

AISLAMIENTO Y CARACTERIZACIÓN DE *MYCOPLASMA SP.* DE PULMONES DE CERDOS PROVENIENTES DE MATADEROS

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RESUMEN: Se realizó un estudio microbiológico de 100 pulmones obtenidos al azar provenientes de capones y hembras sin servicio faenados en diferentes mataderos. Estos fueron clasificados macroscópicamente en pulmones con lesiones neumónicas (CLN) (43) y sin lesiones neumónicas (SLN) (57). Las muestras fueron procesadas para realizar el aislamiento y caracterización de microorganismos perteneciente al género *Mycoplasma*, en particular *Mycoplasma hyorhinis* y *Mycoplasma hyosynoviae*. De casos seleccionados se realizaron estudios para aislamiento y caracterización de bacterias Gram negativas. *M. hyorhinis* fue aislado en 48 oportunidades, de las cuales un 56,3% se obtuvieron de pulmones CLN y un 36,8% de pulmones SLN. *Mycoplasma hyosynoviae* fue aislado en 12 muestras, correspondiendo en un 19,2% a pulmones SLN y un 2,3% a pulmones CLN. El aislamiento de *M. hyorhinis* asociado a *M. hyosynoviae* se obtuvo en cinco oportunidades, y el de *M. hyorhinis* y *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae* en dos oportunidades. El 27% de los pulmones no presentaron lesiones neumónicas y en ellos no se aislaron *Mycoplasma*. (**Resumen hasta 200 palabras**)

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Isolation of *Mycoplasma sp* from Lungs of pigs from Slaughtering Houses

SUMMARY: A microbiological study of 100 lungs obtained, at random from nonpregnant females and fattening pigs, in several slaughterhouses was carried out. Lungs were classified by macroscopical examination as: lungs with pneumonic lesions (PL) (43) and with out pneumonic lesions (WPL) (57). The samples were processed to carry out isolation and characterization of *Mycoplasma* genus microorganism, particularly *Mycoplasma hyorhinis* and *Mycoplasma hyosynoviae*. In 48 out of 100 samples, *M. Hyorhinis* was isolated, from which 56,3% was found in PL and 36,8% in WPL. On the other hand, *M. Hyosynoviae* was isolated in 12 opportunities, corresponding 19,2% from normal lungs and 2,35% from pneumonic ones. *M. hyorhinis* was isolated in association with *M. hyosynoviae* in 5 cases, and with *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae* in 2 opportunities. No pneumonic lesions were found in 27% of the lungs, and none of them was positive to *Mycoplasma* sp. Our results indicate the presence of *M. hyorhinis* was considered as secondary agent in pneumonic cases, and *M. hyosynoviae* as a causative agent of arthritis and sinovitis, but without pathological significance in the development of pneumonia. The presence of *M. hyosynoviae* in the lungs only has a meaning in the dissemination process. (**Abstract up to 200 words**) **Analecta Veterinaria 15: 27-30, 1995**