

Fetal sacrococcygeal teratoma

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An anterior myelomeningocele had been suspected in a female fetus on the basis of fetal ultrasonography; prenatal MRI at the 24th week of gestation confirmed a cystic mass in the anterior sacrococcygeal

area [1]. The mass was surgically removed at one month of age, and histopathological analysis determined it was a mature teratoma (Figure 1).



Figure 1. Prenatal diagnosis (fetal MRI): a tumor in the fetal sacrococcygeal area.

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