

English	IPA	Notes
your.sg tree (informal)	sienij aɣafɔŋ	
his tree	oɬnawj aɣafə	not sure about this second vowel
your.sg tree (formal)	sizdij aɣafɔŋz	
our tree	bizdij aɣafɔmɯz	
our trees	bizdij aɣafɔarɯmɯz	
your.sg bird (informal)	sienij qawɬawj	
your.sg birds (informal)	sienij qawɬarawj	
our birds	bizdij qawɬarɯmɯz	
our bird	bizdij qawɬamɯz	
your.sg bird (formal)	sizdenj qawɬɔŋɯz	no idea what the vowel in d_ŋ is; measured as extremely central here but in pl. form I felt it closer to i or ʊ
your.pl birds (formal)	sizdierdenj qawɬarɯmɯz	
come to me	mayan kiel	
come in	kir	what the heck is this vowel??? really central i think, but without looking at the formants it sounds like u
go to him	wɔɣan bar	
to come	kielu	
to come in	kɔru	
to go	baru	
go (imper), have	bar	
go to school	mitɔpkɔp bar	
leave (imperative)	kiet	
leave me	minien kiet	
go to him (alternative)	bar woyan	
go to my dog	mienən ittəmie bar	
dog.possessive	ittəm	
my	mienən	
to my dog	mienən ittəmie	
come to us	bizgie kiel	
us	bizgie	
we	biz	
from me	minien	
with me	mienimien	
with us	bizbien	

English	IPA	Notes
		All of the pronouns derived from min/men are different cases of the first person pronoun, this one is maybe genitive but more analysis is needed
I have	miɪndie	
on the table	ʊstɑldie	
in my hand	qoləmdɑ	
on my hand	qoləmnɔŋ	
		two different pronunciations of "on the table"; want to re-elicite from Raykhan so I can determine whether or not we understood the prepositions correctly
???	ʊstɔŋdie	
under the table	ɑstʉndɑr	
on the table	ʉstiildɔŋ	
I am a student	mien okufə mɔŋ	
fat (adjective)	ʒuan	
I am fat	mien ʒuamən	
students	okufələr	
my students	okufələrəm	
our students	bizdiŋ okufələrəmɛz	
your students (formal)	sizdiŋ okufələrəmɛz	
students (genitive case)	okufələrdɔŋ	
to say	ɑjtu	
say (imperative)	ɑjt	
say to me	mɑɣɑn ɑjt	
say to us	bizɣie ɑjt	
we	biz	
us	bizɣie	
say to him	woɣɑn ɑjt	also means say to her/it
grandma	æʒie	
say to grandma	æʒerɲie ɑjt	
father	ækie	
to father	ækierɲie	
sister (older)	ɑpɑ	
your sister (older)	ɑpɑŋɑ	
say to your sister (older)	ɑpɑŋɑ ɑjt	
sister (younger)	sʉŋɲə	
say to sister (younger)	sʉŋɲələrɲie ɑjt	
brother (older)	ɑɣɑ	
say to brother (older)	ɑɣɑŋɑ ɑjt	
brother (younger)	ənə	

English	IPA	Notes
say to brother (younger)	inɪŋiː aɟt	
mother in law	jinie	
to mother in law	jiniŋie	
father in law	ata	
to father in law	ataŋa	
say to father in law	ataŋa aɟt	
say to mother in law	jiniŋie aɟt	
go to brother (older)	aɣaŋa bar	
go to brother (younger)	ənaŋie bar	
one	bʉr	
two	jikə	
three	ʉf	
four	tyrt	
five	bies	
six	aftə	
seven	zietə	
eight	siegʉz	
nine	təɣʉz	
ten	won	
eleven	won bʉr	
twelve	won jekə	
thirteen	won ʉf	
twenty	zirma	
thirty	uətʉz	
thirty four	uətʉz tyrt	
forty	qʉrʉq	
fifty	jelu	
forty three	qʉrʉq ʉf	
sixty	alpʉs	
seventy	zietpʉs	
eighty	sieksien	
ninety	təɣqsan	
one hundred	zyz	also means face
two hundred	jekə zʉz	
three hundred	ʉf zʉz	
four hundred	tyrt zʉz	
two flowers	jekə gyl	
first	bʉrʉnʃə	
second	jekənʃə	as in, second place
third	ʉfənʃə	
sixth place	altʉnʃə	
ninth place	təɣʉzənʃə	
brothers (old)	ylkiin aɣalərəm	