The PERMANENT ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENT AND HYPERFINE INTERACTION IN GOLD SULFIDE, AuS

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The bonding and electrostatic properties of gold containing molecules are highly influenced by the large relativistic and electron correlation effects.^{*a*} Here we report on the electric permanent dipole moment measurement and hyperfine interaction analysis of the ${}^{2}\Delta_{3/2} {}^{-2}\Pi_{3/2}$ and ${}^{2}\Delta_{5/2} {}^{-2}\Pi_{3/2}$ bands of AuS. A cold molecular beam sample of gold sulfide was generated using a supersonic laser ablation source. The electronic bands were recorded at high resolution (35 MHz, FWHM) using laser excitation spectroscopy both field-free and in the presence of a static electric field. The observed hyperfine spectral features were assigned and a set of spectroscopic parameters for the ${}^{2}\Delta$ and ${}^{2}\Pi$ states were obtained. The Stark induced shifts of selected low-rotational features were analyzed to determine the permanent electric dipole moments in both the ground and excited states.

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