

THE H₂O-CH₃F COMPLEX: A COMBINED MICROWAVE AND INFRARED SPECTROSCOPIC STUDY SUPPORTED BY STRUCTURE CALCULATIONS

SHARON PRIYA GNANASEKAR, *Department of Inorganic and Physical Chemistry, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, India*; MANUEL GOUBET, *Laboratoire PhLAM, Université de Lille 1, Villeneuve de Ascq, France*; ELANGANNAN ARUNAN, *Department of Inorganic and Physical Chemistry, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, India*; ROBERT GEORGES, *IPR UMR6251, CNRS - Université Rennes 1, Rennes, France*; PASCALE SOULARD, PIERRE ASSELIN, *MONARIS UMR8233, CNRS - Université Paris 6 UPMC, Paris, France*; T. R. HUET, *Laboratoire PhLAM, UMR8523 CNRS - Université Lille 1, Villeneuve d'Ascq, France*; OLIVIER PIRALI, *AILES beamline, Synchrotron SOLEIL, Saint Aubin, France*.

The H₂O-CH₃F complex could have two geometries, one with a hydrogen bond and one with the newly proposed carbon bond^a. While in general carbon bonds are weaker than hydrogen bonds, this complex appears to have comparable energies for the two structures. Infrared (IR) and microwave (MW) spectroscopic measurements using, respectively, the Jet-AILES apparatus^b and the FTMW spectrometer at the PhLAM laboratory^c, have been carried out to determine the structure of this complex. The IR spectrum shows the formation of the CH₃F- H₂O hydrogen bonded complex and small red-shifts in OH frequency most probably due to (CH₃F)_m-(H₂O)_n clusters. Noticeably, addition of CH₃F in the mixture promotes the formation of small water clusters. Preliminary MW spectroscopic measurements indicate the formation of the hydrogen bonded complex. So far, we have no experimental evidence for the carbon bonded structure. However, calculations of the Ar-CH₃F complex show three energetically equivalent structures: a T-shape, a “fluorine” bond and a carbon bond. The MW spectrum of the (Ar)_n-CH₃F complexes is currently under analysis.

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