

Paper No: 10064-99

Photoacoustic imaging of intracardiac medical devices using internal illumination of carbon nanotube/PDMS composite coatings



Wenfeng Xia^{a,*}, Sacha Noimark^b, Efthymios Maneas^a, Ivan P. Parkin^b, Sebastien Ourselin^a, Malcolm Finlay^c, and Adrien E. Desjardins^a

Imaging Group

^a Department of Medical Physics and Biomedical Engineering, University College London, United Kingdom. ^b Department of Chemistry, University College Hospital London, United Kingdom. ^o William Harvey Research Institute, Queen Mary University of London, United Kingdom. * Email: wenfeng.xia@ucl.ac.uk

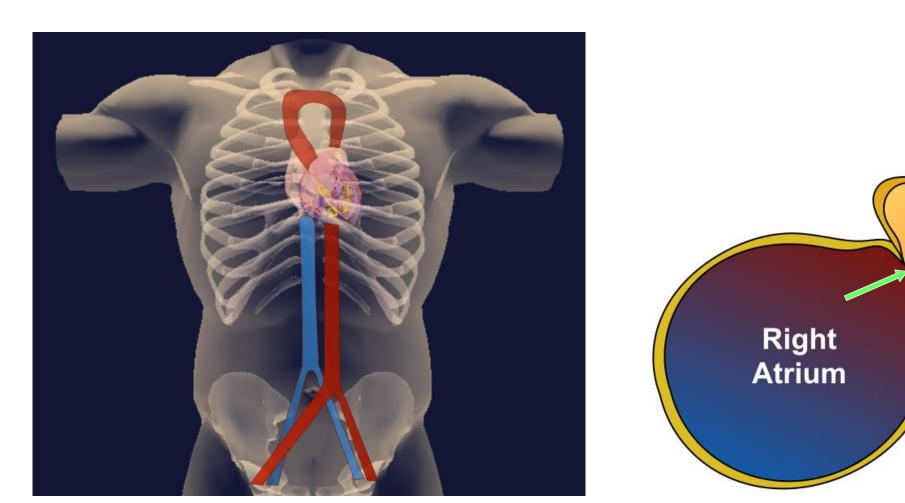


Devices Lab

brought to you by 🗴 CORE

Abstract

Accurate localisation of medical devices is of crucial importance for a wide range of ultrasoundguided interventions. In this study, we investigated visualisation of medical devices by photoacoustic excitation of optically absorbing coatings. Photoacoustic excitation light was provided through optical fibres positioned within a needle. Using a swine heart model, photoacoustic and Bmode ultrasound images were received with a clinical ultrasound scanner in conjunction with a linear array imaging probe. In the photoacoustic images, prominent signals were obtained from the coatings. This study demonstrated that photoacoustic imaging could play a useful role with medical device imaging.



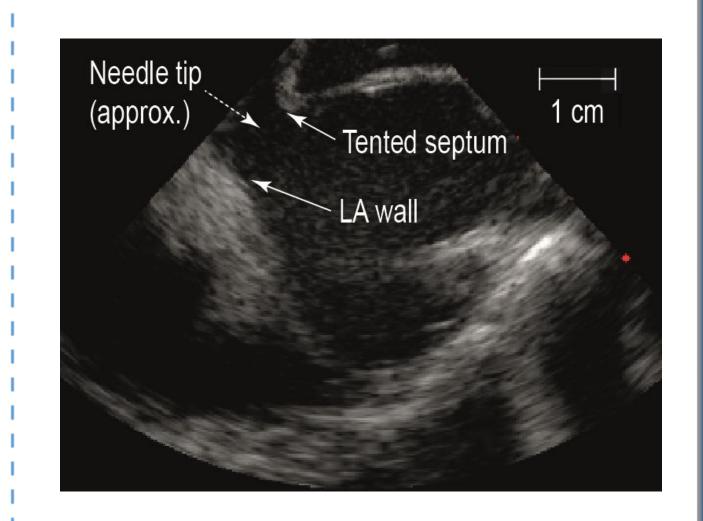
Transseptal puncture



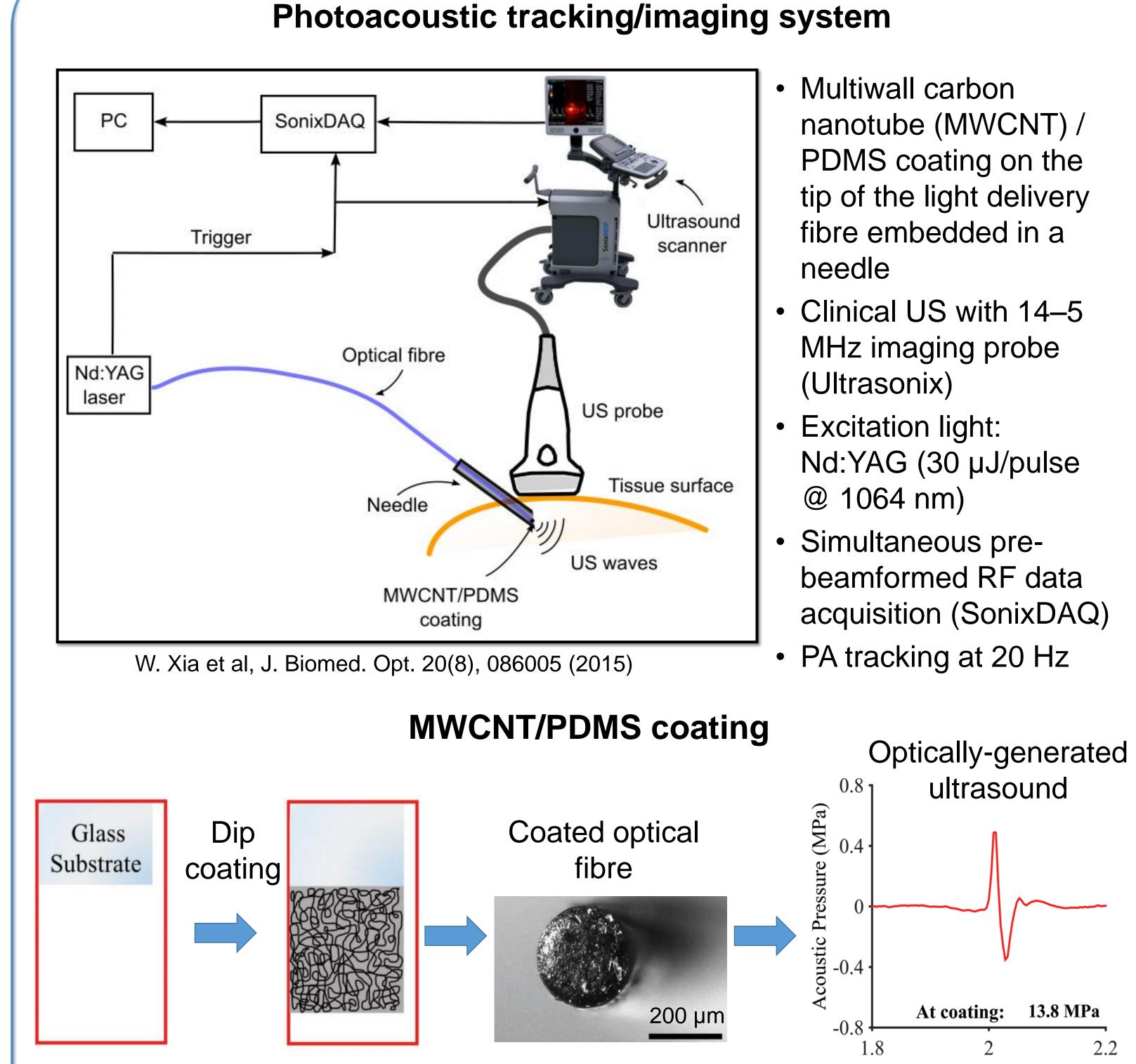
Left Atrium

Aorta

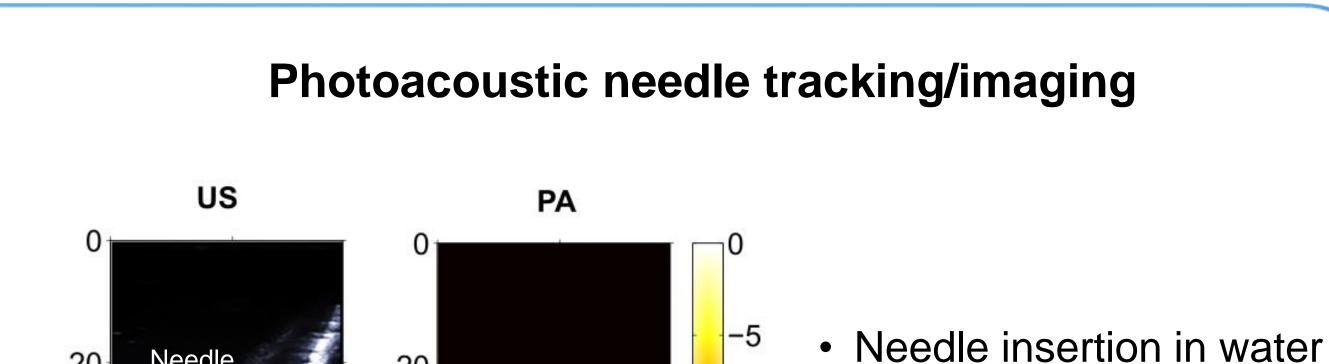
US Image guidance



- Provides access to the left side of the heart
- A necessary step for therapeutic interventions:
 - ➤Catheter Ablation for Atrial Fibrillation (AF)
 - Percutaneous Mitral Valve Interventions
 - \rightarrow Ablation for Ventricular Tachycardia (VT)
- Modalities: Intracardiac Echo (ICE);
- Transoesophageal Echo
- Often challenging to identify needle tip



Multiwall carbon nanotube (MWCNT) / PDMS coating on the tip of the light delivery fibre embedded in a



S. Noimark et al. Adv. Func. Mater., (2016) DOI: 10.1002/adfm.201601337

• Simultaneous ultrasound Z (n Needle tip Wa E -10and photoacoustic imaging -15 Water 20 20 X (mm) X (mm) Needle insertion into ex vivo porcine heart in cine hear 20 Needle tip Z (mm) (mm) a water tank -10 N Simultaneous ultrasound ō and photoacoustic Porcine heart imaging 60 20 20 X (mm) X (mm)

Results

- With needle insertion in water, photoacoustic imaging successfully highlighted the needle tip
- With needle insertion in water, the needle tip position revealed in the photoacoustic image corresponded well to that in the ultrasound image
- With insertion in the porcine heart, photoacoustic imaging highlighted the needle tip that was not visible in the corresponding ultrasound image

Conclusions

- First photoacoustic needle tracking/imaging system based on laser-generatedultrasound from MWCNT/PDMS coatings
- Photoacoustic imaging provided unambiguous indication of the needle tip position as the needle tip is the only object in the image
- Photoacoustic needle tracking/imaging could be useful in various minimally invasive procedures by tracking the surgical devices

Future plans

In vivo validation of the photoacoustic tracking system in the context of transseptal puncture



Acknowledgements

- An Innovative Engineering for Health award by the Wellcome Trust (No. WT101957) and the Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council (EPSRC) (No. NS/A000027/1)
- A Starting Grant from the European Research Council (Grant No. ERC-2012-StG, Proposal 310970 MOPHIM)
- An EPSRC First Grant (No. EP/J010952/1) ullet





Engineering and Physical Sciences **Research** Council



tablished by the European Commissio upporting top researchers from anywhere in the world