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Egg White Foam

A thesis presented in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Food Technology at Massey University, Auckland, New Zealand

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Abstract

Egg white is extensively utilized as a functional food material in food processing due to the multiple functional roles of egg white proteins such as foaming, gelling and emulsifying properties. The foaming property of egg white has been widely studied using different methods. In this research, two different foaming methods were used to prepare egg white foams by a whipping method using a standard mix beater and a sparging method using a whipped cream dispenser (pressurized dispenser). Egg white is also commercially available in several different physical forms, such as fresh egg white liquid, frozen fresh egg white liquid (EWL) and spray dried egg white powder (EWP). In this study, EWL and EWP solutions were used to compare their foaming ability and foam stability. Various factors affecting on the formation and stability of egg white foam were investigated to understand their impact on the functional properties of egg white as foaming agents under specific conditions, including whipping time and speed, shaking time, temperature, pH, type and ionic strength of salts, thermal treatment and addition of some ingredients (e.g. sugar and hydrocolloids). All foams produced were analysed on the basis of two different parameters of foam properties, such as foamability after preparation and foam stability with time after foam preparation. Foam stability was also analysed by two different aspects, foam volume stability against foam collapse and foam liquid stability against liquid drainage. Another objective of this study was to investigate the application of cooking egg white foam in a microwave oven after the foam preparation with an aim of developing a prototype of value added new products derived from egg white foam. The microbiological stability of egg white was also measured to determine the shelf stability of non-pasteurised and pasteurised egg white solutions with and without added ingredients against microbial growth. Overall the results obtained in this study provide significant insights into the impact of various factors affecting the formation and stability of egg white foam and the potential application of microwave cooking of egg white foam for applications in various food industries.

Keywords: Egg white foam, foamability, foam stability, whipped cream dispenser, microwave oven, microbial stability

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ABSTRACT	I
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	II
LIST OF FIGURES	VII
LIST OF TABLES	XII
LIST OF APPENDICES	XIV
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	1
CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW	4
2.1 Nutritional composition of eggs	4
2.2 Nutritional value of egg proteins	5
2.3 Digestibility and quality of egg proteins	7
2.4 Microbial safety	9
2.5 Pasteurisation of egg	10
2.5.1 Pasteurisation methods of egg white	
2.6 Structure and composition of egg	13
2.6.1 Egg shell	
2.6.2 Egg yolk	
2.6.3 Egg white	15
2.7 Physicochemical properties of egg white proteins	15
5 00 1	16
2.7.2 Minor albumen proteins	
2.8 Applications of egg components	
2.8.1 Food and non-food applications of eggs	
2.8.2 Food safety applications of egg white proteins	21
2.9 Functional properties of egg white	21
2.9.1 Coagulation (gelation) property	
2.9.2 Emulsification property	
2.9.3 Foaming ability	25
2.10 Egg white foam	
2.10.1 Foam structure	

Table of Contents

2.10.2 Foam production methods	
2.10.3 Foam characterization	
2.10.4 Foam collapse	
2.10.5 Foam stabilisation	
2.11 Factors affecting the properties of egg white foam	
2.11.1 Protein concentration	
2.11.2 Whipping time	
2.11.3 pH and isoelectric point	
2.11.4 Addition of hydrocolloids	
2.11.5 Addition of sucrose	41
2.11.6 Salt (ions) and ionic strength	
2.11.7 Metallic cations	
2.11.8 Small molecule surfactants	
2.11.9 Heat treatment	
2.11.10 High pressure treatment	46
2.12 Preparation of aerated foods	48
2.13 Literature review conclusions	
CHAPTER 3 FORMATION AND PROPERTIES OF EGG WHITE	
CHAPTER 3 FORMATION AND PROPERTIES OF EGG WHITE PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER	
	51
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER	51 51
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER	51 51
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER	
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER 3.1 Introduction 3.2 Materials and Methods 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.2 Preparation of EWL and EWP solutions 3.2.3 Preparation of foams	51 51 52 52 53 53
 PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER	51 51 52 52 53 53
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER 3.1 Introduction 3.1 Introduction 3.2 Materials and Methods 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.2 Preparation of EWL and EWP solutions 3.2.3 Preparation of foams 3.2.4 Analysis of foamability and foam stability 3.2.5 Effects of various factors on egg white foam	51 51 52 52 53 53 53 53 54
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER 3.1 Introduction 3.1 Introduction 3.2 Materials and Methods 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.2 Preparation of EWL and EWP solutions 3.2.3 Preparation of foams 3.2.3 Preparation of foams 3.2.4 Analysis of foamability and foam stability 3.2.5 Effects of various factors on egg white foam 3.2.6 Effects of some ingredients on egg white foam 3.2.6 Effects of some ingredients	51 51 52 52 53 53 53 54 56
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER	51 51 52 52 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 54 56 58
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER 3.1 Introduction 3.1 Introduction 3.2 Materials and Methods 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.2 Preparation of EWL and EWP solutions 3.2.3 Preparation of foams 3.2.3 Preparation of foams 3.2.4 Analysis of foamability and foam stability 3.2.5 Effects of various factors on egg white foam 3.2.6 Effects of some ingredients on egg white foam 3.2.6 Effects of some ingredients	51 51 52 52 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 54 56 58
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER	51 51 52 52 53 53 53 53 54 56 58 60
 PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER. 3.1 Introduction. 3.2 Materials and Methods. 3.2.1 Materials. 3.2.2 Preparation of EWL and EWP solutions. 3.2.3 Preparation of foams	51 51 52 52 53 53 53 53 54 56 58 60 60 60
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER 3.1 Introduction 3.2 Materials and Methods 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.2 Preparation of EWL and EWP solutions 3.2.3 Preparation of foams 3.2.4 Analysis of foamability and foam stability 3.2.5 Effects of various factors on egg white foam 3.2.6 Effects of some ingredients on egg white foam 3.2.7 Analyses of viscosity, turbidity and zeta potential of EWL 3.2.8 Statistical data analysis 3.3.1 Whipping time 3.3.2 Whipping speed	51 51 52 52 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 54 56 56 58 60 60 60 60 60 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER 3.1 Introduction 3.2 Materials and Methods 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.2 Preparation of EWL and EWP solutions 3.2.3 Preparation of foams 3.2.3 Preparation of foams 3.2.4 Analysis of foamability and foam stability 3.2.5 Effects of various factors on egg white foam 3.2.6 Effects of some ingredients on egg white foam 3.2.7 Analyses of viscosity, turbidity and zeta potential of EWL 3.2.8 Statistical data analysis 3.3.1 Whipping time 3.3.2 Whipping speed 3.3.3 Temperature studies using egg white liquid	51 52 52 52 53 53 53 53 54 56 58 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER 3.1 Introduction 3.2 Materials and Methods 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.2 Preparation of EWL and EWP solutions 3.2.3 Preparation of foams 3.2.4 Analysis of foamability and foam stability 3.2.5 Effects of various factors on egg white foam 3.2.6 Effects of some ingredients on egg white foam 3.2.7 Analyses of viscosity, turbidity and zeta potential of EWL 3.2.8 Statistical data analysis 3.3 Results and Discussion 3.3.1 Whipping time 3.3.2 Whipping speed 3.3.3 Temperature studies using egg white liquid 3.3.4 Spray-dried egg white powder	51 52 52 53 53 53 53 54 56 58 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER	51 51 52 52 53 53 53 53 54 56 58 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER 3.1 Introduction 3.2 Materials and Methods 3.2.1 Materials 3.2.2 Preparation of EWL and EWP solutions 3.2.3 Preparation of foams 3.2.4 Analysis of foamability and foam stability 3.2.5 Effects of various factors on egg white foam 3.2.6 Effects of some ingredients on egg white foam 3.2.7 Analyses of viscosity, turbidity and zeta potential of EWL 3.2.8 Statistical data analysis 3.3 Results and Discussion 3.3.1 Whipping time 3.3.2 Whipping speed 3.3.3 Temperature studies using egg white liquid 3.3.4 Spray-dried egg white powder 3.3.5 Egg white protein concentration using egg white powder 3.3.6 Effect of pH of egg white liquid	51 51 52 52 53 53 53 53 54 56 58 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60
PREPARED BY USING A STANDARD MIX BEATER	51 51 52 52 53 53 53 53 54 56 58 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60

3.3.9 Addition of hydrocolloids to egg white liquid solutions	
3.3 Conclusions	91
CHAPTER 4 FORMATION AND CHARACTERISATION OF EGG WHIT FOAMS PRODUCED BY SPARGING METHOD USING A WHIPPED CR DISPENSER	REAM
4.1 Introduction	93
4.2 Materials and Methods	94
4.2.1 Preparation of egg white foams	94
4.2.2 Analysis of foamability and foam stability	
4.2.3 Effects of several factors on foamability and foam stability	
4.2.4 Effect of sucrose and hydrocolloids	
4.2.5 Heat treatment of egg white liquid (EWL)	
4.2.6 Heat treatment of EWL containing hydrocolloids and sucrose	99
4.2.7 Statistical analysis of data	
	400
4.3 Results and Discussion	
4.3.1 Shaking time for egg white powder solution	
4.3.2 Effect of volume of egg white powder (EWP) solution	
4.3.3 Types of egg white raw materials (EWL & EWP)	
 4.3.4 Effect of temperatures of egg white powder solutions (4 and 20°C) 4.3.5 Addition of sucrose at different concentrations 	
4.3.6. Addition of hydrocolloids	
4.3.7 Heat treatment of egg white liquid (EWL)	
4.3.8 Heat treatment of EWL solutions containing hydrocolloids and sucrose	
4.5.8 Heat treatment of EWE solutions containing hydroconolds and sucrose	122
4.3 Conclusions	127
CHAPTER 5 MICROWAVE COOKING OF EGG WHITE FOAMS	129
5.1 Introduction	129
5.2 Materials and Methods	130
5.2.1 Sample preparation and microwave cooking	
5.2.2 Analysis of foamability and foam stability	
5.2.3 Effects of some factors on egg white foam after microwave cooking	
5.2.4 Statistical data analysis	
5.3 Results and Discussion	
5.3.1 Microwave cooking time	
5.3.2 Types and concentration of egg white (EWL and EWP solutions)	
5.3.3 Effect of heat treatment on EWL before foam preparation	143

5.3.4 Addition of single ingredient to EWL	145
5.3.5 Addition of mixtures of different ingredients to EWL	147
5.3.6 Heat treatment of EWL solution with ingredients before foaming	150
5.4 Conclusions	153
CHAPTER 6 MICROBIAL STABILITY OF EGG WHITE LIQUID	155
6.1 Introduction	155
6.2 Materials and Methods	
6.2.1 Sample preparation	156
6.2.2 Analysis of microbial growth	156
6.2.3 Counting colonies	157
6.3 Results and Discussion	157
6.3.1 Non-heat treated EWL solutions	157
6.3.2 Heat treated EWL solutions	159
6.4 Conclusions	160
CHAPTER 7 OVERALL CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION	S 161
REFERENCES	165
APPENDICES	172

List of Figures

Figure 2.1 Structure of egg
Figure 2.2 Foam structure,
Figure 2.3 Typical foam collapses versus time during and after formation
Figure 2.4 Effect of electrical net charge of protein molecules at pH below or above pI on protein interactions
Figure 3.1 Pictures of egg whites in two different forms. (A) Frozen pasteurized egg white liquid (10% w/v protein) after thawing at 4oC and (B) spray dried egg white powder (90.04% protein in dry basis)
Figure 3.2 Effect of whipping time on the foamability of egg white liquid prepared using a standard mixer
Figure 3.3 Stability of (A) foam volume and (B) foam liquid from foams produced by whipping liquid egg white for different times
Figure 3.4 Foamability of liquid egg white produced by whipping at two different speeds using a standard mixer
Figure 3.5 Stability of egg white foams with time after whipping at two different speed levels (speed 3 and 5); (A) foam volume stability and (B) foam liquid stability66
Figure 3.6 Foamability of egg white at two different temperatures
Figure 3.7 Stability of foams produced from egg white solutions at two different solution temperatures (4 and 20°C); foam volume stability (A) and foam liquid stability (B)
Figure 3.8 Foamability of egg white derived from egg white liquid (EWL) and egg white powder (EWP)
Figure 3.9 Comparison of foaming properties between fresh egg white liquid (EWL) and spray-dried egg white powder (EWP); (A) foam volume stability and (B) foam liquid stability
Figure 3.10 Foamability of spray-dried egg white powder (EWP) at different protein concentrations (5, 10, 15 and 20%)
Figure 3.11 Foam stability of egg white at different protein concentrations (5, 10, 15 and 20%) made from EWP. (A) Foam volume stability and (B) foam liquid stability
Figure 3.12 Foamability of EWL solutions at different pH 3-10. Original pH of EWL=pH 8.82
Figure 3.13 Stability of foams produced from EWL solutions at different pH 3-10. Original pH of EWL = pH 8.82. (A) Foam volume stability and (B) foam liquid stability

Figure 3.14 Zeta potentials (ζ) of EWL solutions containing 10% egg white protein at different pH values
Figure 3.15 Pictures of EWL solutions (10% protein) with different pH values78
Figure 3.16 Turbidity of EWL solutions containing 10% protein at different pHs ranging from pH 3 to 10
Figure 3.17 Foamability of EWL solutions added with different concentrations of NaCl at 0-400 mM or CaCl ₂ at 0-100 mM
Figure 3.18 Foam volume stability of egg white foam in the presence of (A) NaCl and (B) CaCl ₂ at different concentrations
Figure 3.19 Foam liquid stability for egg white foam in the presence of (A) NaCl and (B) CaCl ₂ at different concentrations
Figure 3.20 Pictures of liquid egg white solutions containing (A) NaCl and (B) CaCl ₂ at different concentrations
Figure 3.21 Turbidity of EWL solutions containing NaCl and CaCl ₂ at different concentrations which was determined by measuring absorbance at 600 nm
Figure 3.22 Changes in the pH of EWL due to the addition of NaCl and CaCl ₂ at different concentrations
Figure 3.23 Zeta potential of EWL solutions containing NaCl and CaCl ₂ at different concentrations
Figure 3.24 Effect of sucrose on the foamability and form stability of EWL; (A) foamability, (B) foam volume stability and (C) foam liquid stability against drainage
Figure 3.25 Effects of hydrocolloids on the foamability and foam stability of EWL89
Figure 3.26 Comparison between xanthan gum (XG) and guar gum (GG) for their effect on the stability of foam volume and foam liquid drainage of egg white foam produced at different concentrations (0.01, 0.02 and 0.04%)90
Figure 3.27 Viscosities of EWL solutions with and without added hydrocolloids90
Figure 4.1 Pictures of egg white foams produced from EWL solution using a whipped cream dispenser
Figure 4.2 Egg white foam appearance after shaking different numbers of times made from EWP at 10% (w/v, protein); (A) 10, (B) 20, (C) 30, (D) 40, and (E) 50 times.
Figure 4.3 The volume of foams produced by a gas sparging method (whipped cream dispenser) after shaking EWP solution for different times (10– 50 times)
Figure 4.4 Stability of EWP foams produced by a gas sparging method after shaking for different times (0-50 times); (A) foam volume stability and (B) foam liquid stability

Figure 4.5 Changes to stability of foam volume (A, B, C and D) and foam liquid (E, F, G and H) over time after foam preparation. Foams were prepared by gas sparging in a whipped cream dispenser after shaking different volumes of EWP solution, for different times (10-50 times)
Figure 4.6 Appearance of foams prepared from (A) 50 ml of egg white liquid (EWL) and (B) 50 ml of egg white powder (EWP) solution by gas sparging using a whipped cream dispenser after shaking for 20 times
Figure 4.7 Foamability of EWL and EWP solutions produced by gas sparging using whipped cream dispenser
Figure 4.8. Stability of foams prepared with EWL and EWP solutions after shaking for 20 times with 50 ml solution; (A) foam volume stability and (B) foam liquid stability
Figure 4.9. Foamability of EWP solution at two different temperatures of 4 and 20°C.
Figure 4.10 Stability of foams prepared from EWP solution at two different temperatures 4 and 20°C: (A) foam volume stability and (B) foam liquid stability.
Figure 4.11 Pictures of foams from egg white powder solutions containing different concentrations of protein and sucrose
Figure 4.12 Effects of concentrations of sucrose and protein on (A) foamability, (B) foam volume stability and (C) foam liquid stability of foams produced from 100 ml of egg white powder (EWP) solutions after shaking 20 times
Figure 4.13 Foamability of EWP solutions (10% protein; 4 and 20°C) prepared from EWP with three different types of hydrocolloids at different concentrations114
Figure 4.14 Pictures of foams prepared from EWP solutions mixed with three different types of hydrocolloids at different combinations and concentrations
Figure 4.15 Stability of foam volume and foam liquid of egg white foams prepared, at two different temperatures, from solutions of egg white powder mixed with hydrocolloids at different concentrations
Figure 4.16 Egg white liquid (EWL) solutions containing 10% protein after heat treatment at different temperatures
Figure 4.17 Changes in the turbidity of egg white liquids after heat treatment at different temperatures which was determined by measuring absorbance at 600 nm
Figure 4.18 Pictures of egg white liquid (EWL) containing 10% protein after heat treatment at different temperatures; (A) 58°C for 3.5 min, (B) 60°C for 2 min and (C) 63°C for 2 min.

Figure 4.19 Foamability and foam stability of foams produced from EWL solutions after heat treatment at 20, 58, 60 and 63°C which were shaken for 20 times; (A) foamability, (B) foam volume stability and (C) foam liquid stability121
 Figure 4.20 Images of EWL samples taken 1 hr after heat treatment at 58°C for 3.5 min (A and D), 60°C for 2 min (B and E) and 63°C for 2 min (C and F) in the absence (A, B and C) and presence of ingredient mixture (sucrose, hydrocolloids, citric acid) (D, E and F).
Figure 4.21 Effect of heat-treatment of EWL containing ingredients (sucrose, hydrocolloids, citric acid) at different temperatures (20, 58, 60 and 63°C) on (A) foamability, (B) foam volume stability and (C) foam liquid stability
 Figure 4.22 Foam stability of egg whites with and without added ingredients. The egg white solutions mixed with ingredients were heat-treated at different temperatures (20, 58, 60 and 63°C) prior to foaming. Foam volume stability (A, B, C and D) and foam liquid stability (E, F, G and H).
Figure 5.1 Effect of microwave cooking on the foam volume of egg white foam produced from EWL as a function of cooking times (10, 20, 30 and 40 s)135
Figure 5.2 Correlation between microwave cooking time and foam volume increase. 136
Figure 5.3 Correlation between microwave cooking time and loss of moisture from EWL foam due to evaporation
Figure 5.4 Effect of microwave cooking on the foam stability of egg white foam produced from EWL as a function of cooking times (10, 20, 30 and 40 s); (A) foam volume stability and (B) foam liquid stability
Figure 5.5 Digital images of egg white foams prepared from EWL solutions and then cooked in the microwave oven for different times (A) 10 s, (B) 20 s, (C) 30 s and (D) 40 s
Figure 5.6 Foam volume for different types of egg white solutions at different protein concentrations
Figure 5.7 Loss of moisture from egg white foams prepared from EWL (10% protein) and EWP (10 and 20% protein) during cooking in the microwave for different times (10, 20, 30 and 40 s)
Figure 5.8 Correlation between microwave cooking time and loss of moisture from foam during cooking in the microwave oven due to evaporation; (A) EWP foam at 10% protein and (B) EWP foam at 20% protein
Figure 5.9 Foam stability of egg white foams prepared from EWL (10% w/v protein) and EWP solutions (10 and 20% w/v protein) after cooking in the microwave oven for different times (10, 20, 30 and 40 s). Foam volume stability (A, C and E) and foam liquid stability (B, D and F)

Figure 5.10 Foam appearance after cooking in the microwave oven for different times (10, 20, 30 and 40 s). Egg white foams prepared from EWP solutions containing 10% protein (A, B, C and D) and 20% protein (E, F, G and H)
Figure 5.11 Effect of heat treatment of EWL solution at 20, 58, 60 and 63°C, prior to making foam on the foam volume (A), foam volume stability (B) and foam liquid stability (C) of foams after cooking in the microwave for 30 s
Figure 5.12 Effects of addition of some ingredients on the foam volume (A), foam volume stability (B) and foam liquid stability (C) of EWL foams after cooking in the microwave oven for 30 s
Figure 5.13 Effect of addition of mixtures of different ingredients into EWL solution on the foam volume (A), foam volume stability (B) and foam liquid stability (C) of foams after microwave cooking for 30 s
Figure 5.14 Effects of heat treatment at 20, 58, 60 and 63°C of EWL solution containing ingredients (20% sucrose, 0.05% citric acid, 0.04% XG, 0.04% GG, 0.04% LBG and 2% GA) on the foam volume (A), foam volume stability (B) and foam liquid stability (C) of foams after microwave cooking for 30 s

List of Tables

Table 2.1 Composition of egg white, egg yolk and whole egg excluding the shell4
Table 2.2 Vitamin and mineral compositions of egg white, egg yolk and whole egg5
Table 2.3 The content of protein in major foods in the human diet
Table 2.4 The recommended dietary allowances of proteins for healthy people6
Table 2.5 Digestibility of food proteins from different sources
Table 2.6 The content of essential amino acids in egg white, egg yolk and whole egg9
Table 2.7 Percentage of amino acids in egg white protein. 9
Table 2.8 Compositions of two fractions (granules and plasma) of egg yolk15
Table 2.9 Physicochemical properties of egg white proteins
Table 2.10 Some characterisation methods used to analyse foam bubble and rheological properties of foam. 32
Table 3.1 Preparation of EWL containing NaCl at different concentrations57
Table 3.2 Preparation of EWL containing CaCl ₂ at different concentrations57
Table 3.3 Formulation for EWL with sucrose at different concentrations. 58
Table 3.4 Formulations for EWL solutions with hydrocolloid (HC), such as xanthan gum (XG), guar gum (GG) and gum arabic (GA), at different concentrations59
Table 4.1 EWP solutions containing different concentrations of sucrose and protein formulated to make foams using a cream whipper
Table 4.2 Formulations of EWP solutions containing a mixture of three types ofhydrocolloids at different concentrations
Table 4.3 Time taken for EWL solutions (8 ml) to reach from 20°C to a desired temperature (30-60°C) using a 60°C water bath
Table 4.4 Heat treatment of EWL at different temperatures for different times
Table 4.5 Formulation of EWL with ingredients 99
Table 4.6 Foamability (%) of different volumes of EWL produced through gas sparging after shaking different times. 103
Table 5.1 Formulations of EWL with single ingredient at different concentrations132
Table 5.2 Seven different formulations of EWL solutions with different ingredients133
Table 7.1 Aerobic plate counts in non-heat treated EWL samples with and without added ingredients. 158

Table 7.2 Plate counts for thermophiles during 8 weeks storage at 4°C from EWL
samples heat-treated at two different temperatures (58°C for 3.5 min and 60°C for 2
min)160

List of Appendices

Appendix 1 Foamability (%) for EWL foams produced at different whipping speeds (3 and 5) using the whipping method
Appendix 2 Foamability (%) for egg white foams prepared from EWL solutions at two different temperatures (4°C and 20°C) using the whipping method
Appendix 3 Foam volume stability (%) for egg white foams prepared from EWP solutions with different protein concentrations (5, 10, 15 and 20%) using whipping method
Appendix 4 Foamability (%) of egg white foams prepared from EWL solutions with different pH values using the whipping method
Appendix 5 Foam volume stability (%) of egg white foams prepared from EWL solutions with different pH values using the whipping method
Appendix 6 Foam liquid stability (%) for egg white foams prepared from EWL solutions with different pH values using whipping method
Appendix 7 Zeta <i>p</i> otential for EWL solutions at different pH values using Zetasizer Nano ZS90173
Appendix 8 Foamability (%) of egg white foam prepared from EWL solutions after mixing with sodium chloride (NaCl) and calcium chloride (CaCl ₂) at different concentrations by using whipping method
Appendix 9 Foam volume stability (%) for egg white foams prepared from EWL solutions with sodium chloride (NaCl) at different concentrations by using the whipping method
Appendix 10 Foam volume stability (%) for egg white foam prepared from EWP solutions with different volumes (50, 100, 200 and 400 ml), which were shaken for different times (10, 20, 30, 40 & 50 times) using the sparging method
Appendix 11 Foam liquid stability (%) for egg white foam prepared from EWP solutions with different volumes (50, 100, 200 and 400ml), which were shaken for different times (10, 20, 30, 40 and 50 times) using the sparging method175
Appendix 12 Foamability (%) for egg white foam prepared from different types of egg white solutions using the sparging method and cooked in a microwave oven for different times (10, 20, 30 and 40 sec); solutions were EWL (10% w/v protein) and EWP solutions (10% & 20% w/w protein)
Appendix 13 Foam volume stability (%) for egg white foam prepared from different types of egg white solutions using the sparging method and cooked in a microwave oven for different times (10, 20, 30, & 40 sec); solutions are EWL (10% w/v protein) and EWP solutions (10% & 20% w/w protein)