

Title: Provider Encounter Turn Around Time – v. 12

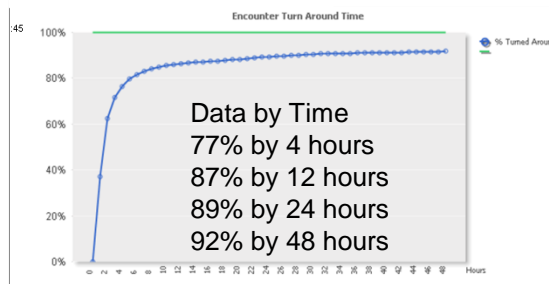
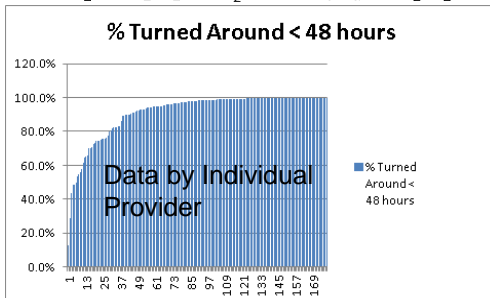
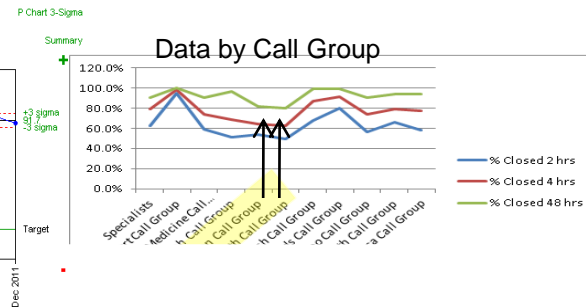
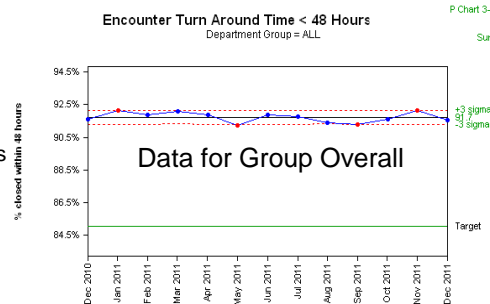
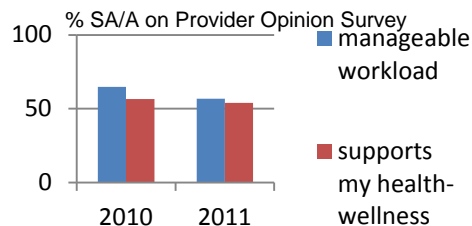
Submitted: December 9, 2012

Owner: Hallett

PDSA Coach: Butler

### Background / Current Conditions

- Medical group office visit redesign is designed to support one-piece flow for providers, including patient visits, documentation in Epic record, and patient-responsive in basket work
- Physician employment contracts specify charting from patient encounters is to be completed within 2 days
- Internal and external changes have caused overloading of physicians electronic in baskets; improvement work implemented in 2012
- Provider visit lengths semi-customized to reflect provider as the pacemaker of work; based on face to face and documentation data
- Provider workflow improvement has occurred, but still variable and generally reactive
- Historically, full time providers have seen patients 4 days/week, but providers now often work during days off, nights, and weekends to complete non-visit work; total provider work hours uncertain



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### Problem Statement

In 2011, 8.6% of approximately 446,000 medical group patient visit encounters were not completed in Epic by providers within 2 days, resulting in incomplete records causing subsequent care for patients to be less safe, delayed or lost revenue, and invalidation of a portion of at least 135 or more physician employment contracts.

### Goals / Targets

- Reduce encounters NOT documented and closed within 48 hours by 50% (increasing total to 96% or greater) by December 2012, and reduce remaining defects at end of December 2012 by 50% by end December 2013 (increasing total to 98% or greater)
- Improve providers' ability to meet TAKT for Encounter TAT and majority of provider work, by identifying, integrating, and balancing cycle time to TAKT time for all required provider work content
- Improve by 10% manageable workload and support for health/wellness scores on Provider Opinion Survey by 2013 POS
- Use "Just Culture" methodology for provider performance management



# Current Provider Work System

Any factor that:

- increases demand for priority 1-3 work (e.g. demand exceeding capacity, flow disruption, scheduling defects)
- creates barriers for priority 4 work (e.g. complex notes, technical problems)
- causes providers to choose to or have to stop work when only urgent work is completed (e.g. fatigue, family urgencies)

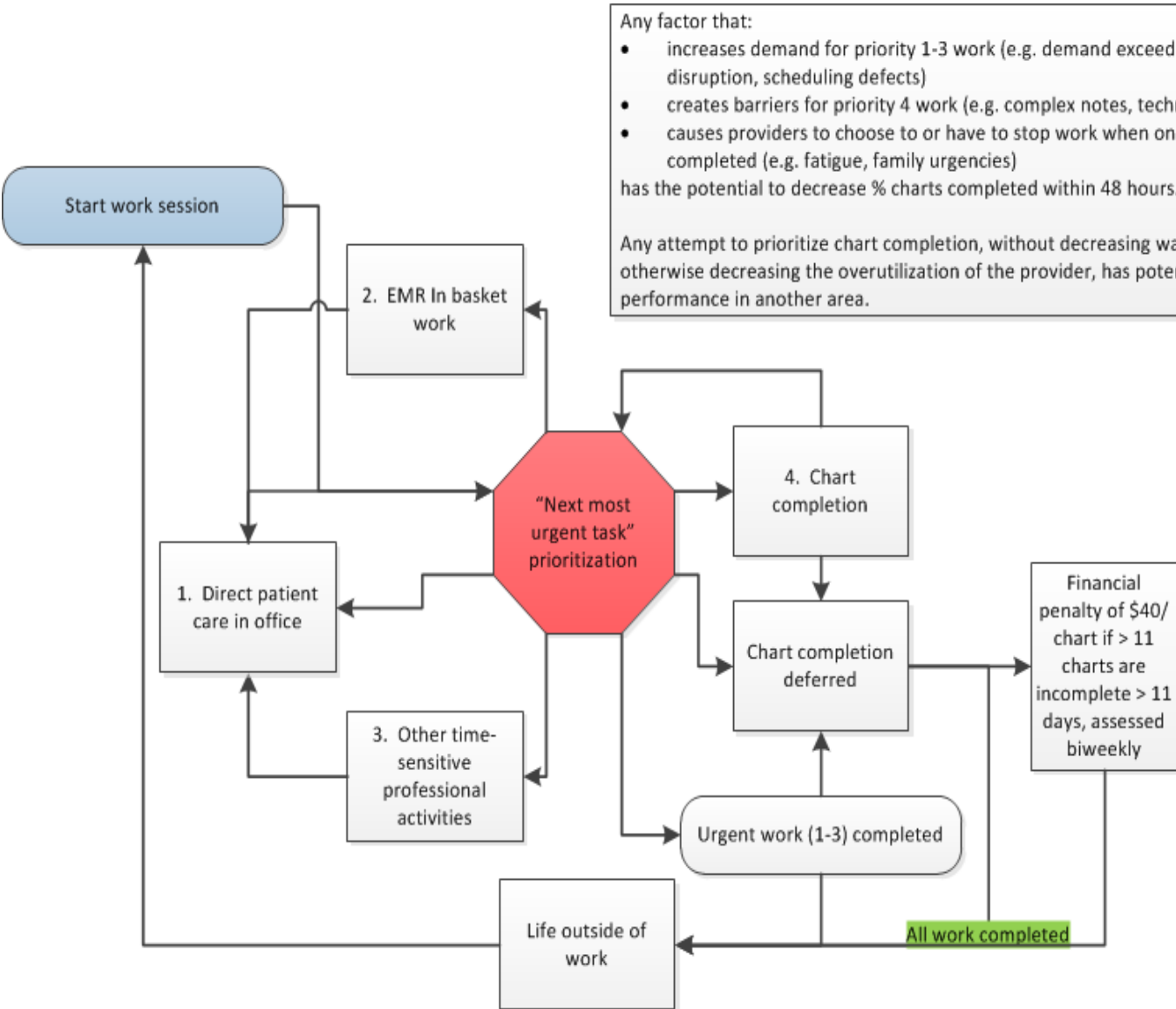
has the potential to decrease % charts completed within 48 hours.

Any attempt to prioritize chart completion, without decreasing waste in the system or otherwise decreasing the overutilization of the provider, has potential to sub-optimize performance in another area.

With each cycle in which charts are not completed within 48 hours, incremental rises occur in:

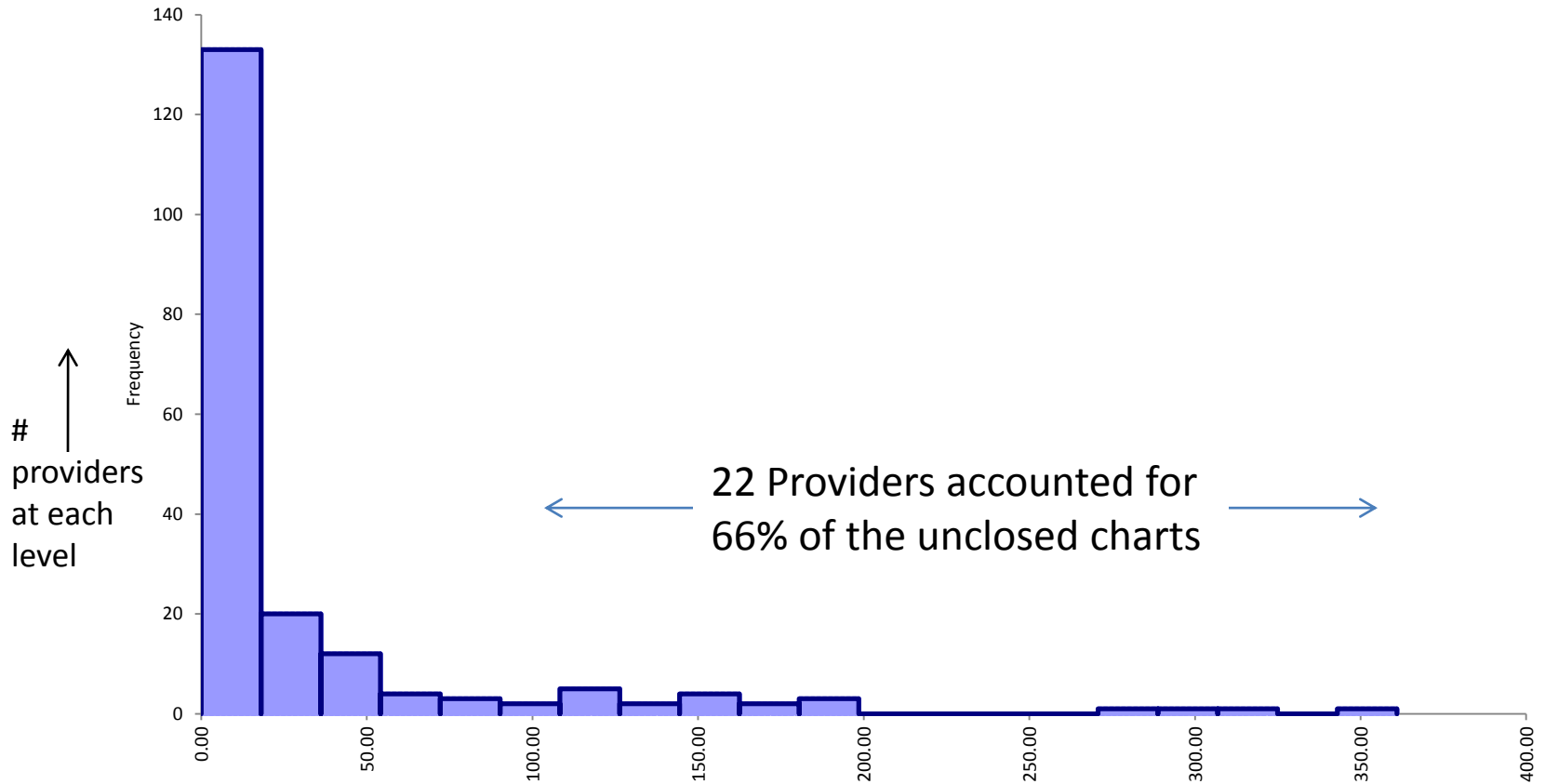
- Risk to patient
- Provider time to document
- Documentation errors
- Mental-emotional burden on provider
- Financial cost to organization

But, direct financial risk to physician causes urgency to rise, and eventually causes completion in biweekly batches for nearly all outliers



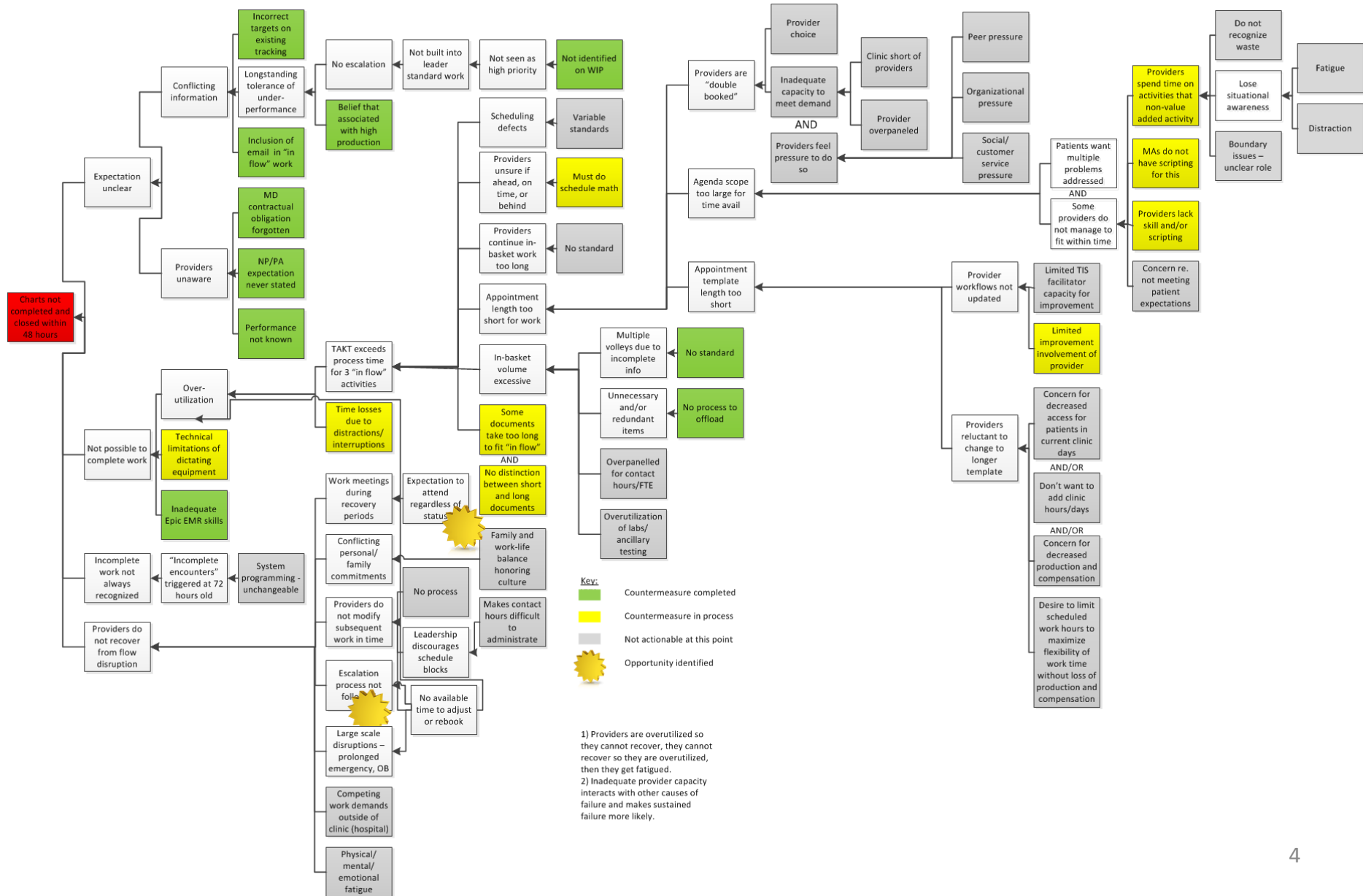
# Understanding Top Contributors

Histogram of Charts Open >48H / Provider Encounters July\_Aug 2012



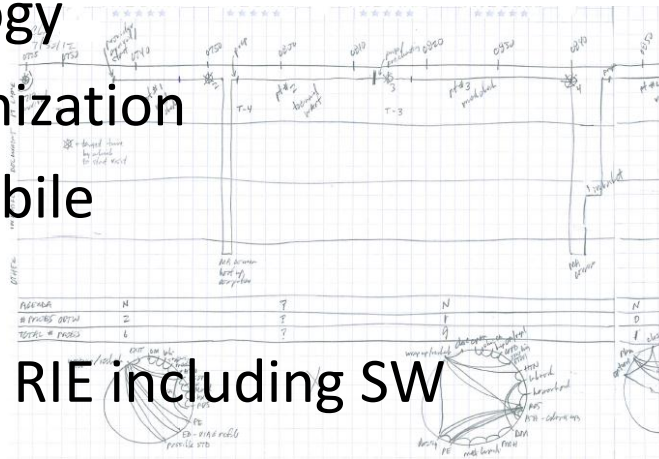
Number of charts per provider open > 48 hours in July-August 2012

# Cause Map



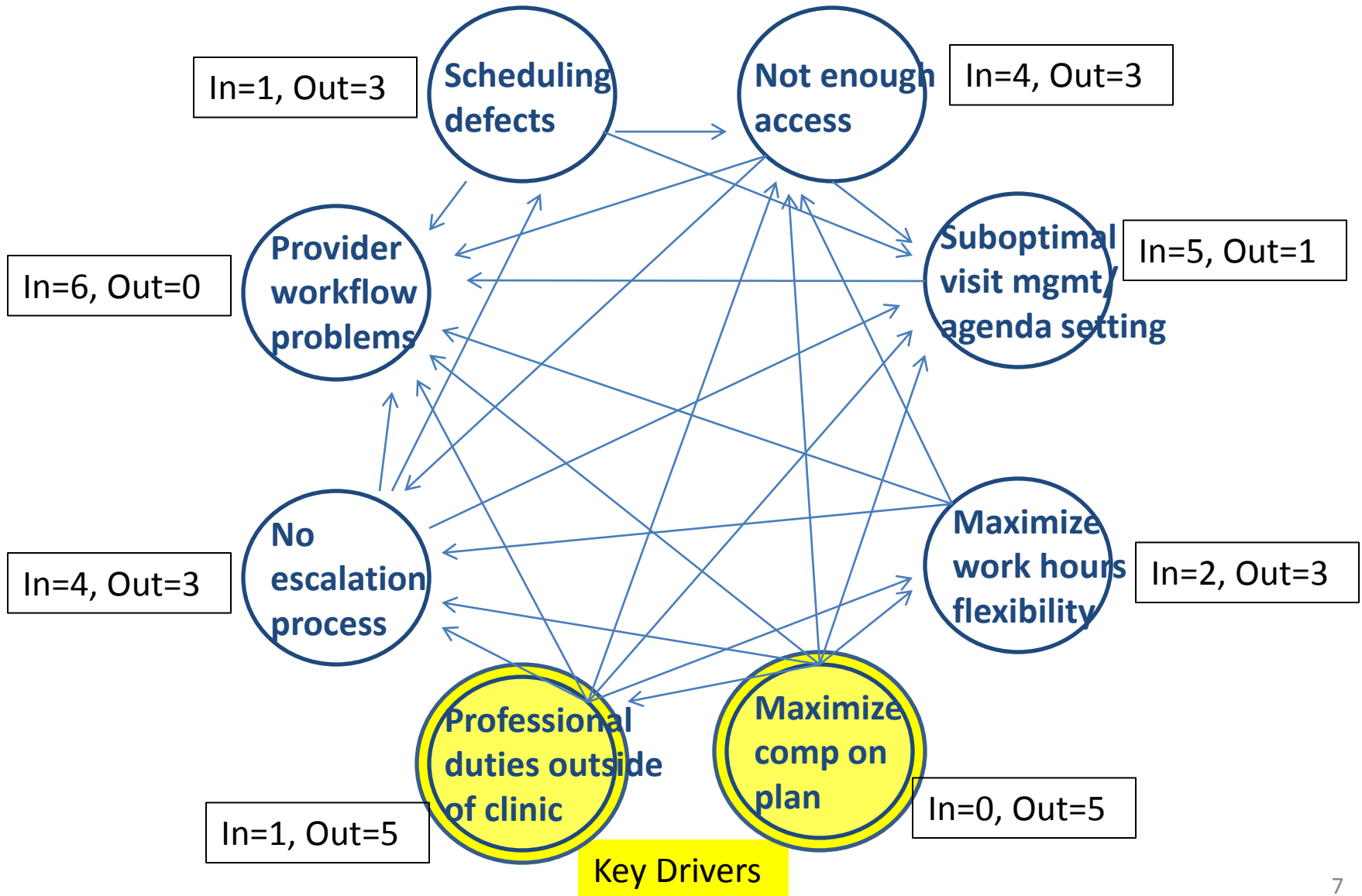
# Do - Experiments/Improvement Work Through November 2012

- Leadership
  - Expectation setting
  - Visual Management
- EMR/Technology
  - Skills Optimization
  - Dragon Mobile
- Interruptions
- EMR In-basket RIE including SW
- Agenda Setting
- Provider Workflow
  - Making visual
  - Repeat “Middle flow” work





# Interrelationship Digraph



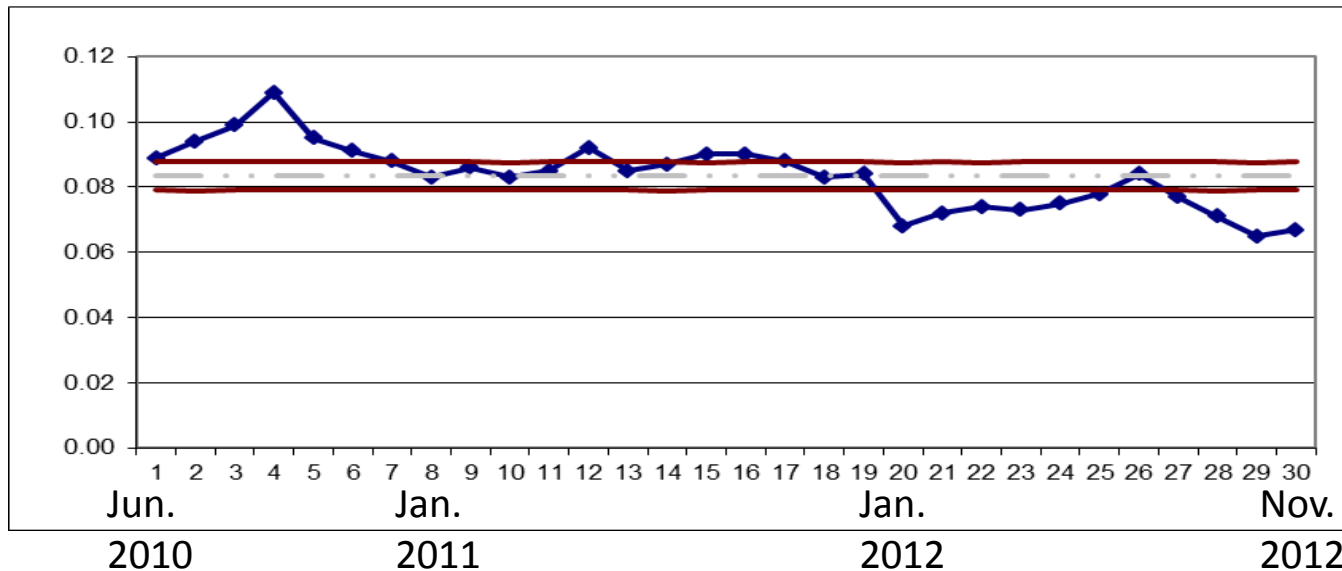
# Study - Results

## Goals/Targets:

- Improve providers ability to meet TAKT for encounter turnaround time

Metric	Baseline	Target	Current
% Encounters Closed in 48 hours	91.4%	96%	93.5% (+24%)
Improve % Strongly Agree/Agree scores for manageable workload and support health-wellness on provider opinion survey	56.7%, 53.9%	61%, 58.5% (10% by 2013 POS)	60.8%, 66.0%

Encounters Not Closed within 48 Hours (proportion of defects)





# Study - Reflections

## What worked well:

- Provider engagement
- Data easily available
- Able to cause technical changes quickly
- “Middle flow” process already existed and EMR in-basket improvement RIE was already in queue
- Adaptation of tools to make provider work and visit flows visual
- Learning approach with providers – Just Culture
- In room observations
- Leadership support for performance management
- Coaching to help “see the forest for the trees”

## What did not work well:

- Provider total available time currently unavailable
- No definition for quality documentation or balanced performance at provider level
- “Middle flow” improvements solved problem, but work-style and production pressures drove reversal, and leadership (temporarily) allowed it
- Improvements significantly influenced by performance management of 4 of 8 lowest performing providers; 3 no longer with organization
- Inadequate delegation
- Scope too large given complexity of system and human factors

## Key learnings:

- 100% of providers want to close their charts within 48 h
- Chart closure is a “vital sign” of each providers work system, and multiple clinic processes and human factors drive it
- Overutilization due to “overscheduling the resource” is common
- Urgency-based prioritization is constant, and closing charts always seen as less urgent than customer-facing work
- Each provider is their own value stream in current system
- Non-value added work present in the provider-patient visit
- Compensation plan is a key driver
- Division leadership has enabled this problem historically

## Would do differently:

- Avoid calling this “my project”
- Seek out barriers outside clinic more directly
- Focus on 1 call group to better understand and influence culture
- Build better guiding coalition and more leadership commitment to prioritize and help drive this
- Apply systems thinking sooner; identify and study systems that contribute to the defects
- Study providers who are performing at 100% to see what factors enable that performance

# Adjust

- Remapping (3<sup>rd</sup> pass) of medical group primary care VS Q1 2013
  - True demand and CTQCs
  - Staffing to demand
  - Provider overutilization and workflow
  - Escalation process
  - Information flow
  - Population management
- Compensation Plan Redesign 2013
- Leadership Standard Work
- Lean for Physicians A3