

SUGGESTIONS FOR A BRITISH-LATIN DICTIONARY

It seems unlikely that a comprehensive international dictionary of Later Latin, down to 1600 or 1700, will ever be produced. Even if the materials for it could be satisfactorily assembled and digested, a thorough treatment of such a varied vocabulary, reflecting so many different vernaculars and diverse social systems, might well result in a volume too cumbersome and unwieldy to justify the labour involved in its compilation. Ideally the interests of scholarship would probably be better served by a series of national or regional dictionaries on a scale adequate to do justice to the development of local institutions and ideas, coupled with a parallel series of international dictionaries on such specialized subjects as philosophy or medicine in which national frontiers counted for relatively little.

In the course of editing a revised edition of the *Medieval Latin Word-List*, the present writer has given some thought to the question how the available material might best be embodied in a regional dictionary of this sort relating to the British Isles (in a wide sense). As will be shown by the forthcoming edition of the *Word-List*, which is now approaching completion, the material is now far more abundant than when the first edition appeared in 1934. Though there are still some important lacunae to be filled, the stage has probably been reached at which preliminary work on a full-scale dictionary might profitably be begun. The time therefore seems opportune for considering the form that such a dictionary might eventually take, even though there is no immediate prospect of translating theory into practice. The following tentative suggestions have accordingly been put forward for the consideration and criticism of

scholars who may be interested in this particular project or in similar ones relating to other regions. They represent the writer's personal conception of what is desirable and may well require considerable modification in the light of what proves to be technically or financially feasible.

Function.

The function of the dictionary should be conceived as three-fold :

(i) To act as a readily intelligible guide, when used in conjunction with a standard Classical Latin and a standard English dictionary, to the meaning of any known Latin text within the limits prescribed.

(ii) To provide a comprehensive picture of the resources and the evolution of the Latin language within these limits.

(iii) To illustrate, so far as the material allows, the life and thought of the people who used this language.

General Scope.

The limits of date should not be too strictly defined. Early sources already covered by international dictionaries need not be treated exhaustively, but should be freely drawn upon to illustrate the history of words that remained in current use. While not much account need be taken of humanistic Latinity (subsequent to c. 1500), the continued development of legal and administrative Latin in the 16th and 17th Centuries should be illustrated, together with significant neologisms in the contemporary literature. The main emphasis, however, should be on the everyday writing of the 12th to 15th Centuries, when the main vehicle of literary expression and of administration throughout the region was a fairly stable form of Medieval Latin not yet seriously disturbed by humanistic influence.

The phrase «British and Irish sources» should not be interpreted so rigidly as to exclude, for instance, letters from foreign correspondents printed by Rymer; but words not normally used except with reference to Continental affairs should be clearly distinguished. Vernacular words incorporated without disguise in Latin documents should not be included in their

own right, though passages containing them may sometimes be worth quoting as illustrations of form or meaning. In the treatment of marginal words or phrases with some title to rank as Classical or Patristic, a middle course should be steered between the all-inclusive policy adopted by Professor Blatt for the period before 1200 and the strictly glossarial approach of Professor Niermeyer, who excludes even such non-Classical developments as the Medieval treatment of prepositions. To illustrate fully the continuance of Classical usage as well as departures from it would demand an impossible amount of space. Phrases that merely echo earlier writers must therefore be excluded. But it is impossible to do full justice to the originality and adaptability of Medieval Latin without some examples of familiar words doing duty in novel settings, even if the novelty is sometimes hard to define. This, as soon becomes apparent on inspection of a mixed bag of slips, is a highly subjective matter on which different editors are no more likely to agree than different text-readers.

Word-forms and Spelling.

Words of purely Latin or Greek origin should be entered under their Classical form (**poena, paenitet, ratio, rhythmus**), even if this is not recorded in MSS of the period. Variants resulting from normal Medieval spelling (**racio, ritmus**) may be disregarded; other variants (**ballivus** and **bailivus, feodum** and **feudum**) should be noted at the beginning of the entry, and at least one reference (though not necessarily a quotation) should be given for each. A clear distinction should be drawn between forms in common use and those that are exceptional or dubious. Vowel quantities need not be noted except to make necessary distinctions (**līber, lĭber**, infinitives in **-ēre** and **-ĕre**) and to record significant abnormalities in quantitative verse. Forms that may be indistinguishable in oblique cases or in MS contractions, including such gender variants as **feod/um, -us, -a**, are best grouped together in one entry. It will probably be found convenient to follow the practice of Lewis and Short, as distinct from Forcellini, of grouping derivative adverbs under adjectives, participles under verbs, etc. It is probably

more practical as well as more rational to enter verbs under the infinitive rather than the first person singular.

Etymology.

This should be dealt with very briefly, if necessary by reference to the OED or other standard work, except when the Medieval Latin forms may throw new light on the origin or relation of words.

Translation or Definition.

The first aim should be to discover the contemporary English or other vernacular equivalent of the Latin word (*e. g.* « interchangeably » for **alternatim** with reference to the apposition of seals). Definitions or explanations, when required, should be clear and unambiguous but not more precise than is warranted by contemporary evidence. Indications of a specialized meaning attached to a technical term, or of the value of a weight or measure, should be noted ; but it should not be implied that they are of general application.

In general, the various uses of words should be distinguished on the basis of the contexts (phrases, idioms, formulae) in which they actually occur, not of *a priori* analysis of the concepts they are believed to express.

While technical terms of the arts and sciences, scholastic philosophy, *etc.*, should not be excluded, detailed explanations of these, supported by lengthy quotations, should be left to the specialized dictionaries envisaged above. On the other hand special care should be taken to ensure that words and phrases of distinctively national or local application are dealt with authoritatively, though rather by reference to the relevant literature than by lengthy dissertations.

Quotations and References.

If possible, at least two quotations should be given in illustration of each distinct usage. These should include the earliest recorded example, except for usages well attested in earlier Latin. Preference should be given to quotations that contain or imply

a definition or are otherwise self-explanatory. Where many quotations are available, selection should be made with an eye to distribution in time and space and in different types of source as well as to shades of meaning determined by context. All quotations should be dated as precisely as possible ; but they need not always be arranged in strictly chronological order, as it will often be helpful to adopt an alphabetical order of phrases or to juxtapose passages that emphasize significant parallels or contrasts in usage. If there is reason to suppose that particular words or usages are of purely local currency, this should be clearly indicated.

In quotations the original (MS) spelling should be reproduced as far as practicable. In those derived from published texts, it will be less confusing to adopt a rough-and-ready principle of standardization than to reproduce the idiosyncrasies of the editors in such matters as the use of diphthongs, capitals, Arabic numerals, *etc.* Quotations should be cited not only from the best text available but from primary rather than secondary sources. Phrases used by derivative chroniclers should be traced back to their earliest appearance ; later repetitions can be disregarded unless they show some significant variation. Official documents quoted by chroniclers, *etc.*, should be checked where possible against the original, though the fact of their appearance in a literary source may be of some interest. Quotation by modern scholars may also be worth noting, where this is accompanied by comment or elucidation. Calendars or other publications in which a passage is summarized or translated may be usefully referred to in order to establish the occurrence of a word ; but as illustrations of meaning and usage they can never be satisfactory.

The problem of indicating the sources of quotations clearly, briefly and consistently is a tricky one on which I do not propose to enlarge. Whatever general principles are adopted, it may sometimes be necessary to sacrifice them to practical convenience, in order to ensure that authors and texts are described under the names by which they are most widely known.

Some of these recommendations are doubtless truisms or counsels of perfection ; others may be considered controver-

sial. In order to put them to the test of concrete demonstration, I have prepared sample entries relating to five words (two substantives, one adjective, one verb and one preposition); chosen for the particular complexity of the problems they present. The material for these samples is drawn from the slips accessible to me — *i. e.* those prepared for the British Committee from sources subsequent to 1066. Some scholars may see in them evidence that this material is not yet adequate to the task, that there are important omissions and that idiomatic usages of common words, in particular, have been illustrated from far too narrow a range of sources¹. It is hoped that those who hold this opinion will contribute to the repair of these deficiencies. Some, on the other hand, may question whether any useful purpose is served by illustrating the various uses of such an every-day word as *facere*, few of which are likely (as such) to occasion any difficulty to a reader. It may well be that in an actual dictionary this word would have to be content with a less generous allowance of quotations than I have assigned to it (about 100, chosen mainly from some 1,000 slips collected specifically for this word, but including a few culled from slips prepared for other words). But this is not a quarter of the allowance in Forcellini or Lewis and Short, not to speak of the space given to *faire* by Littré or to *make* by the OED. Though some of the phrases included in this sample (more, perhaps, than the editor is aware of) could be closely paralleled from Classical authors, they do collectively afford a glimpse of the Latin language struggling successfully with a wide range of new situations and ideas. This struggle is an historical fact that surely merits a much fuller treatment than it has yet received at the hands of the lexicographer, if only because (like Mount Everest) « it is there ».

The examples quoted below are drawn mainly from sources noted in the *Check List of British and Irish Writers* printed in *ALMA VII*, and from miscellaneous publications mentioned in the *Supplementary List* (*Ibid.* pp. 107-114), together with other publications in the same or similar series and a few unpublished

1. Comparatively few texts have in fact been read with an eye to such usages.

MSS. The absence of a complete bibliography has made it desirable to indicate sources in a rather fuller form than would otherwise be necessary ; but use has been made *inter alia* of the following abbreviations :

D. B. (*Domesday Book*), *EHR* (*English Historical Review*), *LIEB.* (*LIEBERMANN, Gesetze der Angelsachsen*), *P. R. O.* (*Public Record Office*), *S. P.* (*State Papers*), *Sel. Pl.* (*Select Pleas*, with reference to publications of the Selden Society), *VCH* (*Victoria County History*). An asterisk (*) is used to indicate forms or phrases in regular use. Some phrases illustrated here would be fully dealt with in a dictionary under another heading (*e. g. lex communis* and *legem facere* under *lex*).

talea [CL *stick, cutting* ; Fr. *taille*], **tall/a** (met. grat.), ***-ia, -ium, tall/a, -ia, -ium, tailgia** :

1 *Tally, receipt in form of notched stick, divided into stock (stipes, scachia, accopa) held by payer and foil (folium, contratallia, anticopa), held by payee. [cf. Archaeologia LXII, 367-380 ; LXXIV, 289-351] :*

(a) *in private transactions :*

1107 De tot arboribus quieti sint forestarii ... de quot garantizaverint eos monachi Montisburgi [*Normandy*] per tallias suas (*Cal. Charter R. IV 157 ; Regesta II 825*) ;

1275 Pecuniam suam per albas [*blank*] tallias mutuo tradidit Christianis (*Sel. Pl. Exch. Jews 82*) ;

c. 1290 [*Senescallus*] habere debet unum folium tallie tripartite de blado et brasio pistori deliberato per prepositum (*Fleta II 72 § 20*) ;

c. 1300 De qualibet grossa recepcione fiat j tallia per se cissa et divisa in accopam et anticopam [*id est*] talliam et contratalliam. Et nota quod accopa est major que datur solventi denarios, et anticopa minor que datur recipienti (*Legal & Manorial Form., Gilson 14*) ;

1361 Tenebantur per unam talliam inter eos inde levatam (*Cartae Glamorgan II 15*) ;

1419 Defendens non faciet legem contra tallium sigillatum (*Mun. Gild. Lond. I 176*) ;

1523 Pro majori securitate solucionis ejusdem summe fiende ... idem defendens fecit unam talliam vocatam *a score*, et illam ut factum suum prefato querenti deliberavit (*Sel. Cases Law Merch.* II 136) ;

(b) *in Exchequer practice* :

1130 Que [libre] posite fuerunt in thesauro sine talea (*Pipe R.* 31 *Hen. I* 129) ;

c. 1178 Quod autem hodie dicitur ad scaccarium, olim dicebatur ad taleas ... Talearum igitur alia est que simpliciter talea dicitur, alia quam memorandam nuncupamus (*Dial. Scacc.* I 1, p. 7 ; I v, p. 22) ;

1240 Sint coram baronibus... cum talliis et scriptis de receptione illius finis (*Exch. K. R. Mem. R.* 18, r. 18 *d.*) ;

1284 Camerarii non faciant de cetero vicecomitibus... tallias dividendas [covering a number of payments] nisi acceptis prius ab eis particulis summas et occasiones debitorum et nomina ea solvencium continentibus (*Stat. Realm* I 70) ;

c. 1370 In estate sequenti [1337] rex cepit lanas de tota terra Anglie per tallias corulinas (*H. KNIGHTON Chron.* IV p. 1) ;

a. 1410 Clericus æstabit qui debet jungere tallas (*Verses on Exch.* ap. *EHR* XXXVI 60) ;

1526 Uni clericorum ad tallias jungendas... Uni officario in Recepta predicta [Scaccarii] ad tallias scribendas... Uni clericorum ad tallias scindendas et examinandas (*S. P. Hen. VIII*, xxxvii, No 1939/9).

2 *Piece of metal sliced from ingot in coining* :

p. 1280 Est autem tallia scissio vel divisio argenti prout in partes equalius scindi potest, ita quod in pondere et numero constituto ad marcam convenient et ad libram (*Tract. Nov. Mon., Lib. Rub. Scacc.* III 1001).

3 *Cutting (of cloth), retailing* [cf. **retallia**] :

1154-1160 Pro tingendis pannis suis vel vendendis ad taleam (*Cal. Charter R.* III 7 ; *Lincoln*) ;

1194-1242 Nemo nisi sit de burgo aliquod tallium faciat (*Brit. Borough Ch.* I 213 ; *Okehampton*) ;

1230 Veniunt apud Roffam et ibi volunt vendere pannos ad tallium (*Exch. L. T. R. Mem. R.* II, 12/2) ;

1251 Vendiderunt ... in foro de Monte Gomeri pannum per talliam (*Sel. Cases Law Merch.* III 171) ;

1287-8 Vendit et emit mercimonia ad talliam et non est de libertate (*Leet Jurisd. Norwich* 8).

4 *Tallage, tax, imposition:*

1086 Modo valet xxx libras et de tailla x libras ... Et tailgia [valet] xx solidos (*D. B. Yorks*) I 321 ; (*Lincs*) 339 ; *interpreted by Du Cange* as silva caedua) ;

c. 1180 Terram.. quietam .. ab omni tallia et exactione seculari ad me pertinente (*Danelaw Charters* ed. STENTON 259) ;

1179 Prohibemus igitur ne subditos suos talleis [v. l. *tailliis*] et exactionibus gravare presumant episcopi (*Decr. Conc. Lateran.*, ap. B. PETERBURGH 224, W. NEWBURGH III III 216, etc.) ;

1226 Si predicti burgenses ... non reddiderint eidem Alano ... taillia cum evenerint (*Brit. Borough Ch.* II 228 ; *Wycombe*) ;

1279 Clamat .. terciam partem cujusdam consuetudinis que vocatur talliorum (*Placita Q. W.* 745 ; *Guildford*) ;

1352 Juxta taxam seu tallas... beneficiorum (*WILKINS Concilia* III 27) ;

1378 Predari nunc taxis vel talliis, nunc pedagogiis sive subsidiis (J. WYCLIFFE *De Veritate* III 57).

5 *Entail, limitation of tenant's power to dispose of land held in fee:*

13.. Tenet modo racione tallii (*Rot. Pipe Clones, Ireland*, ed. CAULFIELD, 9) ;

c. 1395 Forisfecerunt omnia tenementa, terras et possessiones pro se et heredibus suis imperpetuum, his exceptis que sub tallia provenerunt (*Contin. H. KNIGHTON Chron.* V 295) ;

1419 Tenens ad terminum vite vel in tallia non sit exclusus per factum antecessoris sui continens warrantiam (*Mun. Gild. Lond.* I 456) ;

1427 Salvo domino regi ... feodo simplici postquam hujusmodi tallia fuerit terminata (*Close R.* 5 *Hen. VI*, m. 12 d.) ;

1461 Regi successisset in regno secundum talliam factam (*Lib. Pluscard.* 240) ;

1608 Omnes talliae sive feuda provisionalia (T. CRAIG *Jus Feudale* I 58).

molendin/um, -a, -us [normal ML equivalent of CL *molin* /a, -us], *mill*:

1 In general (usually water-mill for corn):

1081 Decimas ... de duobus -is (*Cart. Ramsey* I 127);

1086 In introitu portus de Dovere est unum -um [tide-mill, as 3 below] quod omnes pene naves confringit per magnam turbationem maris (*D. B.* I 1; cf. 170 b, 376, etc.);

a. 1090 Frumentum... ad -um deferatur (*LANFRANC Decr. Bened.* 488 c);

c. 1125 Tota vita hominum comparari potest -o super precipitem fluvium constituto (*EADMER Vita Anselmi* II XI 366);

c. 1200 Qui prius venit ad -um prius molere debet (*J. BRAKELOND Chron.* 261);

1236 Debet sectam -i domini regis ad xij vas (*Lib. Feod.* 599);

1352 Dicunt se esse liberos de -o domini (*Rec. Caernarvon* 23);

1448 In reparacione -i ac emendacione fusilli et rote (*Acc. R. Durham* I 186);

1275 Quandam -am (*Rot. Hund.* I 273);

1289 Licenciam faciendi -um vel -am (*R. Gasc.* II 369);

c. 1415 Intra sub muris due -e volvuntur impetu introentis aque servientes pro multura in alimentum urbanorum et plebium (*T. ELMHAM Gest. Hen. V*, 16);

1086 De hac terra necavit stagnum regis ij -os novos valentes xx solidos (*D. B.* I 298 b);

11.. Ille molendinos, hic nostros surripit agros (*Anglo-Latin Satir. Poets* ed. WRIGHT II 217);

1483 *A milne*, -um, quod multiplex est, sc. aquaticum, equinum, fulloni[c]um, ventriticum (*Cathol. Angl.*).

2 *Water-mill*:

c. 1250 Tria -a ad aquam (*Cart. Ramsey* I 486);

1196 De uno -o aquatico (*Feet of Fines Hen. II & Ric. I*, p. 91);

- 1378 Tria -a aquatiqua (*Chanc. Inq. Misc.* 213/4, m. 4) ;
 1265 (*cf.* 4 *below*) ;
 1419 In factura unius fovee ibidem pro j -o fluviali (*Fabric R. York* 41) ;

3 Tide-mill :

1226 In j mola emptā ad mol' maris (*Pipe R. Winton.* 159281, rot. 8) ;

14.. -um marit[imum] (*P. R. O. Rentals & Surveys*, R. 585) ;

1419 -um marinum aquaticum (*Close R. 7 Hen. V*, m. 3).

4 Wind-mill :

a. 1181 Ubi -um ad ventum situm fuerit (*Cal. Charter R.* III 319) ;

c. 1200 Levavit -um ad ventum super Hauberdun (*J. BRAKELOND Chron.* 263) ;

c. 1243 -um nostrum aquaticum omnino amoveri faciemus et aliud -um ad ventum construemus (*Cart. Ramsey* I 316) ;

1200 Quod monachi Christi Cantuar' non vexent W. ... de -o venti (*Rot. Cur. R.* II 266) ;

12.. -um de vento (*Gilbertine Charters* ed. STENTON 45) ;

1279 -um adventri' (*Rot. Hund.* II 408) ;

1275 Fecit evellere -um ventericium et ducere fecit idem ad terram suam propriam et ibidem plantare (*Rot. Hund.* I 248) ;

c. 1440 -um venticum fecit reparari (*Chron. Melsa* III 273 *n.*) ;

1196 De duobus -is venticiis (*Feet of Fines*, 7-8 Ric. I, 1) ;

1265 De -is tam aquariis quam ventoriis (*Lib. Melros* I 322) ;

1280 Percussus fuit de coggis -i ventritici ... Precium rote, lapidum molarium, veli et virgarum, x sol. (*P. R. O. Assize R.* 784, 35 *d.*) ;

1324 Quoddam -um ventritium ita ruinosum quod molere non potest (*Chanc. Inq. P. M. Ed.* II 83/17) ;

1330 -um ventricale (*D. & C. Cantuar.* ; *Acc. Ruckinge*) :

5 Horse-mill, gin :

c. 1224 j -um ad equos cum apparatu sine equis (*Chanc. Misc.* 10/13/2) ;

1183 Debet habere -um equorum et est quietus ipse de multura et operatione -orum (*Boldon Buke* 17) ;

1147-83 Quilibet burgensis ... potest facere ... -um equinum et manumolendinum (*Brit. Borough Charters* I 96; *Cardiff*);

c. 1320 Quoddam -um equinum cum diversis cameris (W. WHITTLESEY *Coen. Burg. Hist.* 166);

1295 Cum ipsum -um perfectum esset et molere deberet, quatuor equi fortes vix poterant illud movere; et propterea est amotum et vetus -um equitium est resumptum (*Ann. Mon. Dunst.* III 402);

c. 1290 De -is aquaticis, venticiis, vel caballariis vel fullo-nicis (*Domesday S. Paul.* 154).

6 Corn-mill:

1224 De -o fulerez .. et de -o ad bladum (*Exch. L. T. R. Mem. R.* 8-9 *Hen III*, r. 2);

1542 De firma unius -i aquatici ad bladum (*Ruiland MSS*; *Bailiffs' Acc.* 31-4 *Hen. VIII*, r. 6);

c. 1185 Apud Nehus duo -a sunt in dominio, -um scilicet de blado et aliud fulerez (*Rec. Templars* 127);

1336 In j carpentario conducto ad -um bladi de novo faciendum (*D. & C. Cantuar.*; *Acc. Bocking*);

c. 1220 Decimam theolonii -i mei (?) blacarii de Ewyas (*DUGDALE Mon. Angl.* VI 491);

1237 -um blaeric[ium] (*Exch. K. R. Acc.* 501/18, m. 3);

1268-80 Inter stagnum -i bladarii et stagnum -i fullo-narii (*Cart. Cockersand* 878);

1319 -um bladonicum (*Pat. R.* 12 *Ed. II*, pt. i, m. 22);

c. 1330 Unum -um aquaticum bladale (*P. R. O. Anc. Deeds* B 4859);

1377 -um blaereticum (*Close R.* 1 *Ric. II*, m. 38);

1473 Pro redditu capitis -i bladiferi super quo *le Eaxchtre* jacet et divertit (*D. & C. Cantuar., Prior's Acc. R.* xvii 2);

a. 1195 -um ad segetem (*Reg. Mon. Winchelcumba* I 195);

1418 Unum -um granaticum cum secta multure (*Reg. Episc. Lacy* 29).

7 Fulling mill [Cf. *Econ. Hist. Rev.* xi 39-60]:

c. 1185 [see 6 above];

a. 1190 Utrumque -um ... sc. tam illud quod est ad mo-

lendum quam illud quod est ad fullandum (*Danelaw Charters* ed. STENTON 118) ;

a. 1195 -um ad pannos follendos (*Reg. Mon. Winchelcumba* I 195) ;

1275 -um fullonum (*Rot. Hund.* I 219) ;

1303 -um fullonis (*P. R. O. Anc. Deeds* A 3670) ;

1189 -um fullericum (*Econ. Hist. Rev.* xi 44) ;

1274 Medietas -i fullonici ... nunc extenditur ad viij m., eo quod tenentes J. ad predictum -um non faciunt sectam sicut antiquitus fecerunt (*Chanc. Inq. P. M. Ed.* I 5/10) ;

a. 1221 De refluxu aque -i nostri fullonarii (*Reg. Mon. Winchelcumba* I 63) ;

1237 In uno novo -o fulleretico faciendo ... Pro quodam ponte ad -um fulleraticum et quodam penticio ante illud -um ... et pro iiij planchitiis circa rotam infra -um et ... ad flagella et baterell' faciend' (*Exch. K. R. Acc.* 501/18, m. 2) ;

1324 -um fullareticum (*P. R. O. Anc. Deeds* A 8524) ;

1450 -um fullonoticum (*Close R.* 28 Hen. VI, m. 3 d.).

8 *Miscellaneous kinds :*

1251 In parco tria -a, videlicet unum ad durum bladum, alterum ad braesium [*malt-mill*] et tertium fullericum fieri faciatis (*SHIRLEY Royal Letters* ii 67) ;

1297 Ad -um brasarium de novo faciendum (*Cornw. Acc.* ii 195) ;

1289 -um ad conterendos cortices [*bark-mill*] (*Exch. K. R. Misc. Bks.* lvii, f. 13) ;

1204 -um ad falsam [? *blade-mill*] (*Rot. Cart.* 131 b) ;

1542 De firma -i ferrarii ibidem vocati *le Hammer Smythie* (*Ruiland MSS ; Bailiffs' Acc., Yorks. etc.,* 33-34 Hen. VIII, m. 8) ;

1553 De uno -o ferreo vocato *An Iron Myll* (*Surrey Fines* 1509-58, p. 94) ;

1317 -um manuale (*Leic. Borough Rec.* I 319) ;

1302 -um pomorum [*cider-mill*] (*D. & C. Cantuar., Acc. E. Farleigh*) ;

1230 -um tanerez [*tan-mill*] (*Pipe R.* 14 Hen. III 183) ;

1288 De molend' fullar' et molend' tannar' et sutor' (*P. R. O. Anc. Ext.* 86/1 ; *Kirkstall, Yorks*) ;

1289 De j -o ad turnum [*quern*] ad bladum molendum et ij parvis molis ad idem (*Pipe R. 17 Ed. I, ap. Min. Acc. W. Wales I 50*).

commun/is, rarely **-ius**, **-us** (*adj.*, as CL); **-is**, **-e**, **-ia**, **-a** (*adj.* used as *subst.* in various contextual senses; *f. s.* **-ia** probably from *n. pl.*; **-a** perhaps from O. F. *comune*); forms usually contracted in MSS and easily confused or misread.

A Adj. 1 Common (to), shared (by) :

a. 1110 Terminus -is syllogismi [*middle term*] non tam in prolotione quam in sententia est habendus (*ANSELM Dial. Gram. c. 4, p. 144*);

c. 1300 [Genus] -e ad multa inferiora (*DUNS SCOTUS Op. Oxon. ap. Sent. I viii 3 § 19*);

c. 1332 Consuetudo ... nomen -e est ad jus scriptum et non scriptum (*W. OCKHAM Op. Pol. I 319*);

2 United (under common authority) :

1242 Donec terra nostra Anglie et terra Normannie sint -es (*R. Gasc. I 90*; cf. *MADDOX Form. Angl. 304*);

3 Common to members of a corporate body or other group :

(a) *in general* :

1511 Cum -i mensa, bursa, sigillo, capitulo et aliis collegialibus insigniis (*Colleg. Churches Midlothian I 274*);

c. 1292 Una pars indenture sit in -i custodia et alia cum socio habente ipsum [librum] (*Mun. Acad. Oxon. I 58*);

1325 In negociis -ibus (*Acc. R. Durham I 165*);

1200 Fiat in dicto burgo [Ipswich] unum*-e sigillum ad serviendum in grossis negociis tangentibus -itatem dicti burgi (*Gild Merchant ed. GROSS II 119*);

1200 Per -e concilium burgensium (*Ibid. 116*);

c. 1214* -i consilio clericorum et nostro (*Mun. Acad. Oxon. I 1*);

1416 De -ariis eligendis pro -i consilio civitatis (*Mun. Gild. Lond. I 41*);

1433 Concordatum fuit ... quod prefati -es eorum Domo -i ... juramentum hujusmodi facerent (*Rot. Parl. IV 422*); cf. 4 (d).

(b) applied to officials:

1301 -is serviens ejusdem curie ad attachiamenta et districtiones facienda (*Sel. Cases Law Merch.* II 66) ;

1535 Obsonatori -i ementi et providenti victualia (*Valor Eccl.* II 287) ; cf. 4 (b).

(c) applied to land, etc., or rights of common therein :

1086 Habet *-em pasturam huic manerio (*D. B.* I 88 b ; cf. 106, 112 b) ;

c. 1185 Desaisiavit eum de -i pastura sua (*R. GLANVILL Leg. Angl.* XIII 37) ;

1268 In defensum posuisset -am pasturam tocius warecte (*Cart. Oseney* IV 229) ;

c. 1280 Non habebit nisi xxv bidentes euntes in -i pastura (*Cust. Crawley*, ap. *GRAS Engl. Village* 237) ;

1612 Una cum -ia pastura pro una vacca tantum et non amplius (*Sursumredd. Terre Arab., Ibid.* 531) ;

1671 In tribus campis -ibus (*Ibid.* 540) ;

1086 In * -i terra S. Martini sunt CCCC acre (*D. B.* I 2).

4 Common to all or to the realm, public:

(a) in general:

1309 Ad faciendum quandam cameram -em [*privy*] cum necessariis pro aysiamento ville predictae imperpetuum (*Red Book King's Lynn* I 15) ;

12.. Ad -em defensionem terre nostre (*Cart. Haverfordwest*, ap. *EHR* XV 519) ;

1300 [Constat eis] ex relatu antecessorum suorum et per -e dictum patrie (*Sel. Pl. Forest* p. 121) ;

a. 1285 Tempore guerre -is (*Charter R.* 13 *Ed. I*, m. 19) ;

1234 -es locutiones que in claustro aliquando permittuntur (*Visit. Bury*, ap. *EHR* XXVII 731) ;

c. 1190 Prima missa specialis, cetere -es erunt (*Cart. Ramsey* II 252) ;

1551 In Libro Regio de -i Oratione [*Common Prayer*] (*Visit. Glouc.*, ap. *EHR* XIX 112) ;

1335 Aliquod -e signum [*beacon*] per ignem super montes faciendum (*Rot. Scot.* I 363 b) ;

c. 1250 Abbuttizans super *-em viam (*D. Lanc. Cart. Misc.* II 230) ;

1299 Non est via -is set specialis pro vicinis ad carianum bladum suum (*Court R. Hales* p. 389) ;

1419 In -a via regia versus Dunelm' equitantem (*Prior. Coldingham*, p. 92).

(b) *applied to officials :*

1412 -is carnifex [*butcher*] capiens lucrum excessivum (*Hist. Banstead* II 94) ;

1686 Flagellatur per -em carnificem [*executioner*] ... a Newgate ... usque ad furcas de Tyburne ... Per -em executionarium (*Reg. Episc. Compton* ap. *EHR.* XXIX 735, 731).

(c) *applied to taxes, etc. :*

1184 Si liberi homines mei -e auxilium mihi dederint, dabunt mihi secundum suam tenuram (*Carta*, ap. STENTON *Engl. Feud.* 276) ;

1302 Domino Pape pro privata visitatione ... mccc marce. Item pro -i visitatione mille et octo marce (*Gest. Abb. S. Alb.* II 56).

(d) *applied to national council, developing into Parliament :*

1131 Apud Westmonasterium confirmata, *-i celebrato consilio (DUGDALE *Mon. Angl.* IV 538 ; *EHR* XXXIV, 565) ;

1215 Ad habendum -e consilium regni nostri ... summoneri faciemus ... barones [etc.] (*Magna Carta*, c. 14) ;

14. . Juxta formam statuti de -i consilio regni nostri Anglie inde provisi (*Reg. Brev.* 13) ; *cf.* 3 (a).

(e) *applied to courts, systems of law, etc. (universal or national, as against local) :*

c. 1130 Sint quieti de danegeldis et *-ibus placitis et omnibus aliis exactionibus et querelis (*Cal. Charter R.* III 418) ;

1215 -ia placita non sequantur curiam nostram, sed teneantur in aliquo certo loco (*Magna Carta* c. 17) ;

1252 Constituti sunt justiciarii ad -ia placita in comitatu Oxon' (*Close R. 1251-3* 247) ;

1384 Nullus justiciarius de Banco Regis vel de *-i Banco (*Stat. Realm*, 8 Ric. II c. 3) ;

1237 Licet *jus sit -e quod decedencium debita prius solvi debeant ab executoribus ejusdem [*sic*], quadam tamen prerogativa regie dignitatis in hoc precellimus quod juxta regni consuetudines artare possumus ... executores ad solvenda nobis debita (*Exch. K. R. Mem. R.* 15, r. 21) ;

1276 Ballivi sui capiunt teolonium contra -e jus... Templarii per privelegium suum curie Papalis impediunt et subvertunt omnem -em justiciam (*Rot. Hund.* II 227, 228) ;

12.. Si rescriptum fuerit impetratum contra jus-e (W. DROGHEDA *Summa Aurea* ap. *EHR* XII 657 ; *cf.* XI 458) ;

c. 1343 Aliqua sunt credenda ab omnibus Christianis de *-i lege (W. OCKHAM *Dialog.* 753) ;

12.. Quinque hyde sunt de lege -i de honore S. Walrici (*Cart. Oseney* IV 514) ;

1259 Currat lex -is sicut prius currere consuevit (*Provis. Westm.* ap. *Close R.* 1259-61 147) ;

15.. Clamat tenere mesuagium predictum ad -em legem (*Reg. Brev.* 11).

5 *Common, habitual (usually derogatory) :*

1375 Est -is hukster et non est civis ... -is emptor bladorum. .. -is forstallator ... -is noctivagus et male fame ... -es lusoires ad talos (*Leet Jurisd. Norwich* 63, 64, 66) ;

1378 Sunt -es venatores et ceperunt lepores in campo de H. (*Halimot. Prior. Dunelm.* 147) ;

c. 1447 -is blasphemator nominis divini (*Lib. Cur. Episc. Linc.*, ap. A. H. THOMPSON *Engl. Clergy in later M. A.* 229) ;

1436 -ia objurgatrix ... -ia dilaseratrix sepium (*P. R. O. Court R.* portf. 197, No. 54).

6 *Common, ordinary, normal :*

1261 Valet per annum * -ibus annis (*P. R. O. Rentals & Surv.* 730, m. 1) ;

c. 1400 Summa perquisitorum curiarum secundum annos -es c sol. (*Chron. Melsa* III 234) ;

c. 1360 Ad furcas in duplo furcis -ibus altiores factas (R. AVESBURY *Gest. Ed.* III 280) ;

1425 Quoddam vestimentum meum de panno aureo .. et aliud vestimentum -e (*Reg. Archiep. Chichele* II 306) ;

1467 Assisa panis albi -is (*Mun. Acad. Oxon.* II 727).

7 *Prevalent, of frequent occurrence:*

c. 1362 [Illud vitium] nunquam de cetero fuit ita -e sicut per prius fuerat (*Eulog. Hist.* I 72) ;

1684 Solent etiam iudices moderni ad evitandas secundas has nuptias..., quod est admodum -e, expresse inhibere personis separatis ne convolent ad alia vota (F. CLARKE *Praxis* 153).

8 *Combined with IN to form adverbial phrase:*

1086 Tota hec terra burgensium erat in dominio comitis Radulfi, et concessit eam regi in -e ad faciendum burgum inter se et regem (*D. B.* II 118 ; cf. 107) ;

c. 1230 In -e juraverunt omnes (M. PARIS *Chron. Maj.* III 55) ;

c. 1115 Si ceorli habeant herbagium in -i (*Quadrip.* ap. LIEB. 107) ;

1229 Sint in -i infra firmam predictam cum ceteris burgen-sibus nostris de terris ... quas habent infra predictam novam villam (*Brit. Borough Ch.* II 307 ; *Montgomery*) ;

1300 Debent custodire in -i latrones in cippis (*Chanc. Inq. P. M. Ed.* I 96/32) ;

1313 Tallagium aliquod separatim per capita vel in -i super ipsos ... assideri [*Lib. Alb., Mun. Guild. Lond.* III, 434) ;

1537 His aliquando omnibus consulere in -i (FERRERIUS *Hist. Kynlos* 5).

B *Substantival uses derived from the foregoing:*

1 *General rule:*

1267 De -ibus mathematice ... -ia preambula ad interiora mathematice (R. BACON *Op. Ined.* C).

2 *Item of day-to-day business:*

1218 -ia de termino S. Johannis (*Exch. K. R. Mem. R. 2 Hen. III, r. 1* ; corresponds to -ia memoranda, *Mem. R. 1 John*) ;

1419 Istud breve invenietur in Scaccario Domini Regis inter -ia [MS *cominia*] de termino S. Michaelis (*Mun. Guild. Lond.* I 414).

3 Common (liturgical) :

c. 1250 Liber manuale [*sic*] ... habens in fine -e sanctorum de antiphonario non notatum (*Visit. Eccl. S. Paul. ap. Camd. Misc. IX, 5*) ;

c. 1280 Sex -es ferie integre et totum -e sanctorum (*Cust. S. Aug. I 38*) ;

1415 Novum psalterium meum in quo sunt matutine et hore S. Trinitatis ac de -i angelorum, apostolorum, martirum, confessorum et B. Marie Virginis (*Reg. Archiep. Chichele II 68*).

4 Common tax (France) ; cf. A 3 (c) :

1200 Quietum de omnibus ... tallagiis et -ibus ... et omnibus aliis exactionibus in villa de Chinon (*Rot. Chart. 58*) ;

1261 -am proveniente[m] de hominibus de Limoiel [Dordogne] salvo recolligi faciatis (*Close R. 1261-64 10*).

5 Common property or fund :

1183 In -a ecclesie de Lichesfeld quam Ricardus episcopus ei assignavit (*Pipe R. 29 Hen. II 152*) ;

1192 Scandalum in ecclesia B. Pauli inter canonicos super inequali distributione -e (*Append. R. DICETO II lxix*) ;

c. 1190 Patrem suum ... dejecerat ab imperio, ut postmodum pauper a -ia canonicorum quorundam secularium imperii sui sustentaretur (*W. MAP De Nugis 238*) ;

1202 Quod de -a vestra [*sc. decani et capituli*] quandam faciatis prebendam et eam ... clerico nostro assignetis (*Rot. Litt. Pat. I 7 b*) ;

1234 Quo ad refectiones carniū ... de -i faciant procurari (*Visit. Bury ap. EHR XXVII 733*) ;

1240 Bona ad -iam spectantia (*Reg. Episc. Aberdon. I 15*).

6 Allowance (esp. of or for food) from common fund, or payment therefor ; pl. commons :

11.. Vidi eum ... -am recipientem et omnia canonici officia exequentem (*Sarum Charters, p. 17*) ;

1188-98 Si vicarius scriptus fuerit in tabula ad cantandum et defuerit, duas -ias amittet, sc. diei illius et diei sequentis (*Stat. Lichfeld. ap. DUGDALE Mon. Angl. III 89*) ;

c. 1340 Si ... victualium caristia accidere contingat ... socio-

rium -e ... ad quindecim denarios ... septimanatim accrescant (*Ball. Coll. Deeds*, p. 290) ;

c. 1542 Dedit bursariis collegii pro -iis unius mensis v sol. (*Ibid.* 320) ;

c. 1390 Ad dimidias -as libere admitti (*Oxford Formularies* 236) ;

c. 1520 Pro non solutione de aliquibus -ibus sive repastis (*Reg. Med. Templi*, f. 33 a).

7 Common land :

1199 In ... pratis, pasturis, -iis, boscis (*Cal. Charter R.* I 146) ;

1244 In quadam -ia cuiusdam silve (*Reg. S. Aug.* 470) ;

12.. Capiant de bosco in -i de Warton estoveria sua (*Brit. Borough Ch.* II. 64) ;

c. 1290 Quando pasturant infra dictas -as (*Ibid.* 82) ;

c. 1318 Habuit unam quartronam -e in feodo (*Madox Form. Angl.* 360) ;

1326 Triginta plaustratas petarum infra -e de D. fodiendas (*Lib. Calchou* II N^o 478) ;

1533 Injuste occupant et superonerant -iam ovibus et aliis averiis suis (*Hist. Banstead* II 102) ;

1567 De firma agistamenti xx animalium infra separalem -em vocatam Southfeld (*Rutl. MSS, Min. Acc.* 4-9 *Eliz.* I, p. 91).

8 Rights of common :

c. 1160 Ubicunque monachi habuerint potestatem aut -iam in pascuis (*Lib. Dryburgh* 80) ;

c. 1170 Concedo eis -am pasture per totam terram meam (*Cart. Glam.* III 106) ;

c. 1180 Item -em de mora ad tres greges (*Lib. Melros* I 56) ;

1222 Ipsi clamant -iam in -i pastura (*Bracton's N. B.* II 157) ;

1222 De -a pasture que pertinet ad liberum tenementum suum (*Pat. R.* 1216-25 344) ;

12.. Cum pacifica -a omnimodis animalibus quantum pertinet ad tantam terram in eadem cultura (*Winchester Coll. Doc., Cranfield, Beds*) ;

1225 -am suam in boscis de B. tam in herbagio quam in husbota et heybota (*Rot. Litt. Claus.* II 17) ;

1234 Nullam -am habere debent piscandi (*Bracton's N. B.* II 647) ;

1241 Quod habeant -ia in aqua (*Brit. Borough Ch.* II 73) ;

c. 1258 Est enim -ia eo quod dicitur pastura de omni quod edi poterit vel pasci large sumpto vocabulo vel stricte : large, ut si quis habeat in alieno -iam pasture sc. herbagie, persone sive glandis sive nucis ... item foliorum et frondium ; stricte, sc. aliquid istorum unum vel duo (*H. BRACTON Leg Angl.* IV i c. 38 § 1) ;

1272 Liberam -am infra -am manerii (*SHIRLEY Royal Letters* II 340) ;

a. 1265 Concessimus -am pecoribus eorundem super terras nostras et prata nostra post messionem segetum et feni collectionem usque ad tempus defensionis (*Cart. Tenby* ap. *EHR* XVI 102) ;

c. 1357 In solutione facta ... pro -a sua pasture in separali pastura domini prioris (*Acc. R. Durham* II 559).

9 Intercourse, society :

1200 [Fullones] non habent legem vel -am cum liberis civibus (*Cur. Regis R.* I 260) ;

1218 Concessimus Judeis nostris ... quod talem habeant -am qualem habere consueverant inter Christianos (*Pat. R.* 1216-25 157) ;

1223 Fuit leprosus extra -am gentium (*Bracton's N. B.* III 502) ;

1233 Leprosus est et segregatus a -a hominum (*Ibid.* II 618).

10 Community, commonalty, corporation, commune :

1168 -e ejusdem ville reddit compotum de ij marcis (*Pipe R.* 14 *Hen.* II 195) ;

1170 R. C. de c lib. pro -a [burgi de Glocestria] (*Ibid.* 16 *Hen.* II 79) ;

1147 Insulam ... quam cives Oxenefordie de -i civitatis et de gilda mercatoria michi concesserunt (*Cart. Oseney* IV 87) ;

c. 1185 Si quis natus quiete per unum annum et unum diem in aliqua villa privilegiata manserit, ita quod in eorum

-am, sc. gildam, tanquam civis receptus fuerit, eo ipso a villenagio liberabitur (R. GLANVILL *Leg. Angl.* V 5) ;

1193 Quod -am tenebunt et obedientes erunt majori civitatis Londonie et skivinis ejusdem -e (*Sacramentum* ap. ROUND *Commune of London* 235) ;

c. 1193 Convocatis in unum civibus, -ione vel, ut Latine minus vulgariter magis loquamur, -a seu -ia eis concessa et -iter jurata (G. CAMBR. *Vita Galfr.* IV 405) ;

1218 Rex probis hominibus et -e Lincolnie salutem (*Pat. R.* 1216-25 160) ;

1241 -ia civitatis Wygornie deforciavit ne vicecomes possit distringere pro debitis infra villam Wygornie (*Exch. K. R. Mem. R.* 7, r. 7) ;

1252 Nullus mercandisam faciat infra liberam -iam dictorum burgensium sine rationabili tolneto (*Brit. Borough Ch.* II. 287; *Uttoxeter*) ;

1259 Majoriam et -iam Burdegale (*Close R.* 1256-59 478) ;

125. De cancellario, justiciario et thesaurario per -am regni constituendis (M. PARIS *Hist. Minor* III 51) ;

1265 Galfridus contra -em regni nostri predicti extiterat (*Close R.* 1264-68 46) ;

1274 Ille populus vocans se -em civitatis (*Lib. Leg. Antiq.* 149) ;

p. 1330 -ia civitatis Londoniarum elegit sibi vicecomites (*Ann. Lond.* ; *Chron. Ed. I & II*, I 76) ;

1370 Per ipsum dominum ducem et concilium et -e Januensium (RYMER *Foedera* VI 673).

11 (*Pl.*) *Commoners, commons* :

(a) *in general* :

119. Rex Francorum venit cum cccc militibus et servientibus et -is suis (R. DICETO *Ymag. Hist.* II 164) ;

1347 Justitia penes mediocres et -es terre rectum non potuit habere processum (*Append. A. MURIMUTH* 245) ;

c. 1380 Gandavenses et reliqui -es insurrexerunt contra comitem (*Contin. A. MURIMUTH* 242) ;

1514 Monachorum et aliorum magnatum et -ium episcopatus (*Acc. R. Durham* III 663).

(b) *as a class in the nation or in Parliament:*

- a. 1400 Rex, domini et -es (*Fasc. Zizan.* 393);
 c. 1400 Ad petitionem -ium (*Chron. Angl.* 392 *App.*);
 14.. Dum novas consuetudines a suis -ibus exigit (T. WAL-
 SINGHAM *Hist. Angl.* I 412);
 14.. Rex ... poterit dissolvere Parliamentum et suis dominis
 ac -ibus precipere quod recedant (*Contin. Eulog. Hist.* III 362);
 146. In domum inferiorem inter -es (*Reg. Episc. Whethamstede*
 324).

C Comparison:

- 1245 -ior ordine, major Subsequitur (J. GARLAND *Myst.*
Eccl. I. 374);
 1378 Participacione entis primi et -issimi [*most general*]
 (J. WYCLIFFE *De Veritate* I 201);
 c. 1444 Ponit hanc -issimam distinctionem simonie (PAUL
Angl. Aur. Spec. Pape II p. 1541);
 1394-1449 Modus- issimus [*most usual*] et famosus erat por-
 tandi signa in angulis scuti (J. BADO AUREO *Tract.* p. 195).

D Adverb forms:

- 1086 Hanc terram tenuerunt homines de villa -iter (*D. B.*
 I 213 b);
 1209 Villata de N. -iter in misericordia pro fuga ... messarii
 (*Sel. Pl. Forest* 3);
 1357 Vobis ... -iter et distributim injungendo (*Mun. Oxon.*
 I 200);
 c. 1332 Dominium dupliciter accipi potest, ... -iter [*in a*
general sense] scilicet sive large et specialiter (W. OCKHAM *Op.*
Pol. I 308); Jus utendi accipitur hic -ius quam pro usu juris
 (*Ibid.* I 316);
 c. 1334 'Mutuare' -issime accipi debet, et non solum stricte
 pro 'transferre dominium' (*Id. Opus XC Dierum* II 1204).

facere [CL]; *fut. pass. fiuntur*: 1199 (*Pipe R.* I *John* 124);
gerundive fiend / us:

- a. 1233 Artifex habet in anima sua artificii -i similitudinem
 (R. GROSSETESTE *Unica Forma Omnium* 109);

c. 1420 Filios suos... ad aliquam universitatem pro clericis
-is mittere (*Misc. Scrope, Rolls Ser.*, II 302) ;
1684 In expensis factis et -is (F. CLARKE *Praxis* 325).

1 *do, make, in general:*

1086 Pro ij virgatis se defendebat et modo facit (*D. B.* I 20) ;
c. 1115 Licet aliquis lanceam ponat ad hostium domus
alterius et intus habeat ad faciendum (*Quadrip.*, ap. LIEB.
p. 363) ;

c. 1283 Si opus fossorium injungitur, debent in die duo homi-
nes de novo fossato facere j perticatam (*Cust. Battle Abbey* 28) ;
1370 Tenentur mundare unum fossatum ... et non faciunt
nec fecerunt per decem annos elapsos (*Public Works Med. Law.*
45) ;

1309 Eidem comiti ... sint intendentes et respondentes
faciente que viriliter ... ea que ... eis scise fecerit (*Rot. Scot.*
I 74).

2 *With dative:*

c. 1290 Nec aliquid aliud sibi fecit... per quod minus bene
sequi posset ... pro ... rege (*State Trials Ed. I*, 21) ;

1336 Priori fecit literas in crastinum (R. GRAYSTANES
Stat. Eccl. Dunelm. 45) ;

1342 Ita fecerunt toti patrie (*Contin. A. MURIMUTH* 115).

3 *Remake, repair:*

1283-4 Nomina eorum qui debent facere murum domini
regis (*Reg. Malmesb.* I 136 ; cf. *EHR* XXI 99) ;

1293 Non fecerunt parcum domini fractum (*Sel. Pl. Man.*
Courts 72) ;

1378 Habent diem ad facienda tenementa eorum (*Hist.*
Banstead 357) ;

4 *Make up, amount to:*

1086 Reddebant xvj bulliones ex quibus xv faciebant unam
summam salis (*D. B.* I 268) ;

1280 xxiiij ambre salis, que faciunt xij quarteria secundum
mensuram London' (*Reg. Hon. Richm., App.* p. 44) ;

14. . Tria grana ordeï sicca et rotunda faciunt policem ;
xij polices faciunt pedem (*Rec. Caernarvon* 242).

5 *Render, pay:*(a) *Service, homage, etc.:*

1217 Auxilium et consilium quod poteritis eis facientes (Pat. R. 1216-25 127) ;

1216 Faciendo rectas et debitas *consuetudines de predic-tis mercandisis (*Ibid.* 2) ;

1086 Isti faciunt consuetudines ad R. (*D. B.* II 370 b) ;

1283 Opera et consuetudines facient (*Cust. Battle Abbey* 10) ;

c. 1130 Rex Francie curiam magnam habere debebat ... pro filio suo ab ... episcopis et baronibus Francie facienda *fidelitate (H. CANTOR *Vite Archiep. Ebor.* 184) ;

1291 Fidelitatem facient in ulnando tam venditoribus quam emptoribus (*Sel. Cases Law Merch.* I 41) ;

1114-18 Si multis *homagium fecerit (*Leg. Hen. I, LIEB.* p. 569) ;

118. Ipsi comiti jura sua fideliter faciat (*Carta Hen. II* ap. *EHR* XVI 98) ;

1086 Qui hanc terram tenebat in prato j die secabat et alia *servitia faciebat (*D. B.* I 175) ;

a. 1275 Rogatus a rege Francie quod ei servitium faceret de Anglia, respondit quod ei servitium faceret sicut ipse fecerat auxilium (H. SILGRAVE *Chron.* 79) ;

(b) *money:*

a. 1291 Omnimoda servitia ... faciet ... exceptis vj denariis quod [?] *recte* quos] pro pultura domini abbatis de dicta terra facere consuevit (*Cart. Abb. Chester* 440) ;

1287 Faciendo inde per annum ... Johanni ... quadraginta solidos (*Winchester Coll. Doc., Cranfield*) ;

1199 Breve directum est vicecomiti quod ... de catallis eorum faciat [= fieri faciat ; cf. 7 (b)] denarios (*Mem. R. I John*, p. 11) ;

1224 Preceptum est vicecomiti quod de terris et catallis faciat illos denarios (*Curia Regis R. XI, N^o 2195*).

6 *Spend (time):*

c. 1130 Factis ibi tribus diebus (H. CANTOR *Vite Archiep. Ebor.* 126) ;

13.. Fecit ibi annos sex neminem videns (*Nova Legenda Anglie* II 519).

7 Cause (*with infin.*):

(a) active:

c. 1185 Per servitium domini regis se essoniare facit (R. GLANVILL *Leg. Angl.* I 27);

1375 Faciunt obstupare regiam viam (*Public Works Med. Law* 277).

(b) passive:

c. 1185 Precipio tibi quod poni facias in respectum ... recognitionem (R. GLANVILL *Leg. Angl.* XII 19);

1217 Faciat cornari, ne videatur furtive hoc facere (*Sel. Pl. Forest* xli);

1255 Mutavit nomen suum et fecit se sic appellari (*Ibid.* 17);

c. 1258 Fiat ei seysina per tale breve: Rex vicecomiti ... Et de terris et catallis predicti B. *feri facias [*levy*; cf. 5 above] tot denarios et illos ... haberi facias (H. BRACON *Leg. Angl.* IV vi 14);

1419 Processus de fieri facias pro bonis orphani (*Mun. Guild. Lond.* I 610).

8 With various object nouns:

c. 1478 Nos prior et conventus in domo nostra capitulari ... capitulariter congregati et *capitulum facientes (*Lit. Cantuar.* III 297);

c. 1293 [Symon de Monteforti] asserens morem fore Anglorum cum inducerent aliqui [? *recte* aliquem] in breccam hunc dimittendo facerent caudam [*turned tail*] (J. OXENEDES *Chron.* 204);

a. 1228 Fecerunt cerchiam de latronibus (*Feod. Prior. Dunelm.* 270);

c. 1125 Ipse Papa frequenter ad Anselmum veniebat ... curiam ei faciendo [*paying court*] (EADMER *Hist. Nov.* II 112);

1219 Non debent ei dotem facere, quia habet ad valentiam totius terre que fuit viri sui (*Curia Regis R.* VIII 78);

1088 *Fenum facere (DUGDALE *Mon. Angl.* IV 623);

1167 Reddit compotum de d et lxvi lib. ... pro *fine quem fecit cum rege (*Pipe R.* 13 *Hen.* II 19);

a. 1347 Invenit ibi multos homines facientes *hutesium super eum vocibus et canibus (A. MURIMUTH *Chron.* 17) ;

1341 Quod furcas ... erigere et iudicium de malefactoribus facere possint (*Charter R.* 15 *Ed. III*, m. 8) ;

1130 Reddit compotum de xl sol. pro iusticia hominis quam debuit facere (*Pipe R.* 31 *Hen. I* 91) ;

1324 Exceptis ... uno famulo ad faciendum sibi lectum et uno garcione ad parandum sibi prandium (*Proc. v. Alice Kyteler* 9) ; .

1198 Invasit legem [*compurgation*] faciendam et defendendam summonicionem se xij manu (*Curia Regis R.* I 58) ;

1275 Fecit mercandisam [*did business*] cum mercatore (*Sel. Pl. Man. Courts* I 138) ;

c. 1305 Unusquisque naturam suam in ecclesia faciebat [*relieved nature*] (*Gest. Dunelm.* 34) ;

1416 Facto nuncio [*having fulfilled their errand*] infra tri-duum redierunt (T. ELMHAM *Gesta Hen. V* 97) ;

12.. Fecit obedientiam [*obeisance*] episcopo (*Feod. Prior. Dunelm.* 220) ;

1344 Dixit quod ipse cum amicis suis faceret partem [*would take part*] ad plenum contra J. (*Lit. Cantuar.* II 280) ;

c. 1160 Pilleum omnibus colloquentibus facere [*take off hat to*] (J. SALISB. *Policrat.* III 6) ;

c. 1343 Facias alias rationes [*advance another argument*] (W. OCKHAM *Dialog.* 665) ;

1086 In isto hundredo ad placita conveniunt qui ibi manent ut *rectum faciant et accipiant (*D. B.* I 182 b) ;

c. 1220 Ut omnes rectores ecclesiarum et vicarii residentiam faciant in suis beneficiis (*Const. Lond.* ap. *EHR XXX* 298) ;

1086 Sanguinem faciebant [*drew blood*] (*D. B.* I 262 b) ;

1222 Fecerunt *sectam ad hundredum (*Pat. R.* 1216-25 347) ;

1221 Fecerunt ei *seisinam suam et ... intus remansit (*Sel. Pl. Crown Glos.* 27) ;

1279 Faciunt tabernas [*keep taverns*] contra cartam (*Sel. Pl. Forest cxxxix*) ;

11.. Quum idem Ambrosius verbum in ecclesia faceret [*preached*] (R. NIGER *Chron.* 42) ;

c. 1193 Nolo cuiquam vestrum mecum morandi vim facere (R. Divis. R. G. Ric. I 398) ;

14.. De hiis qui faciunt wreccum [*claim right of wreck*] de navibus (*Lib. Nig. Admir.* I 228).

9 *With complementary adj.:*

12.. Si velint molendinum dimittere et toralliam, ipsi facient ea adeo bona sicut capiunt ea (*Newcastle Deeds* 43) ;

c. 1110 Qui dehinc inventus fuerit falsum fecisse [*forged*] careat manibus cum quibus falsum fecit (*Inst. Cnuti*, LIEB. P. 315) ;

1252 De caseo et sale fecit plenum [*made full payment*] (*D. & C. Cantuar., Reg. H.*, f. 173 a) ;

1255 Fecerunt ipsum *securum [*sure*] habendi (*Sel. Pl. For.* 31).

10 *With adverb:*

a. 1090 Conversi ... ante ipsam mensam [*abbatis*] ante et retro faciant [*bow forwards and backwards*] (*LANFRANC Decr. Bened.* 463D) ;

c. 1330 Veniens ante locum in quo sedebit faciet ante et retro (*Cust. S. Aug.* I 2).

11 *With preposition:*

1204 Facit ad idem [*points the same way*] et illud quod in Actibus legitur (G. CAMBR. *Symbol. El.* I 254) ;

1267 Vulgus philosophantium ... credit quod stella facit ad hoc [*produces this effect*] (R. BACON *Op. Min.* 385) ;

c. 1343 Illud ad propositum nichil facit (W. OCKHAM *Dialog.* 852) ;

14.. Marubastrum ... cujus vires faciunt ad [*help against*] morsus serpentium (*Alphita* 109) ;

1684 Scripta facientia ad [*helping towards*] probationem contentorum in propositis (F. CLARKE *Praxis* 222) ;

a. 1332 Illud capitulum non facit pro appellante sed contra eum [*tells against him*] (W. OCKHAM *Opus XC Dierum* 1060) ;

c. 1125 Epistula mecum facit [*supports me*] (W. MALMESB. *Gest. Pont.* I 7) ;

12.. Quid ibi fecerint cum episcopo nescit (*Feod. Prior. Dunelm.* 250) ;

1267 Non potui consummare propter stultitiam eorum cum quibus habui facere [*had to do*] (R. BACON *Op. Tert.* 36) ;

a. 1347 Rex et sui quesiverunt habere facere [*make contact*] cum eisdem [sc. Scotis] (A. MURIMUTH *Chron.* 131) ;

1086 Quod voluerunt de terra sua facere potuerunt (*D. B. I 211 b*) ;

1198 Villata minus fecit quam facere debuit de cervo (*Pipe R. 10 Ric. I 72*) ;

c. 1285 Fratres Predicatores de lingua illa [sc. Hibernica] faciunt multa [*make much use*] (*Exch. K. R. Acc.* 234/19 m. 2) ;

1269 Per se ipsum et amicos suos fecit tantum erga [*exercised such influence on*] dominum regem ... quod idem rex dimisit eidem ... custodiam foreste (*Sel. Pl. Forest* p. 46) ;

c. 1218 Cuncta que pro nobis faciunt [*tell in our favour*] (G. CAMBR. *Invect.* 99) ;

1417 Dicta inquisitio fecit ... pro jure presentantis (*Reg. Archiep. Chichele III 459*).

12 *Inf. pass. fieri as subst. = becoming :*

12. . Aut est causa in f. aut in esse (R. BACON *Op. Ined.* ed STEELE VIII 74) ;

c. 1270 [LUX] non est res in f. ... sed est vere in factum esse (PSEUDO-GROSSETESTE *Summa* 535) ;

c. 1334 Cum actus est in f. nec adhuc est in rerum natura (W. OCKHAM *Ep. ad Frat. Min.*, p. 4) ;

c. 1430 Diu ... satis stetit hec fabrica [capelle] in f. (*Reg. Episc. Whethamstede II 416*).

13 *Past ppl. neuter used as subst. :*

(a) *in general = act, feat, affair :*

c. 1288 Predecessores sui semper extitere ante factum, in facto et post semper illud in seisina (*Reg. Malmesb. I 263*) ;

1258 Pro facto [*as for the affair*] super facto vicecomitum Vasconie ... vestris volumus obtemperare precibus (*Close R. 1256-9 314*) ;

c. 1332 Depositio Michaelis ... de facto processit et nullo modo de jure (W. OCKHAM *Op. Pol.* I 295) ;

c. 1341 Si ... rex ... fieret sacerdos ... ipso facto amitteret omnem potestatem temporalem (*Ibid.* I 20) ;

1341 Ne quis ... turneare, burdeare, justas facere, aventuras querere seu alia facta armorum [*feats of arms*] excercere pre-sumat (RYMER *Foedera* V 223) ;

1521 Omnia facta guerre, inimicitie et vie facti [*voies de fait, acts of violence*] cessabunt (*Ibid.* XIII 746).

(b) *in legal usage = formal act or document (deed, Fr. fait) attesting it:*

c. 1218 His summatis sic prelibatis, dicant nunc isti vel legant factum suum [*statement of their case*] (G. CAMBR. *Invect.* 120) ;

1275 Nec [potuit] aliquod factum suum stabile facere signo suo (*Sel. Pl. Manor. Courts* I 148) ;

1285 Exceptis ... maneriis ... ad que presens factum nullatenus se extendit (*Charter R. 13 Edw. I. m. 27*) ;

1416 Ostendit quoddam factum cujus tenor sequitur in hec verba (*Court R., Banstead*) ;

1309 *Il ne covendra mye avoir dit en soun bref* 'per *speciale factum' [*by speciality*] neque 'pertinens ad liberum tenementum suum' (*Year Book 1 & 2 Ed. II, Seld. Soc.*, p. 105) ;

1344 Nisi aliquod speciale factum curie ostendat per quod tenementa illa de predicto redditu onerari debeant (*Plea R. ap. Year Book 18 Ed. III, Rolls Ser.*, p. 409n).

14 Facere occurs in composition with new prefixes, e. g. **forisfacere**, or in new formations with CL prefixes, e. g. **contrafacere**, **infacere** (**inferi**) with the literal sense lost by *inficere*. New compounds of the type **fragefacere** (? on the analogy of *frigefacere*) are rare, but causatives of the type **albificare** are freely formed.

ad [*prep., as in CL, but with extended range*] :

1 To, towards, against, denoting approach in space or analogous relation ; sometimes equivalent to dative, e. g. after verb of speaking (bibl.) :

1449 In introitu ad cellarium (*Acc. R. Durham* I 87) ;

1267 Mobile ... non movebitur nisi partim sit in termino a quo et partim in termino ad quem (R. BACON *Op. Tert.* 169) ;

c. 1130 Ad propria [*home*] reversi sunt (H. CANTOR *Vite Archiep. Ebor.* 142);

c. 1185 Quicumque autem alium plegiaverit de stando ad rectum, ... si non habuerit eum *ad rectum ... incidet in misericordiam (R. GLANVILL *Leg. Angl.* X 5);

1237 Vicecomes non venit ad diem sibi datum, et ideo *ad iudicium [*let him be brought to judgement*] (*Exch. K. R. Mem. R.* 15, r. 6 d.);

1313 Ideo summonitor ad prisonam (*Eyre of Kent, Seld. Soc.*, I 97);

1166 Teneor vobis ad reverentiam et commonitionem (*Ep. T. Archiepisc. ap. R. DICETO Ymag. Hist.* I 320);

1322 Ob devotionem et dilectionem quas habuit ad beatum ... Thomam (*Lit. Cantuar.* I 64);

c. 1343 Nulla potest esse communicatio heretici ad fidelem (W. OCKHAM *Dialog.* 579);

c. 1258 Cum de voluntate sua se *capiat ad assisam (H. BRACON *Leg. Angl.* IV v 4 § 2);

c. 1200 Si male feceritis, ego me capiam ad vos (J. BRAKELOND *Chron.* xvii, p. 229);

1208 Nos inde ad vos capiemus sicut ad inimicos nostros (*Rot. Litt. Pat.* I 85);

1263 Nisi hoc preceptum regis plenius exequatur, rex ad se et sua graviter capiet (*Close R. 1261-64* 227);

c. 1362 Dixit Infernus ad sua impia officia: Claudite ... portas (*Eulog. Hist.* I 121); Oravit ad Dominum (*Ibid.* 263);

14.. Predicantes ad populum in vulgari (*Vita Ric. II* p. 38).

2 *At, in, on (of place); in a state of; (elliptically) in the presence of:*

1086 Ad hoc manerium erant ... ij liberi homines (*D. B.* II 24);

c. 1160 Si ... sedere videatur ad calculum [*at the account table*] (J. SALISB. *Polic.* VIII 6); cf. **talea**, 1 (b);

1202 In octabis S. Petri *ad Vincula (*Curia Regis R.* II 97);

1227 Mortuum boscum ad terram jacentem (*Pat. R. 1225-32* 112);

- 1279 Remanebunt ad domum (*Rot. Hund.* II 461) ;
 c. 1300 Abuttat *ad unum caput super mesuagium (*Manor. Form., Gilson*, 2) ;
 1320 Astantes *ad barram coram justiciariis (*Mun. Gild. Lond.* II 370) ;
 c. 1360 Ad caudas equorum tractus (*R. AVESB. Gest. Ed. III* 282) ;
 a. 1166 Ad manum [*by the hand*] ... tractus (*AELRED Vita S. Edw.*, ed MIGNE 762 c) ;
 c. 1115 Non parcatur alicui latroni ad manum habenti [*A. S. aet haebbende hande*] si capiatur (*Quadrip.*, LIEB. 151) ;
 1265 Pecuniam *ad manum [*at hand*] promptam non habet (*Close R. 1264-68* 20) ;
 1327 Non habuit denarios ad manus ... unde dictos sumptus facere potuit (*Exch. K. R. Mem. R. 1 Ed. III*, r. 268 d.) ;
 1306 Captus ad bellum de Rosslyn (*Rot. Parl.* I 193 a) ;
 1435 Nisi sit scholaris ejus aularis ad mensam in dicta aula (*Cart. Osenev* I 219) ;
 1234 Quamdiu animalia fuerint *ad herbam (*Cust. Glaston.* 103) ;
 1327 Per x dies quibus [equi] fuerunt ad herbam... et per xiiij dies quibus fuerunt ad fenum (*Exch. L. T. R. Mem. R. 1 Ed. III.*, r. 120 d.) ;
 1272 Tres dies operis ad fenum [*at hay-making*] (*Close R. 1268-72* 509) ;
 1450 *Operantibus ad molendinum (*Acc. R. Durham* III 633) ;
 1529 Tactis sacrosanctis ... evangelii ad ea *juravit (*Balbiol Coll. Deeds* 127) ;
 1331 Felonibus ad silvam existentibus (*Early Stat. Ireland* I 324) ;
 1297 Nulli licebit decetero habere ... trebas ... cum Hybernicis ad guerram vel extra pacem existentibus (*Ibid.* 204) ;
 1293 Felo domini regis fuit et non ad pacem (*Rot. Parl. Ireland* 41) ;
 1254 Non fuit ad fidelitatem nostram (*R. Gasc.* I 350) ;
 1265 Dicti mercatores sunt *ad fidem nostram (*Close R. 1264-68* 35) ;

1267 Bene et fideliter se habuit ad fidem nostram (*Ibid.* 306) ;

c. 1250 Ad [*at the church of*] S. Paulum orans (*Flor. Hist.* II 160) ;

1229 Sint apud London' ad regem (*Pat. R. 1225-32* 263) ;

1266 Ita quod sint ad nos cum equis et armis (*Close R. 1264-68* 229) ;

c. 1362 Ad Karolum Calvum fuit accusatus (*Eulog. Hist.* I 374).

3 *At, on, for, up to (of time) :*

1425 Tandem aliququaliter condescendebat, sed nondum ad punctum [*promptly*] (*Reg. Archiep. Chichele* III 112) ;

c. 1217 Cum [heres] *ad etatem pervenerit [*come of age*] (*Reg. Malmesb.* I 30) ;

1086 Tenent ecclesiam ... ad festum S. Johannis fuit dimidius annus (*D. B.* II 290 b) ;

1511 In eadem villa ad xiiij annos elapsos quendam N. W. felonice percussit (*Memor. Eccl. Ripon* 314) ;

1260-70 Reddendo... debitam firmam *ad duos anni terminos (*Newcastle Deeds* 107) ;

1325 Debet de redditu per annum iij s. vj d. ad iiij terminos (*Hist. Banstead* 317) ;

c. 1258 De ... tenementis propriis que tenuerit in feodo et non *ad terminum vite vel annorum (*H. BRACON Leg. Angl.* II 39 § 6) ;

1259 Pro uno brevi [*writ called*] ad terminum (*Close R. 1256-59* 379) ;

1265 Ballivam quam habuit ad vitam suam (*Ibid.* 1264-68 128) ;

4 *For (of purpose, function or use) :*

(a) *in general :*

1086 Nemus [est] ad sepes, pastura ad pecuniam (*D. B.* I 128 ; cf. 9 *below*) ; Dant ... vij libras ad pisces et viiiij solidos ad sal (*Ibid.* 180) ; Seminant quater xx acras frumenti et totidem ad avenas (*Ibid.* 179 b) ; Abbas tenuit ad victum monachorum c et xviiij homines (*Ibid.* II 372) ;

- c. 1193 Dum venire debebat ad capere (R. Divis. R. G. Ric. I 394) ;
- 1263 Ad itinerandum *ad communia placita (Close R. 1261-64 198) ;
- 1266 Dedit filio suo ... quadraginta fururas squirellorum ad milites suos (Ibid. 1264-68 272) ;
- 1282 Lego ... filio meo xx sol. ad libros (Cart. Oseney I 411) ;
- 1508 Solut' ... ad le faldyng yatt ac ostio granarii (Acc. R. Durham III 659) ;
- c. 1290 Ad gladios, cultellos et alia arma minuta sint jurati (Fleta I 24 § 13) ;
- 1466 Non est juratus ad assisam domini regis (Modus Ten. Hund. 139) ;
- c. 1516 Sive sit juratus ad libertates ville (Stat. Antiq. Univ. Oxon. 332) ;
- 12.. Requisitus ad quid esset ibi (Feod. Prior. Dunelm. 297) ;
- c. 1343 Ad hoc quod pro catholicis habeantur (W. OCKHAM Dialog. 657) ;
- 1381 Ad finem ut inde capias fructus (Oxf. Form. II 397) ;
- c. 1400 Ad finem quod ... posset officium ... exercere (Chron. Melsa III 233) ;
- c. 1335 Ad effectum ut in lucem ... veritas deducatur (Lit. Cantuar. II 81) ;
- c. 1450 Ad effectum quod possit admitti (Mun. Acad. Oxon. II 730) ;
- 1086 Reddit *ad opus regine ... ij uncias auri (D. B. I 374) ;
- c. 1538 Mesuagium ... habendum ... Thome ... ad opus tamen et usum mei ... durante vita naturali mei (Madox Form. Angl. 415) ;
- 1385 Pro habendo [sc. brevi] *ad quod dampnum (Acc. R. Durham III 595) ;
- (b) *with gerund or gerundive* :
- 1086 Ibi est ... silva magna ad venandum (D. B. I 187) ;
- 1686 Ad veritatem de praemissis praedictis dicendam electi, triati et jurati (Reg. Episc. Compton ap. EHR XXIX 735) ;
- 12.. Tenet manerium ... per serjantiam ad inveniendum unum garcionem (Sel. Pl. Forest 137) ;

1417 Pro informacione juvenum ad cantandum (*Acc. R. Durham* I 226) ;

c. 1458 Ad effectum ad standum ipsorum regimini (*Reg. Abb. Whethamstede* I 305) ;

1587 Insultum fecit ea intencione ad ipsum interficiendum (*Pat. R. 29 Eliz. I*, pt. xvi, m. 20) ;

1684 Si ... rogati fuerint ad publicandas dictas literas (*F. CLARKE Praxis* 26).

5 *At, in return for, on payment of:*

a. 1133 Operatur opus monasterii sine mercede *ad cibum abbatis dum operatur (*Cart. Burton* 29) ;

1219 Debuit falcare ad cibum suum proprium (*Curia Regis R. VIII* 150) ;

c. 1311 Debet invenire ad duas precarias in autumpno utroque die unum hominem ad duos repastus (*Cust. Battle Abbey* 153) ;

1334 Carpentariis operantibus in campanili ad potum (*Acc. R. Durham* I 116) ;

1185 *Ad custum domini regis ... Ad custum suum (*Rot. de Dominabus* 43, 44) ;

1264 Adducendo tecum milites ... quos perquirere poteris ad denarios nostros (*Close R. 1261-64* 382) ;

c. 1332 Cum ... conductor non teneatur domum ... conservare *ad expensas suas (*W. OCKHAM Op. Pol.* I 323) ;

1253 Essaiator debet esse *ad sumptus magistrorum (*R. Gasc.* I 213) ;

1336 Milites de episcopatu... *ad robas suas [*in receipt of his livery*] tenuit (*R. GRAYSTANES Stat. Eccl. Dunelm.* xxxv p. 94) ;

c. 1310 In stipendio cooperientis dictas domus *ad tascam [*at piece-work rate*] (*Comp. R. St. Swithin* 390).

6 *At the rate of:*

1204 Extendi faciatis manerium ... ad plus quod poterit extendi (*Rot. Litt. Claus.* I 4) ;

1227 Amercietur ad dimidiam marcam et non ad plus (*Exch. L. T. R. Mem. R.* 9, r. 6) ;

c. 1255 Ecclesia de L. estimatur ad ij m. ... Berton taxatur ad xx m. (*LUNT Val. Norwich* 191, 209) ;

1356 Assident damnum ipsius abbatis ad dimidiam m. (*Gest. Abb.* III 46);

1268 Centum solidatas panis, videlicet quatuor panes ad denarium (*Close R.* 1268-72 11);

c. 1400 Ut ... unum quarterium frumenti ad xl sol. vendetur (*Chron. Melsa* II 392).

7 *Expressing various relations:*

1086 Hec reddit xvij libras per annum. De his habet B. vicecomes vj libras *ad pensum et arsuram [*by weight and assay*] et Coluinus xij libras *ad numerum [*by tale*] (*D. B.* I 100);

Herbertus tenet *ad firmam de rege Ringetone ... Wenesi tenuit de rege E. ad consuetudinem ... Ricardus tenuit *ad servitium quod episcopus voluit ... Godricus tenuit *ad voluntatem episcopi ... Eddulfus tenet *ad censum ... Tenet hanc terram Ranul ad feudum regis (*D. B.* I, 11, 47, 172 b, 173 b, 247 b; II 255); ij bovate terre ad geldum (*D. B.* I 343);

c. 1110 Qui ad expeditionem regis [*by military service*] quinque hidas teneret (*Inst. Cnuti*, LIEB. 457);

a. 1133 In terra warlanda sunt xj bovate ad opus [*held by labour service*] et xv ad malam (*Cart. Burton* 18);

c. 1193 Emollitur ille ... ad [*in response to*] gemituosa consilia circumflentium (*R. Divis. R. G. Ric.* I 416);

1526 Ad omne quasi verbum juras et membra Christi nominas irreverenter (*Visit. Thame* ap. *EHR* III 707);

c. 1260 Ad litteram [*taken literally*] hoc preceptum respicit consuetudinem Palestine (*T. Docking In Deut.* xxii 8 ap. *LITTLE Franciscan Pps.* 106);

1203 Quamdiu ipsa [comitissa] erit *ad beneplacitum et voluntatem nostram (*Rot. Litt. Pat.* I 36 b);

c. 1190 Hoc animal in aquis *ad libitum perdurat (*G. CAMBR. Itin. Cambr.* II 3, p. 116);

a. 1100 Votisque meis ad velle satisfeci (*Cnut*, ap. LIEB. 277);

c. 1430 Prout ... vidimus ad oculum [*with our own eyes*] (*LYNDWOOD Provinciale* 212);

1433 Receptit eosdem ad periculum suum proprium (*Acc. R. Durham* I 232);

13.. Tanti honoris ad [*in the estimation of*] terre principes (PSEUDO-INGULF *Hist.* 54);

1185 Senescallus asportavit de ... utensilibus *ad valentiam iij marcarum (*Rot. de Dominabus* 5).

8 *To the position of, so as to be:*

1220 Unum ex illis tribus ... vobis dabimus ad vicecomitem (*Pat. R. 1216-25* 281);

c. 1343 Tunc nullus est ad summum Pontificem eligendus (W. OCKHAM *Dialog.* 799);

1383 Preficiet quem voluerit ad custodem (*Lit. Cantuar.* II xxx);

1219 Non convincit eum ad villanum (*Curia Regis R. VIII* 115);

1232 Cognoscit se ad villanum (*Bracton's N. B.* II 683).

9 *In attributive phrases (denoting material, equipment, function, etc.):*

c. 1158 Calcaria ad aurum (*Carta ap. V. C. H. Cumberland* I 323);

1265 De uno bono et pulcro *panno ad aurum (*Close R. 1264-68* 70);

1246 iij balistas ligneas ... ad turnum, xiiij de cornu ad ij pedes, xiiij de cornu ad j pedem cum ... j arcu ligneo ad tentorium (*Ibid.* 1242-47 446);

1086 Habet ... viij mansiones ad hospitia [= mansiones hospitatae, *ibid.*] (*D. B.* I 298; *cf.* 4 above);

Reddebat ... j ursum et vj canes ad ursum (*Ibid.* II 117);

1199 Licentia habendi canes ad leporem et vulpem (*Pipe R. 1 John* 17);

1300 Equus ad arma (*Wardr. Acc.* 28 *Ed. I*, p. 159);

1303 Equus ad molendinum (*Acc. Exec. Episc. Lond.* 94);
Cf. molendinum, homo (ad arma, ad pedes), serviens (ad arma, ad clavam, ad legem), sigillum (ad causas), etc.

10 *In adv. phrases with neuter adj.:*

(a) *positive:*

1388 ij materasses debiles, j blod' ad album [?] *whitish blue* (*P. R. O. Escheators' Inq.* 840/10);

- c. 1450 Ad cassum [*in vain*] (A. USK *Chron.* 86) ;
 c. 1365 *Ad condignum regraciari (*Oxf. Form.* II 369) ;
 c. 1212 Ad facilem [? *recte facile*] (G. TILBURY *Otia Imp.* 966) ;
 c. 1230 Ut Falcasio ... uxorem cum terris et omnibus rebus amissis ad integrum restitueret (M. PARIS *Chron. Maj.* III 97) ;
 1375 Ipse *ad largum [*at large*] fuit et potuit se reddidisse (*Gest. Abb.* III 207) ;
 c. 1444 Sicut ... harum lator ... vobis dicet plus ad longum [*more at length*] (*Lit. Cantuar.* III 190) ;
 c. 1230 Ad modicum [*for a short time*] respirare (M. PARIS *Chron. Maj.* III 570) ;
 c. 1325 Inhabitat *adoppositum ecclesie (MADOX *Form. Angl.* 426) ;
 c. 1470 Ad oppositum est Francho dicens (J. HANBOYS *Musica* 432) ;
 a. 1125 Secularium... librorum scientia *ad plenum imbutus (EADMER *Vita Osw.* 6) ;
 c. 1343 Non intellexerunt ad purum seu plenum (W. OCKHAM *Dialog.* 746) ;
 1255 Ad transversum [*through*] foreste (KENNETT *Antiq. Ambrosden* 249) ;
 12.. Monstrare ad verum (*Feod. Prior. Dunelm.* 219) ;
 (b) *comparative* (= *superlative*) :
 1265 Id ... ad cautius et diligentius quod poteritis mutuo perquiratis (*Close R.* 1264-68 ; cf. ad prudentius quod poteritis, *Ibid.* 51) ;
 1239 Compareat ad cicius quod fieri possit [*as soon as possible*] (*Exch. K. R. Mem. R.* 17, r. 9 d.) ;
 1294 Ad citius quam poterimus (B. COTTON *Hist. Angl.* 242) ;
 1411 Navem ... adcitius quo poterit ... adducet (*Close R.* 12 *Hen. IV*, m. 3) ;
 c. 1310 Pro mora quinque annorum ad majus (*Reg. Abb. Whethamstede* II 315) ;
 1505 iij vel iiij ad omne majus [*at the very most*] (*Reg. Merton* 304) ;
 1227 Faciat inde commodum regis ad melius [*on the best terms*] quod potest (*Exch. L. T. R. Mem. R.* 10, r. 6) ;

- 1184 Quatuor vel tres *ad minus (*Lib. Dryburgh* 195) ;
 c. 1266 Ad minus quam possint (*Cust. Abb. Westm.* 143) ;
 1569 Ad omne minus ante solutionem instantis termini
 (*Stat. Antiq. Univ. Oxon.* 399) ;
 c. 1290 In duobus annis quinque dies ad plus debent dari
 (*State Trials Ed. I* 1) ;
 1325 Sint apud Lamhuth ad tardius isto die Dominico hora
 vesperarum (*Mun. D. & C. Cantuar.* 271) ;

(c) *with superlative:*

- 1549 Quaternis diebus in hebdomada ad minimum legat
 (*Stat. Antiq. Univ. Oxon.* 343) ;
 1409 Die Lune, vel Martis ad ultimum [*at latest*] (*Ibid.* 202) ;
 1086 Una vice ... una vice similiter ... et ad ultimum [*lastly*]
 audivit ... eundem dicentem (*D. B.* II 177).

11 *With adv. or prep. (phrase often written as one word):*

- 1480-90 Et tunc navis venit ad circa placeam (*Digby Plays*
 ed. FURNIVAL p. 126) ;
 1280 Nullus ... scholaris trahatur ad extra (*Stat. Antiq. Univ.*
Oxon. 97) ;
 a. 1408 Sint licet hii versus modice virtutis ad extra,
 Interior virtus ordine major erit. (J. GOWER *Vox*
Clam. II Prol. 29) ;
 1453 Morabatur ad extra per vij annos (*Acc. R. Durham*
 I 190) ;
 c. 1470 Volumus ... sic vos regere quod nec retrocedet religio
 ad infra ned sollicitudo ad extra (*Reg. Abb. Whethamstede*
 I 22) ;
 c. 1213 Palmas ad insimul percutiens (G. CAMBR. *Vita S.*
Hug. VII 127) ;
 1416 Infra capellam regiam ad intra remaneant et non distri-
 buantur ad extra (*Reg. Archiep. Chichele* IV 149) ;
 1454 Pro duodecim martis ... ad intus et extra [*more or less*]
 (*Exch. R. Scotl.* V 677) ;
 1090 Junctis *ad invicem [*mutually*] manibus ingresse sunt
 (*Lib. Mirac. S. Dunst.* 131) ;
 1267 De rebus localiter distantibus ad invicem motu natu-
 rali concurrentibus (R. BACON *Op. Majus* II 218) ;

c. 1362 Pugna, funda, joco adinvicem colludebant (*Eulog. Hist.* I 84) ;

c. 1444 Conferantur questiones adversarie adinvicem (PAUL. ANGL. *Aur. Spec. Pape* II 1541) ;

1300 Cum ipsi fuerant adinvicem [*together*] in villa (*Sel. Cases Law Merch.* I 77) ;

1415 Illi qui plura beneficia ecclesiastica simul tenent que absque dispensacione canonica nequiunt adinvicem simul retinere (*Reg. Archiep. Chichele* III 494) ;

1438 Custodiam ... diversarum terrarum ... adinvicem jacencium (*Fine R. 16 Hen. VI*, m. 19) ;

c. 1362 Si ... distulerit ultra triginta dies ad magis [*at most*] (*Lit. Cantuar.* II 429) ;

c. 1400 Usque ad prope novum hospitium (*Chron. Melsa* III 229) ;

c. 1343 Ista ordinatio Christi ... bene obligat ad semper sed non pro semper (W. OCKHAM *Dialog.* 876) ;

1194 Ad sero [*late*] (*Rot. Cur. Regis* I 58) ;

1418 *Adstatim post adventum tuum (*Close R. 6 Hen. V*, m. 20) ;

1476 Adstatim... ut habuerimus noticiam (MADOX *Form. Angl.* 336) ;

1401 Si ... *adtunc superstes fuerit (*Ibid.* 406) ;

14.. Ad tunc, sicut etiam alias (J. BLAKMAN *Virtut. Hen. VI* 21) ;

1514 Cum nimio exercitu virorum armatorum ad ultra numerum ... centies millium (*Acc. R. Durham* III 663).

12 *Used to form new compounds denoting approach (addigitare, adherbare, adjornare, admallare, etc.), addition (adhabere, adinungere, etc.) or attachment (affeatus, affilare, allottare, applegiare, attachiare, etc.).*

Some compounds apparently result from amalgamation of juxtaposed words :

1406 Unum gownum de panno adauro (*Exch. K. R. Acc.* 406 /10 ap. *Archaeologia* LXVII 174 ; cf. 9 above) ;

1244 Ad advinculam S. Petri (*Curia Regis R.* 131, m. 21 d. ; cf. 2 above).

*Some seeming compounds with ad- are due to false etymology or analogy: **admannire** (A. S. *amanian*), **admirallus** (Ar. *amir*), **advantagium** (ab ante), **advēna** (for *avena*), **advunculus**, **coadservare** (for *coacervare*).*

London

R. E. LATHAM.
