## Gradient Elution LC-ESI-MS Determination of Cilostazol in Rat Plasma and its Application

Jinjin WANG <sup>1</sup>#, Zhibin WANG <sup>2</sup>#, Chan CHEN <sup>1</sup>, Zhiyi WANG <sup>3</sup>, Naihua LIU <sup>4</sup>, Jianshe MA <sup>2</sup>, Xianqin WANG <sup>4</sup> & Lufeng HU <sup>1</sup>\*

 <sup>1</sup> The First Affiliated Hospital; <sup>2</sup> School of Basic Medical Sciences;
<sup>3</sup> The Second Affiliated Hospital; 4 Analytical and Testing Center, Wenzhou Medical College, Wenzhou 325035, China.

SUMMARY. A sensitive and simple liquid chromatography/electrospray mass spectrometry (LC-ESI-MS) method for determination of cilostazol in rat plasma using one-step protein precipitation was developed. After addition of midazolam as internal standard (IS), protein precipitation by acetonitrile was used as sample preparation. Chromatographic separation was achieved on an SB-C18 (2.1 × 50 mm, 5.0  $\mu$ m) column with acetonitrile-0.1 % formic acid as mobile phase with gradient elution. Electrospray ionization (ESI) source was applied and operated in positive ion mode; selected ion monitoring (SIM) mode was used to quantification using target fragment ions m/z 370.0 for cilostazol and m/z 325.9 for the IS. Calibration plots were linear over the range of 10-2000 ng/mL for cilostazol in rat plasma. Lower limit of quantification (LLOQ) for cilostazol was 10 ng/mL. Mean recovery of cilostazol from plasma was in the range 90.14-95.10 %. RSD of intra-day and inter-day precision were both less than 15 %. This method is simple and sensitive enough to be used in pharmacokinetic research for determination of cilostazol in rat plasma.

KEY WORDS: Cilostazol, Gradient elution, LC-ESI-MS, Rat plasma.

\* Author to whom correspondence should be addressed. *E-mail*: hulufeng79@sina.com; # contributed equally to this work.