

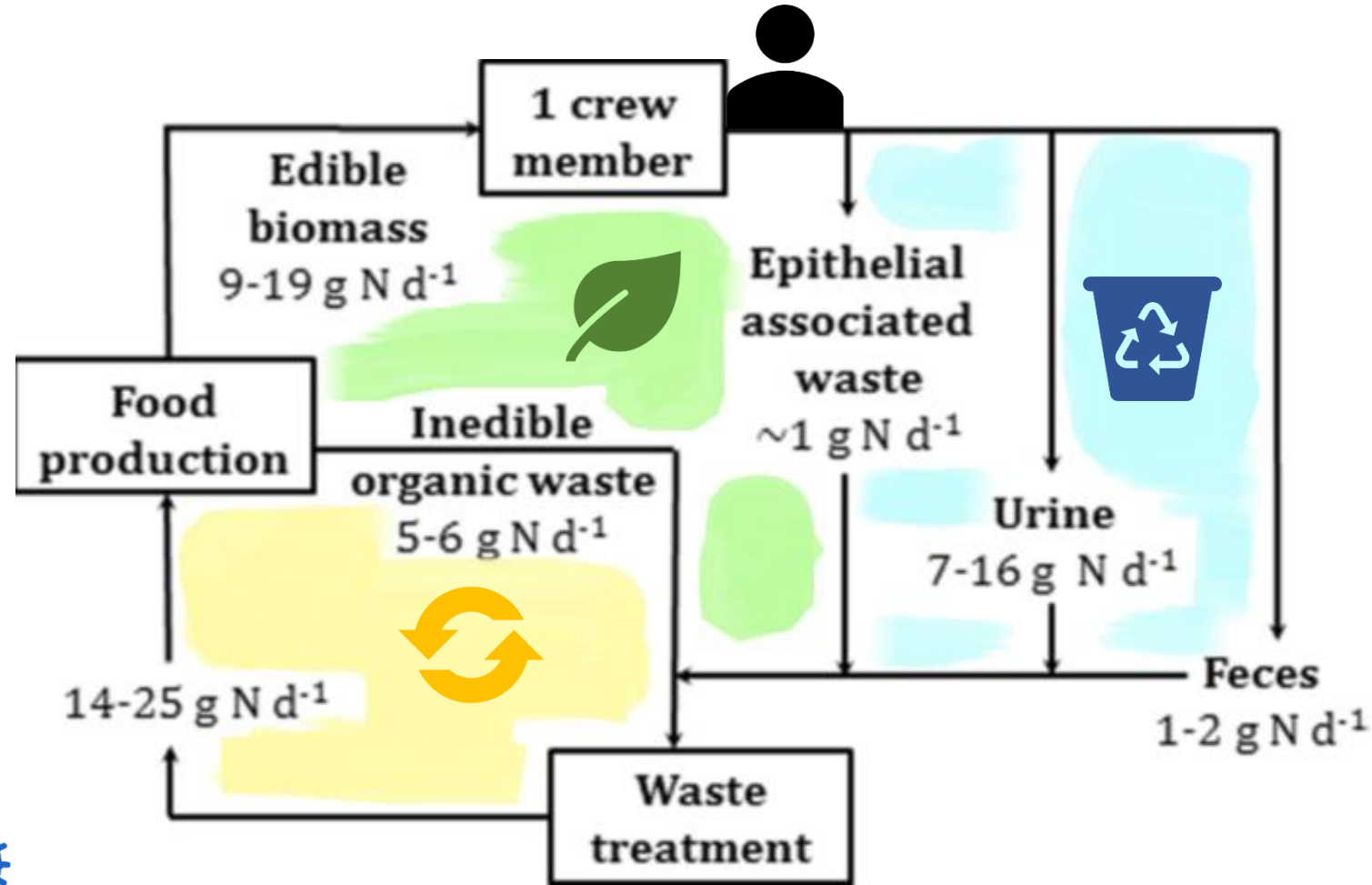
# Space flight survival of nitrogen-cycle microorganisms



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# NITROGEN'S IMPORTANCE TO LIFE

- Nitrogen is an essential building block for nucleic acids (DNA, RNA) and proteins.
- Crucial element in Life Support System to sustain human life away from Earth.



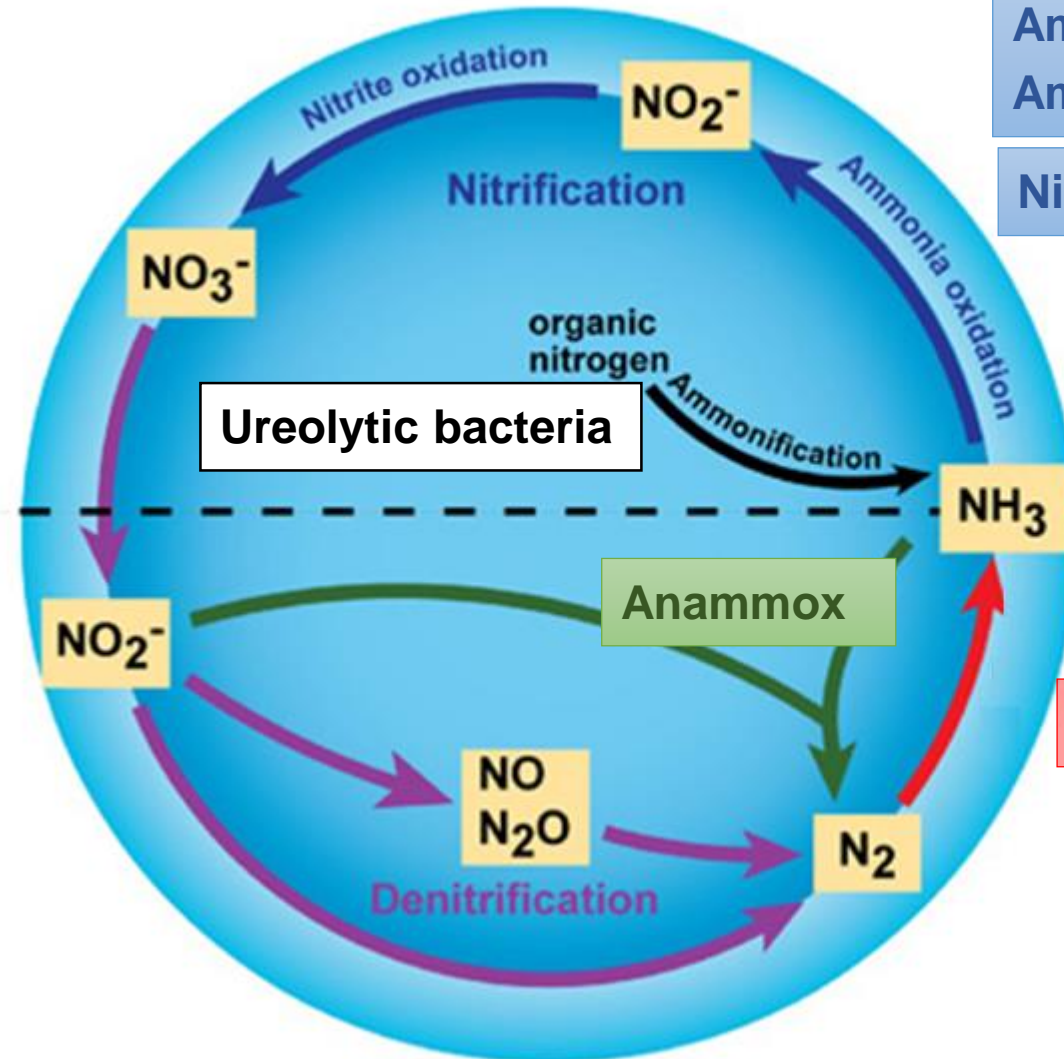
# TERRESTRIAL MICROBIAL NITROGEN CYCLE

Complete ammonia oxidizer (COMMAMOX)

Ammonia oxidizing bacteria (AOB)  
Ammonia oxidizing archaea (AOA)

Nitrite oxidizing bacteria (NOB)

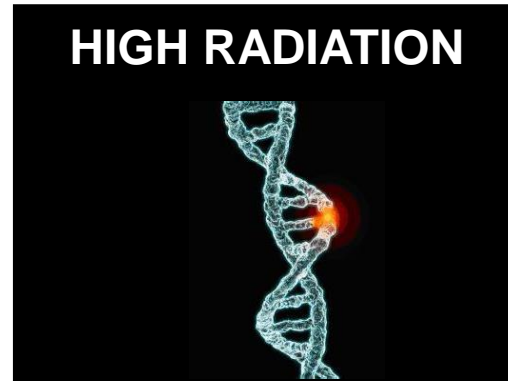
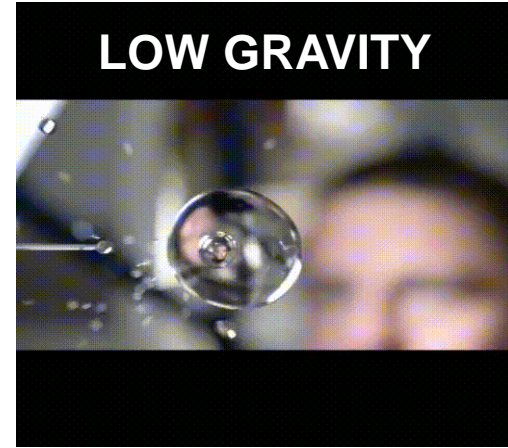
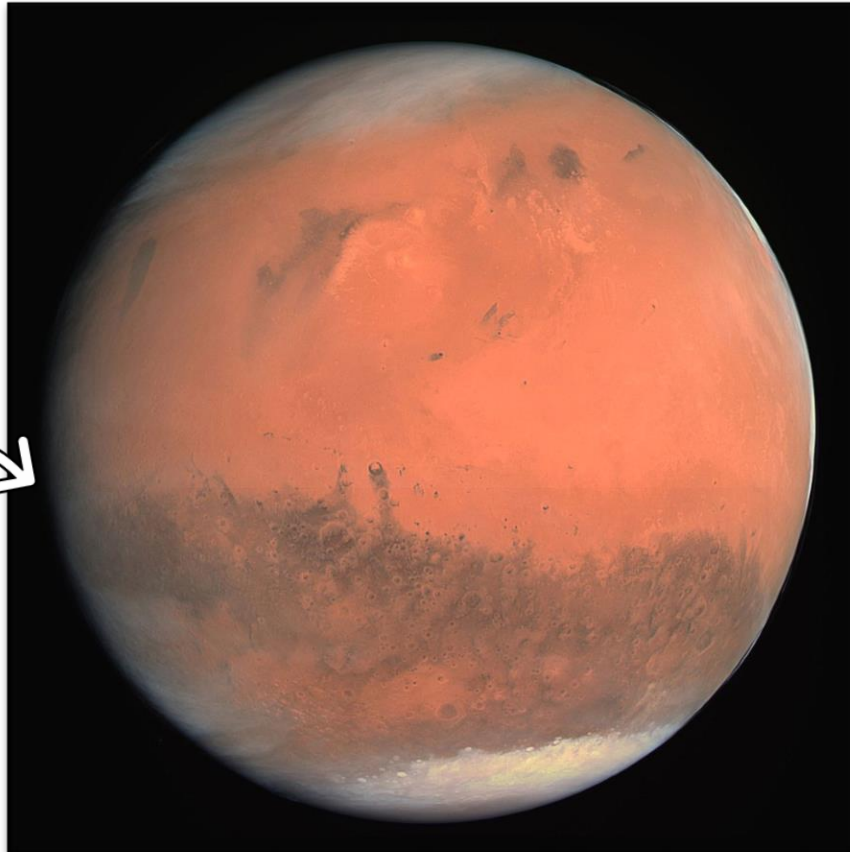
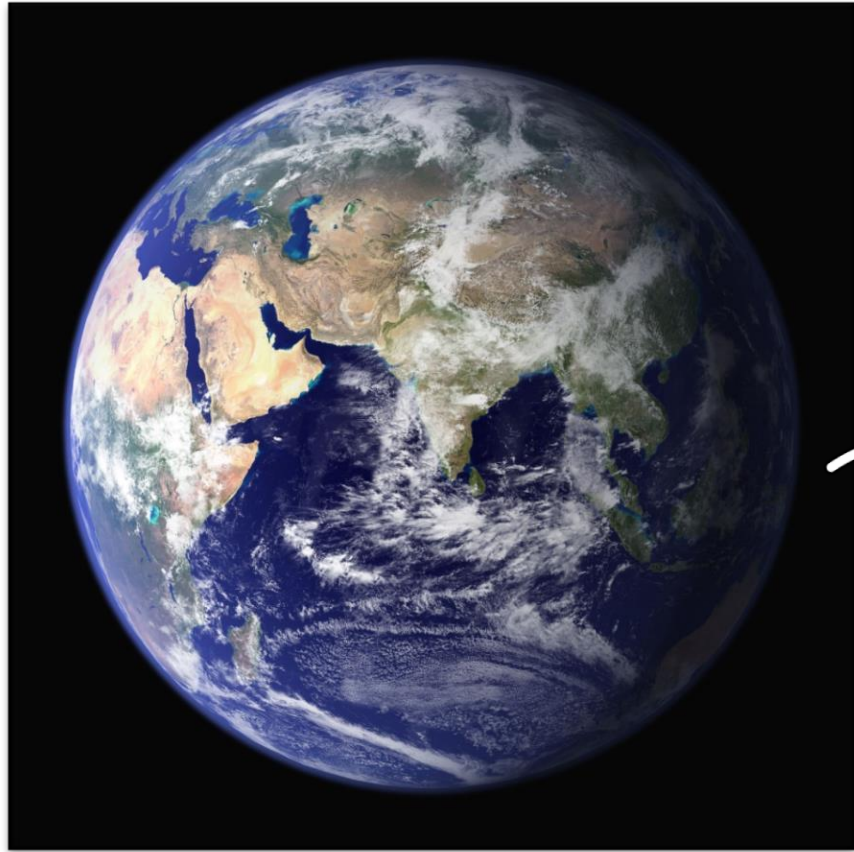
Denitrifying bacteria



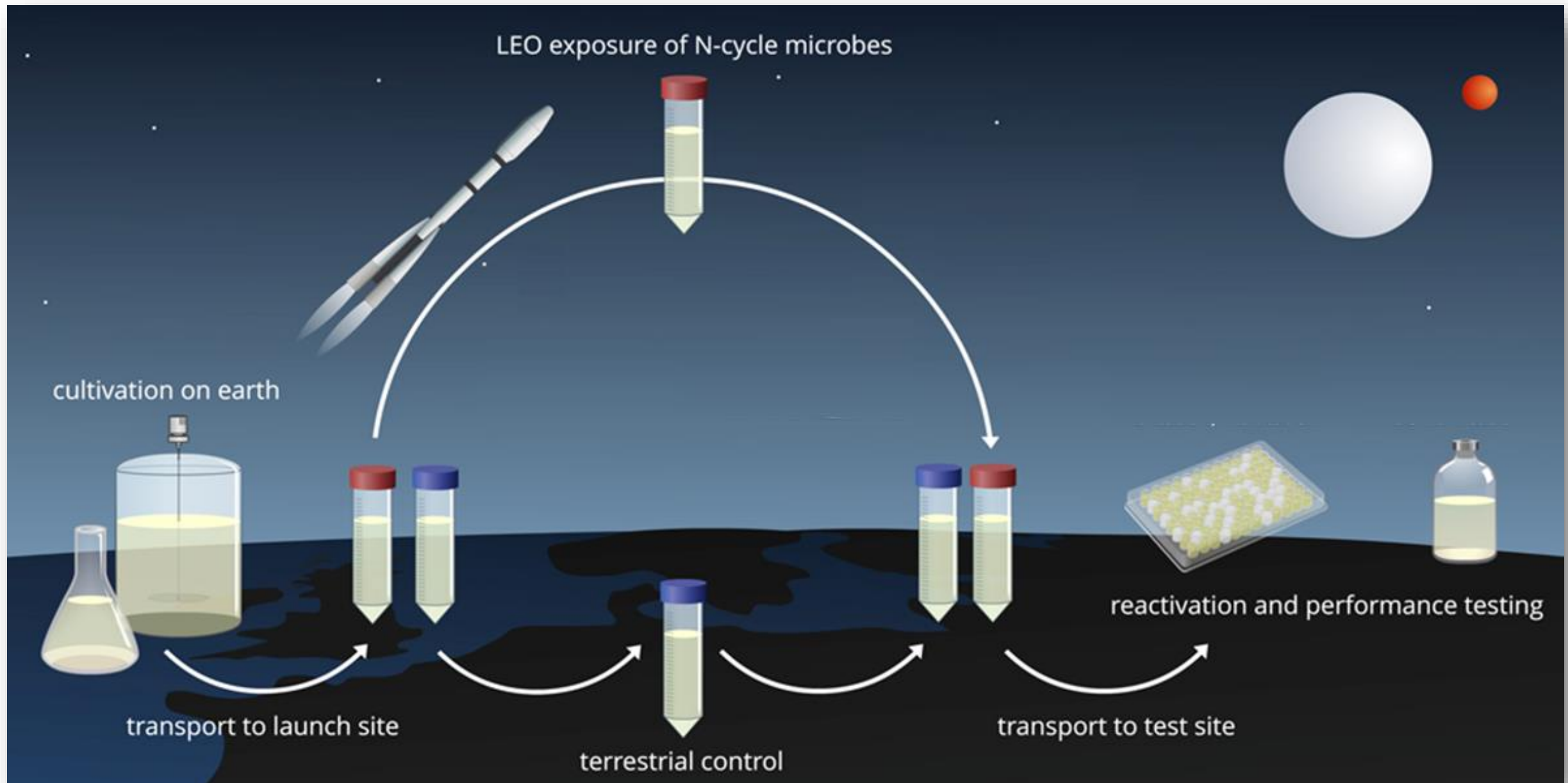
oxic (oxygen)  
anoxic (no oxygen)

Nitrogen fixing bacteria

# PROBLEM STATEMENT



# Reactivation after Space flight



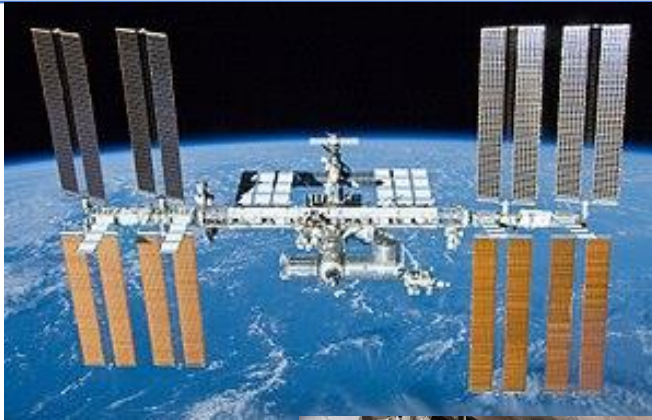
# LOW EARTH ORBIT EXPOSURE

## ISS

Duration

7 days – whole storage 10 days

Short mission



## FOTON-M4

44 days – whole storage 104 days

Long mission

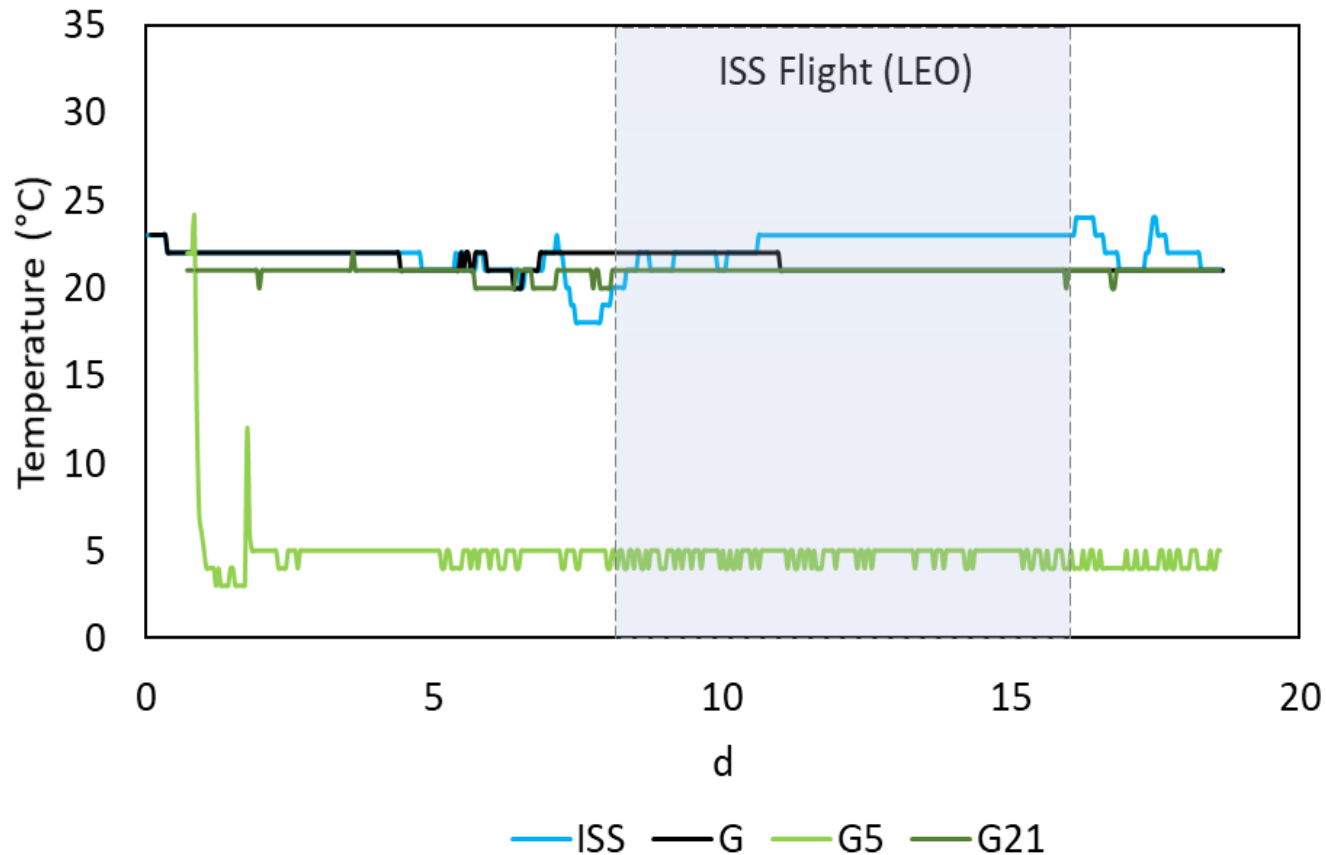


# STORAGE CONDITIONS

## SHORT MISSION

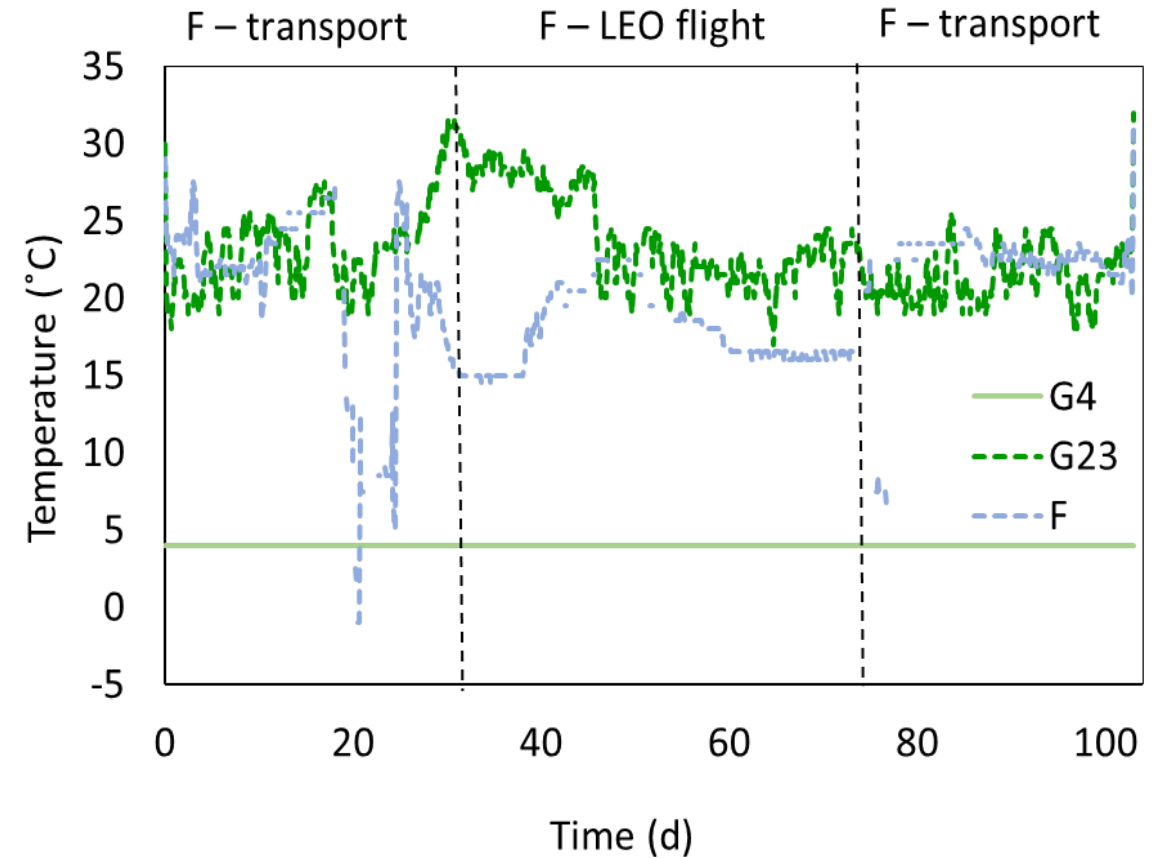
Radiation dose of flight samples:

140 times higher than on Earth



## LONG MISSION

250 – 400 times higher than on Earth

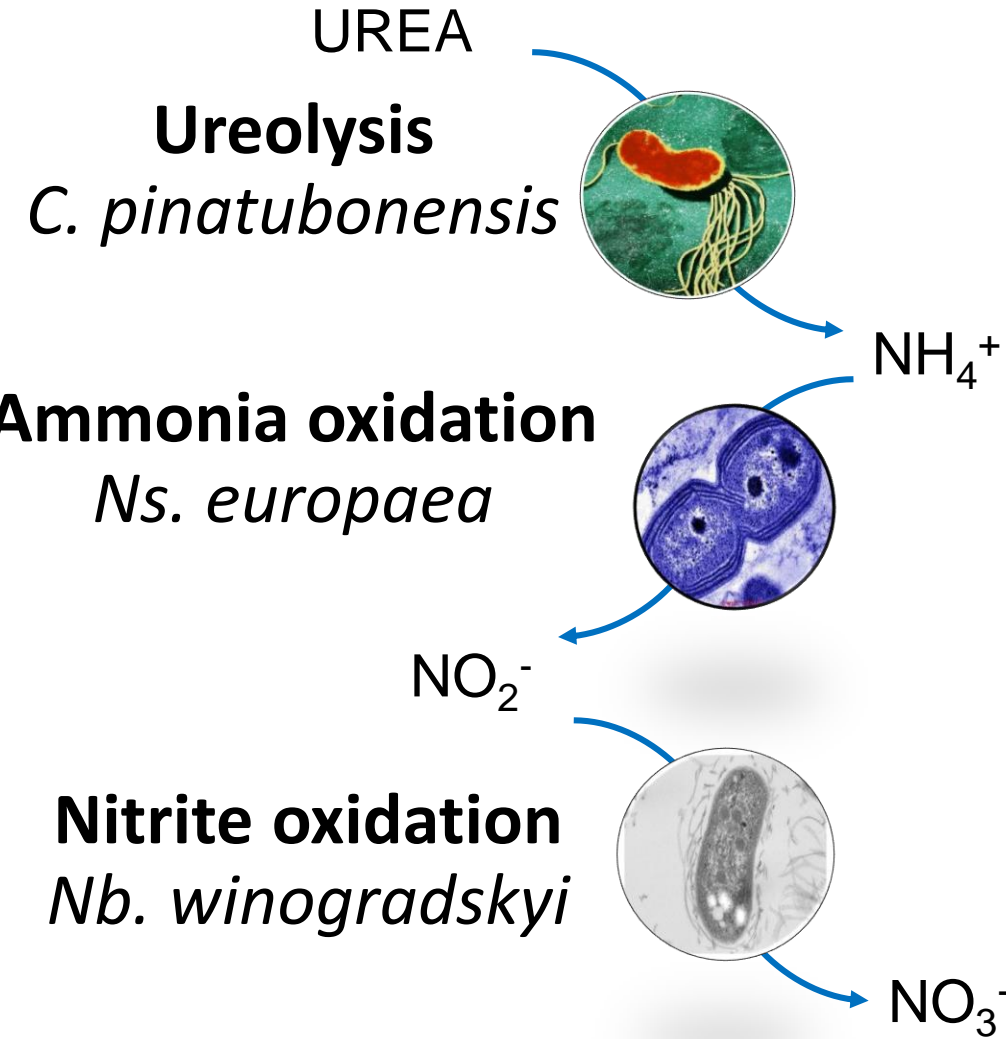
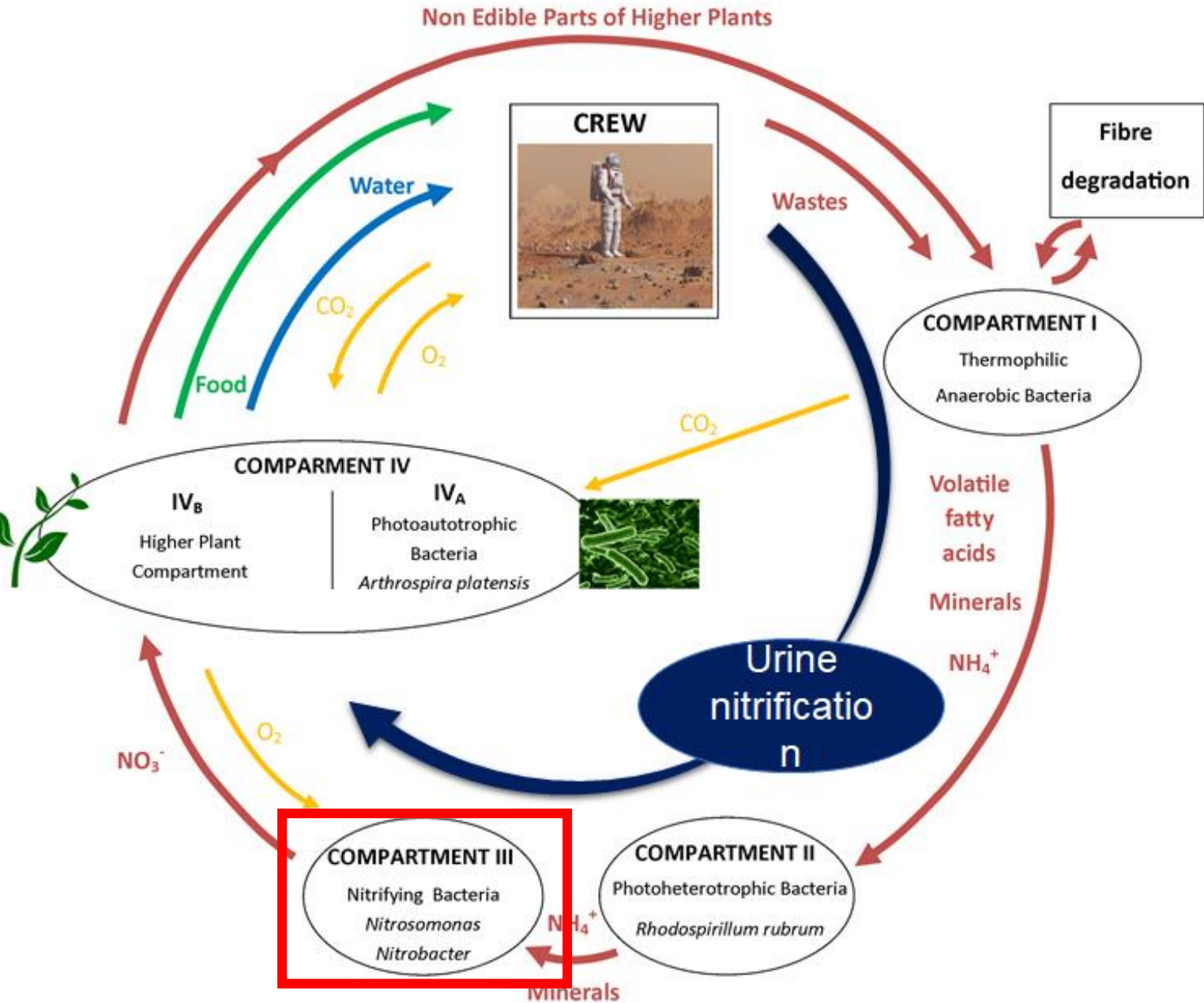


# CULTURES SELECTION

	PURE STRAINS			SYNTHETIC COMMUNITIES	
	<i>Cupriavidus pinatubonensis</i>	<i>Nitrosomonas europaea</i>	<i>Nitrobacter winogradskyi</i>	<i>N.europaea</i> + <i>Nb.winogradskyi</i>	<i>C.pinatubonensis</i> + <i>N.europaea</i> + <i>Nb.winogradskyi</i>
	<b>C</b>	<b>Ns</b>	<b>Nb</b>	<b>NsNb</b>	<b>CNsNb</b>
<b>Ureolysis</b>	X				X
<b>Ammonia oxidation</b>		X		X	X
<b>Nitrite oxidation</b>			X	X	X

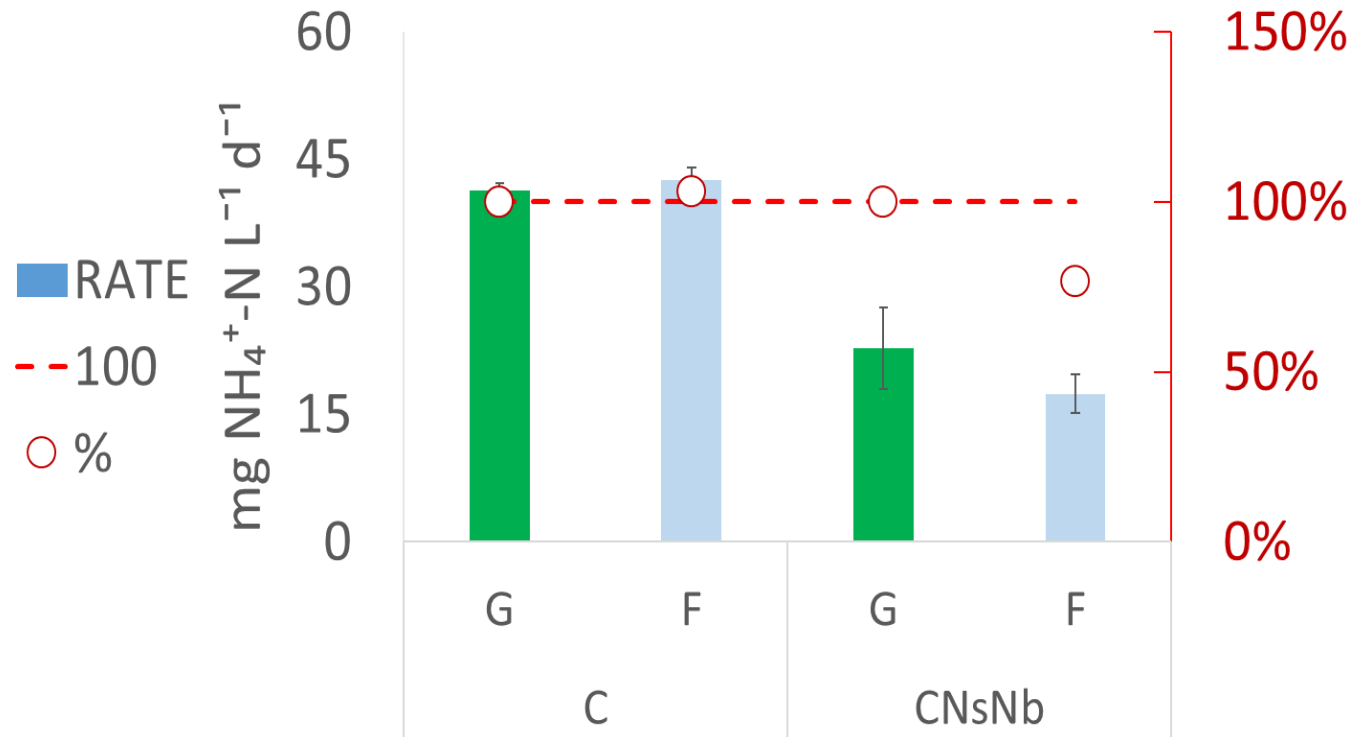


# STRAINS PRESENT IN MELISSA

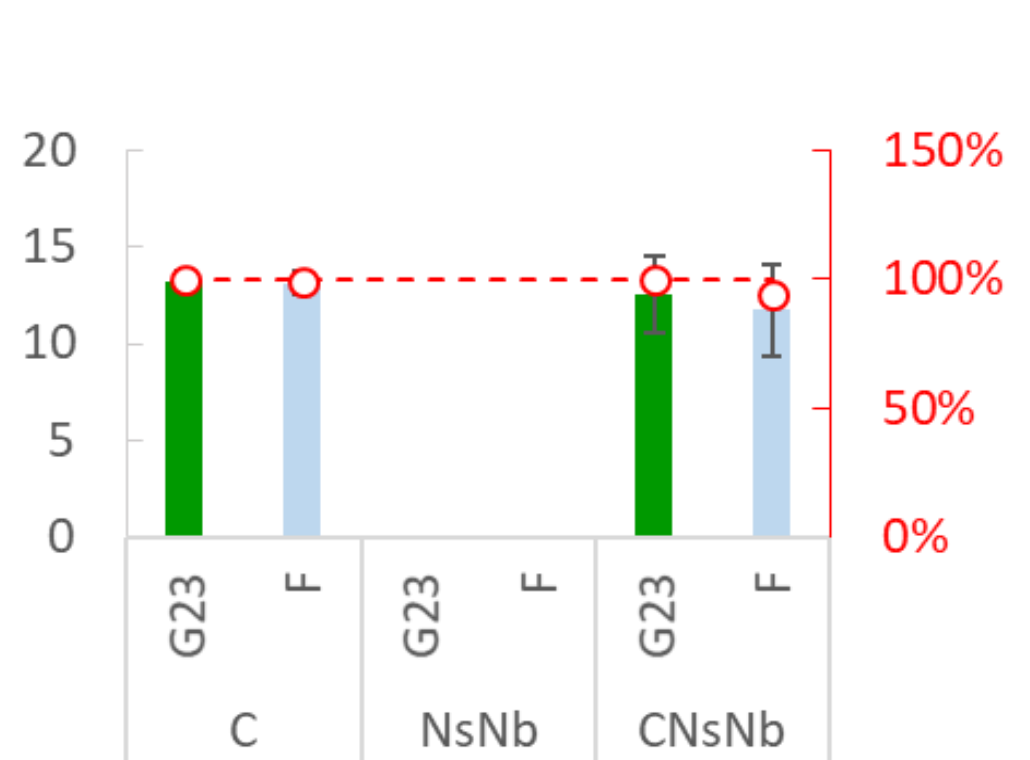


# UREOLYSIS BY *C. PINATUBONENSIS*

## SHORT MISSION



## LONG MISSION

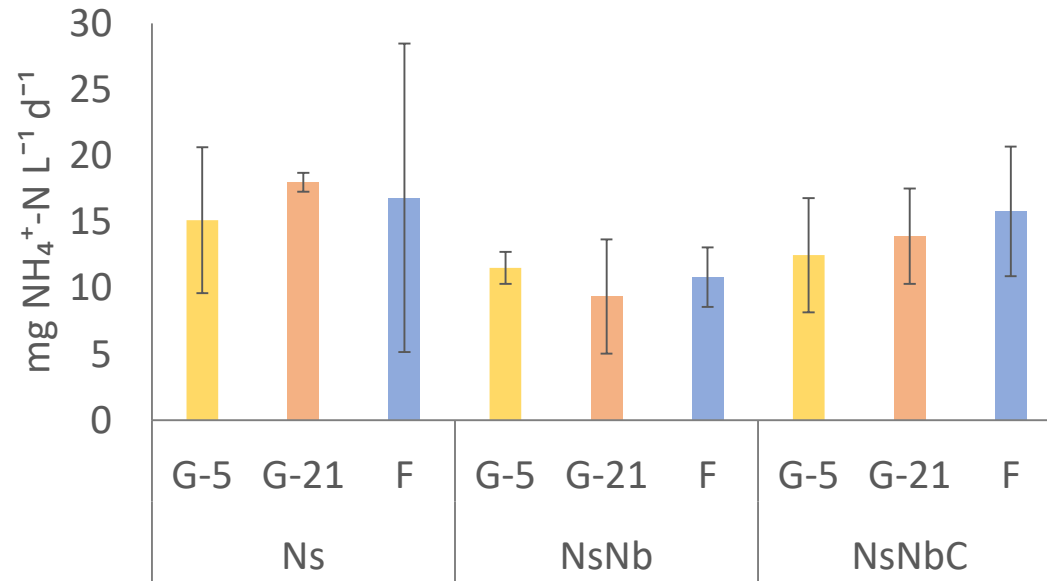


### Take home

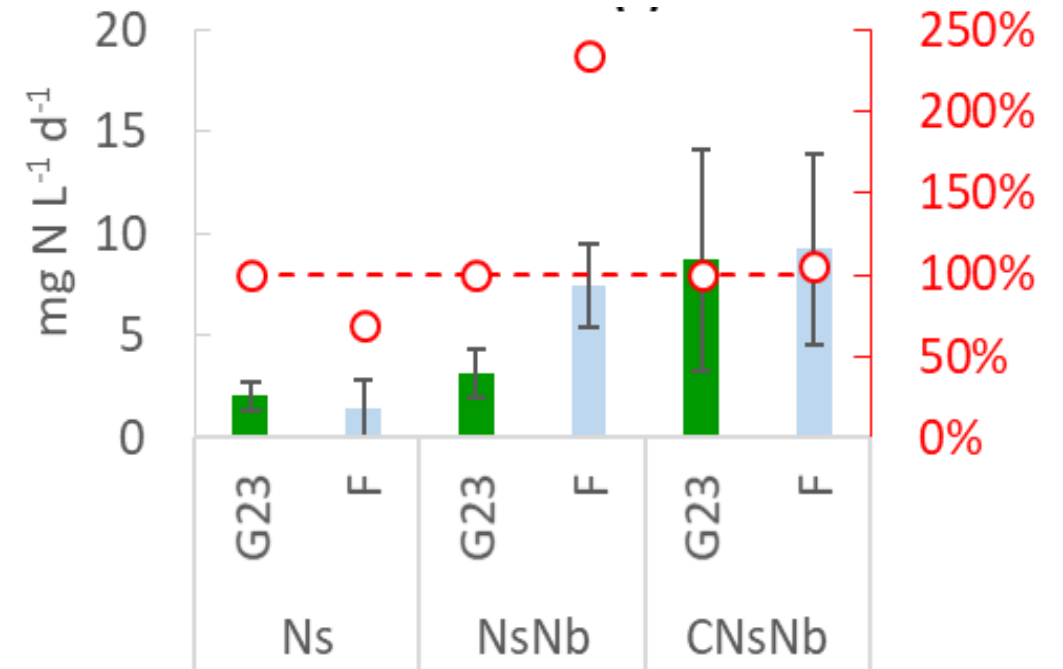
- No effect of flight on *C. pinatubonensis* (both for long and short mission)

# AMMONIA OXIDATION

## SHORT MISSION



## LONG MISSION

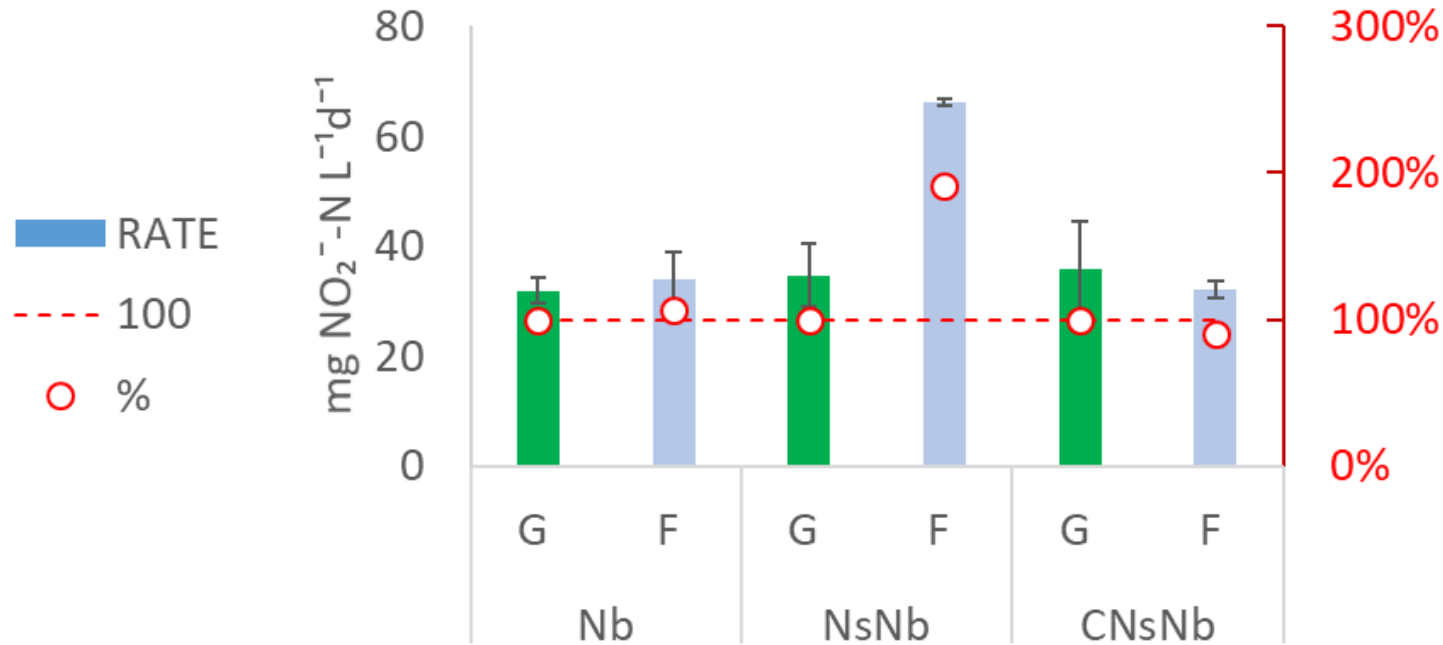


### Take home

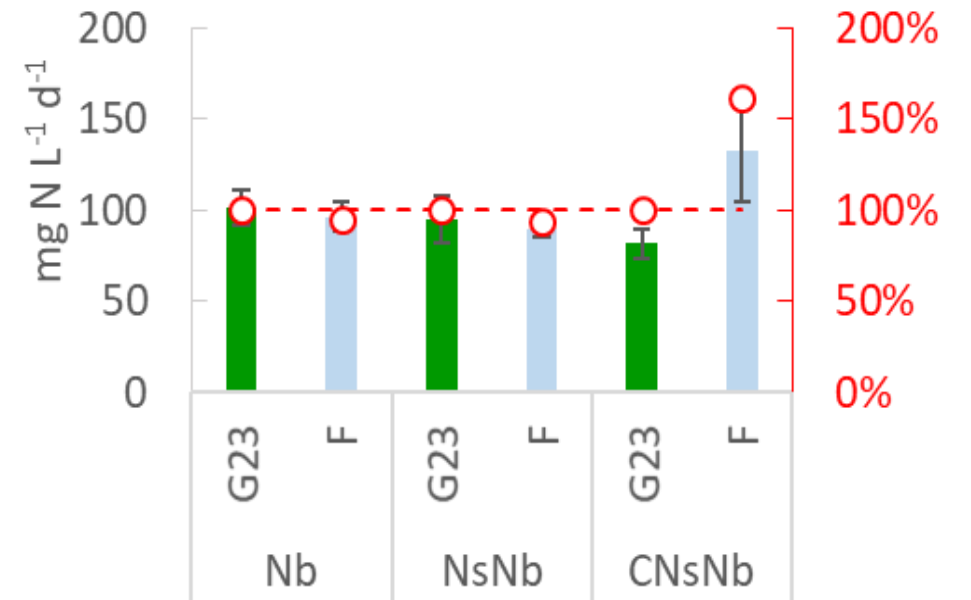
- No effect during short term mission
- Negative effect of long term storage of *Nitrosomonas europaea*
- Positive effect of co-culturing with *Cupriavidus* / *Nitrobacter*

# NITRITE OXIDATION

## SHORT MISSION



## LONG MISSION

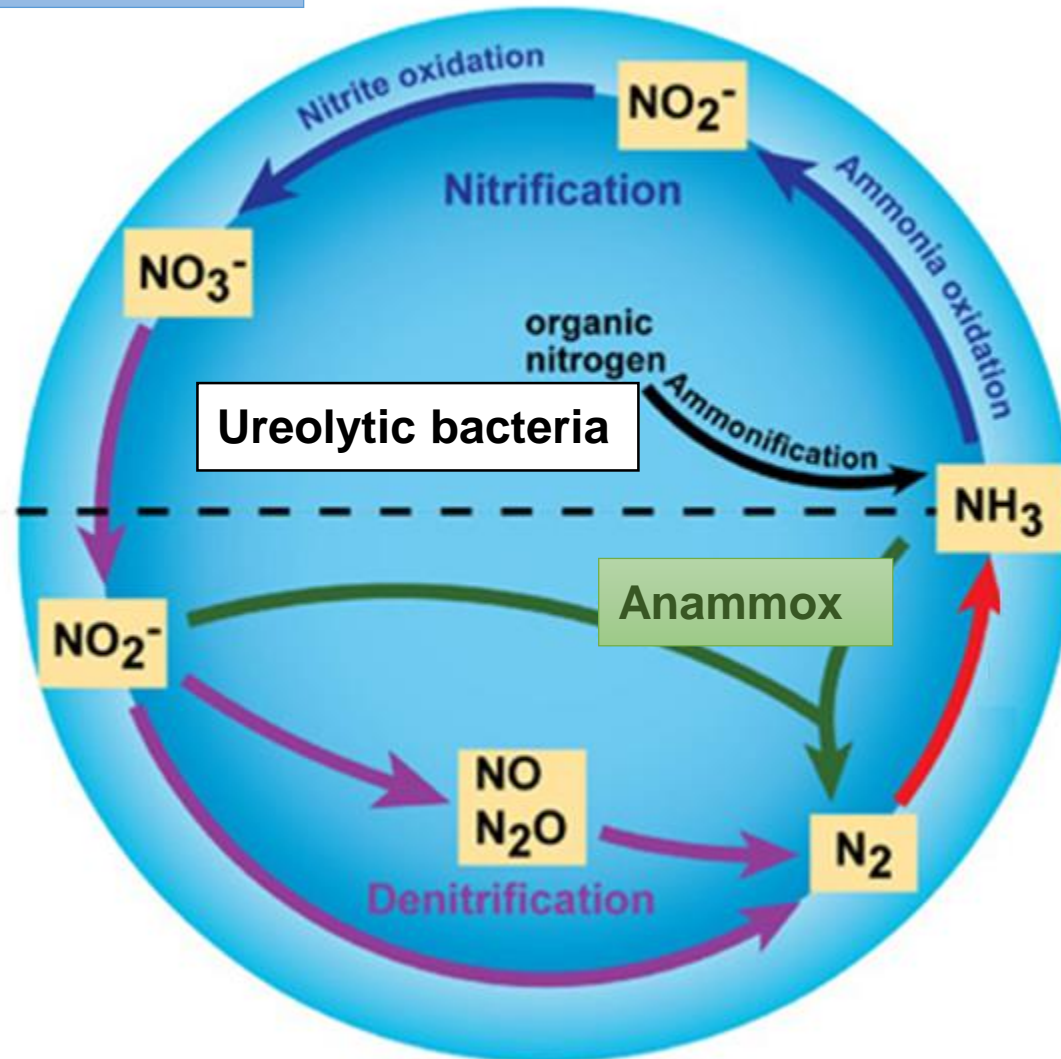


### Take home

- No effect of flight on Nb -> No difference between long and short mission

# TERRESTRIAL MICROBIAL NITROGEN CYCLE

Ammonia oxidizing archaea (AOA)



Denitrifying bacteria

## SAFETY CONCERNS

Possible presence of pathogen in reactor cultures. Not allowed in crewed space vehicle

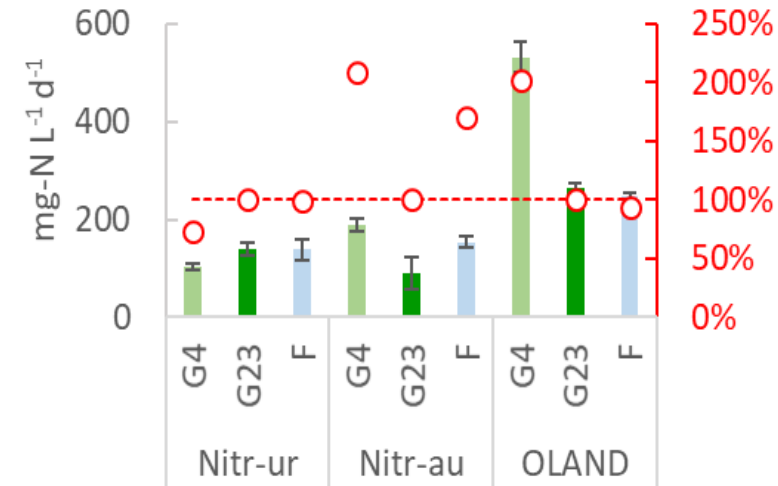
Tested only on long missions (FOTON flight)

# CULTURES SELECTION

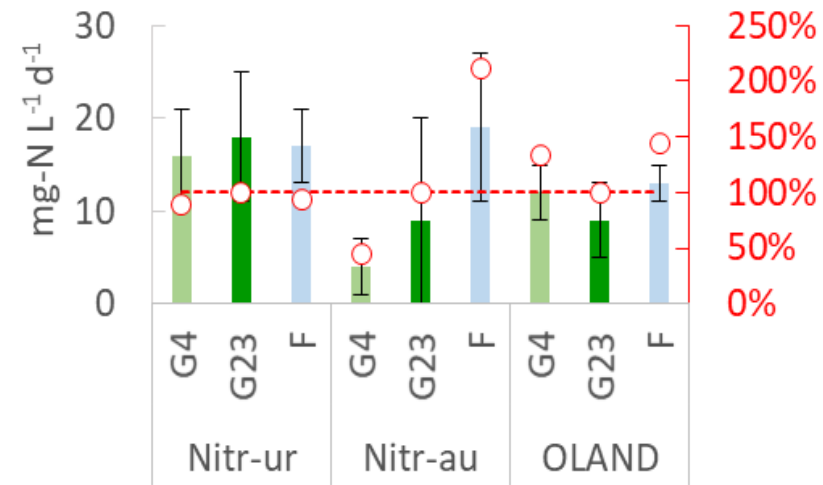
	REACTOR COMMUNITIES		
	<b>Nitr-ur</b>	<b>Nitr-au</b>	<b>OLAND</b>
	Partially nitrified real urine ( $\text{NO}_3^- \text{-N} / \text{NH}_4^+ \text{-N} \approx 1$ )	Synthetic – Urea & nitrite	Synthetic – Ammonium
<b>Ammonia oxidation</b>	<i>Nitrosomonas</i>	<i>Thaumarchaeota</i>	<i>Nitrosomonas</i>
<b>Denitrification</b>	Present	Present	Present
<b>Anammox</b>			<i>Ca. Kuenenia</i>

# REACTIVATION – DENITRIFICATION AND ANAMMOX

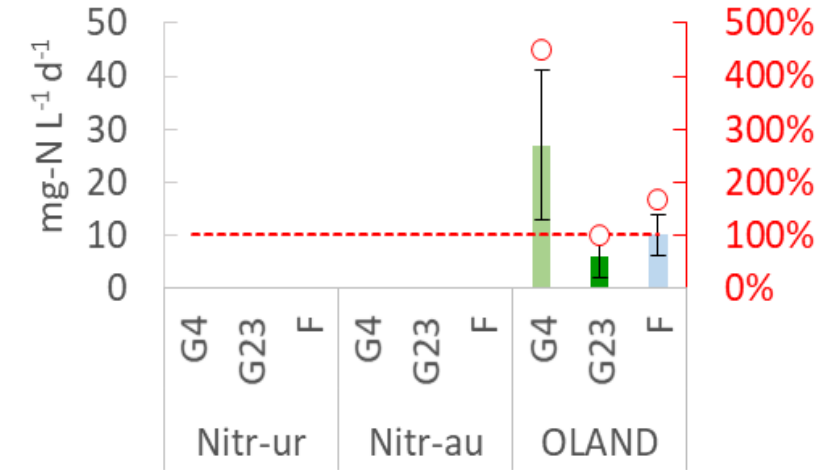
## Ammonia oxidation



## Denitrification



## Anammox



## Take home

- AOA/AOB, denitrification and anammox could be reactivated
- No effect of long term storage & flight

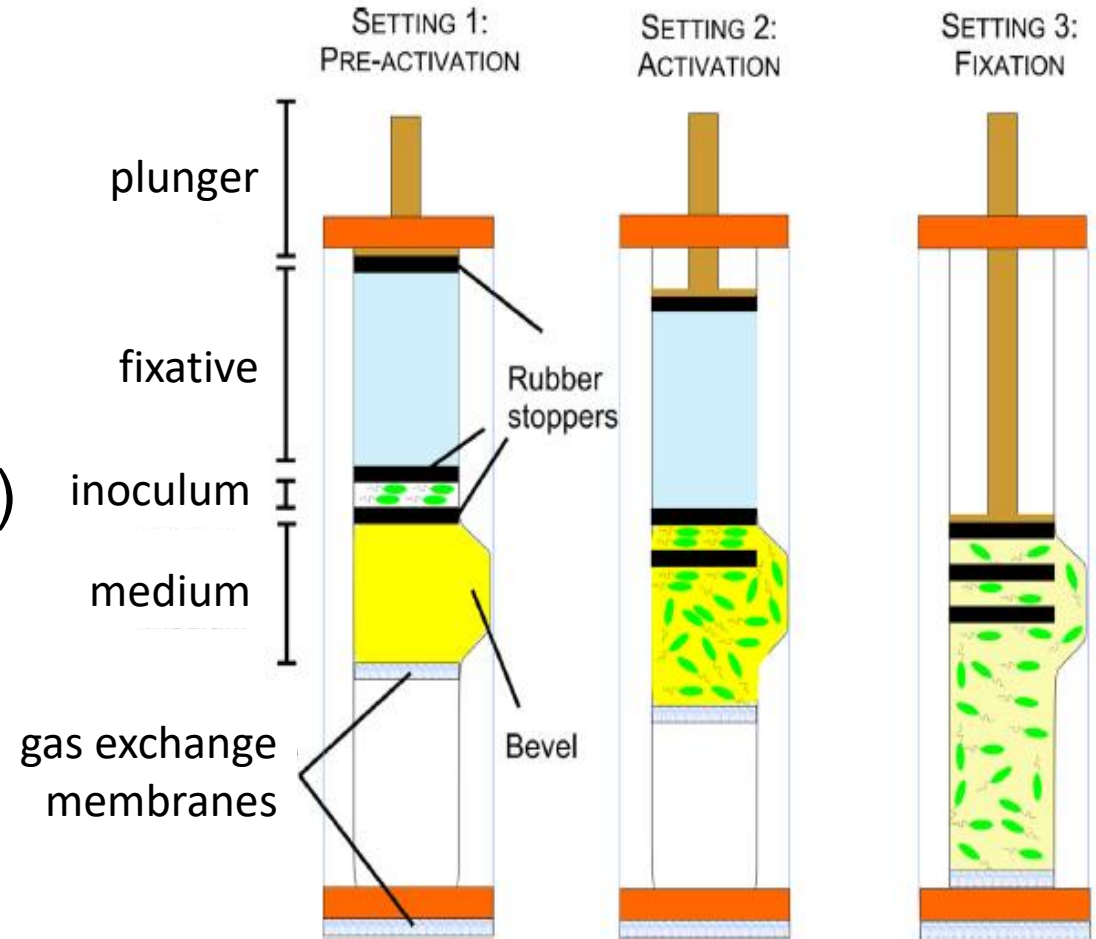
# Nitrification activity tests (ISS): URINIS A

Earth → Space

Synthetic urine → Real urine

Open community → Synthetic community

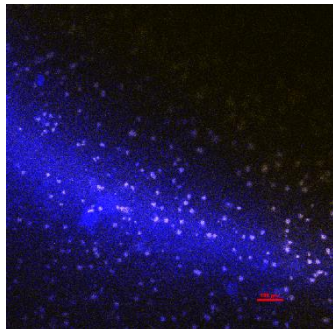
- Gravity independent aeration
- Effect of microgravity on:
  - biofilm structure/formation
  - nitrification rate
  - metabolism (transcriptomics/proteomics)
- ISS (<2020?)



UMONS  
Université de Mons

GHENT  
UNIVERSITY

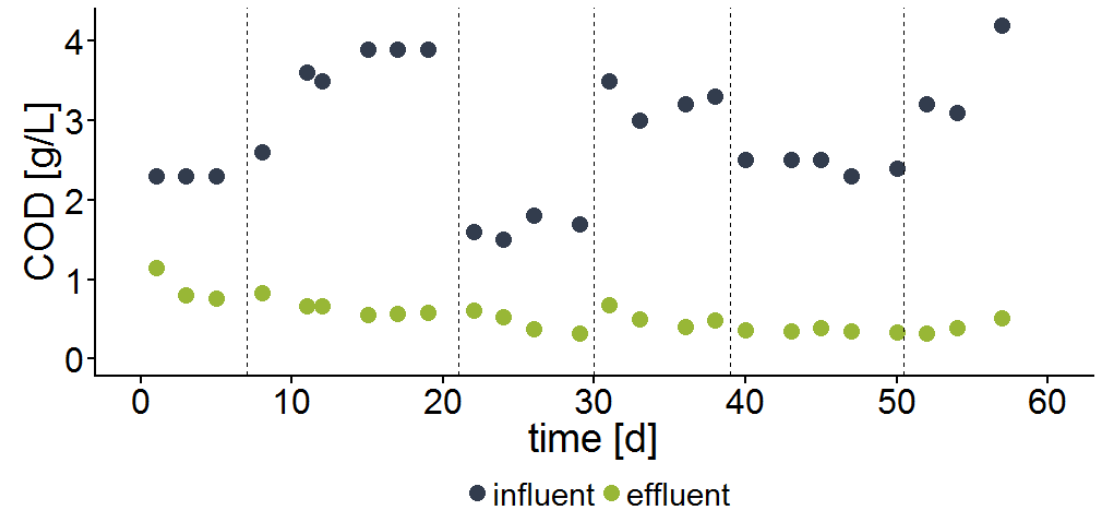
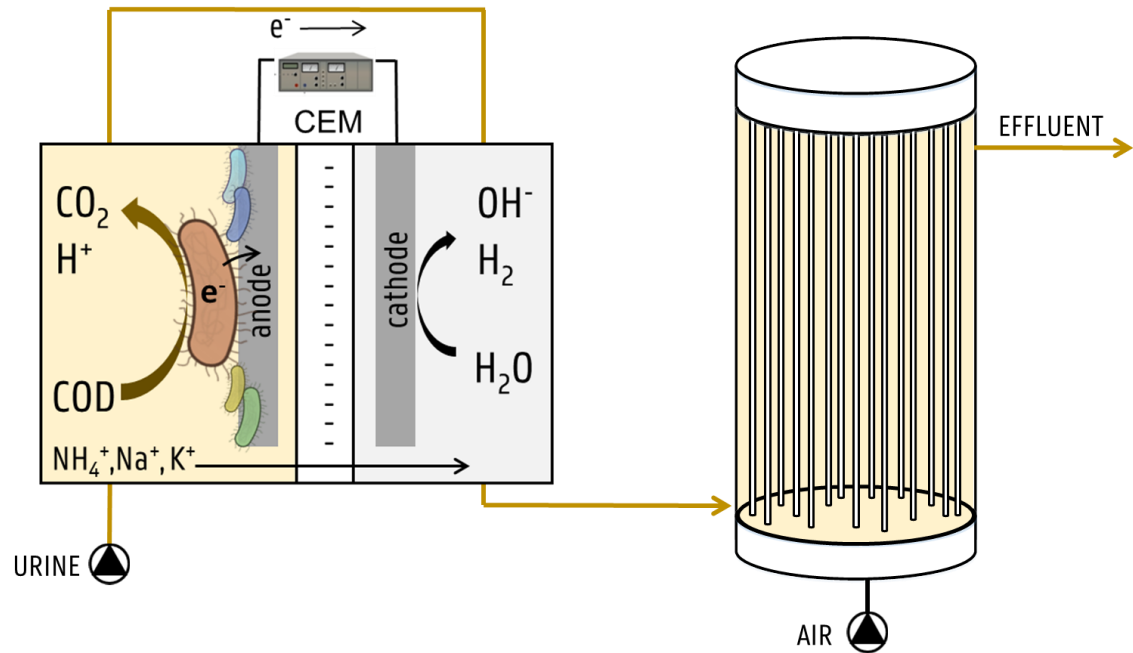
SCK•CEN  
STUDIECENTRUM VOOR KERNENERGIE  
CENTRE D'ETUDE DE L'ENERGIE NUCLEAIRE





# Bioanodic oxidation as a pretreatment for membrane aerated nitrification

Earth → (Space)  
 Synthetic urine → Real urine  
 Open community → Synthetic community

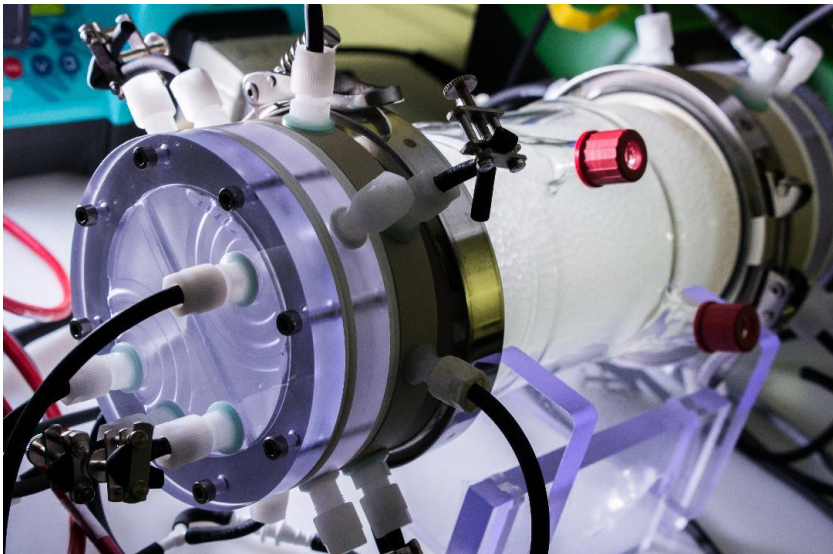


- Avoid denitrification in MABR
- In MFC-mode → power production of aeration nitrification?

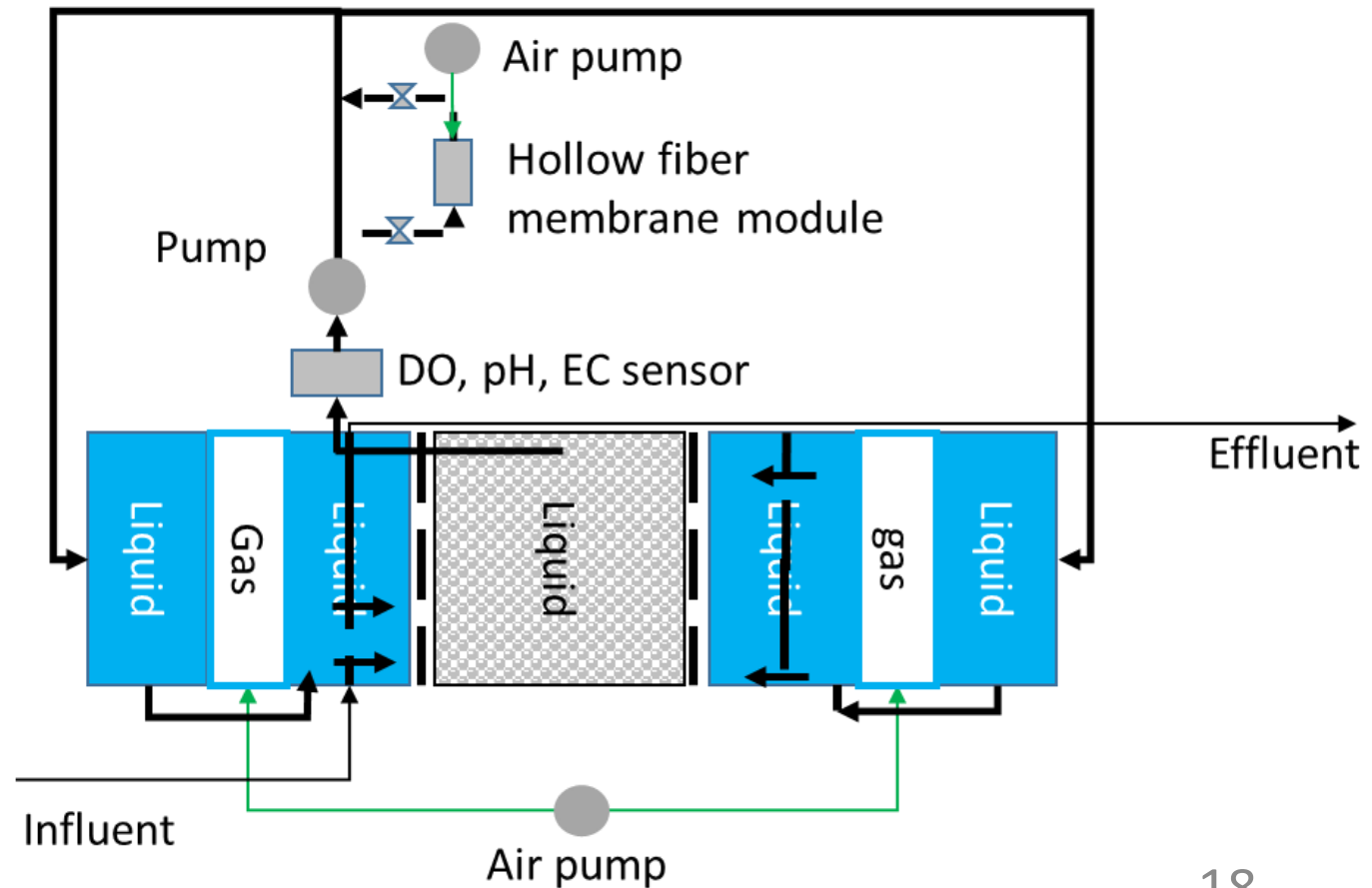
# Urine nitrification in a bioreactor (ISS?): URINIS B

Earth → Space  
Synthetic urine → Real urine  
~~Open community~~ → Synthetic community

Membrane aeration with  
flat sheet or hollow fiber  
membranes for gravity  
independent aeration



Liquid recirculation

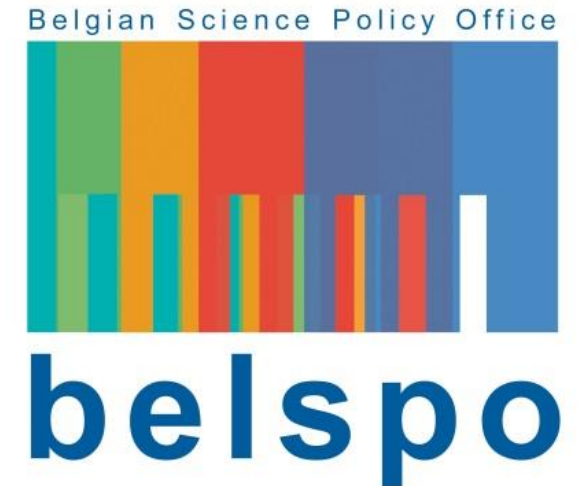


# CONCLUSIONS

- LEO exposed samples present similar (or higher) rates than terrestrial ones
- Long mission affected ammonia oxidation of Ns
- During long mission, the presence of Nb and C had a positive effect on ammonia oxidation

**Successful reactivation of five key nitrogen conversions, that can be safely applied for resource recovery in human Space exploration.**

# Acknowledgements



European Space Agency

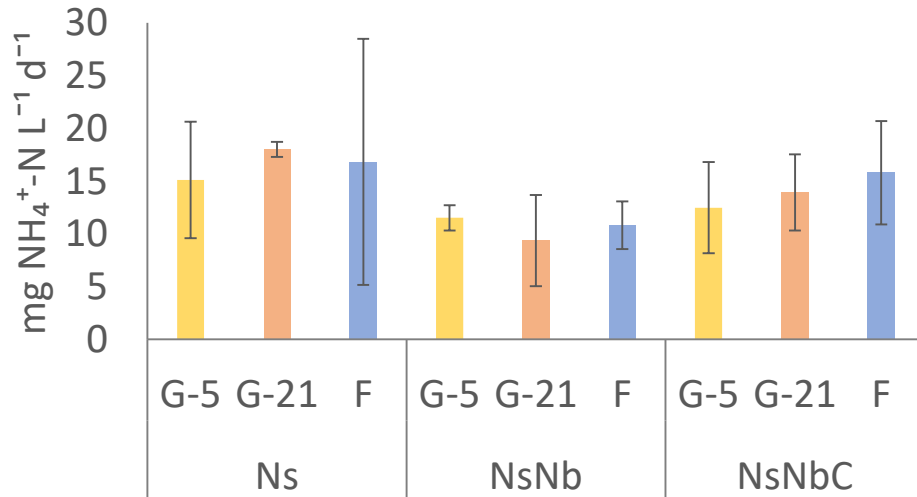
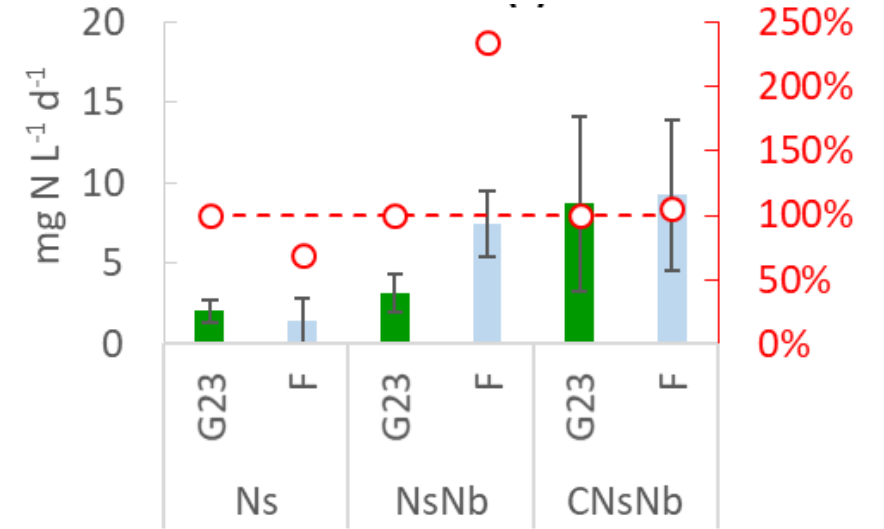
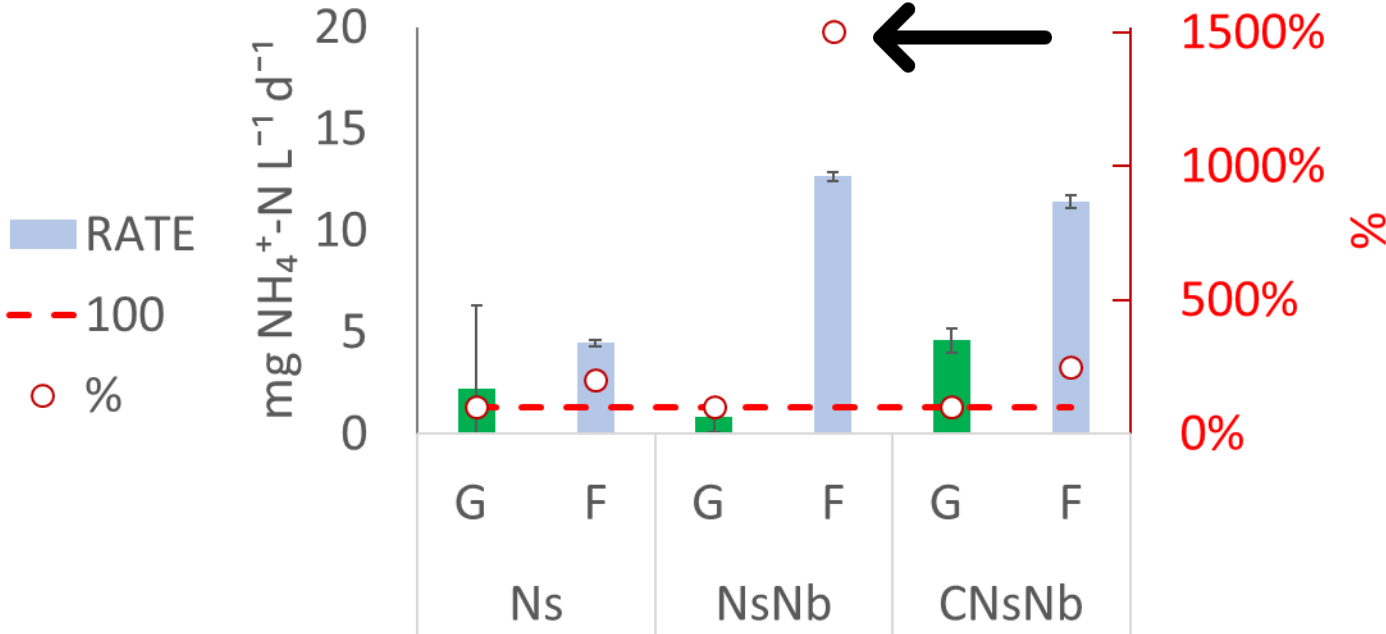
## Contact

[chiara.ilgrande@ugent.be](mailto:chiara.ilgrande@ugent.be)

# AMMONIA OXIDATION

## SHORT MISSION

## LONG MISSION



### Take home

- No effect of short term mission
- Negative effect of long mission on Ns, but positive effect of Cupriavidus and Nitrobacter