### Down Conversion Scheme for PDV (U)



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### This portable rack holds a 4-channel Photonic Doppler Velocimeter System







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## We have already seen evidence of the down-conversion process



## This fortunate accident showed high accuracy although a little noisy

2000 400 Down-conversion Data Vave = 1474.5 m/s StDev = 11.6 m/s1500-300 1000-Velocity (m/s) 200 8 Error 500. - 100 Red = spectrogram read Blue = "laser" - "doppler" 0 tigeth for an and the second 0 Average error = 0.11% StDev = 3.4% -500-Т 10 20 30 40 50 Ô Time (µs)

# We thought about generating an electrical sideband





But, we would need higher bandwidth detectors...

So, we decided to generate an optical sideband.

# We use a phase modulator to generate the high-frequency sidebands

Example: doppler-shifted line 9 GHz above laser and oscillator at 7 GHz



## The components are commercially available and the power budget is easy



## We built the down-conversion system into a separate chassis



# We need to connect the chassis with fiber jumpers



# We tested the down-conversion scheme on a high-velocity shot

This is part of Dave Hare's embedded fiber program.



### We finally obtained data on our 3rd try



#### Fabry-Perot record (different shot)



### Read the spectrogram and convert to apparent velocity





## Use the fiber index = 1.4682 to convert to actual velocity





We finally obtained data at high velocities using the down conversion technique--approx 9 km/s apparent.

Our system has Vmax = 13 km/s.

We still need to make the system more robust and easier to use for field use.

This method also can be used to down shift few km/s velocities into ranges accessible to standard, less expensive digitizers.