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DOCTORAL PROGRAMME IN TELECOMMUNICATIONS



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Modeling and Analysis of Network Resilience:

The Security Perspective

Network

Low

Infection

re mediatio r mea sure s

<u>Network</u>

Medium

Infection

medium_botnet_infection

remediation measures

increased

botnet_infection

Host

Infected

Host

Quarantine

filtering_malicious_traffic

Gateway

Filtering

<u>L2 device</u> Blocking

block_all_network_traffic

blocking_all_traffic

<u>Network</u>

Generalized

Infection

increased_

bothet_infection

Motivation

- The increased **impact of global Internet in our daily lives is a continuous challenge** for those who are responsible for their design, planning, implementation and administration.
- As the Internet becomes more important to citizens, organizations and nations, more pressure is placed in their **reliability**, **availability** and **security** or, in other terms, in its **Resilience**.
- Because Internet was not initially designed to support the actual levels of responsibility in the global economy, it is now evident that new paradigms and enhancements are needed to make this a resilient network.
- From the three disciplines that mainly characterize network resilience, security is one of the most challenging. In fact, the range of security threats that nowadays affect Internet is immense and increasingly complex, with the beginning of a new era where the concept of cyber-wars between nations becomes reality.
- One of the most relevant security threats is the **malware** and **botnet** phenomenon. **Despite the development** of several different types of countermeasures to fight these threats during more than a decade, this continues to be a field with big challenges and where new and solid improvements are needed.

Objectives

- Characterization and classification of the botnet threats in terms of their impact in a **network resilience** perspective
- Definition of an **analytical model** that can characterize the different network states in terms of these security threats
- Definition of a framework and architecture to manage the different **network states** identified under the scope of the referred model
- Implementation of a prototype of the

proposed architecture, for validation and demonstration purposes

Modeling ... and characterization of the different network states in terms of botnet threats









release_last_connection

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telecomunicações

Next steps...

- Inferring the **network model parameters**, from real and/or reliable network data
- Definition of an **analytical model framework** that will facilitate the prediction of future network states
- Development of a prototype, for validation and demonstration of the proposed model

Expected Results

- Is expected that the proposed framework can help network managers plan short-term or long-term network reconfigurations and upgrades or **design new strategies for network management**, traffic routing, service provisioning and other critical network operational issues
- The correct planning and location of network failures due to security flaws can greatly increase network operation efficiency and optimize Quality of Service (QoS) parameter values

