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Title :

Enhancement of Dielectric Properties of Pmma:TiO₂ Nanocomposite for Organic Field Effect Transistors

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In this thesis, a composite between poly (methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) with titanium dioxide (TiO₂) films were synthesized, fabricated and characterized using sol-gel spin coating technique. The dielectric, electrical and physical properties of PMMA:TiO₂ nanocomposite films was were investigated, to be used as the dielectric layer in the metal-insulator-semiconductor (MIS) device and organic field effect transistors (OFET) application. The goal of this study is to enhance the dielectric properties of PMMA with the influence of TiO₂nanopowder (high-k) material in the PMMA. Another goal is to overcome the leakage current (tunnelling current) and high operating voltage in MIS and OFET devices. PMMA:TiO2 nanocomposite dielectric films deposition parameters were optimized resulting in good dielectric, electrical and physical properties. Results from the parameter optimization showed that the dielectric properties of PMMA:TiO₂ nanocomposite film, which is focusing on the real permittivity, ε' , imaginary permittivity, ε'' and capacitance were improved. The real permittivity, ε ' of PMMA:TiO₂ nanocomposite film was 12 and 10 measured at 1 kHz and 1MHz, respectively. These values re higher than pure PMMA film which was 4.6 and 2.9, respectively measured at the same frequency. The capacitance value for PMMA:TiO₂ nanocomposite film increased drastically from 296 pF/cm² (for pure PMMA) to 457 nF/cm². The leakage current density for PMMA:TiO₂ nanocomposite film was ~ 10-8 A/cm² under small electric field of 0.25 MV/cm is due to the addition of TiO₂ nanoparticles. Metal-insulatorsemiconductor (MIS) structure was used to investigate the compatibility of PMMA:TiO₂ nanocomposite film to be used as dielectric layer with ZnO and P3HT semiconductor layers. The capacitance-voltage (C-V) characteristics indicated that density of interface of trapped charge was found to be 9 x 10⁹ eV-¹cm⁻². In addition, the MIS exhibited leakage current of 10⁻⁶ A/ cm² at 1V and relatively high breakdown voltage (2.05MV/cm). Small hysteresis was observed in C-V and I-V characteristics which were associated with ion drift and polarisation of the PMMA:TiO₂ nanocomposite dielectric film. Finally. OFET devices with PMMA:TiO₂ nanocomposite as gate dielectric were demonstrated. The OFET performance proved that PMMA:TiO₂ nanocomposite dielectric films were compatible with organic and inorganic semiconductors. Low threshold voltage, V_{TH} was obtained for n-type and p-type OFET was around 2 V and -3 V respectively, due to the increment in the ε ' and capacitance value of the PMMA:TiO2nanocomposite dielectric film. The fabricated OFET using PMMA:TiO₂ as dielectric laver showed almost comparable characteristics reported by other researcher.