



Solution-based Tabu Search for the Maximum Min-sum Dispersion Problem

Submitted by Jin-Kao Hao on Mon, 02/12/2018 - 15:54

Titre Solution-based Tabu Search for the Maximum Min-sum Dispersion Problem

Type de publication Article de revue

Auteur Lai, Xiangjing [1], Yue, Dong [2], Hao, Jin-Kao [3], Glover, Fred [4]

Editeur Elsevier

Type Article scientifique dans une revue à comité de lecture

Année 2018

Langue Anglais

Date Mai 2018

Pagination 79-94

Volume 441

Titre de la revue Information Sciences

ISSN 00200255

Mots-clés combinatorial optimization [5], Dispersion problems [6], metaheuristics [7], tabu search [8]

Résumé en anglais The maximum min-sum dispersion problem (Max-Minsum DP) is an important representative of a large class of dispersion problems. Having numerous applications in practice, the NP-hard Max-Minsum DP is however computationally challenging. This paper introduces an effective solution-based tabu search (SBTS) algorithm for solving the Max-Minsum DP approximately. SBTS is characterized by the joint use of hash functions to determine the tabu status of candidate solutions and a parametric constrained swap neighborhood to enhance computational efficiency. Experimental results on 140 benchmark instances commonly used in the literature demonstrate that the proposed algorithm competes favorably with the state-of-the-art algorithms both in terms of solution quality and computational efficiency. In particular, SBTS improves the best-known results for 80 out of the 140 instances, while matching 51 other best-known solutions. We conduct a computational analysis to identify the respective roles of the hash functions and the parametric constrained swap neighborhood.

URL de la notice <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua16750> [9]

DOI 10.1016/j.ins.2018.02.006 [10]

Lien vers le document <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0020025518300872> [11]

Titre abrégé Information Sciences

Liens

[1] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=25597>

[2] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=28002>

- [3] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/jinkao.hao/publications>
- [4] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=27999>
- [5] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=8860>
- [6] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23001>
- [7] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=8708>
- [8] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=8662>
- [9] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua16750>
- [10] <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ins.2018.02.006>
- [11] <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0020025518300872>

Publié sur *Okina* (<http://okina.univ-angers.fr>)