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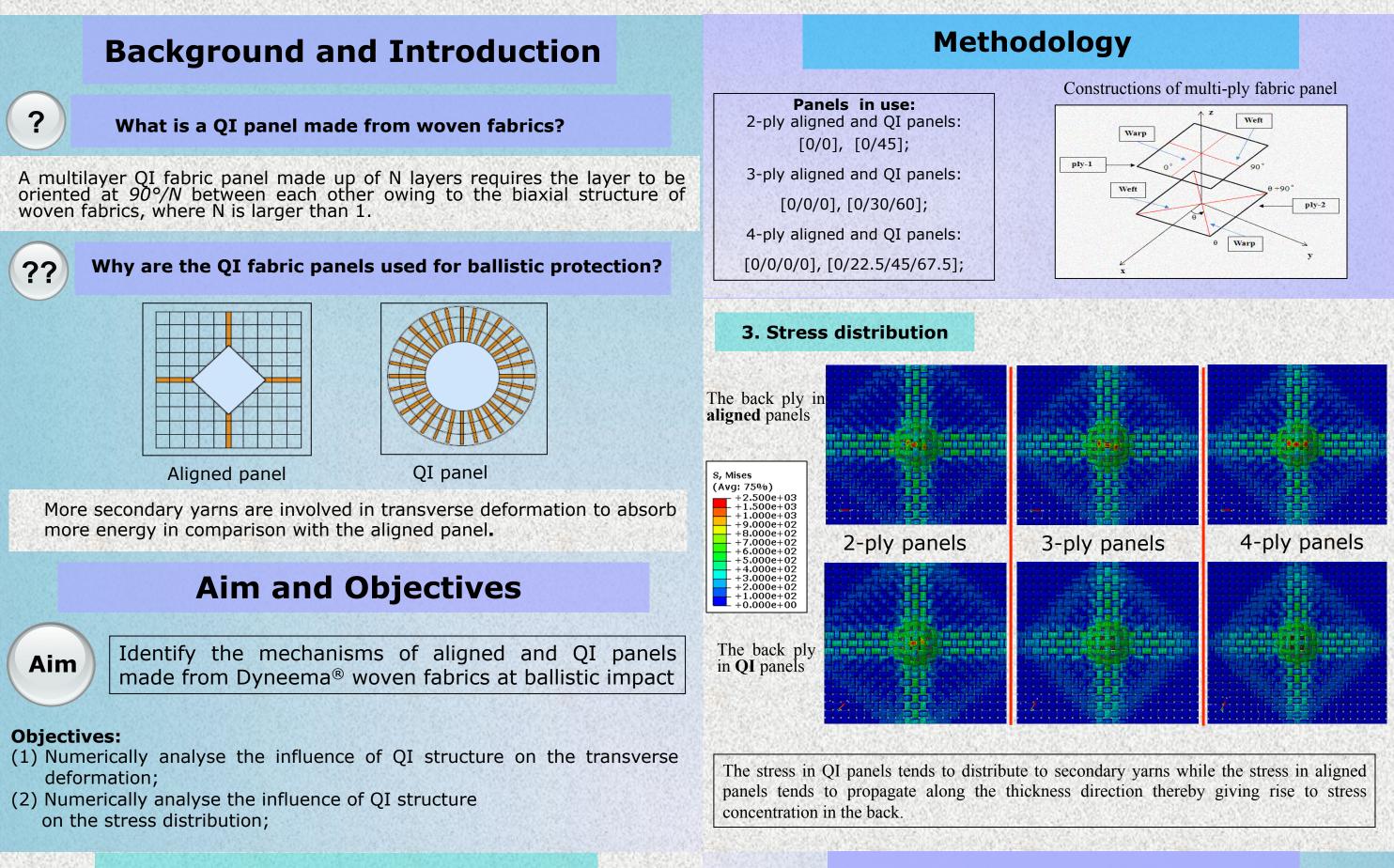




A numerical study on Quasi-isotropic(QI) Panels Made from Dyneema[®] Woven Fabrics at Ballistic Impact

Dr Zishun Yuan, Dr Xiaogang Chen

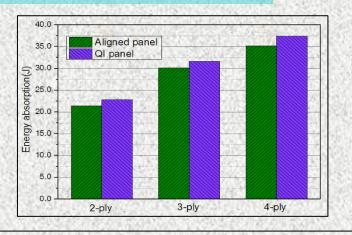
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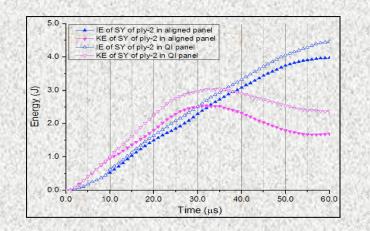


Results and Analysis

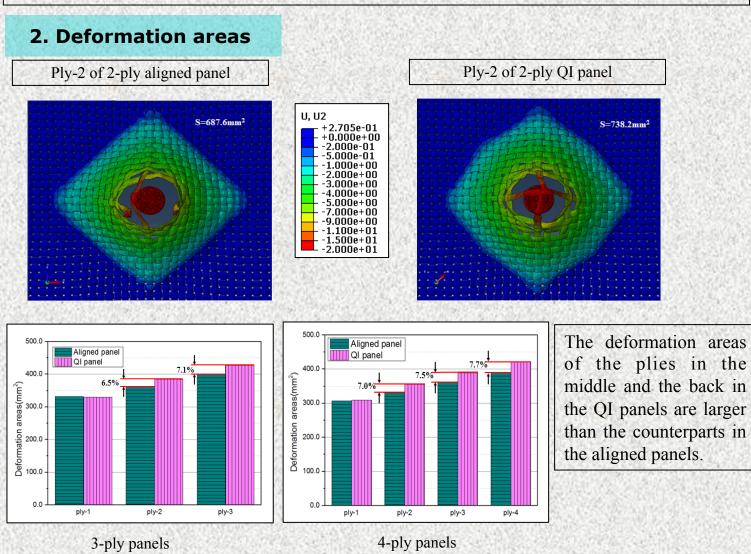
Discussion and Conclusion

1. Energy absorption

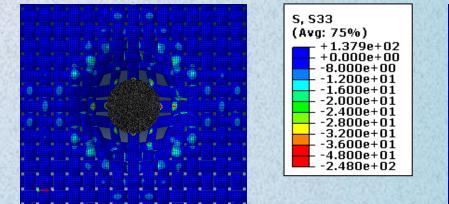


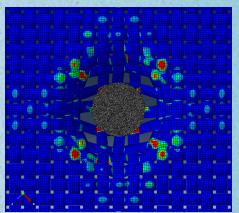


The increase of the energy absorption of the QI panels is principally owing to the increase of KE and IE of secondary yarns in the middle and back plies.



Discussion





The compression of the primary yarns in the ply-1 causes the stresses propagating to the secondary yarns in the ply-2.

Conclusion

<u>Compared with aligned panels, QI panels take</u> <u>more advantages of the secondary yarns in terms</u> <u>of deformation and stress distribution by means of</u> <u>actions of primary yarns in the ply on the</u> <u>secondary yarns in the followed plies.</u>

References

Kaw A K. Mechanics of composite materials [M]. CRC press, 2010.

Wang Y, Chen X, Young R, Kinloch I and Garry W. A numerical study of ply orientation on ballistic impact resistance of multi-ply fabric panels. Composites Part B: Engineering, 2015. **68**: p. 259-265.

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