



Self Cooled Lead Lithium blanket and reactor for HiPER

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Conclusions



1. A Self Cooled Lead Lithium blanket is under study and evolving
2. The 3rd laser ring has huge impact in maintenance and availability of the reactor
3. Based on the blanket, we are working in a reactor layout

Conclusions



1. A Self C **Blanket** n blanket is
under st

2. The 3rd laser ring has huge impact in
mainten **Chamber** ty of the
reactor

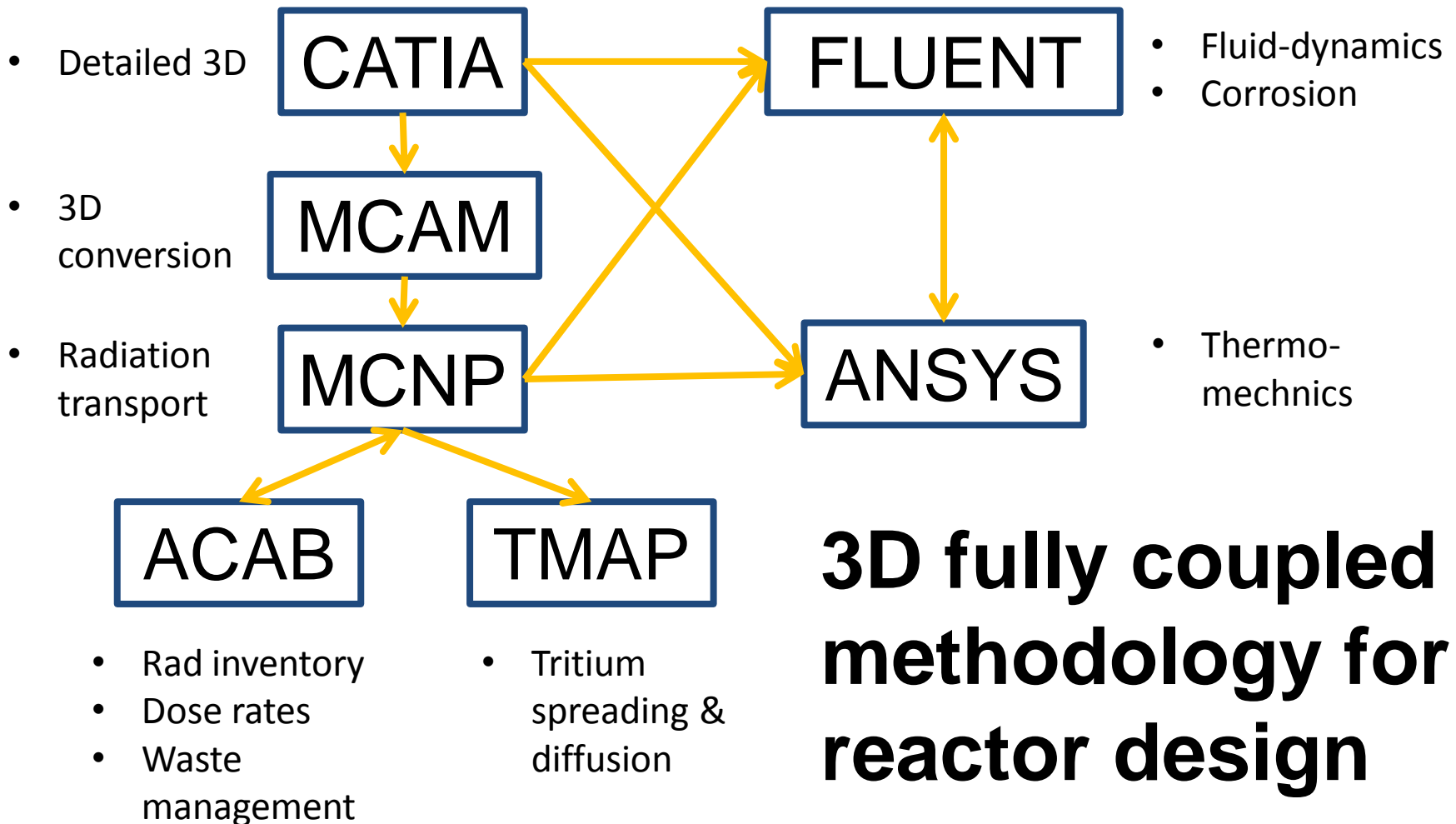
3. Based o **Reactor** are working in
a reactor ray out

First part



**Blanket
studies**

Methodology

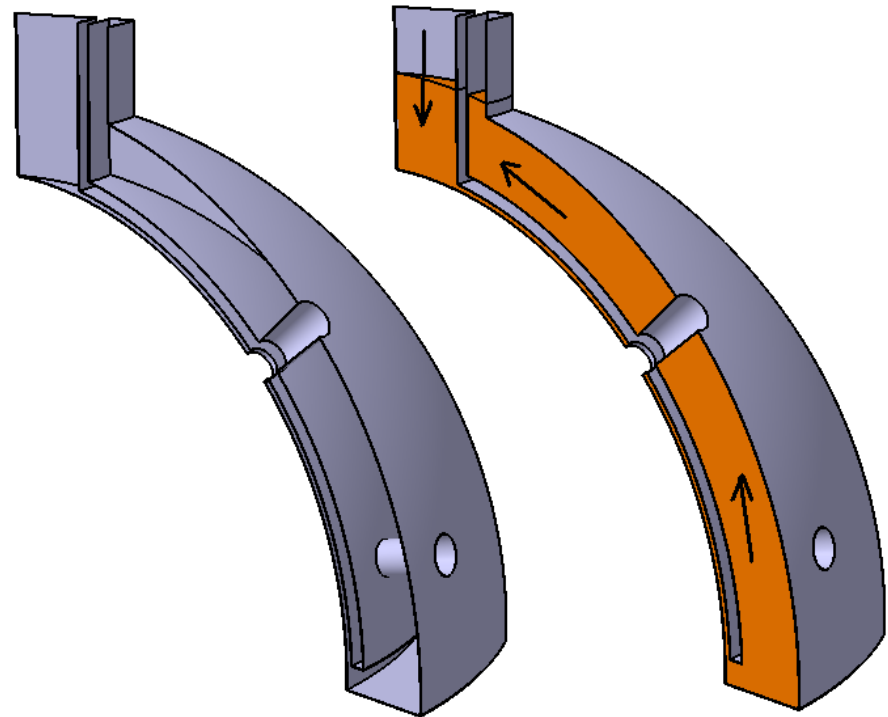
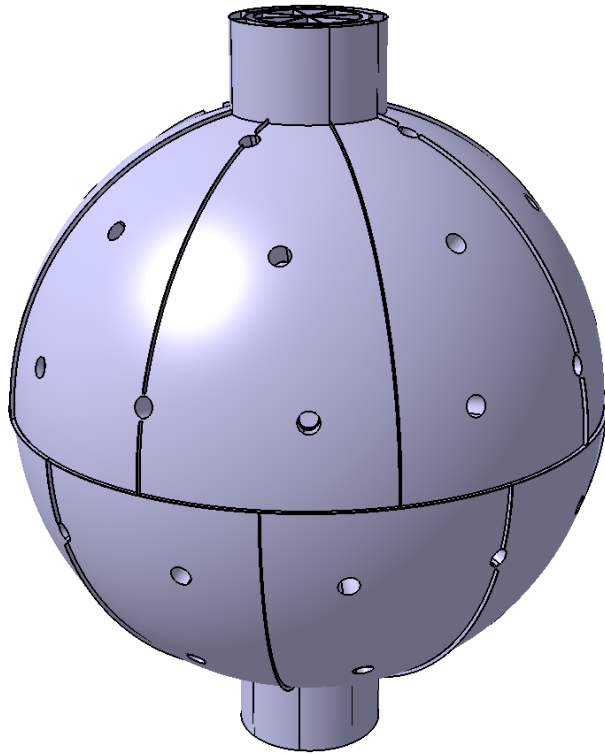


3D fully coupled methodology for reactor design

Preliminary blanket



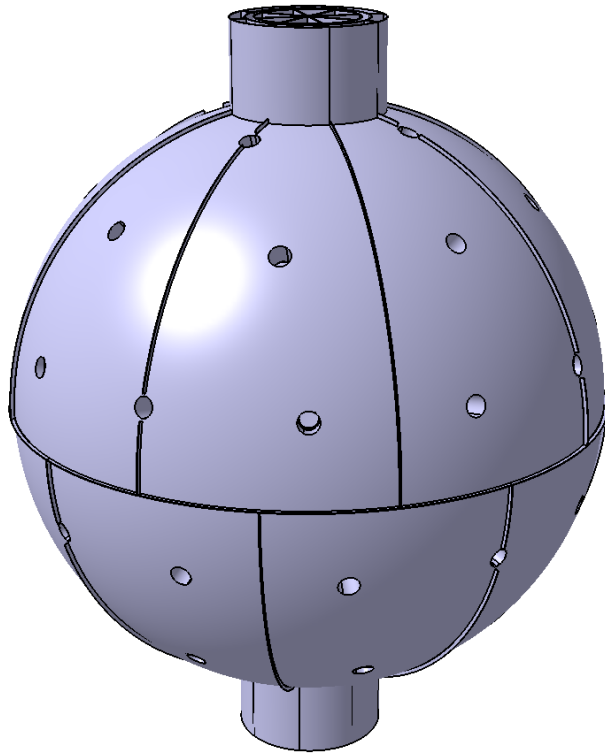
Preliminary Self Cooled Lead Lithium blanket



Preliminary blanket



Preliminary Self Cooled Lead Lithium blanket



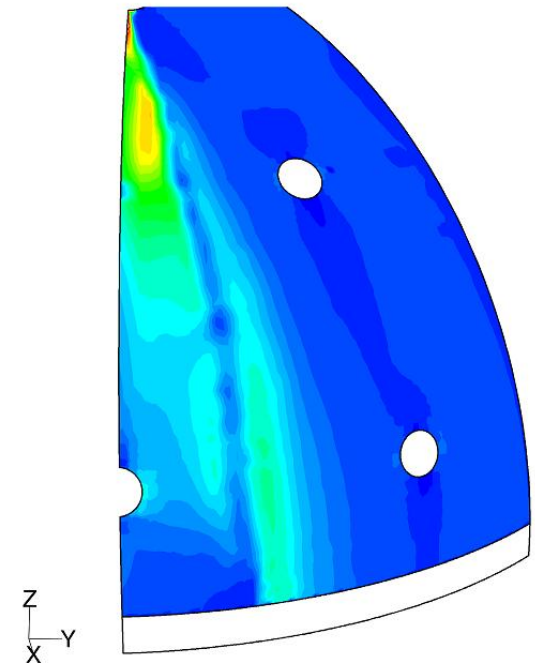
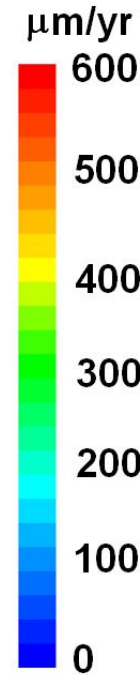
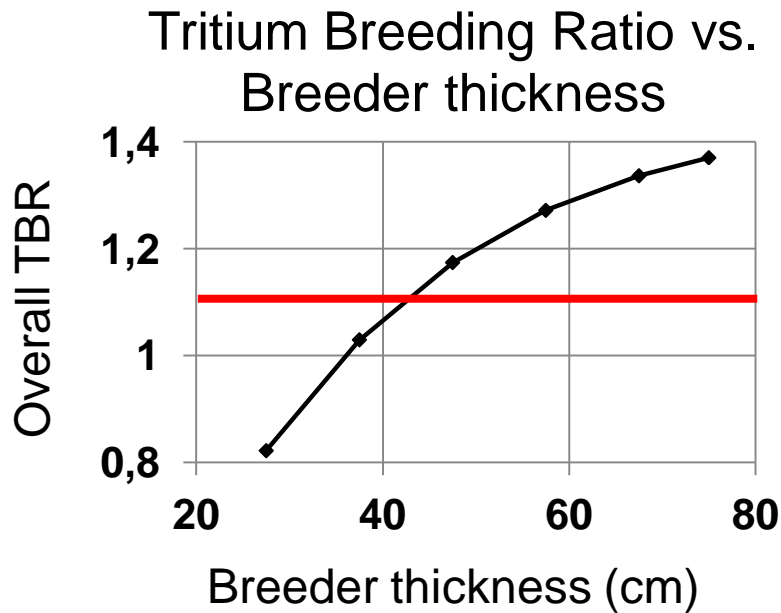
- Neutronics
- Fluid-dynamics
- Corrosion
- Power cycles
- Safety
- Maintenance
- Interfaces

Preliminary blanket



Neutronics

Fluid-dynamics & corrosion



TBR > 1.15

CATIA – MCAM - MCNP

CATIA – MCAM - MCNP - FLUENT

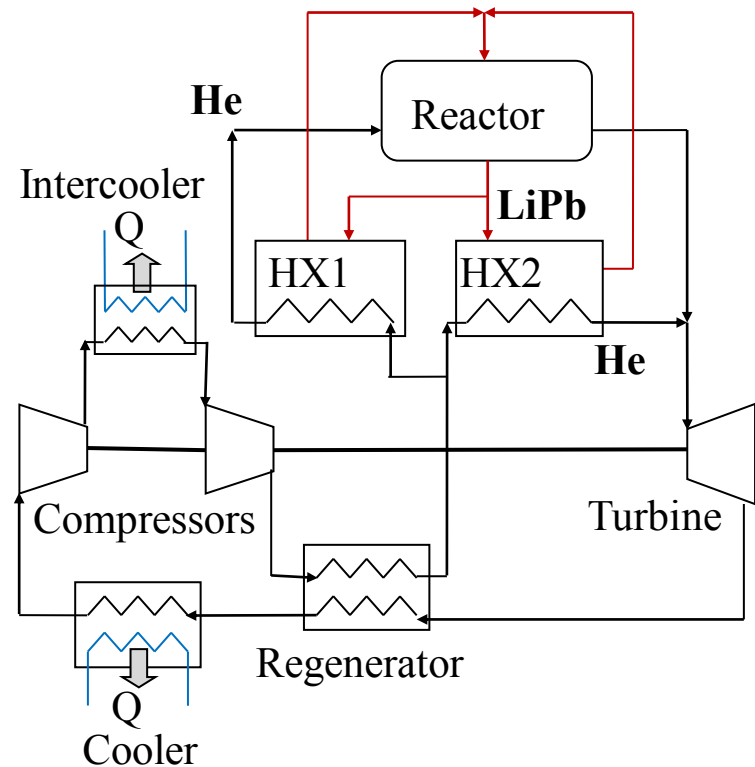
Preliminary blanket



Brayton power cycle

- Helium
- Supercritical CO₂
- Gases mixtures (He + Xe, He + Ne)
- Efficiencies
 $30\% < \eta < 40\%$

Helium



Preliminary blanket



SCLL design evolution demands:

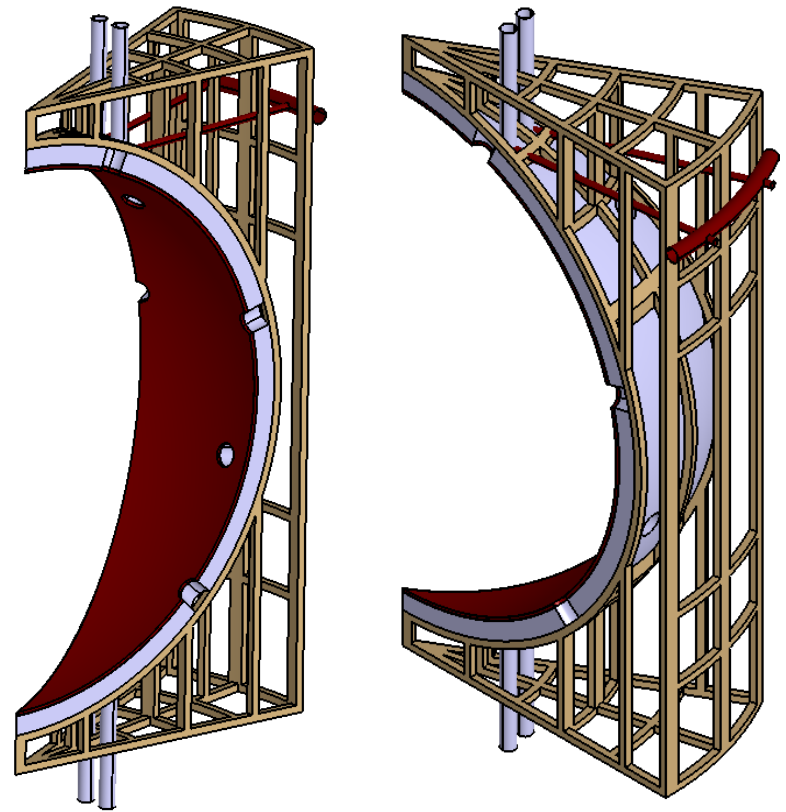
- Reduction of max. corrosion in a factor 10 (from **400 to 40 $\mu\text{m}/\text{yr}$**)
- Raise 50°C the LiPb average outlet temperature (from **400 to 450 $^{\circ}\text{C}$**)
- Reduce the weight as much as possible
- Consider logistics & maintenance

Evolution of SCLL



Modifications under study for the future:

- Single & thick LiPb channel
- 12 sectors, instead of 8
- New piping
- 50% less breeder

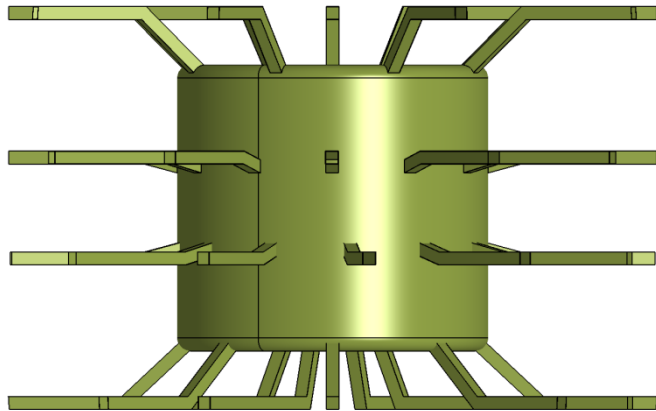


Second part



**Vacuum
chambers**

Chamber design



Systems to fit in the chamber:

- Shieldings
- Vacuum pipes
- Laser pipes
- Target injector
- Maintenance docks
- Diagnostics

Maintenance has to be fast, reliable and robust

Chamber design

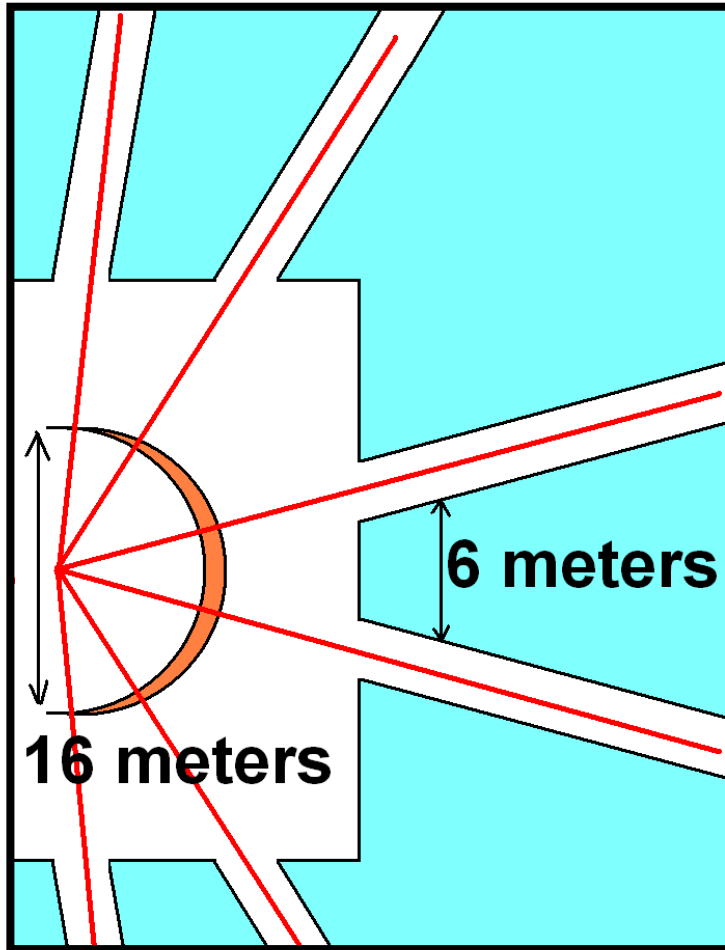


There is no space for the transport of any system, because of 3rd laser ring

In-situ maintenance = expensive electricity

Maintenance has to be fast, reliable and robust

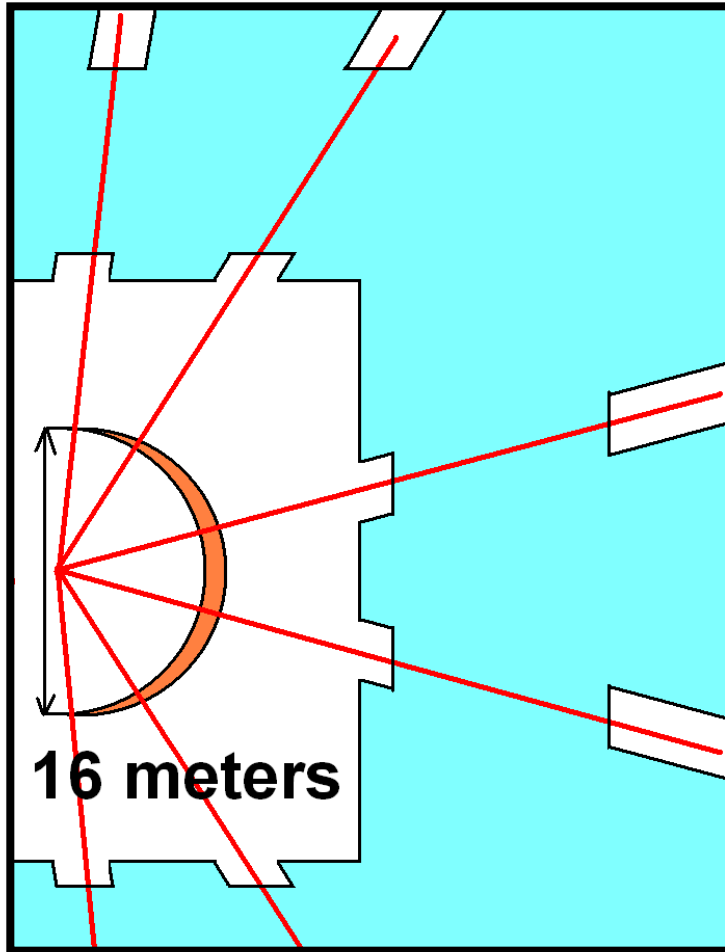
3rd ring manipulation



Alternative 1

- ✘ No available space for system fitting
- ✘ In-situ maintenance required
- ✓ Easy optics assembly

3rd ring manipulation



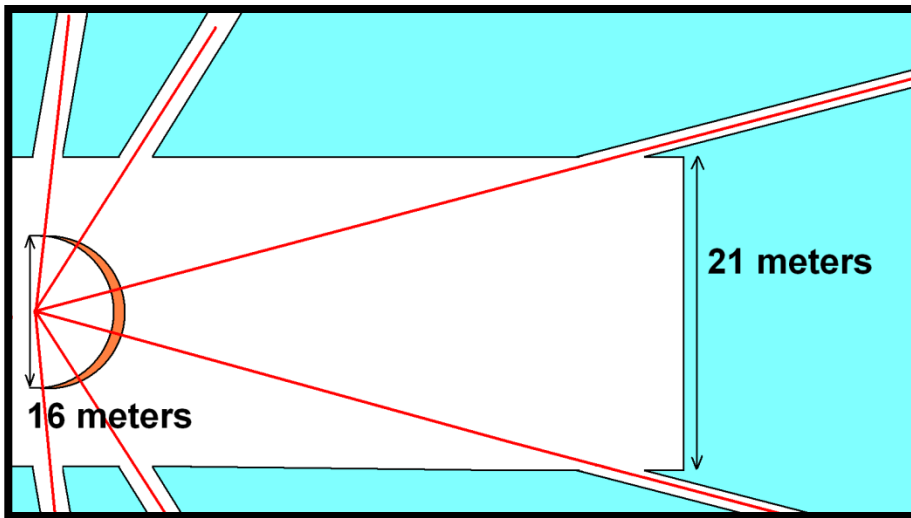
Alternative 2

- ✘ Final optics as final vacuum barrier
- ✘ Complex door opening
- ✓ Big available space

3rd ring manipulation

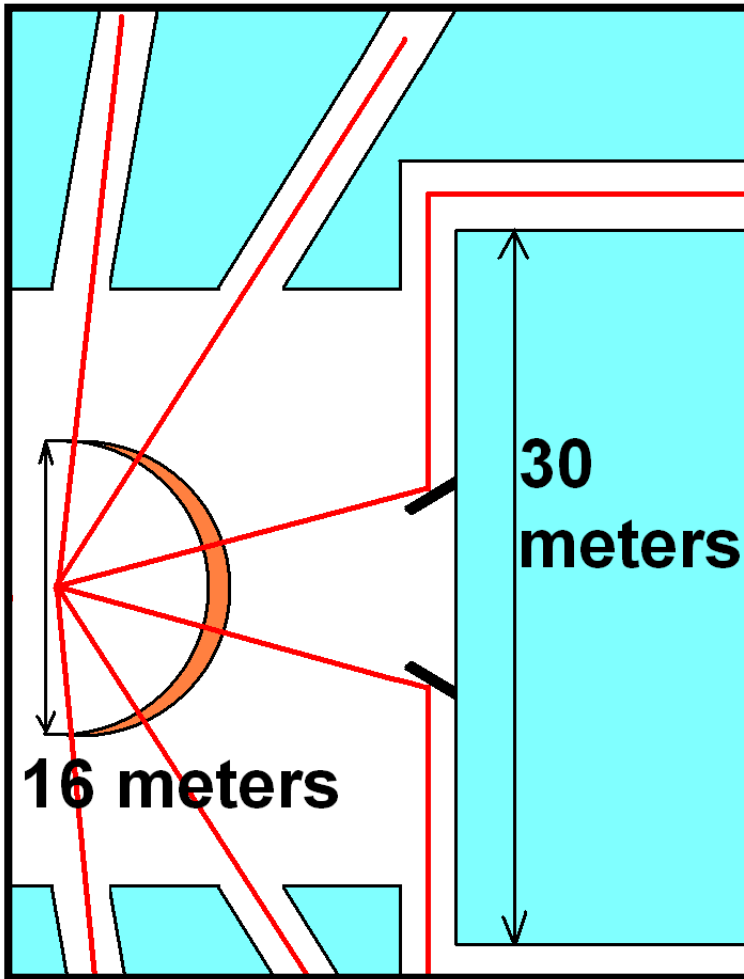


Alternative 3



- ✘ Huge chamber
- ✘ Doubtful optical viability
- ✓ Big available space

3rd ring manipulation



Alternative 4

- ✓ Huge available space
- ✓ System grouping
- ✓ Easy door opening
- ✓ Reasonable chamber size
- ✓ ... many others
- **Optical viability??**

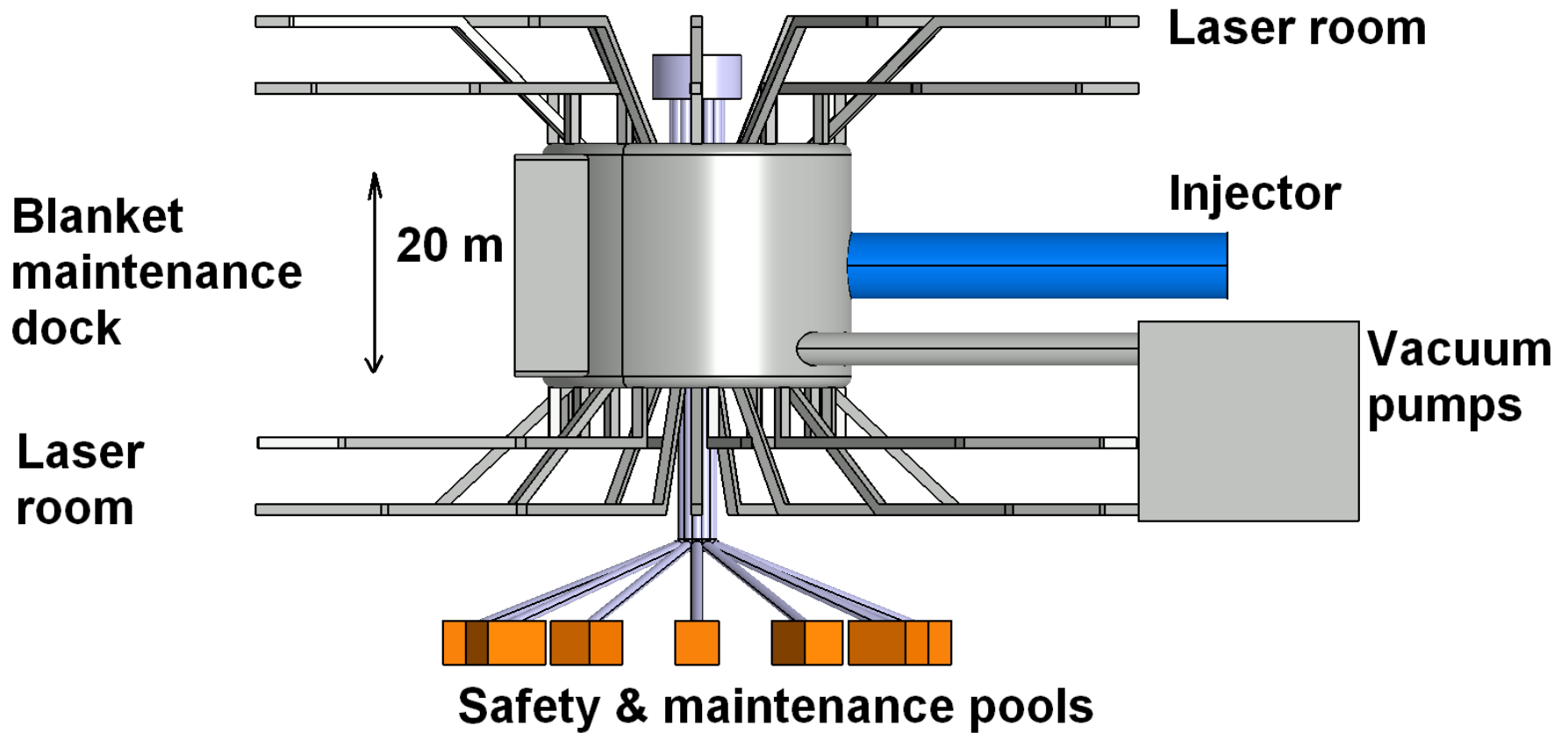
Third part



**Reactor
layout**

**SCLL +
chamber 4**

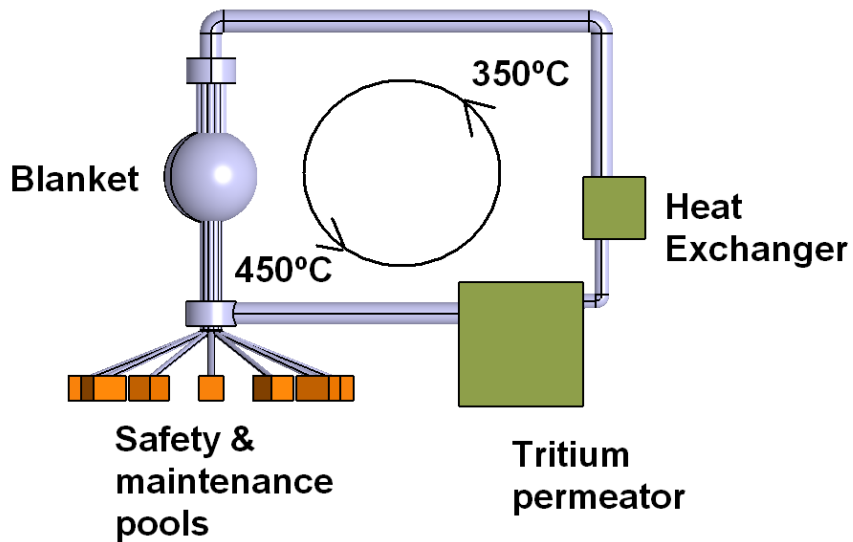
Systems integration



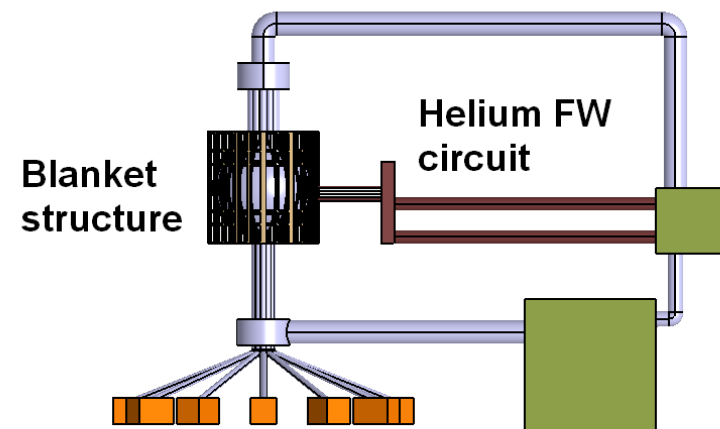
Cooling circuits



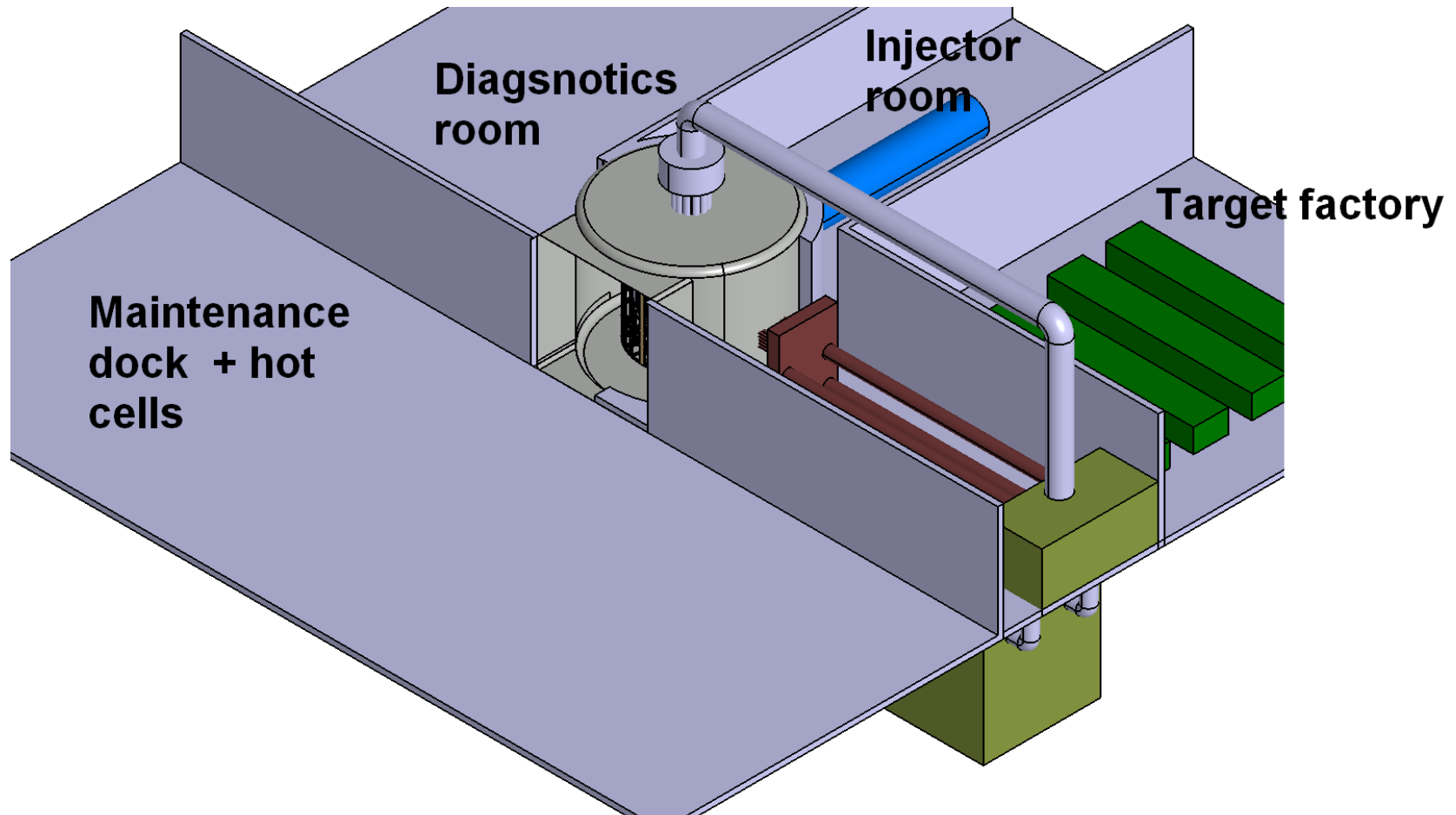
LiPb circuit



First Wall Helium circuit

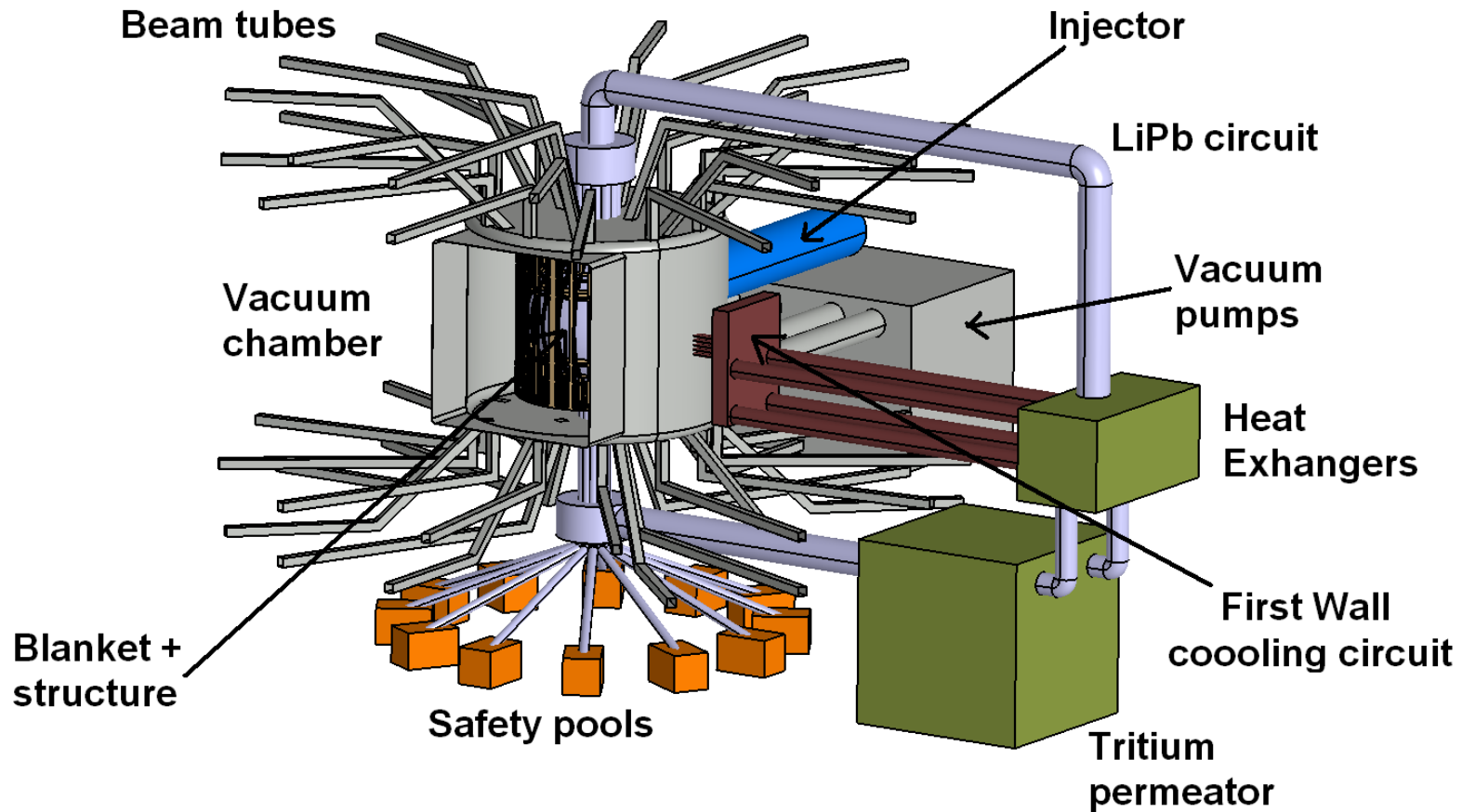


Big central space



Single purpose room for every system!

SCLL reactor layout



Beam tubes

Injector

LiPb circuit

Vacuum chamber

Vacuum pumps

Heat Exchangers

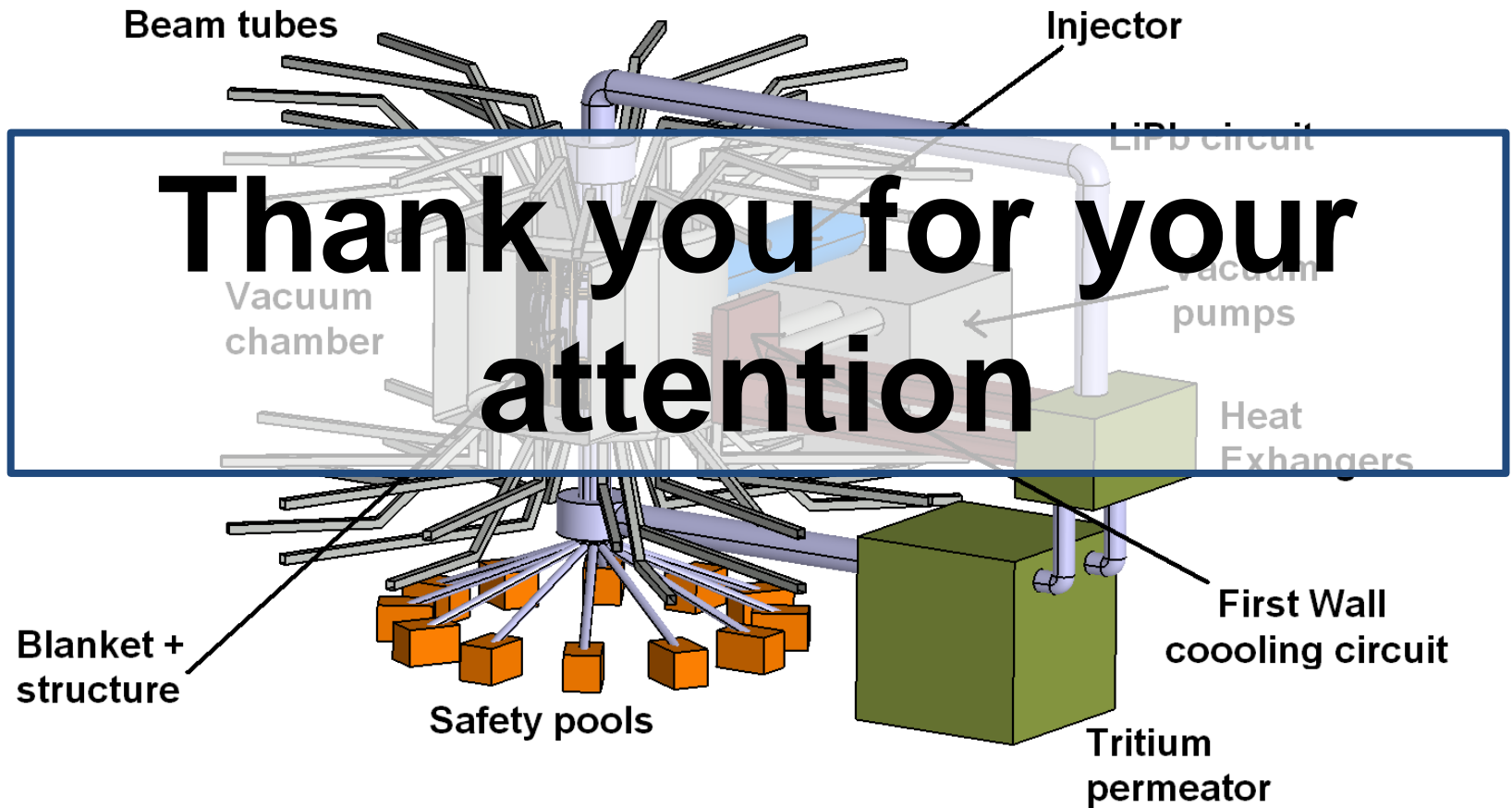
Blanket + structure

First Wall cooling circuit

Safety pools

Tritium permeator

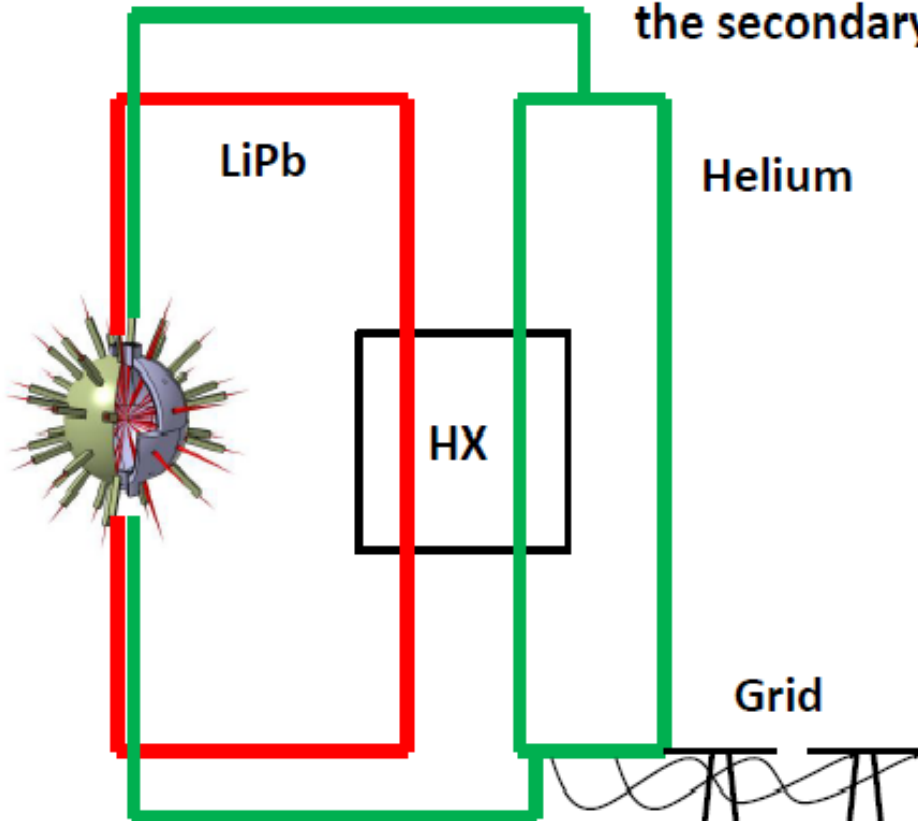
SCLL reactor layout



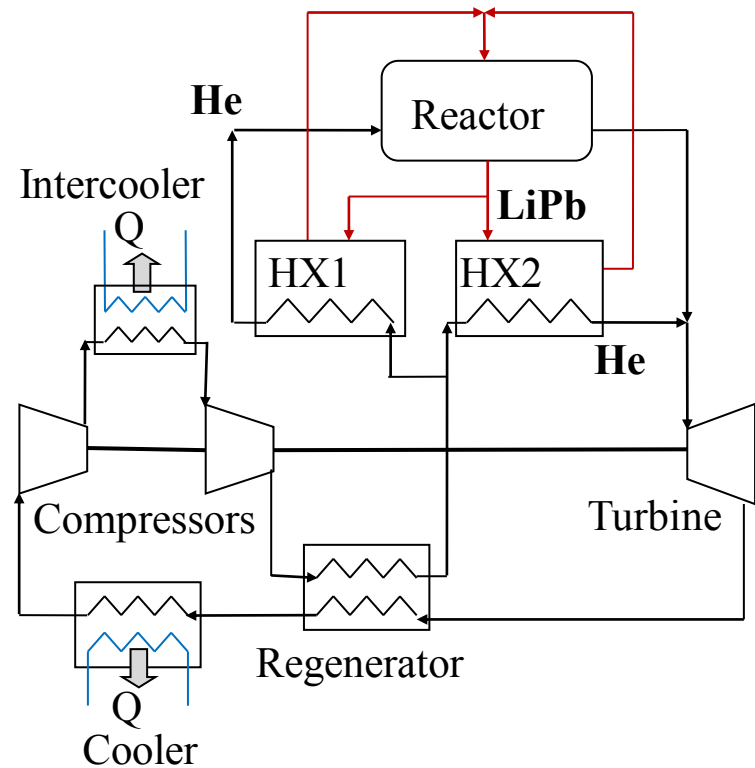
Helium Brayton PC



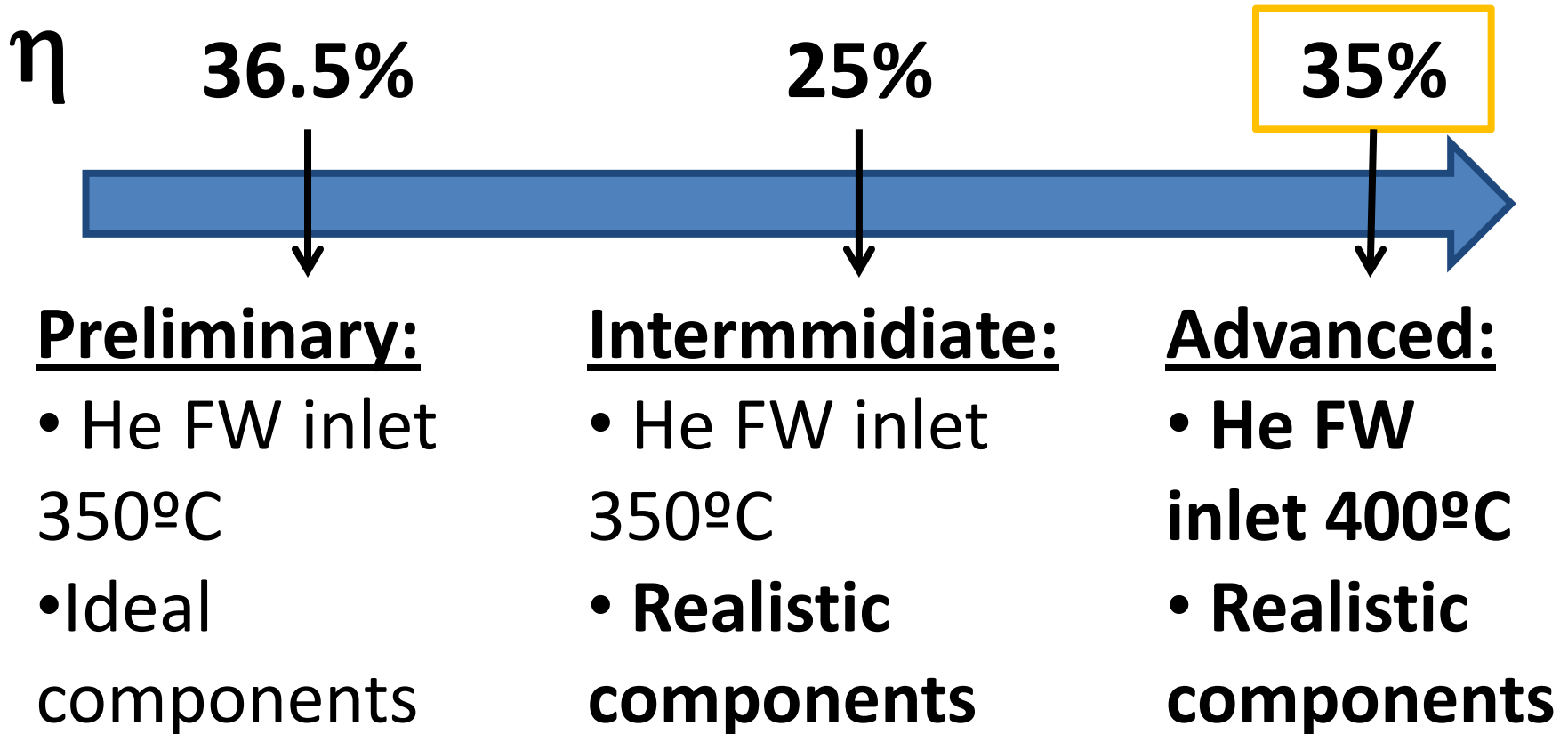
First Wall cooling: branch from the secondary



Helium



Helium Brayton PC



Blanket for HiPER reactor



Self Cooled Lead Lithium Blanket

Advantages:

- Simplicity & reliability
- Low Chemical reactivity
- High TBR
- Online TBR adjustment
- Easy tritium recovery
- Benefit from R&D programs

in MFE

Disadvantages:

- Corrosion with EUROFER
- Heavy blanket
- Tritium spreading