

Structure, electrical transport and Magneto-Resistance properties of $\text{La}_{5/8}\text{Ca}_{3/8}\text{MnO}_3$ manganite synthesized with different manganese precursors.

ABSTRACT

We synthesized the polycrystalline manganite of $\text{La}_{5/8}\text{Ca}_{3/8}\text{MnO}_3$ with three different manganese routes prepared through a solid state reaction method. The effects of the manganese route selection on the structure, electrical transport and magneto-transport properties were examined in this study. The samples were characterized using X-ray diffraction (XRD) and SEM to identify their structure and morphology. XRD analysis confirmed that all samples were in single phase with orthorhombic structure and belonged to the $Pnma$ space group. The average grain sized samples with manganese route of Mn_2O_3 and MnCO_3 had a grain size of 1.2–8.7 μm and 2–7.5 μm , respectively. For the MnO_2 route, the sample had a small melt-like shape with higher porosity. The metal–insulator transition temperature, TMI, for LCMO (Mn_2O_3), LCMO (MnO_2) and LCMO (MnCO_3) samples were 270 K, 266 K and 258 K, respectively. All the samples showed negative magneto-resistance with significant increase in value near the TMI temperature. The highest CMR (colossal magneto-resistance) ratio was found in LCMO (Mn_2O_3), -22.06% at 270 K, followed by -16.69% for LCMO (MnO_2) at 80 K, and 15.2% for LCMO (MnCO_3) at 100 K in a 1 T magnetic field.

Keyword: Magneto-resistance; Manganite; Grain boundary; Metal-insulator transition temperature.