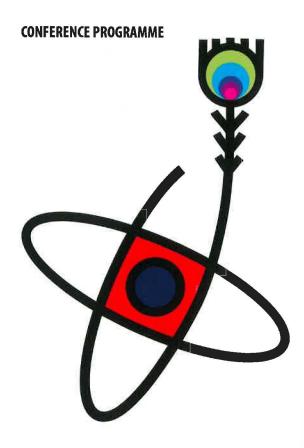
# **NUTECH-2017**

International Conference on Developments and Applications of Nuclear Technologies Kraków, 10-13 September 2017





### POSTER SESSION ROOM 123

- HONEY AS BIOINDICATOR OF LESSER POLAND AND LOWER SILESIAN VOIVODESHIPS POLLUTION A. Borylo, G. Romańczyk, B. Skwarzec
- LICHENS AS BIOINDICATORS OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION IN POLAND (POMERANIAN, KUYAVIANPOMERANIAN, LOWER SILESIAN AND LESSER POLAND VOIVODESHIPS)
   A. Borylo, G. Romańczyk, B. Skwarzec
  - EXTRACTION EFFICIENCY OF 210PO IN POLISH HERBAL TEAS
  - G. Olszewski, D. Strumińska-Parulska, M. Szymańska, M. Westa, A. Boryło, B. Skwarzec
- 210PO AND 210PB IN POPULAR FOOD PRODUCTS FROM DIFFERENT TYPES OF AGRICULTURE D. Strumińska-Parulska, G. Olszewski, A. Borylo, B. Skwarzec
- 5. EVALUATION OF POSITION CORRECTION WITH PRE-TREATMENT VERIFICATION SYSTEM IN RADIOTHERAPY

  S. Potkovskia, M. Circusta, M. Capatra, V. Aparhae, A. Velackia
- S. Petkovska, M. Ginovska, H. Spasevska, Y. Acarbas, A. Krleski
  6. IRRADIATION OF WASTEWATER FROM SOLVAY PROCESS
  - M. Sudlitz, Z. Zimek, A. G. Chmielewski, W. Głuszewski
- 7. CONSERVATION OF WILD MUSHROOMS THROUGH ELECTRON BEAM IRRADIATION
  - A. Fernandes, A. L. Antonio, A. Rafalski, C.M. Barreira, M. Beatriz P.P. Oliveira, A. Martins, Isabel C.F.R. Ferreira
- 8. EXTRACTION OF MUSHROOMS RELEVANT COMPOUNDS THROUGH GAMMA AND ELECTRON BEAM IRRADIATION A. Fernandes, A. L. Antonio, Pedro M. P. Santos, S. Cabo Verde, C.M. Barreira, M. Beatriz P.P. Oliveira, A.martins, I.C. F. R. Ferreira
- GAMMA RADIATION-INDUCED EFFECTS ON THE RECOVERY OF PHARMACOLOGICALLY ACTIVE POLYPHENOLS FROM TUBERARIA LIGNOSA MEDICINAL PLANT
  - J. Pinela, M. A. Prieto, L. Barros, A. L. Antonio, S. Cabo Verde, A. M. Carvalho, M. Beatriz P.p. Oliveira, I. C. F. R. Ferreira
- THE STUDIES ON SILICON INCORPORATION INTO ZIRONIUM ALLOY SURFACE LAYER USING TIG TECHNOLOGY FOR HIGH TEMPERATURE CORROSION RESISTANCE IMPROVEMENT OF ZIRCONIUM CLADDINGS M. Barlak. W. Starosta
- 11. RADIONUCLIDE NEUTRON SOURCE TRAJECTORIES IN CLOSE NUCLEAR FUEL CYCLE P. Stanisz, J. Cetnar, M. Oettingen
- THE STUDIES ON SILICON INCORPORATION INTO ZIRONIUM ALLOY SURFACE LAYER USING TIG TECHNOLOGY FOR HIGH TEMPERATURE CORROSION RESISTANCE IMPROVEMENT OF ZIRCONIUM CLADDINGS M. Barlak, P. Kolodziejczak, W. Starosta
- 13. EXHALATION RATE OF RADON-222 FROM CONCRETE AND CEMENT MORTAR

  A. Perna, S. Paschuk, Janine C., V. Denvak, Flávia Del Claro, D. Narloch
- 14. 99MO /99MTC GENERATOR BASED ON ALUMINA 99MO-MOLYBDATE (VI) GEL OF HIGH RADIONUCLIDIC PURITY T. Fasih
- DETERMINATION OF 6LI ABUNDANCE IN LI2O AND LIOH APPLYING THERMAL NEUTRON ABSORPTION TECHNIQUE M. Ciechanowski, T. Kuc, W. Pohorecki
- NEW KINDS AND PROPERTIES OF TRACK MEMBRANES PRODUCED WITH HEAVY ION BEAM IRRADIATION O. Orelovich, B. Sartowska, A. Presz
- PRECISE SOURCE OF HIGH VOLTAGE AND LOW POWER, REGULATED TO 65 000,000 V APPLIED TO RESEARCHES WITH MAKING AND DETECTING X-RAY RADIATION T. Kotowski
- 18. SUITABILITY OF ROCKS AND SEDIMENTS FROM BRZESZCZE AND SILESIA COAL MINES AS BUILDING MATERIALS M. Duliński. M. Śleziak
- RADIOACTIVITY IN THE GAS PIPELINE NETWORK IN POLAND J. Nowak, P. Jodłowski, J. Macuda, C. Nguyen Dinh, K. Liszka
- SC-47 AND CU-67 AS NOVEL RADIOISOTOPES FOR RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS

   Cieszykowska, D. Pawlak, W. Wojdowska, T. Janiak, M. Žółtowska, J. Leon Parus, R. Mikołakczak
- DEGRADATION OF THE ANTIHYPERTENSIVE LOSARTAN IN AQUEOUS SOLUTION BY GAMMA RADIATION
   Z. Amira, N. Ahlem, J. Haike!
- 22. GAMMA RADIATION INDUCED COLORIMETRIC PROPERTIES OF E127AND E 132 DYES: ROUTINE DOSIMETRIC USE A. Zaouak, A. Noomen, H. Jelassi
- 23. PRE-TREATMENT OF RADIOACTIVE WASTE USING DESTRUCTIVE PROCESSES OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS FOLLOWED BY CONCENTRATION OF RADIONUCLIDES
- D. Gajda, A. Abramowska, A. Miśkiewicz, B. Filipowicz, K. Kiegiel, G. Zakrzewska-Kołtuniewicz
- 24. NAA AND XRF STUDY OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL BRONZES
  - E.Glimos, A. Bolewski, B. Ostachowicz, P. Wróbel, K. Dzięgielewski, E. Przytarska
- 25. APPLICATION OF LOW ENERGY ELECTRON BEAM IN ELIMINATION OF PLANT PATHOGENS FROM ORNAMENTAL BULBS U. Gryczka, W. Migdał, D. Chmielewska-Smietanko, M Ptaszek, A Jarecka-Boncela
- POSSIBILITY OF USAGE OF MODIFIED GRAPHENE OXIDE WITH MNO2 IN NEUTRON ACTIVATION ANALYSIS NAA AND INDUCTIVELY COUPLED PLASMA MASS SPECTROMETRY ICP-MS
   E. Chajduk, M. Pyszynska, P. Kalbarczyk, H. Polkowska-Motrenko, L. Stobiński, E. Miśta
- 27. STUDY OF CHEMICAL SPECIATION OF TRACE ELEMENTS IN INFANT FORMULAS BY NEUTRON ACTIVATION ANALYSIS AND OTHER TECHNIQUES
  - E. Chaiduk, M. Pyszynska, P. Kalbarczyk, H. Polkowska-Motrenko

## Conservation of wild mushrooms through electron beam irradiation

Ângela Fernandes<sup>1,2</sup>, <u>Amilcar L. Antonio</u><sup>1,3</sup>, Andrzej Rafalski<sup>4</sup>, João C.M. Barreira<sup>1,2</sup>, M. Beatriz P.P. Oliveira<sup>2</sup>, Anabela Martins<sup>1</sup>, Isabel C.F.R. Ferreira<sup>1,4</sup>

Keywords: electron beam irradiation, mushrooms, nutritional value, chemical composition

### ABSTRACT

The high perishability is a characteristic of the mushrooms consumed in fresh. Therefore, it is mandatory the application of effective conservation technologies to preserve and protect their chemical composition and nutritional value. Drying processes are widely used, but do not avoid the development of bacteria and fungi which have the ability to survive for long periods of time in dry foods, causing the loss of some nutrients and leading to food browning and oxidation of lipids and vitamins [1]. Irradiation appears as an alternative to food preservation assuring and maintaining its quality [2]. In this work, the effects of electron beam irradiation and storage time on nutritional and chemical parameters of wild samples of Macrolepiota procera (Scop.) Singer, previously submitted to a drying process (oven at 30 °C), were assessed. The wild mushroom samples were collected in Trás-os-Montes; electron beam irradiation (doses 0.5, 1 and 6 kGy) was carried out in the INCT- Institute of Nuclear Chemistry and Technology in Warsaw, Poland and the analyses were performed over the storage period (0, 6 and 12 months). The results were compared with a control (non-irradiated samples). The nutritional value was determined according to the official procedures of food analysis, while the profiles of fatty acids, tocopherols, mono and oligosaccharides were obtained by chromatographic techniques [1]. The irradiation showed a better capacity to maintain the nutritional and chemical profile, in comparison with the storage time. Effectively, the storage time had a significant effect in all parameters, but fatty acids undergone significant changes both with irradiation doses and storage time. Electron beam irradiation can be considered a suitable technique for conservation of mushrooms for long periods of time, attenuating the changes caused by the drying treatment.

Acknowledgments: The authors are grateful to the Foundation for Science and Technology (FCT, Portugal) and FEDER under Programme PT2020 for financial support to CIMO (UID/AGR/00690/2013), A. Fernandes (SFRH/BPD/114753/2016) and J.C.M. Barreira contract.

#### References:

[1] Fernandes, Â.; Barreira, J.C.M.; Antonio, A. L.; Oliveira, M.P.P.; Martins, A.; Ferreira, I.C.F.R. Food and Bioprocess Technology, 2014, 7, 1606-1617.

[2] União Europeia, Jornal Oficial C 112 de 12/05/2006 p. 6-7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Centro de Investigação de Montanha (CIMO), ESA, Instituto Politécnico de Bragança, Portugal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> REOUIMTE/LAQV, Faculdade de Farmácia, Universidade do Porto, Portugal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> IST/CTN, Campus Tecnológico e Nuclear, Universidade de Lisboa, Portugal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> INCT, Centre for Radiation Research and Technology, Warsaw, Poland

<sup>\*</sup>corresponding author: iferreira@ipb.pt