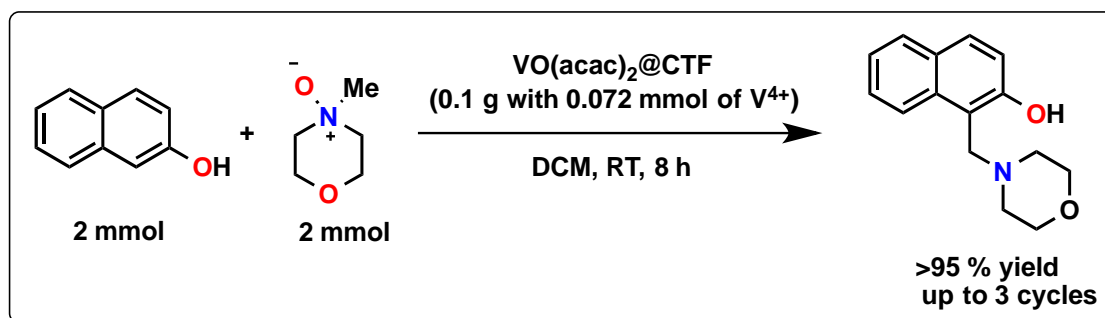


Catalysis by Design: A Modified Mannich Type Reaction Catalyzed by $\text{VO}(\text{acac})_2$ Supported on Covalent Triazine Framework

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Engineering porous materials such as Metal Organic Frameworks (MOFs) and Covalent Organic Frameworks (COFs) with active homogenous catalytic sites would offer new opportunities in the field of heterogeneous catalysis. Among COFs, Covalent Triazine Frameworks (CTFs) are high performance polymer materials with intrinsic repetitive triazine moieties, high surface area and regular porosity. In general, these materials are synthesized from respective nitrile monomers via either ionothermal route or by $\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ catalyzed trimerization reactions. Therefore, designing new nitrile based linkers with active binding sites ($\text{N}^{\wedge}\text{N}$, $\text{N}^{\wedge}\text{O}$, $\text{O}^{\wedge}\text{O}$, etc) and syntheses of corresponding new CTFs may offer new challenges in designing efficient heterogeneous supports for more sustainable and environment-friendly society. In this regard, novel acetylacetonone based CTFs were synthesized using 4,4'-malonyldibenzonitrile under ionothermal conditions ^[1] using ZnCl_2 at different temperatures and at different molar ratios of linker and ZnCl_2 . The resulting CTFs showed high specific surface areas (1500-2600 m^2/g) and high stability (>400 °C). The incorporation of highly polar acetylacetonone group enhanced the interaction with CO_2 and H_2 and the CTFs showed CO_2 uptake up to 3.16 mmol/g at 1 bar and 273 K and H_2 uptake up to 1.5 wt% at 1 bar and 77 K. Additionally, $\text{VO}(\text{acac})_2$ was incorporated on the resulting CTF by post-synthetic modification and the resulting $\text{VO}(\text{acac})_2@CTF$ showed excellent reactivity for modified Mannich-type reactions ^[2]. The designed $\text{VO}(\text{acac})_2@CTF$ showed higher catalytic reactivity than the homogenous catalyst with wide substrate scope and reusability. The turn over number obtained from the designed heterogeneous catalysts is three times more than the homogenous catalyst and can be reused for minimum of five repeated cycle of reactions.



Scheme 1. Schematic representation of modified Mannich type reaction catalyzed by $\text{VO}(\text{acac})_2$ supported on Covalent Triazine Framework

References

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