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regionalisation have placed new demands upon operating internationally, and at various levels. The European Union offers an operating enviro diplomacy developed. The Westphalian state of the evolution of diplomacy as an institution. Di- by diplomats. The absence of a security threat we required to conduct high-level bilateral negotia identify new roles and tasks to justify their exiss. This thesis studies the changing role of bilateral in which Finland's bilateral diplomatic practice conducted primarily in the form of interviews we documents. The choice of the interview method topic at hand. The material collected is analyse Jozef Batora. Two categories are selected that ne a change of diplomacy (metamorphosis) - and the two categories of change. This study covers the experiences of both the fet the sectoral ministries. The evidence collected place, in addition to changes in the roles attribut and demonstrates a focal shift from high-level bilateral broader interests in EU decision-making. The se emerging of a decreasing need for the foreign r their own bilateral dialogue.	a diplomats, who are now required onment considerably at odds with rder - a state-centric system where iplomacy became the means to me within the EU today calls into que tions, nor mediate a security threa- stence. Il diplomacy within the EU throug vis-a-vis fellow member states has with civil servants and career diple d is largely attributable to the fact d using a theoretical framework re- may define the direction that the in the evidence collected through res- oreign ministry (with particular er- indicates that a change in the role tied to the diplomats at Finland's the bilateral negotiations to public dip- sectoral ministries exhibit a variety ministry and the services of its em-	recent decades. The forces of both globalization and to balance their work against that of a plethora of new actors the international environment from which the institution of e war was perceived as a constant threat - formed the backdrop diate the security threat through inter-state dialogue, conducted stion the role of diplomacy and the career diplomat. No longer t, the diplomat must adapt to the new working environment and h the experience of Finland, with the aim of identifying the way as changed since entry to the Union in 1995. The research is omats, as well as consultation of official foreign ministry that there has been very little study previously conducted on the oted in the new institutionalist perspective, and elaborated by institution of diplomacy is moving in - a change in diplomacy ar earch is analysed according to its relevance to either of these mphasis on the bilateral department and bilateral missions), and of Finland's foreign ministry within the EU context has taken bilateral missions. The London embassy is taken as a case study domacy and cultural work, in the name of lobbying for Finland of experiences since entry to the EU, but a trend appears to be bassies, and a preference at the sectoral ministries for conducting the previous compatible of adaptation, and that adaptive measures are macy within the EU.
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