Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

## Responsive aqueous foams stabilised by silica nanoparticles hydrophobised *in situ* with a conventional surfactant

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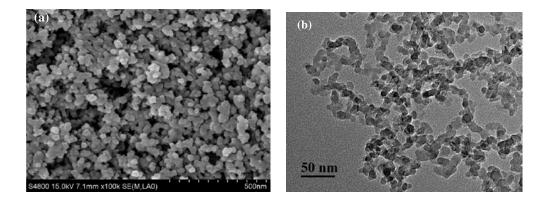
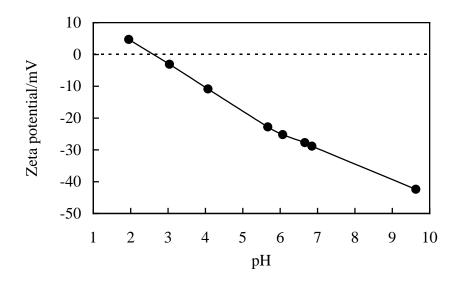
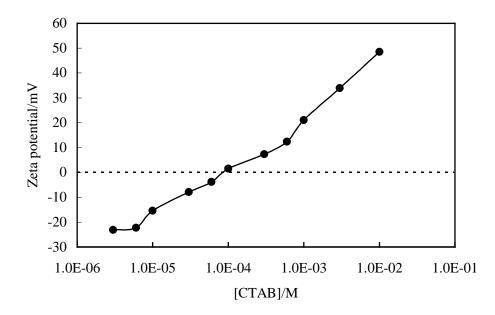


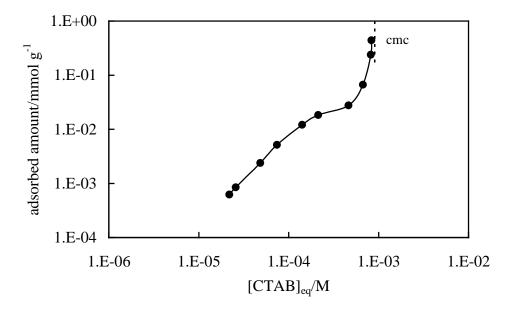
Figure S1. (a) SEM image and (b) TEM image of powdered silica nanoparticles of HL-200 with a BET surface area of  $200 \pm 20 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$ .



**Figure S2.** Zeta potentials of 0.1 wt.% silica nanoparticles dispersed in water of different pH, measured 24 hr. after dispersion at 25 °C.



**Figure S3.** Zeta potential of 0.1 wt.% silica nanoparticles dispersed in aqueous CTAB solutions as a function of surfactant concentration at 25 °C.



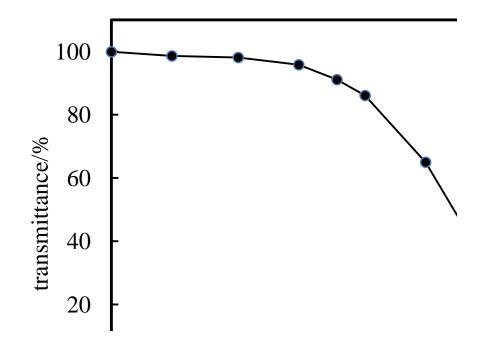
**Figure S4.** Adsorption isotherm of CTAB at the silica nanoparticle-water interface at 25 °C.



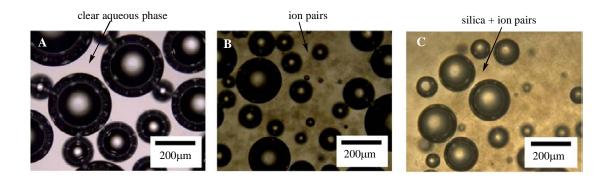
**Figure S5.** Photos of vessels containing 10 cm<sup>3</sup> of a dispersion of 0.5 wt.% silica nanoparticles in an equimolar mixture of aqueous CTAB and SDS at different individual concentrations immediately (A) and 1 hr (B) after shaking. CTAB or SDS concentration (from left to right): 0.06, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.6, 1, 2, 3, 6 and 10 mM (A); 2, 3, 6 and 10 mM (B). No foam was produced at concentrations  $\leq 1$  mM.



Figure S6. Photos of vessels containing 10 cm<sup>3</sup> aqueous solution of an equimolar mixture of CTAB and SDS at different individual concentrations taken immediately (A) and 24 hr after shaking (B). CTAB or SDS concentration (from left to right): 0.01, 0.03, 0.06, 0.1, 0.3, 0.6, 1, 3, 6 and 10 mM (A); 6 and 10 mM (B). No foam was produced at concentrations  $\leq 3$  mM.



**Figure S7.** Transmittance of aqueous solutions of an equimolar mixture of CTAB and SDS at 25 °C measured at 600 nm, with pure water as reference.



**Figure S8.** Micrograph of foams stabilized by 0.5 wt.% silica nanoparticles + CTAB at 0.2 mM (A), CTAB/SDS mixture at 10 mM (B) and 0.5 wt.% silica nanoparticles + CTAB/SDS mixture at 10 mM, respectively.