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BOOK OF ABSTRACTS

Thessaloniki 2011

remarkably (two fold). Removing of the labeled substrate and replacement of culture medium after 3 h HS led to the decreasing of labeled phosphatidylethanolamines (PE) and particularly phosphatidylcholines (PC) value on the background of increase of labeled phosphatidic acids (PA). These date give evidence, that the origin of PA is the PC and PE degradation by phospholipase D.

PA, as PC and PE, was the main component of the membrane lipids under HS. We propose that PA performs the essential role in adaptation to HS. Perhaps, PA participates in formation of negative curvature of membranes and subsequent vesicle formation, endo- and exocytosis.

Literature

- Kooijman, E.E., Chupin, V., de Kruif, B., Burger, N.J. 2003: Modulation of membrane cutvature by phosphatidic acid and lyso phosphatidic acid. *Traffic*, 4:162-174.
- McMahon, H.T, Gallop, J.L. 2005: Membrane curvature and mechanisms of dynamic cell membrane remodeling. *Nature*, 438:590-596.

Thematic area: Edible and medicinal fungi

SAPROTROPHIC AND MYCORRHIZAL WILD EDIBLE MUSHROOMS FROM PORTUGUESE MYCOFLORA AS A SOURCE OF NUTRIENTS AND NUTRACEUTICALS

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Keywords: edible and medicinal fungi, saprotrophic, mycorrhizal, nutrients, nutraceuticals

Consumption of wild growing mushrooms has been preferred to eating of cultivated fungi in many countries of central and Eastern Europe. Nevertheless, the knowledge of the nutritional value of wild growing mushrooms is limited. The present study reports the effects of trophism on mushrooms nutritional and nutraceutical potential.

In vitro antioxidant properties of five saprotrophic (*Calvatia utriformis*, *Clitopilus prunulus*, *Lycoperdon echinatum*, *Lyophyllum decastes*, and *Macrolepiota excoriata*) and five mycorrhizal (*Boletus erythropus*, *Boletus fragrans*, *Hygrophorus pustulatus*, *Russula cyanoxantha*, and *Russula olivacea*) wild edible mushrooms were accessed and compared to individual compounds identified by chromatographic techniques. Mycorrhizal species

revealed higher sugar concentration (16-42 g/100 g dw) than the saprotrophic mushrooms (0.4-15 g/100 g). Furthermore, fructose was found only in mycorrhizal species (0.2-2 g/100 g). The saprotrophic *L. decastes*, and the mycorrhizal species *B. erythropus* and *B. fragrans* gave the highest antioxidant potential, mainly due to the contribution of polar antioxidants such as phenolics and sugars. The bioactive compounds found in wild mushrooms give scientific evidence to traditional edible and medicinal uses of these species.

Literature

- Grangeia, C., Sandrina A. Heleno, Lillian Barros, Anabela Martins, Isabel C.F.R. Ferreira 2011: Effects of trophism on nutritional and nutraceutical potential of wild edible mushrooms. *Food Research International*, 44:1029–1035.
- Heleno, S. A., Barros, L., Sousa, M. J., Martins, A., & Ferreira, I. C. F. R. 2009: Study and characterization of selected nutrients in wild mushrooms from Portugal by gas chromatography and high performance liquid chromatography. *Microchemical Journal*, 93:195–199.
- Heleno, S. A., Barros, L., Sousa, M. J., Martins, A., & Ferreira, I. C. F. R. 2010: Tocopherols composition of Portuguese wild mushrooms with antioxidant capacity. *Food Chemistry*, 119:1443–1450.

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LOCALIZATION OF THE PHENOLIC COMPOUNDS ON THE SURFACE OF MICELLE CELLS OF *LENTINULA EDODES* (BERK) PEGLER CULTIVATED WITHOUT OR WITH 20 PPM OF Na₂SeO₃ ADDED TO THE MEDIA.

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Keywords: edible and medicinal fungi, *Lentinula edodes*, mycelial culture, poliphenolics, fungal biotechnology

Localization and quantitative and qualitative analysis of the phenolic compounds in mycelial cultures of *Lentinula edodes* cultivated in liquid medium was examined. We were interested in smaller phenolics because they were located both on the surface and inside plant cells under stress conditions and their quality and quantity were different (Zobel and Brown Home

ORGANIZED BY: SYMVOLI Conference & Event Organisers



Tuesday, September 20

| Committees | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---|
| Programme (announced) | Plenary Sess | on | |
| Important dates | 08:30-09:00 | Meliton Hall | Keynote Speaker: Dr. Christine Rogers |
| Congress Venue | | (middle floor) | Outdoor Airspora: Patterns, Prevalence & Impacts |
| Sponsors | 09:00-10:00 | Meliton Hall | Discussion |
| Useful Information | | (middle floor) | |
| Contact | 10:00-10:20 | Meliton Hall | Coffee Break |
| Report and Resolutions | | (middle floor) | |
| | 10:30-13:00 | Meliton Hall | Parallel Thematic Sessions in 3 Rooms |
| 000 | | (middle floor) | |
| | | | |
| European | Thematic Are | a: Aeromycolog | gy |
| Mycological | Moderator: E. | Kapsanaki-Go | tsi |
| Association | 10:30-10:45 | CHLOE | An assessment of airborne fungi in museum premises. |
| 1 | | (Room I) | Eva Kapsanaki-Gotsi, A. Zervas, A. Patra and M. Koumbourou |
| | 10:45-11:00 | CHLOE | Aerobiological monitoring of fungi in a newly built haematology/oncology paediatric |
| 9 | | (Room I) | hospital. |
| FOREST RESERVICE INSTITUTE | | | <u>A. Velegraki</u> , K. Xerakia, A. Charissiadou, V. Konte, A. Milioni, S. Kritikou, Ch. |
| | | | Rhodaki, A. Statni, A. Pangalis |
| A | 11:00-11:15 | (Dears I) | Effect of dust storms on concentration and content of fungi in the atmosphere of |
| | | (ROOIIII) | ndila, islael. Isabolla Griebkan, B. Schlosingor, Y. Mamano |
| TEXNOAOFIKO EKRALBEYTIKO IBPYMA | 11.15 11.20 | | Diversity of eitherne fungi in Athene and ensuel verifies essentiated with |
| ANNUAL INCOMES OF TRANSPORT | 11:15-11:30 | | Diversity of airborne rungi in Atnens and annual variation associated with meteorological factors |
| Cuportrufflet | | (1(00111)) | loanna Pvrri. E. Kapsanaki-Gotsi |
| | 11:30-11:45 | | Europa aerobiology shore morphology and genetics: a triple-fusion challenge for |
| | 11.00 11.10 | (Room I) | mid-term biosecurity |
| | | (| M.E. Kambouris and A. Velegraki |
| | 11:45-12:00 | CHLOE | Airborne opportunistic microfungi in outdoor urban environments. |
| | | (Room I) | Olga E. Marfenina, N.V. Makarova, A.E. Ivanova, A.A. Danilogorskaja |
| | 12:00-12:15 | CHLOE | The level and species of moulds in indoor air of daycare centers in Korea. |
| | | (Room I) | Seong H. Kim, G.R. Ahn |
| | 12:15-12:30 | CHLOE | Identification of Lichtheimia, a causative agent of emerging Mucormycoses |
| | | (Room I) | W. Schrödl, T. Heydel, V.U. Schwartze,K. Hoffmann, G. Walther, A. Alastruey- |
| | | | Izquierdo, J.L. Rodriguez-Tudela, P. Olias, I.D. Jacobsen,G. Sybren de |
| | | | Hoog, <u>Kerstin Voigt</u> |
| | 12:30-13:00 | CHLOE | Discussion |
| | | (Room I) | Discussion |
| | 13:00-14:00 | | Lunch Break |
| | 14:00-15:00 | | Poster Session |
| | | | |

Symposium: Insect-fungus associations

Moderator: Dr. Dmitri Shigel

| 15:00-15:15 | CHLOE | Introduction |
|-------------|----------|--|
| | (Room I) | Dmitri Shigel |
| 15:15-15:30 | CHLOE | Fungal hosts of fungus gnats (Diptera: Sciaroidea) in Europe |
| | (Room I) | Jevgeni Jakovlev |

| 15:30-15:45 | THALIA (Room II) | The ectomycorrhizal fungi in a forest chronosequence of European larch (Larix decidua) <u>Tomasz Leski,</u> M. Rudawska |
|--------------------------|---------------------|--|
| <mark>15:45-16:00</mark> | THALIA | Influence of mycorrhizal symbiosis in antioxidant potential of fungi and seedlings |
| | (Room II) | F.S. Reis, I.C.F.R. Ferreira, L. Barros, C. Santos-Buelga, <u>Anabela Martins</u> |
| 16:00-16:15 | THALIA | Can ectomycorrhizal fungi be cheaters? |
| | (Room II) | Reinhard Agerer |
| 16:15-16:30 | THALIA | Study of dark septate endophytic fungi colonizing invasive and indigenous plants on |
| | (Room II) | semiarid sandy areas. |
| | | Daniel G. Knapp, A. Pintye, G.M. Kovács |
| 16:30-16:50 | | |
| 17:00-17:15 | THALIA | Does host evolution shape alder-associated ectomycorrhizal fungi communities? |
| | (Room II) | Monique Gardes, J. Rochet, S. Manzi, H. Gryta, P. Jargeat, P.A. Moreau, M. Roy |
| 17:15-17:30 | THALIA | Unravelling an enigma: ecology of waxcaps (Hygrocybe: Agaricomycetes)Patricia |
| | (Room II) | Silva-Flores, R. Agerer |
| 17:30-18:30 | THALIA | Discussion |
| | (Room II) | |

Thematic Area: Fungal distribution and diversity

Moderators: Dr. Zapi Gonou

| 10:30-10:45 | ERATO | Diversity of soil microbial communities along climatic altitudinal gradients |
|-------------|------------|--|
| | (Room III) | Aurore Coince, M. Buée, B. Marçais |
| 10:45-11:00 | ERATO | Size matters not: some minute yet interesting ascomycetes from the mountainous |
| | (Room III) | region of Agrapha, Central Greece |
| | | Panos Delivorias, Z. Gonou-Zagou, E. Kapsanaki-Gotsi |
| 11:00-11:15 | ERATO | Contribution of metagenome pyrosequencing of soil fungi to nature conservation: a |
| | (Room III) | case study from sand dune communities in the Netherlands |
| | | <u>József Geml,</u> M.E. Noordeloos |
| 11:15-11:30 | ERATO | Macrofungi of Abies cilicica and Abies borisii regis in Turkey and Central Balkans |
| | (Room III) | <u>Hasan Hüseyin Doğan</u> , M. Karadelev, K. Rusevska |
| 11:30-11:45 | ERATO | Ecological features of Tricholoma anatolicum in Turkey |
| | (Room III) | Hasan Hüseyin Doğan, I. Akata |
| 11:45-12:00 | ERATO | The impact of earthworms on microscopic fungi |
| | (Room III) | Alexander V. Kurakov, S.A. Kharin |
| 12:00-12:15 | ERATO | Geoglossoid fungi in Slovakia |
| | (Room III) | V. Kučera, <u>Pavel Lizoň</u> |
| 12:15-12:30 | ERATO | Molecular biogeography of arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi |
| | (Room III) | Maarja Öpik |
| 12:30-13:00 | ERATO | Disquasion |
| | (Room III) | Discussion |
| 13:00-14:00 | | Lunch Break |
| 14:00-15:00 | | Poster Session |
| | | |

Moderator: Prof. Lynne Boddy

| 15:00-15:15 | ERATO | Diversity of wood-inhabiting Basidiomycota in Leivaditis area (Thrace, Greece) |
|-------------|------------|--|
| | (Room III) | <u>Athanasia Sergentani,</u> Z. Gonou-Zagou, D.G. Hatzinikolaou, E. |
| | | Kapsanaki-Gotsi |
| 15:15-15:30 | ERATO | A reappraisal of existing knowledge on the diversity of the genus Lactarius Pers. in |
| | (Room III) | Greece |
| | | Marina Triantafyllou, E. Polemis, D.M. Dimou, Z. Gonou-Zagou, P. Delivorias, |
| | | G.I. Zervakis |
| 15:30-15:45 | ERATO | Studies on Myxobiota of Canakkale (Turkey) and its environment |
| | (Room III) | Tülay Bican Süerdem, B. Dülger |
| 15:45-16:00 | ERATO | Determining rarity of fungi |
| | (Room III) | Branislav Uzelac |
| 16:00-16:15 | ERATO | Morphology and ecology of Rhizophydium mammilatum – a parasitic chytrid fungus. |
| | (Room III) | Isolation and cultivation methods |
| | | M.A. Mamkaeva |
| 16:15-16:30 | ERATO | The distribution of some macromycetes in Europe (ECCF Mapping programme) |
| | (Room III) | Andre Fraiture |
| 16:30-16:50 | | Afternoon Refreshments |