

Individual researcher's performance measurement as tool for career development and staff management

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Research at UQ



The University of Queensland has internationally-acknowledged excellence in research, research training, and technology transfer and commercialisation (6 faculties and 8 Institutes)

- ➤ Building large research institutes (critical mass and focus on research quality)
- Supporting our academic staff to pursue national and international research excellence
- ➤ Recognising and rewarding outstanding performance in research and RHD supervision
- ➤ Encouraging knowledge and technology transfers.

- ✓ Over \$500m in research expenditure (\$1.4B p.a. budget)
- ✓ Ranked **43rd** in the world by QS (2010), 81st by THE and 108 by Shanghai Jiao-Tong (2010)

✓ Ranked 78th by SCImago institutions rankings (citation/staff)



Excellence in Research for Australia



- UQ has comprehensive strengths in research
- Reputational impact
- SRE funding (50/50 on TC and ERA) in 2012
- RTS (TBD, ERA plus volume measure)
- Compacts (areas of improvement)
- TEQSA (not on standard, RHD offering?)
- Research Strengths and Emerging Strengths Review within an institution



The Research Virtuous Cycle of Queensland

Outputs Inputs IPs and commercialisation (Economic impact) \$\$\$\$ Research productivity Social and **Environmental impact** and quality **Publications (knowledge** and scholarly impact) Quality assessment rankings **Reputational Capital**



University Ranking



THE - QS (Quacquarelli Symonds) World University Rankings were conceived to present a multi-faceted view of the relative strengths of the world's leading Universities.

Indicator	Explanation	Weighting
Academic Peer Review	Composite score drawn from peer review survey (which is divided into five subject areas). 6,354 responses in 2008.	40%
Employer Review	Score based on responses to employer survey. 2,339 responses in 2008.	10%
Faculty Student Ratio	Score based on student faculty ratio	20%
Citations per Faculty	Score based on research performance factored against the size of the research body	20%
International Faculty	Score based on proportion of international faculty	5%
International Students	Score based on proportion of international students	5%

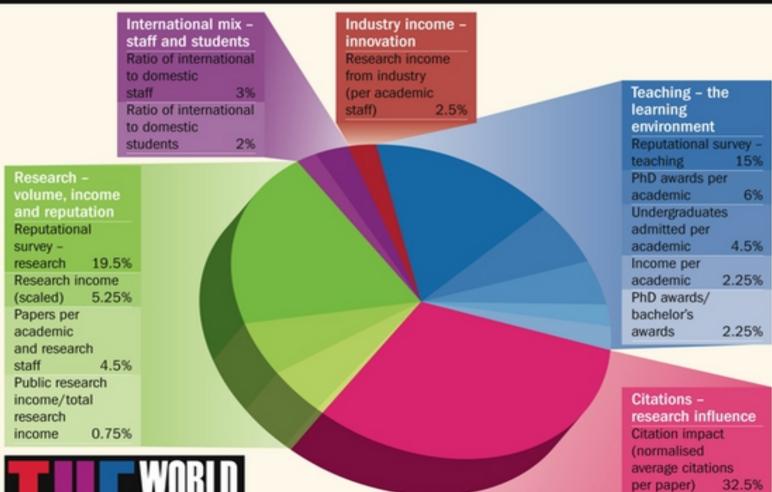




World University Ranking – methodology

(announced June 2010)

WEIGHTING SCHEME FOR RANKINGS SCORES







Shanghai Jiaotong Ranking



Criteria	Indicator	Code	Weight
Quality of Education	Alumni of an institution winning Nobel Prizes and Fields Medals	Alumni	10%
Quality of	Staff of an institution winning Nobel Prizes and Fields Medals	Award	20%
Faculty	Highly cited researchers in 21 broad subject categories	HiCi	20%
	Articles published in Nature and Science*	N&S	20%
Research Output	Articles indexed in Science Citation Index-expanded, and Social Science Citation Index	PUB	20%
Per Capita Performance	Per capita academic performance of an institution	PCP	10%
Total			100%

^{*} For institutions specialized in humanities and social sciences such as London School of Economics, N&S is not considered, and the weight of N&S is relocated to other indicators.

Challenges in Research Excellence Of QUE



- People —critical mass of top talent (ARF/QEIIs, Future Fellows, Laureate/Australia Fellows, HiCis) — attract and retain more
- How to increase excellent RHD students
- Funding (SRE: ERA-linked performance bonus), JRE
 –diversification of funding)
- Sustaining world-class research infrastructure
- Enhancing Industry and Business Engagement
- Managing and Lifting Research Performance across the board – needing measurement tools!



Q-index: Individual performance tool Of Queensland

Q-Index - Scope of Indices

- Use 6-year window of activity consistent with ERA
- Include current academics (including Level A*), and those who were included in the most recent census
- Components:
- Research Input Points (RIP) grant income
- Research Output Points (ROP) publications
- HDR Completions
- HDR Load

Each component will be **normalised** such that the staff member with the highest raw point score in each component equates to 100% for that component.

The normalised scores will be weighted:

RIP	ROP	RHD Completions	RHD Load	Q-Index II
33.33%	33.33%	20.33%	13%	100%



Q-index: Individual performance too OF QUEENSLAND

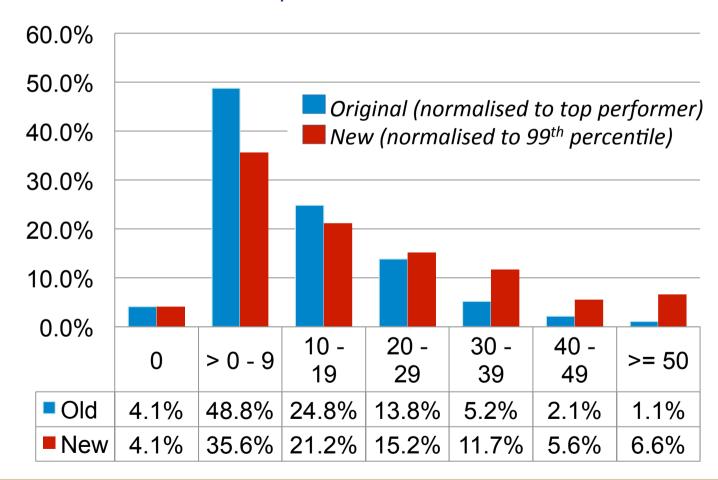
Historical trend display



Q-index: improving the distribution

Scores in each component normalised against the 99th percentile:

 the top 1% of performers in each component (inputs, outputs, load, completions) all receive the maximum points for that component, mitigating the influence of outliers and improves the distribution of scores.









Faculty and Institute means displayed for all Academic levels

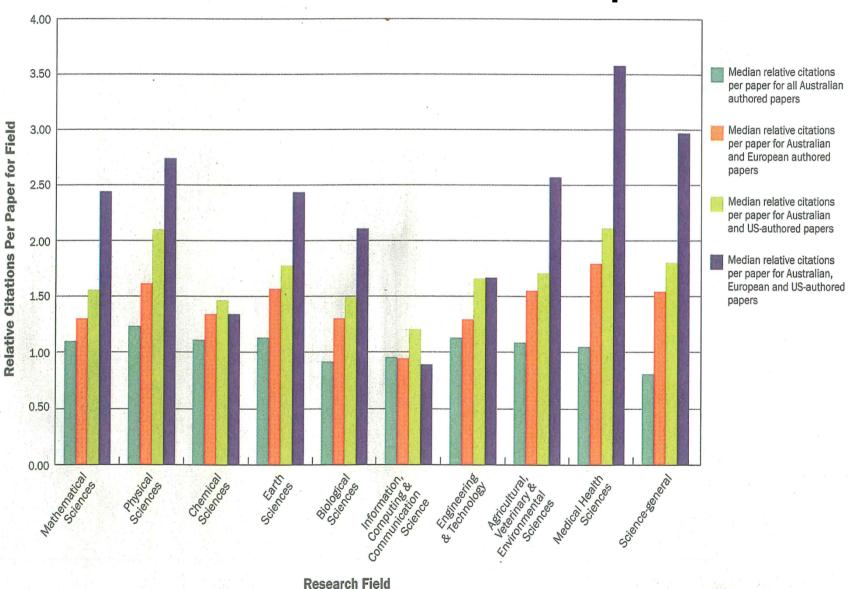
	Level A	Level B	Level C	Level D	Level E
Faculty X	1.11	4.41	12.25	17.26	28.17

- Future changes to HERDC classifications and ERA rankings will be applied retrospectively to publications data to ensure consistency across the 5-6 year Q-Index window.
- We are investigating options for representing creative works for relevant disciplines.



Q-Index Improvements: Collaborative Work and Citations Per Paper





Staff Performance Management



- Reward and Strategic Support for Research Excellence (UQ Foundation Excellence Awards, Research Leaders Awards Q-index, HiCi, Prestigious Fellowships)
- Encourage performance at low-to-medium range (staff to self-reflect, track and monitor their research performance in a holistic manner)
- Articulate research performance expectations taking into account academic level and workload balance.
- Manage very low performing staff?



Strategic Uses of Q-Index



- Effectively use Q-index and ERA score cards to aid mapping of research strengths and emerging strengths, for strategic planning
- Q-Index as a benchmarking tool for recruitments
 together with h-index + esteem factors
- Use the top Q-index researchers in selection committee or for advice on best candidates



Concluding Remarks



- Q-Index is not meant to be a single and simple index to rank academic researchers for promotion or any other purpose
- A tool provides quantitative reference point and benchmark for staff and their line managers in staff performance appraising processes
- Together with other information such as teaching performance and administrative service load makes staff management and career development planning much more evidence-based
- No tools would ever surpass human intelligence in judgement of quality. Q-Index is no panacea in addressing low performance, but as data-based measurement tool, simply reduces the degree of subjectivity and provides more rigor and reliability in assessing research performance



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Q-Index



Research Input Points (RIP)

UWA Socrates	Q-Index
1 point for any grant from \$5,000 up to \$50,000	Yes
2 points for any grant between \$50,000 and \$500,000	Yes
3 points for any grant over \$500,000	3 points for any grant between \$500,000 and \$5,000,000
	4 points for any grant over \$5,000,000
Externally peer-reviewed grants get a double weighting	No - Peer-reviewed grants are not weighted
Points should be shared evenly between internal CIs	\$amount are shared evenly between all Cls (internal, external, and students) before points calculation
Internal students treated as staff for these purposes	Yes



Q-Index



Research Output Points (ROP) (aligned with ERA data)

UWA Socrates	Points	Q-Index	Points
A1 Research Monographs	5	A1 Research Monographs	10
Nature or Science C1 articles	5	Nature or Science C1 articles	5
C1 articles in the SSCI	4	C1 articles in ERA A* journals	3
C1 articles in both SSCI and SCI	3	C1 articles in ERAA journals	2
C1 articles in the SCI	2	C1 articles in ERA B journals	1
Other C1 articles not indexed	1	C1 articles in ERA C or not ranked	0
Book chapters not indexed by ISI	1	B1 research Book chapters	2
Refereed conference papers	0.5	ERA ranked A conference papers	2
All other output as for UWA's funding model	?	ERA ranked B conference papers	1
		ERA ranked C and unranked conference papers	0
		All other output	0
Creative works	Up to 5	Creative works	?
Points shared between internal authors only to encourage external collaboration		Points are not apportioned across authors do not want to discourage collaboration students and internal colleagues	

Q-Index



Research Higher Degree Completions

UWA Socrates	Q-Index
2 points should be allocated for a Doctoral completion	Yes
1 point should be allocated for a Masters Completion (RTS masters)	Yes
Points apportioned across all supervisors on the basis of proportional supervisor load at completion	Yes
All supervisors are accounted for – UWA supervisors do not gain the	Yes
points of external supervisors	

Research Higher Degree Supervision Load

UWA Socrates	Q-Index II
N/A	2 points allocated for Full Time RHD Students
	1 point allocated for Part Time RHD Students
	Points apportioned across all supervisors on the basis of proportional
	current supervision load
	All supervisors are accounted for – UQ supervisors do not gain points for
	external supervisors; No weightings for PhD vs MPhil