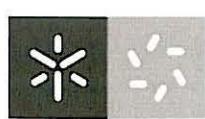
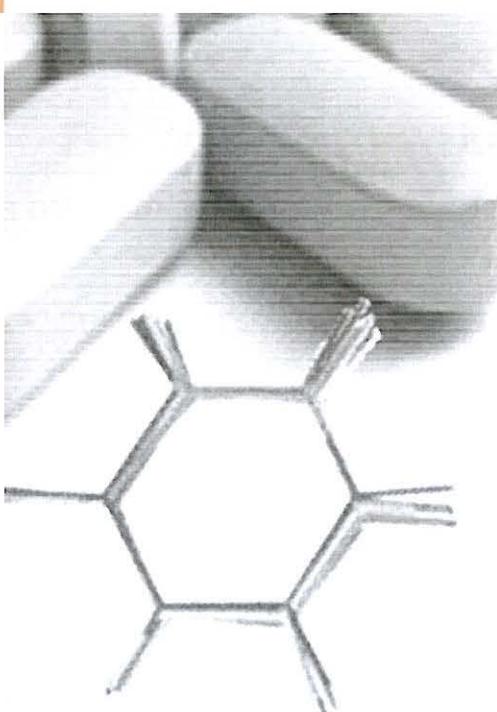


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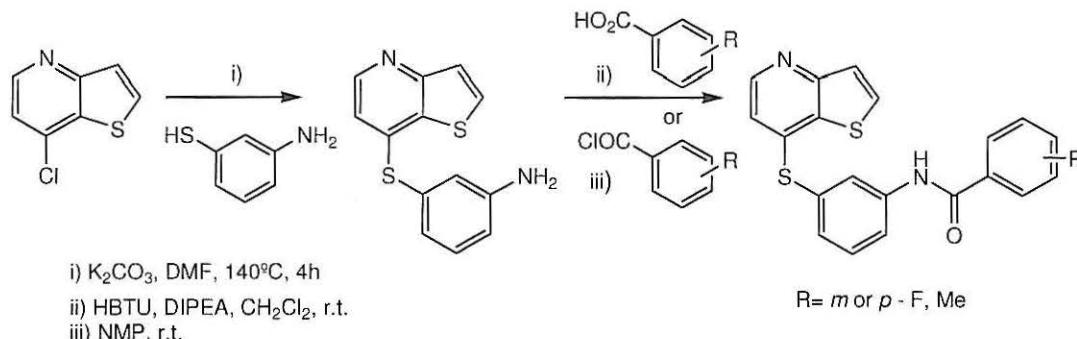
Synthesis of new *N*-[3-(thieno[3,2-*b*]pyridine-7-ylthio)phenyl]benzamides as potential inhibitors the tyrosine kinase domain of VEGFR2

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Angiogenesis, the growth of new vessels from preexisting vasculature, is a critical step in tumor progression [1]. The tyrosine kinase Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor 2 (VEGFR2) is a crucial mediator in angiogenesis since the VEGF, excreted by the tumor cells, binds to it activating several signaling pathways involved in cell survival and proliferation [2]. Recently thienopyridine derivatives showed to be promising inhibitors of the tyrosine kinase domain of VEGFR2 [3,4]. In this work new *N*-[3-(thieno[3,2-*b*]pyridine-7-ylthio)phenyl]benzamides were prepared as potential VEGFR2 inhibitors suggested by rational design, as presented below.



The inhibition of the tyrosine kinase domain of the VEGFR2 will be evaluated either by enzymatic or cellular and biomolecular assays using VEGF-stimulated Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells (HUVECs).

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