

Profit sharing as entry deterrence mechanism

Domenico Buccella¹

Received: 26 November 2014 / Accepted: 25 January 2016 / Published online: 5 February 2016
© The Author(s) 2016. This article is published with open access at Springerlink.com

Abstract In a right-to-manage framework, this paper analyzes the optimal choice of the pay scheme (profit sharing vs. fixed wage) in a unionized duopoly with potential market entry and decentralized bargaining. The paper shows that, depending on the institutional features, both pay systems can arise as equilibria in Nash strategies. Under duopoly with committed bargaining, the fixed wage is the Nash equilibrium; with flexible bargaining, an agreement between the incumbent firm and its union about profit sharing arises as Nash equilibrium, if the union is not too strong. A monopoly with threat of entry reinforces the selection of profit sharing as a deterrent mechanism.

Keywords Union-oligopoly bargaining · Fixed wage · Profit-sharing · Entry deterrence effect

JEL classification J51 · L13 · L20

Electronic supplementary material The online version of this article (doi:10.1007/s10258-016-0113-x) contains supplementary material, which is available to authorized users.

Domenico Buccella
buccella@kozminski.edu.pl

¹ Department of Economics, Leon Kozminski University, 57/59 Jagiellonska St., 03-301 Warsaw, Poland