

**Programme Scientifique des Communications Affichées BIOLIVAL 2018**

**Vendredi 04 mai 2018**

N° e-poster	N° Inscription	SESSION e-POSTER (I) du POSTER N° P 001 au POSTER N° P 052
P 001	005	<p><b>Optimization of the extraction of phenolic compounds from <i>Ganoderma lucidum</i>.</b></p> <p>Taofiq OLUDEMI , Lillian BARROS , Miguel. A. PRIETO , Sandrina. A. HELENO , Maria. F. BARREIRO , Isabel. C.F.R FERREIRA <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 002	007	<p><b>Bioactive potential of phenolic compounds: Study of the extracts of two Algerian medicinal plants for industrial orientation.</b></p> <p>Borhane Eddine Cherif ZIANI , Wahiba RACHED , Roumayssa ZIANI , Hassiba CHAHDOURA , Khaldoun BACHARI <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 003	012	<p><b>Design of plastic materials based on non-stick polypropylene for improve food packaging hygien.</b></p> <p>Maria MEKOUAR , Nadia BOUTALEB , Bouchaib BAHLAOUAN , Hanane EL OMARI , Said EL ANTRI <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 004	016	<p><b>Contribution à la caractérisation d'une huile végétale à partir d'une ressource forestière.</b></p> <p>Dalal CHERGUI , Soraya AKRETICHE , Hassiba ZEMMOURI <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 005	023	<p><b>Optimization of micro algal biomass production by the method of experimental designs (Case of <i>Dunaliella salina</i> Teodoresco).</b></p> <p>Abdelmadjid AIT YALA , Fatiha KOUDACHE , Bachir DOUKANI <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 006	031	<p><b>Study of "el hammoum" durum wheat (<i>triticum durum</i>) fermented product of the algerian country <i>in vitro</i>.</b></p> <p>Sara MOKHTARI <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 007	036	<p><b>La pisciculture intégrée à l'agriculture dans les régions rurale.</b></p> <p>Imene TEHAMI , Semir bechir suheil GAOUAR <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 008	038	<p><b>Caractérisation phénotypique et génotypique des rhizobia symbiotiques de la légumineuse spontanée <i>Melilotus indicus</i> des palmeraies d'Oued Righ la région de Touggourt en Algérie.</b></p> <p>Souad BABA ARBI , Djamel CHEKIREB <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 009	043	<p><b>Etude comparative de l'aptitude fromagère des laits de quatre espèces animales élevées dans la région Sud -est de l'Algerie.</b></p> <p>Fedjeria YAACOUB , Mohamed TITAOUINE <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 010	045	<p><b>Caractérisation et valorisation des variétés de Figuier (<i>Ficus carcia</i>) en Ouest d'Algérie.</b></p> <p>Ikram MKEDDER , Semir Bechir Suheil GAOUAR , Imene TEHAMI <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 011	058	<p><b>Rose-scented Geranium Essential Oil: Chemical composition, Antibacterial and Antifungal effects <i>in vitro</i> and a Real Food System (Orangina Fruit Juices).</b></p> <p>Mohamed Nadjib BOUKHATEM , Abdelkrim KAMELI , Mohamed Amine FERHAT , Faiza GACHI , Meriem HASSNAOUI , Djamel TEFFAHI <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>
P 012	069	<p><b>Raw camel milk production in the algerian south eastern arid areas: constraint related to collection, storage and transport: impact on product quality.</b></p> <p>Abdelmalek MERIBAI , Ahmed BAHLOUL <a href="#">Résumé</a></p>

**Optimization of the extraction of phenolic compounds from *Ganoderma lucidum*.**Taofiq OLUDEMI<sup>(1)</sup>, Lillian BARROS<sup>(2)</sup>, Miguel. A. PRIETO<sup>(3)</sup>, Sandrina, A. HELENO<sup>(4)</sup>, Maria, F. BARREIRO<sup>(4)</sup>, Isabel, C.FR FERREIRA<sup>(2)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Centro de Investigação de Montanha (CIMO), Instituto Politécnico de Bragança, Bragança, Portugal; Laboratory of Separation and Reaction Engineering - Laboratory of Catalysis and Materials (LSRE-LCM), Bragança Polytechnic Institute, Bragança, Portugal; GIP- USAL, Unidad de Nutrición y Bromatología, Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Salamanca, Campus Miguel de Unamuno, 37007 Salamanca, Spain

<sup>(2)</sup> Centro de Investigação de Montanha (CIMO), Instituto Politécnico de Bragança, Bragança, Portugal

<sup>(3)</sup> Centro de Investigação de Montanha (CIMO), Instituto Politécnico de Bragança, Bragança, Portugal; Nutrition and Bromatology Group, Faculty of Food Science and Technology, University of Vigo, Ourense, Spain

<sup>(4)</sup> Centro de Investigação de Montanha (CIMO), Instituto Politécnico de Bragança, Bragança, Portugal; Laboratory of Separation and Reaction Engineering - Laboratory of Catalysis and Materials (LSRE-LCM), Bragança Polytechnic Institute, Bragança, Portugal

[taofiq.oludemi@ipb.pt](mailto:taofiq.oludemi@ipb.pt)

*Ganoderma lucidum* (Curtis) P. Karst, a rich source of several bioactive compounds, has been utilized for its medicinal and nutraceutical purposes since earliest history. Among its bioactive constituents, the phenolic content has been widely reported to be responsible for some its bioactive properties. Recent trends in bioactive compounds' recovery have been focused on finding the best techniques that maximally extract valuable compounds from natural matrices.

This study is aimed at optimizing the extraction of phenolic compounds (Ph) from *G. lucidum* using conventional techniques such as Soxhlet extraction (SE), heat assisted extraction (HAE) and comparing with ultrasound assisted extraction (UAE), considered a more sustainable method. The SE technique was optimized by applying 7 cycles while to effectively carry out the optimization of HAE and UAE, response surface methodology (RSM) was applied using a circumscribed central composite design with three independent variables (time, ethanol content, temperature or ultrasonic power). The extraction yield and total Ph were maximized and the optimal conditions were determined.

For the SE technique, a positive linear dependency was achieved for the extraction yield, while for the Ph content expressed in terms of mg equiv. gallic acid (EGA) per g dw (dry weight), a significantly increase was observed up to the 5th cycle before a gradual decrease. The conditions that maximize the responses (extraction yield and total phenolics) were: 78.9 min, 90.0 °C and 62.5 % ethanol and 40 min, 100.0 W and 89.5% ethanol for HAE and UAE, respectively. The latter was the most effective, capable of achieving  $4.9 \pm 0.6$  % extraction yield and  $106.6 \pm 16.2$  mg EGA/g dw. The extraction process optimization proved to be a viable option for obtaining phenolic rich extracts from *G. lucidum* that can be used as bio-based ingredients.

**Keywords:** *Ganoderma lucidum*; Phenolic compounds; Extraction; Response surface methodology.

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