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## Abstract

The research on refractory materials has been increased in the last years due to the fact that the metallurgical industry imposes more and more exacting specifications. On the other hand, an interesting way to work with composite materials is the powder technology. This technique consists in producing solid and resistant pieces from powder material. There are two methods to apply this technique: the first method consists in producing the piece by hot pressing and the second method consists in a sintering process after the compaction of the powder. The aim of this work is the generation of a discrete element model that allows to simulate the sintering process of a refractory material. After the model has been adjusted, this is used to look for other mixtures that improve the properties of the sintered pieces. The analyzed process consists in compacting a powder to obtain a green body. After that, the body is subjected to high temperatures to increase the mechanical strength of the piece. Therefore, the compaction and sintering processes are separately studied.

## Method

The EDEM® software is used to simulate the process through the discrete element method.

