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ON THE ORIGIN OF COGNITIVE DISSONANCE

A thesis presented in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Psychology at Massey University, Manawatu, New Zealand

Peter Clemerson 2016

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For Navina, in gratitude for her loving support and confidence



Abstract

Since Festinger (1957) published his monograph describing Cognitive Dissonance (CD), a wealth of research has led to a widely accepted understanding of its nature and effect on human behaviour. Holding two conflicting cognitions in mind simultaneously results in an aversive feeling which is alleviated when action is taken to resolve the conflict. In many ways, it acts like an aversive emotion though it is not widely regarded as one. Emotions are accepted as products of humanity's evolution over many millions of years. Despite its occasional designation as 'adaptive' and even rarer comparison to emotions, research establishing CD as a product of Darwinian selection pressures is still lacking. In this research, three main hypotheses based upon Darwinian considerations were developed which predicted differential sensitivity to contradictions according to semantic categories. Further minor predictions were made to test relative sensitivities within categories. Verification of the main hypotheses provides clear evidence for a Darwinian explanation for the existence of CD.

Two studies to test the hypotheses were based upon the contradiction paradigm. Over four hundred adults from university premises and shopping mall food courts volunteered to read short stories on a laptop computer screen. Half the stories contained a line contradicting an earlier one. These contradictory stories embraced nine semantic categories of contradiction. As participants successively pressed the space bar to display each story line, their response times were recorded. Predictions specified participants' relative sensitivities to each category of contradiction, indexed by the differential response times of contradictory lines.

Analyses of the response times of all participants combined and male and female participants separately produced confirmations of the main predictions, often with large effect sizes, and a mixture of confirmations and disconfirmations of the minor ones. Some interesting differences between male and female participants emerged for which tentative explanations are offered. The data were further analysed to verify the assumptions upon which the contradiction paradigm is based. In summary, it is claimed that this research establishes CD as a product of Darwinian evolution.



Acknowledgements

I am happy to express my gratitude to the following people:

Dr. Stephen Hill, Massey University Manawatu campus, primary supervisor, for careful and helpful guidance throughout the lengthy period of the research.

Dr. Steven Humphreys, Massey University Wellington campus, initial secondary supervisor, for ensuring that issues of relevance were properly explored.

Dr. Andrew Towers, Massey University Manawatu campus, final secondary supervisor, for ensuring that research disciplines were adhered to and for suggesting stimulating references.

Drs. Alan Winton and Rachel Pond and Ms. Gillian Craven, Massey University Manawatu campus, for allowing me to attend their lectures to recruit their students as participants.

Mr. Malcolm Loudon, Massey University Manawatu campus, for writing data collection programs.

Mr. Harvey Jones, Massey University Manawatu campus, for technical assistance in the provision of SPSS software.

Ms. Tracey Geoghegan, Marketing Coordinator, Johnsonville Mall, DNZ Property Fund Ltd. for permission to approach members of the public for data collection purposes.

Ms. Simone Hadley, Shopping Mall Manager, Precinct Ltd. Wellington, for permission to approach members of the public for data collection purposes.

Ms. Navina Clemerson, for challenging discussions and proof-reading assistance.

Mr. Rowan Clemerson, for computer technical assistance.

Ms. Tamsyn Clemerson-Philips, for participant recruitment.

Mr. Daniel Clemerson-Philips, for participant recruitment.

All the participants, numbering in excess of a thousand, who kindly provided their time to this research without reward and often with enthusiasm.

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List of Abbreviations

ACC Anterior Cingulate Cortex

BAS Behavioural Approach System

BIS Behavioural Inhibition System

BP Before the Present

CAT Computer Aided Tomography

CD Cognitive Dissonance

DLFC Dorsolateral Frontal Cortex

DNA Deoxyribonucleic Acid

EEA Environment of Evolutionary Adaptation

EEG Electro Encephalograph

fMRI Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging

kya Thousands of years ago

LFC Left Frontal Cortex

MMT Meaning Management Model

MRI Magnetic Resonance Imaging

mtDNA Mitochondrial Deoxyribonucleic Acid

mya Millions of years ago

PET Positron Emission Tomography

RFC Right Frontal Cortex

RT Response or Read Time

SRR Survival, Reproduction and Reputation related

SSSM Standard Social Science Model of the mind

TMT Terror Management Theory

WM Working Memory