaska*. USDA-SCS. U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington D.C.
- Soil Conservation Service. 1979. *Anchorage area soil survey*. IN: Metropolitan Anchorage Urban Study. Alaska District. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and Municipality of Anchorage.
- Clark, M.H. 1988. *Matanuska-Susitna Valley Soil Recorrelation*. USDA-SCS. Anchorage, Alaska. (in preparation)

Matanuska Valley (and part of Pt. MacKenzie)

Schoephorster, D.B. 1968. *Soil survey of Matanuska Valley area, Alaska.* USDA-SCS. U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington D.C.

Copper River Basin

Clark, M.H. and D. Kautz. 1988. *Soil survey of Copper River Basin area, Alaska*. USDA-SCS. U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington D.C. (in press)

Tanana Valley

- Furbush, C.E., and D.B. Schoephorster. 1977. Soil survey of Nenana-Goldstream area, Alaska. USDA-SCS. U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington D.C.
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