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# Bis[N-2-hydroxyethyl,N-methyldithiocarbamato$\left.\kappa^{2} S, S\right)^{\prime}-4$ - $\{[($ pyridin-4-yImethylidene)hydrazinyl-idene\}methyl]pyridine- $\kappa N^{1}$ )zinc(II): crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis 

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In the title compound, $\left[\mathrm{Zn}\left(\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{NOS}_{2}\right)_{2}\left(\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{4}\right)\right]$, the $\mathrm{Zn}^{\text {II }}$ atom exists within a $\mathrm{NS}_{4}$ donor set defined by two chelating dithiocarbamate ligands and a pyridyl$N$ atom derived from a terminally bound 4-pyridinealdazine ligand. The distorted coordination geometry tends towards square-pyramidal with the pyridyl-N atom occupying the apical position. In the crystal, hydroxyl-O$\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ (hydroxyl) and hydroxyl- $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ (pyridyl) hydrogen-bonding give rise to a supramolecular double-chain along [11 0$]$; methyl- $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ (chelate ring) interactions help to consolidate the chain. The chains are connected into a threedimensional architecture via pyridyl-C-H..O(hydroxyl) interactions. In addition to the contacts mentioned above, the Hirshfeld surface analysis points to the significance of relatively weak $\pi-\pi$ interactions between pyridyl rings [inter-centroid distance $=3.901$ (3) Å].

## 1. Chemical context

In the realm of coordination polymers/metal-organic framework structures, bridging bipyridyl ligands have proven most effective in connecting metal centres. This is equally true in the construction of coordination polymers of cadmium(II) dithiocarbamates, $\mathrm{Cd}\left(\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN} R_{2}\right)_{2}, R=$ alkyl. Thus, one-dimensional polymers have been found in the crystals of $\left[\mathrm{Cd}\left(\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN} R_{2}\right)_{2}(N N)\right]_{n}$ in cases where $R=\mathrm{Et}$ and $N N=1,2-$ bis(4-pyridyl)ethylene (Chai et al., 2003), $R=\mathrm{Et}$ and $N N=1,2-$ bis(4-pyridyl)ethane (Avila et al., 2006) and $R=$ Benz, $N N=$ 4,4'-bipyridyl (Fan et al., 2007). In an extension of these studies, hydrogen-bonding functionality, in the form of hydroxyethyl groups was included in at least one of the $R$ groups of $\mathrm{Cd}\left(\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN} R_{2}\right)_{2}$. It was of some surprise that coordination polymers based on $\mathrm{Cd} \leftarrow \mathrm{N}$ dative bonds were not formed as the putative bridging $N N$ ligand was terminally bound. The first example of this phenomenon was noted in a compound closely related to the title compound, i.e. $\left.\mathrm{Cd}\left[\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}(n-\mathrm{Pr}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right)\right]_{2}$ (4-pyridinealdazine) $2_{2}$ (Broker \& Tiekink, 2011), for which both potentially bidentate ligands are monodentate. The non-coordinating pyridyl-N atoms participate in hydroxyl- $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ (pyridyl) hydrogen-bonds. In another interesting example, regardless of the stoichiometry of the reaction between $\mathrm{Cd}\left[\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}(i-\mathrm{Pr}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right]_{2}$ and 1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethylene, i.e. 1:2, 1:1 and 2:1, only the binuclear compound $\left.\left\{\mathrm{Cd}\left[\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}(i-\mathrm{Pr}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right)\right]_{2}\right\}_{2}[1,2-$ bis(4-pyridyl)ethylene $]_{3}$, featuring one bridging and two
terminally bound 1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethylene ligands, could be isolated (Jotani et al., 2016). Finally, in an unprecedented result, the original binuclear $\left\{\mathrm{Cd}\left[\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}(i-\mathrm{Pr}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right]_{2}\right\}_{2}$ aggregate was retained in the structure of $\left[\left\{\mathrm{Cd}\left[\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}(i-\right.\right.\right.$ $\left.\left.\mathrm{Pr}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right]_{2}\right\}_{2}$ (3-pyridinealdazine) $]_{2}$ with two terminally bound 3-pyridinealdazine ligands (Arman et al., 2016). This is unusual as there are no precedents of adduct formation by the zinc-triad dithiocarbamates that resulted in the retention of the original binuclear core (Tiekink, 2003).


By contrast to the chemistry described above for cadmium dithiocarbamates, no polymeric structures have been observed for zinc analogues with potentially bridging bipyridyl molecules. Instead, only binuclear compounds of the general formula $\left[\mathrm{Zn}\left(\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN} R R^{\prime}\right)_{2}\right]_{2}(N N)$, i.e. $R=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ and $R^{\prime}=$ Me , Et or $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ for $N N=4,4^{\prime}$-bipyridyl (Benson et al., 2007), $R=R^{\prime}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ and $N N=$ pyrazine (Jotani et al., 2017), and $R=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ and $R^{\prime}=$ Me for $N N=$ (3-pyridyl)$\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{C}(=Y) \mathrm{C}(=Y) \mathrm{N}(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ (3-pyridyl) where $Y=\mathrm{O}$ (Poplaukhin \& Tiekink, 2010) and $Y=\mathrm{S}$ (Poplaukhin et al., 2012). There are also several all-alkyl species adopting the binuclear motif with a notable example being the product of the reaction of $\left[\mathrm{Zn}\left(\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN} R_{2}\right)_{2}\right]_{2}$ with an excess of 1,2-bis(4pyridyl)ethylene in which the binuclear species co-crystallized with an uncoordinated molecule of 1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethylene

Table 1
Selected geometric parameters ( $\left(\AA^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}\right.$ ).

| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 1$ | $2.4152(12)$ | $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 4$ | $2.5162(11)$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 2$ | $2.5152(11)$ | $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{N} 3$ | $2.068(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 3$ | $2.3890(12)$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 3$ | $136.48(4)$ | $\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 4$ | $155.56(4)$ |

(Lai \& Tiekink, 2003). This difference in behaviour, i.e. polymer formation for cadmium but not for zinc dithiocarbamates, is explained in terms of the larger size of cadmium versus zinc, which enables cadmium to increase its coordination number. In continuation of our studies in this area, the title compound, $\left.\mathrm{Zn}\left[\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}(\mathrm{Me}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right)\right]_{2}$ (4-pyridinealdazine), (I), was isolated and shown to feature a terminally bound 4-pyridinealdazine ligand. Herein, its crystal and molecular structures are described as is an analysis of the calculated Hirshfeld surface.

## 2. Structural commentary

The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1 and selected geometric parameters are given in Table 1. The zinc(II) atom is coordinated by two chelating dithiocarbamate ligands and a nitrogen atom derived from a monodentate 4-pyridinealdazine ligand. There are relatively small differences in the


Figure 1
The molecular structure of (I), showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the $50 \%$ probability level.

Table 2
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA{ }^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}$ ).
$C g 1$ is the centroid of the $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{S} 1 / \mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{C} 1$ ring.

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O}_{1}-\mathrm{H} 1 O \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.85(5)$ | $1.92(5)$ | $2.721(5)$ | $158(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{H} 2 O \cdots \mathrm{~N}^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $0.84(4)$ | $1.95(4)$ | $2.769(5)$ | $163(5)$ |
| C20-H20 $^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | 0.95 | 2.32 | $3.233(6)$ | 162 |
| $\mathrm{C}^{2}-\mathrm{H} 6 B \cdots \mathrm{Cg} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.99 | 2.59 | $3.540(4)$ | 162 |

Symmetry codes:
$-x, y-\frac{3}{2},-z+\frac{1}{2}$.
(i) $-x,-y+1,-z+1$;
(ii) $-x+1,-y-1,-z+1$;
(iii)
$\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S}$ bond lengths formed by each dithiocarbamate ligand, i.e. $\Delta \mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S}=\left(\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S}_{\text {long }}-\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S}_{\text {short }}\right)=0.10 \AA$ for the $\mathrm{S} 1-$ dithiocarbamate ligand which increases to $c a 0.12 \AA$ for the second ligand. This symmetric mode of coordination is reflected in the equivalence of the associated $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{S}$ bond lengths. The resulting $\mathrm{NS}_{4}$ donor set is highly distorted as shown by the value of $\tau$ of 0.32 which is intermediate between ideal square-pyramidal $(\tau=0.0)$ and trigonal-bipyramidal ( $\tau=$ 1.0 ) geometries (Addison et al., 1984) but, with a tendency towards the former. In the square-pyramidal description, the zinc(II) centre lies 0.7107 (7) A out of the plane defined by the
four sulfur atoms [r.m.s. deviation $=0.1790 \AA$ ] in the direction of the pyridyl-N atom. The dihedral angle between the best plane through the four sulfur atoms and the coordinating pyridyl residue is $84.82(9)^{\circ}$, consistent with a nearly symmetric perpendicular relationship. The 4-pyridinealdazine molecule has an all-trans conformation and is essentially planar as seen in the dihedral angle of $2.7(3)^{\circ}$ formed between the rings.

## 3. Supramolecular features

Both conventional and non-conventional hydrogen-bonding interactions feature in the crystal of (I), Table 2. Hydroxyl-$\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ (hydroxyl) hydrogen-bonds between centrosymmetrically related molecules lead to 28 -membered $\left\{\cdots \mathrm{HOC}_{2} \mathrm{NCSZnSCNC}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right\}_{2}$ synthons. On either side of this aggregate are hydroxyl- $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ (pyridyl) hydrogen bonds leading to centrosymmetric 40-membered $\left\{\cdots \mathrm{HOC}_{2} \mathrm{NCSZnNC}_{4} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right\}_{2}$ synthons. The result is a supramolecular double-chain with the appearance of a ladder that extends along [1 $\overline{1} 0]$, Fig. $2 a$. Within the chains there are notable methylene- $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ (chelate ring) interactions,

(a)

(b)


Figure 2
Molecular packing for (I): (a) the supramolecular double chain sustained by $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen-bonding, shown as orange and blue, dashed lines, respectively, $(b)$ a view of the immediate environment of one chain down the direction of propagation highlighting the role of $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interactions (purple dashed lines) in sustaining the three-dimensional architecture and $(c)$ a view of the unit-cell contents in projection down the $b$ axis.

Table 3
Summary of short inter-atomic contacts ( $\AA$ ) in (I).

| Contact | Distance | Symmetry operation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{H} 1 O \cdots \mathrm{H} 2 O$ | $2.21(7)$ | $-x, 1-y, 1-z$ |
| $\mathrm{H} 4 B \cdots \mathrm{H} 13$ | 2.30 | $-x, \frac{1}{2}+y, \frac{1}{2}-z$ |
| $\mathrm{Zn} \cdots \mathrm{C} 6$ | $3.835(4)$ | $-x, 1-y, 1-z$ |
| $\mathrm{Zn} \cdots \mathrm{H} 6 B$ | 3.00 | $-x, 1-y, 1-z$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 6 B$ | 2.88 | $-x, 1-y, 1-z$ |
| $\mathrm{~S} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 6 B$ | 2.92 | $-x, 1-y, 1-z$ |
| $\mathrm{~S} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 15$ | 2.98 | $x, 1+y, z$ |
| $\mathrm{~S} 2 \cdots \mathrm{H} 7 B$ | 2.89 | $-x,-y, 1-z$ |
| $\mathrm{~S} 4 \cdots \mathrm{C} 14$ | $3.217(4)$ | $x, 1+y, z$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \cdots \mathrm{H} 4 A$ | 2.88 | $-x,-\frac{1}{2}+y, \frac{1}{2}-z$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5 \cdots \mathrm{H} 18$ | 2.77 | $1-x, 1-y, 1-z$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 18 \cdots \mathrm{H} 2 O$ | $2.89(5)$ | $1-x, 1-y, 1-z$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 19 \cdots \mathrm{H} 2 O$ | $2.85(4)$ | $1-x, 1-y, 1-z$ |
| $\mathrm{~N} 5 \cdots \mathrm{H} 8 A$ | 2.73 | $1-x,-y, 1-z$ |

Table 2, which are garnering greater attention in the chemical crystallographic community (Tiekink, 2017). While the hydroxyl-O2 atom participates in acceptor $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and donor $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen-bonds, the O 1 atom only forms a $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen-bond. This being stated, this atom accepts a close pyridyl- $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ interaction so that each chain is associated with four other chains. As seen from Fig. 2b, the surrounding chains are inclined by approximately $90^{\circ}$ and have orientations orthogonal to the reference chain. In this manner, a three-dimensional architecture is constructed as illustrated in Fig. 2c.

## 4. Hirshfeld surface analysis

Additional insight into the intermolecular interactions influential in the crystal of (I) was obtained from an analysis of the Hirshfeld surfaces which were calculated in accord with a recent publication on related zinc dithiocarbamate compounds (Jotani et al., 2017). On the Hirshfeld surface mapped over $d_{\text {norm }}$, Fig. 3, the donors and acceptors of the $\mathrm{O}-$ $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen-bonds are viewed as brightred spots near hydroxyl- $\mathrm{H} 1 O, \mathrm{H} 2 O$, hydroxyl-O2 and pyridylN6 atoms, located largely at the extremes of the molecule. The


Figure 3
Two views of the Hirshfeld surface for (I) mapped over $d_{\text {norm }}$ in the range -0.400 to 1.552 au .

Table 4
Percentage contributions of inter-atomic contacts to the Hirshfeld surfaces for (I).

| Contact | Percentage contribution |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{H}$ | 44.6 |
| $\mathrm{~S} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ | 15.4 |
| $\mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ | 13.1 |
| $\mathrm{~N} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ | 10.2 |
| $\mathrm{O} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ | 6.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ | 2.8 |
| $\mathrm{~S} \cdots \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{N} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ | 2.8 |
| $\mathrm{~S} \cdots \mathrm{~S}$ | 1.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{S} / \mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ | 1.2 |
| $\mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{N} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ | 1.0 |
| $\mathrm{Zn} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Zn}$ | 0.6 |
| $\mathrm{Zn} \cdots \mathrm{S} / \mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{Zn}$ | 0.1 |

presence of bright-red spots near the H 1 O and H 2 O atoms in Fig. 3 are also indicative of short inter-atomic $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{H}$ and C $\cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ contacts, see Table 3. The diminutive-red spots near the methyl-C14, sulfur-S4, pyridyl-H20 and hydroxyl-O1 atoms characterize the influence of short inter-atomic C...S/ $\mathrm{S} \cdot \mathrm{C}$ contacts, Table 3, and intermolecular pyridine-C20$\mathrm{H} 20 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1$ interactions. The donors and acceptors of the above intermolecular interactions are also represented with blue and red regions on the Hirshfeld surface mapped over electrostatic potential shown in Fig. 4. The immediate environments about a reference molecule within $d_{\text {norm }}$-mapped Hirshfeld surface highlighting intermolecular $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ and $\mathrm{C}-$ $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$, short inter-atomic C $\cdots \mathrm{S} / \mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ contacts, $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions and $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ (chelate) interactions are illustrated in Fig. 5a-c, respectively.

The overall two dimensional fingerprint plot, Fig. $6 a$, and those delineated into $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$, $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{S} / \mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ and $\mathrm{Zn} \cdots \mathrm{H} /$ $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Zn}$ contacts (McKinnon et al., 2007) are illustrated in Fig. $6 b-i$, respectively; the relative contributions from different inter-atomic contacts to the Hirshfeld surfaces are summarized in Table 4. The pair of adjacent short spikes at


Figure 4
Two views of the Hirshfeld surface for (I) mapped over the electrostatic potential in the range $\pm 0.151$ au. The red and blue regions represent negative and positive electrostatic potentials, respectively.


Figure 5
Views of Hirshfeld surface mapped over $d_{\text {norm }}$ about a reference molecule showing (a) intermolecular $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ and $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interactions as black dashed lines, $(b)$ short inter-atomic $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ contacts and $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions as black and red lines, respectively ( H atoms are omitted) and (c) $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ (chelate) interactions through short inter-atomic contacts involving the methylene- $\mathrm{H} 6 B$ atom with the $\mathrm{Zn}, \mathrm{S} 1$ and C 1 atoms of the chelate ring as black dashed lines.


Figure 6
The full two-dimensional fingerprint plot for (I) and fingerprint plots delineated into $(b) \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{H},(c) \mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{C},(d) \mathrm{N} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N},(e) \mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S},(f)$ $\mathrm{O} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O},(g) \mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{C}$, ( $h$ ) $\mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{S} / \mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ and (i) $\mathrm{Zn} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Zn}$ contacts.


Figure 7
Two views of Hirshfeld surface mapped over curvedness showing flat regions over pyridyl-(N3,C9-C13) and (N6, C15-C20) rings with labels 1 and $\mathbf{2}$, respectively.
$d_{\mathrm{e}}+d_{\mathrm{i}} \sim 2.2 \AA$ flanked by the broad spikes with tips at $d_{\mathrm{e}}+d_{\mathrm{i}}$ $\sim 2.3 \AA$ in the fingerprint plot delineated into $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{H}$ contacts are due to short inter-atomic $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{H}$ contacts, Fig. $6 b$. The forceps-like tips at $d_{\mathrm{e}}+d_{\mathrm{i}} \sim 2.8 \AA$ in the fingerprint plot delineated into $\mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ contacts, Fig. $6 c$, are due to the presence of some short inter-atomic contacts involving these atoms, Table 3. The effect of the intermolecular C$\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ (chelate) interactions is also reflected by the short interatomic contacts formed by the methylene-C6 with the Zn atom, and methylene- $\mathrm{H} 6 B$ with the $\mathrm{Zn}, \mathrm{S} 1$ and C 1 atoms of the chelate ring, Fig. $6 c, 6 e, 6 i$, and Table 2. The two pairs of adjacent long spikes on the fingerprint plots delineated into $\mathrm{N} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ and $\mathrm{O} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ contacts, Fig. $6 d$ and $6 f$, with the pair of tips at $d_{\mathrm{e}}+d_{\mathrm{i}} \sim 2.0 \AA$ and $d_{\mathrm{e}}+d_{\mathrm{i}} \sim 1.9 \AA$, respectively, indicate the presence of conventional $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen-bonds in the structure. The points corresponding to short inter-atomic $\mathrm{N} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ contacts, Table 3, are merged within the plot in Fig. 6d. The pattern of aligned green points superimposed on the forceps-like distribution of blue points in the $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ delineated fingerprint plot in Fig. $6 e$ characterize the presence of short interatomic $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ contacts, Table 3, and C $-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ (chelate) interactions, Fig. $5 c$. The $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interactions appear as the distribution of points in the short parabolic form attached to each of the spikes on the outer side of fingerprint plot delineated into $\mathrm{O} \cdots \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ contacts, Fig. $6 f$, with $\left(d_{\mathrm{e}}+d_{\mathrm{i}}\right)_{\text {min }}$ $\sim 2.3 \AA$. The parabolic distribution of points in the $\left(d_{\mathrm{e}}=d_{\mathrm{i}}\right)$ $\sim 1.8-2.0 \AA$ range in the fingerprint plot delineated into $\mathrm{C} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ contacts, Fig. $6 g$, indicate the existence of weak $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions between the pyridyl-(N3,C9-C13) and (N6, C15$\mathrm{C} 20)^{\mathrm{i}}$ rings $\left[C g \cdots C g^{\mathrm{i}}=3.901(3) \AA\right.$; symmetry code: $(\mathrm{i})=x$, $1+y, z]$. This observation is also viewed as the flat region around these rings in the Hirshfeld surfaces mapped over curvedness in Fig. 7. Both the C‥S/S $\cdots \mathrm{C}$ and $\mathrm{Zn} \cdots \mathrm{H} /$ $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Zn}$ contacts make small but discernible contributions of 1.2 and $0.6 \%$ to the Hirshfeld surface, respectively, which are manifested as the pair of the short spikes in the centre of Fig. $6 h$, with their tips at $d_{\mathrm{e}}+d_{\mathrm{i}} \sim 3.2 \AA$, and wings in Fig. $6 i$. The low contribution from other contacts summarized in Table 4 have no significant influence on the molecular packing owing to their long separations.

## 5. Database survey

A search of the Cambridge Structural Database (Version 5.38, May 2017 update; Groom et al., 2016) showed there were over 145 examples of metal complexes/main-group element compounds containing the 4-pyridinealdazine molecule. Bridging modes were observed in both cadmium(II) (Lai \& Tiekink, 2006) and nickel(II) (e.g. Berdugo \& Tiekink, 2009) dithiophosphate $\left[{ }^{-} \mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{OR})_{2}\right]$ derivatives, indicating bridging modes are possible in the presence of 1,1-dithiolate co-ligands. There were six examples of structures where 4-pyridinealdazine was present in the crystal but was non-coordinating, and two where the ligand was terminally bound as in (I), i.e. the cadmium analogue of (I) and in a structure particularly worth highlighting as both a terminally bound ligand as well as a non-coordinating molecule of 4-pyridinealdazine are present, namely $\left[\mathrm{Zn}\left(\mathrm{OH}_{2}\right)_{2}[\mathrm{O}(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{Me}]_{2}\right.$ (4-pyridinealdazine $\left.)_{2}\right]\left(\mathrm{ClO}_{4}\right)_{2} \cdot 4$-pyridinealdazine, $\quad 1.72 \mathrm{MeOH}, \quad 1.28 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (Shoshnik et al., 2005). In summary, the 4-pyridinealdazine molecule is usually found to be bridging, a conclusion vindicated by this mode of coordination being observed in about $95 \%$ of structures having 4-pyridinealdazine. While one might be tempted to ascribe the unusual behaviour of 4-pyridinealdazine in (I) and the cadmium(II) analogue to the influence of hydrogen-bonding associated with the dithiocarbamate ligand, it is salutatory to recall that the sole example of a monodentate bipyridyl ligand is found in the structure of $\mathrm{Zn}\left[\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}(n-\mathrm{Pr})_{2}\right]_{2}\left(4,4^{\prime}\right.$-bipyridyl) (Klevtsova et al., 2001), where there is no possibility of conventional hydrogenbonding interactions; the binuclear species, $\left\{\mathrm{Zn}\left[\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}(n\right.\right.$ -$\left.\left.\operatorname{Pr})_{2}\right]_{2}\right\}_{2}\left(4,4^{\prime}\right.$-bipyridyl), was characterized in the same study.

## 6. Synthesis and crystallization

Compound (I) was prepared following the standard literature procedure whereby the $1: 1$ reaction of $\mathrm{Zn}\left[\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}(\mathrm{Me}) \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right]_{2}$ (Howie et al., 2008) and 4-pyridinealdazine (Sigma Aldrich). Yellow crystals of (I) were obtained from the slow evaporation of a chloroform/acetonitrile (3/1) solution.

## 7. Refinement details

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 5. The carbon-bound H atoms were placed in calculated positions $(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.95-0.99 \AA$ ) and were included in the refinement in the riding-model approximation, with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})$ set to $1.2-1.5 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C})$. The O -bound H atoms were located in a difference-Fourier map but were refined with distance restraint of $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}=0.84 \pm 0.01 \AA$, and with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})$ set to $1.5 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{O})$.

## Acknowledgements

We thank Sunway University for support of biological and crystal engineering studies of metal dithiocarbamates.

Table 5
Experimental details.

| Crystal data |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Chemical formula | $\left.\left[\mathrm{Zn}\left(\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{NOS}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{4}\right)\right]$ |
| $M_{\mathrm{r}}$ | 576.08 |
| Crystal system, space group | Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$ |
| Temperature (K) | 153 |
| $a, b, c(\AA)$ | $11.499(4), 8.5710(19), 25.945(7)$ |
| $\beta\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | $95.515(8)$ |
| $V\left(\AA^{3}\right)$ | $2545.3(13)$ |
| $Z$ | 4 |
| Radiation type | Mo $\mathrm{K} \alpha$ |
| $\mu\left(\mathrm{mm}^{-1}\right)$ | 1.32 |
| Crystal size $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $0.40 \times 0.18 \times 0.15$ |
|  |  |
| Data collection | Rigaku AFC12K/SATURN724 |
| Diffractometer | Multi-scan $(A B S C O R ;$ Higashi, |
| Absorption correction | $1995)$ |
|  | $0.575,1$ |
| $T_{\text {min }}, T_{\text {max }}$ | $25373,4485,4180$ |
| No. of measured, independent and |  |
| $\quad$ observed $[I>2 \sigma(I)]$ reflections | 0.044 |
| $R_{\text {int }}$ | 0.595 |
| $(\text { sin } \theta / \lambda)_{\text {max }}\left(\AA \AA^{-1}\right)$ |  |
|  |  |
| Refinement | $0.050,0.132,1.13$ |
| $R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right], w R\left(F^{2}\right), S$ | 4485 |
| No. of reflections | 306 |
| No. of parameters | 2 |
| No. of restraints | H atoms treated by a mixture of |
| H-atom treatment | independent and constrained |
|  | refinement |
| $\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}, \Delta \rho_{\text {min }}\left(\mathrm{e} \AA \AA^{-3}\right)$ | $0.72,-0.44$ |

Computer programs: CrystalClear (Molecular Structure Corporation \& Rigaku, 2005), SHELXS (Sheldrick, 2008), SHELXL2014/7 (Sheldrick, 2015), ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006), publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

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## supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2017). E73, 1458-1464 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989017012725]
Bis[N-2-hydroxyethyl,N-methyldithiocarbamato- $\left.\kappa^{2} S, S\right)^{\prime}-4-\{[($ pyridin-4-ylmethyl-idene)hydrazinylidene\}methyl]pyridine- $\kappa N^{1}$ )zinc(II): crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis

Grant A. Broker, Mukesh M. Jotani and Edward R. T. Tiekink

## Computing details

Data collection: CrystalClear (Molecular Structure Corporation \& Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: CrystalClear (Molecular Structure Corporation \& Rigaku, 2005); data reduction: CrystalClear (Molecular Structure Corporation \& Rigaku, 2005); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2014/7 (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

Bis[N-2-hydroxyethyl,N-methyldithiocarbamato- $\left.\kappa^{2} S, S\right)^{\prime}-4-\{[($ pyridin-4-
ylmethylidene)hydrazinylidene\}methyl]pyridine- $\kappa N^{1}$ )zinc(II)

## Crystal data

$\left.\left[\mathrm{Zn}\left(\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{NOS}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{~N}_{4}\right)\right]$
$M_{r}=576.08$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
$a=11.499$ (4) $\AA$
$b=8.5710(19) \AA$
$c=25.945$ (7) $\AA$
$\beta=95.515(8)^{\circ}$
$V=2545.3(13) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

## Data collection

Rigaku AFC12K/SATURN724
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.575, T_{\text {max }}=1$
$F(000)=1192$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.503 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71069 \AA$
Cell parameters from 1535 reflections
$\theta=3.1-30.3^{\circ}$
$\mu=1.32 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=153 \mathrm{~K}$
Prism, yellow
$0.40 \times 0.18 \times 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$

25373 measured reflections
4485 independent reflections
4180 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.044$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=25.0^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=2.3^{\circ}$
$h=-13 \rightarrow 13$
$k=-10 \rightarrow 8$
$l=-30 \rightarrow 30$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.050$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.132$
$S=1.13$

4485 reflections
306 parameters
2 restraints
Hydrogen site location: mixed

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{0}^{2}\right)+(0.0663 P)^{2}+3.198 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{0}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }=0.001 \\
& \Delta \rho_{\max }=0.72 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3} \\
& \Delta \rho_{\min }=-0.44 \mathrm{e}^{-3}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zn | 0.13806 (4) | 0.15577 (5) | 0.42882 (2) | 0.03058 (16) |
| S1 | 0.13958 (8) | 0.27822 (11) | 0.34505 (4) | 0.0337 (2) |
| S2 | -0.04566 (8) | 0.07162 (11) | 0.37564 (4) | 0.0327 (2) |
| S3 | 0.04838 (8) | 0.20445 (11) | 0.50658 (4) | 0.0332 (2) |
| S4 | 0.26964 (8) | 0.34274 (11) | 0.48156 (4) | 0.0349 (2) |
| O1 | -0.2678 (3) | 0.3986 (4) | 0.25882 (13) | 0.0546 (8) |
| H1O | -0.225 (4) | 0.462 (5) | 0.277 (2) | 0.082* |
| O2 | 0.1675 (3) | 0.4188 (3) | 0.66339 (11) | 0.0447 (7) |
| H2O | 0.230 (3) | 0.373 (6) | 0.658 (2) | 0.067* |
| N1 | -0.0546 (3) | 0.2180 (4) | 0.28469 (12) | 0.0346 (7) |
| N2 | 0.1419 (3) | 0.4612 (3) | 0.55174 (11) | 0.0305 (7) |
| N3 | 0.2411 (3) | -0.0416 (4) | 0.42704 (12) | 0.0325 (7) |
| N4 | 0.4206 (3) | -0.5525 (4) | 0.38299 (13) | 0.0377 (8) |
| N5 | 0.4931 (3) | -0.6843 (4) | 0.38951 (13) | 0.0363 (7) |
| N6 | 0.6562 (3) | -1.2152 (4) | 0.35773 (14) | 0.0437 (8) |
| C1 | 0.0057 (3) | 0.1899 (4) | 0.33010 (14) | 0.0291 (8) |
| C2 | -0.1697 (3) | 0.1479 (5) | 0.27017 (16) | 0.0396 (9) |
| H2A | -0.1744 | 0.0463 | 0.2880 | 0.048* |
| H2B | -0.1786 | 0.1282 | 0.2324 | 0.048* |
| C3 | -0.2681 (4) | 0.2508 (5) | 0.28404 (17) | 0.0472 (10) |
| H3A | -0.3435 | 0.1979 | 0.2741 | 0.057* |
| H3B | -0.2612 | 0.2670 | 0.3220 | 0.057* |
| C4 | -0.0090 (4) | 0.3239 (6) | 0.24694 (16) | 0.0473 (11) |
| H4A | 0.0029 | 0.4277 | 0.2624 | 0.071* |
| H4B | -0.0650 | 0.3308 | 0.2161 | 0.071* |
| H4C | 0.0656 | 0.2837 | 0.2372 | 0.071* |
| C5 | 0.1526 (3) | 0.3476 (4) | 0.51757 (14) | 0.0293 (8) |
| C6 | 0.0441 (3) | 0.4690 (4) | 0.58335 (14) | 0.0329 (8) |
| H6A | -0.0271 | 0.4303 | 0.5628 | 0.040* |
| H6B | 0.0304 | 0.5793 | 0.5924 | 0.040* |
| C7 | 0.0636 (3) | 0.3757 (4) | 0.63208 (14) | 0.0348 (8) |
| H7A | -0.0042 | 0.3895 | 0.6524 | 0.042* |
| H7B | 0.0682 | 0.2638 | 0.6230 | 0.042* |
| C8 | 0.2286 (4) | 0.5857 (5) | 0.55967 (17) | 0.0424 (10) |
| H8A | 0.2938 | 0.5502 | 0.5840 | 0.064* |


| H8B | 0.1926 | 0.6778 | 0.5739 | $0.064^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| H8C | 0.2577 | 0.6125 | 0.5265 | $0.064^{*}$ |
| C9 | $0.3348(3)$ | $-0.0675(4)$ | $0.46063(15)$ | $0.0366(9)$ |
| H9 | 0.3551 | 0.0079 | 0.4868 | $0.044^{*}$ |
| C10 | $0.4029(3)$ | $-0.1992(5)$ | $0.45873(15)$ | $0.0364(9)$ |
| H10 | 0.4690 | -0.2131 | 0.4832 | $0.044^{*}$ |
| C11 | $0.3752(3)$ | $-0.3110(4)$ | $0.42118(14)$ | $0.0320(8)$ |
| C12 | $0.2771(4)$ | $-0.2850(6)$ | $0.38681(19)$ | $0.0553(13)$ |
| H12 | 0.2538 | -0.3591 | 0.3606 | $0.066^{*}$ |
| C13 | $0.2146(4)$ | $-0.1507(5)$ | $0.39140(19)$ | $0.0557(13)$ |
| H13 | 0.1477 | -0.1343 | 0.3675 | $0.067^{*}$ |
| C14 | $0.4440(3)$ | $-0.4535(4)$ | $0.41878(15)$ | $0.0341(8)$ |
| H14 | 0.5072 | -0.4724 | 0.4444 | $0.041^{*}$ |
| C15 | $0.4595(3)$ | $-0.7935(4)$ | $0.35868(15)$ | $0.0328(8)$ |
| H15 | 0.3919 | -0.7803 | 0.3350 | $0.039^{*}$ |
| C16 | $0.5253(3)$ | $-0.9406(4)$ | $0.35960(14)$ | $0.0315(8)$ |
| C17 | $0.6222(3)$ | $-0.9662(4)$ | $0.39506(15)$ | $0.0329(8)$ |
| H17 | 0.6453 | -0.8902 | 0.4207 | $0.039^{*}$ |
| C18 | $0.6836(3)$ | $-1.1017(4)$ | $0.39256(15)$ | $0.0349(8)$ |
| H18 | 0.7498 | -1.1169 | 0.4169 | $0.042^{*}$ |
| C19 | $0.5620(4)$ | $-1.1910(5)$ | $0.32486(18)$ | $0.0481(11)$ |
| H19 | 0.5398 | -1.2707 | 0.3004 | $0.058^{*}$ |
| C20 | $0.4943(4)$ | $-1.0576(5)$ | $0.32386(18)$ | $0.0447(10)$ |
| H20 | 0.4281 | -1.0462 | 0.2993 | $0.054^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Zn | $0.0318(3)$ | $0.0277(3)$ | $0.0314(3)$ | $0.00704(16)$ | $-0.00087(18)$ | $-0.00366(16)$ |
| S 1 | $0.0302(5)$ | $0.0343(5)$ | $0.0365(5)$ | $0.0010(4)$ | $0.0022(4)$ | $-0.0003(4)$ |
| S 2 | $0.0322(5)$ | $0.0286(5)$ | $0.0366(5)$ | $0.0015(4)$ | $-0.0014(4)$ | $0.0018(4)$ |
| S 3 | $0.0317(5)$ | $0.0317(5)$ | $0.0360(5)$ | $-0.0020(4)$ | $0.0025(4)$ | $-0.0042(4)$ |
| S 4 | $0.0351(5)$ | $0.0321(5)$ | $0.0381(5)$ | $-0.0023(4)$ | $0.0063(4)$ | $-0.0061(4)$ |
| O 1 | $0.055(2)$ | $0.0464(18)$ | $0.0575(19)$ | $0.0100(15)$ | $-0.0213(15)$ | $0.0022(15)$ |
| O 2 | $0.0492(17)$ | $0.0422(17)$ | $0.0404(15)$ | $0.0154(13)$ | $-0.0074(13)$ | $-0.0085(13)$ |
| N 1 | $0.0365(17)$ | $0.0351(17)$ | $0.0314(16)$ | $0.0016(14)$ | $-0.0011(13)$ | $0.0012(13)$ |
| N 2 | $0.0322(16)$ | $0.0243(15)$ | $0.0347(16)$ | $0.0031(12)$ | $0.0012(13)$ | $-0.0011(13)$ |
| N 3 | $0.0324(16)$ | $0.0309(16)$ | $0.0332(16)$ | $0.0054(13)$ | $-0.0014(13)$ | $-0.0044(13)$ |
| N 4 | $0.0312(17)$ | $0.0334(18)$ | $0.0484(19)$ | $0.0091(14)$ | $0.0029(14)$ | $-0.0042(15)$ |
| N 5 | $0.0290(16)$ | $0.0309(17)$ | $0.0480(19)$ | $0.0063(13)$ | $-0.0007(14)$ | $-0.0040(15)$ |
| N 6 | $0.0402(19)$ | $0.0330(18)$ | $0.056(2)$ | $0.0101(15)$ | $-0.0052(16)$ | $-0.0051(16)$ |
| C1 | $0.0294(18)$ | $0.0252(17)$ | $0.0321(19)$ | $0.0043(14)$ | $0.0007(15)$ | $-0.0046(15)$ |
| C2 | $0.036(2)$ | $0.038(2)$ | $0.042(2)$ | $-0.0015(17)$ | $-0.0091(18)$ | $-0.0033(17)$ |
| C3 | $0.037(2)$ | $0.053(3)$ | $0.049(2)$ | $-0.0003(19)$ | $-0.0100(19)$ | $0.003(2)$ |
| C4 | $0.055(3)$ | $0.055(3)$ | $0.031(2)$ | $-0.002(2)$ | $0.0009(19)$ | $0.0096(19)$ |
| C5 | $0.0303(19)$ | $0.0264(18)$ | $0.0300(18)$ | $0.0070(14)$ | $-0.0034(15)$ | $0.0004(14)$ |
| C6 | $0.0304(18)$ | $0.0319(19)$ | $0.0366(19)$ | $0.0075(15)$ | $0.0035(15)$ | $-0.0026(16)$ |
| C7 | $0.043(2)$ | $0.0253(18)$ | $0.037(2)$ | $0.0048(16)$ | $0.0075(17)$ | $-0.0026(16)$ |

## supporting information

| C8 | $0.042(2)$ | $0.033(2)$ | $0.054(2)$ | $-0.0107(17)$ | $0.0106(19)$ | $-0.0143(19)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C9 | $0.040(2)$ | $0.033(2)$ | $0.035(2)$ | $0.0047(17)$ | $-0.0052(17)$ | $-0.0039(16)$ |
| C10 | $0.033(2)$ | $0.033(2)$ | $0.041(2)$ | $0.0076(16)$ | $-0.0083(17)$ | $0.0012(17)$ |
| C11 | $0.0304(19)$ | $0.0296(19)$ | $0.0359(19)$ | $0.0018(15)$ | $0.0028(16)$ | $-0.0006(16)$ |
| C12 | $0.049(3)$ | $0.051(3)$ | $0.060(3)$ | $0.022(2)$ | $-0.022(2)$ | $-0.030(2)$ |
| C13 | $0.052(3)$ | $0.049(3)$ | $0.060(3)$ | $0.025(2)$ | $-0.027(2)$ | $-0.021(2)$ |
| C14 | $0.0252(18)$ | $0.033(2)$ | $0.044(2)$ | $0.0046(15)$ | $0.0017(16)$ | $0.0054(17)$ |
| C15 | $0.0259(18)$ | $0.034(2)$ | $0.038(2)$ | $0.0058(15)$ | $0.0007(15)$ | $0.0005(17)$ |
| C16 | $0.0267(18)$ | $0.0282(19)$ | $0.040(2)$ | $0.0012(15)$ | $0.0032(15)$ | $-0.0001(16)$ |
| C17 | $0.0304(19)$ | $0.0283(19)$ | $0.039(2)$ | $-0.0001(15)$ | $0.0001(16)$ | $-0.0018(16)$ |
| C18 | $0.0301(19)$ | $0.034(2)$ | $0.040(2)$ | $0.0022(16)$ | $-0.0017(16)$ | $0.0025(17)$ |
| C19 | $0.046(2)$ | $0.038(2)$ | $0.058(3)$ | $0.0056(19)$ | $-0.007(2)$ | $-0.013(2)$ |
| C20 | $0.034(2)$ | $0.038(2)$ | $0.059(3)$ | $0.0025(17)$ | $-0.0106(19)$ | $-0.010(2)$ |

Geometric parameters (A, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 1$ | 2.4152 (12) | C4-H4A | 0.9800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 2$ | 2.5152 (11) | C4-H4B | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 3$ | 2.3890 (12) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{C}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 4$ | 2.5162 (11) | C6-C7 | 1.495 (5) |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{N} 3$ | 2.068 (3) | C6-H6A | 0.9900 |
| S1-C1 | 1.726 (4) | C6-H6B | 0.9900 |
| S2-C1 | 1.705 (4) | C7-H7A | 0.9900 |
| S3-C5 | 1.720 (4) | C7-H7B | 0.9900 |
| S4-C5 | 1.711 (4) | C8-H8A | 0.9800 |
| O1-C3 | 1.426 (5) | C8-H8B | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H1O}$ | 0.841 (10) | C8-H8C | 0.9800 |
| O2-C7 | 1.428 (5) | C9-C10 | 1.378 (5) |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O}$ | 0.838 (10) | C9-H9 | 0.9500 |
| N1-C1 | 1.331 (5) | C10-C11 | 1.382 (5) |
| N1-C4 | 1.468 (5) | C10-H10 | 0.9500 |
| N1-C2 | 1.469 (5) | C11-C12 | 1.387 (5) |
| N2-C5 | 1.331 (5) | C11-C14 | 1.460 (5) |
| N2-C6 | 1.456 (5) | C12-C13 | 1.369 (6) |
| N2-C8 | 1.461 (5) | C12-H12 | 0.9500 |
| N3-C13 | 1.330 (5) | C13-H13 | 0.9500 |
| N3-C9 | 1.337 (5) | C14-H14 | 0.9500 |
| N4-C14 | 1.267 (5) | C15-C16 | 1.470 (5) |
| N4-N5 | 1.405 (4) | C15-H15 | 0.9500 |
| N5-C15 | 1.267 (5) | C16-C20 | 1.389 (5) |
| N6-C19 | 1.329 (5) | C16-C17 | 1.393 (5) |
| N6-C18 | 1.344 (5) | C17-C18 | 1.364 (5) |
| C2-C3 | 1.506 (6) | C17-H17 | 0.9500 |
| C2-H2A | 0.9900 | C18-H18 | 0.9500 |
| C2-H2B | 0.9900 | C19-C20 | 1.383 (6) |
| C3-H3A | 0.9900 | C19-H19 | 0.9500 |
| C3-H3B | 0.9900 | C20-H20 | 0.9500 |


| N3-Zn-S3 | 117.15 (9) |
| :---: | :---: |
| N3-Zn-S1 | 106.36 (9) |
| S1-Zn-S3 | 136.48 (4) |
| N3-Zn-S2 | 101.88 (9) |
| S3-Zn-S2 | 96.05 (4) |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 2$ | 73.10 (4) |
| N3-Zn-S4 | 102.55 (9) |
| S3-Zn-S4 | 73.47 (4) |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 4$ | 99.01 (4) |
| S2-Zn-S4 | 155.56 (4) |
| C1-S1-Zn | 85.88 (13) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{Zn}$ | 83.17 (12) |
| C5-S3-Zn | 85.07 (13) |
| C5-S4-Zn | 81.33 (12) |
| C3-O1-H1O | 111 (4) |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O}$ | 118 (4) |
| C1-N1-C4 | 120.9 (3) |
| C1-N1-C2 | 122.2 (3) |
| C4-N1-C2 | 116.9 (3) |
| C5-N2-C6 | 122.3 (3) |
| C5-N2-C8 | 121.5 (3) |
| C6-N2-C8 | 116.2 (3) |
| C13-N3-C9 | 116.9 (3) |
| C13-N3-Zn | 119.8 (3) |
| C9-N3-Zn | 123.3 (2) |
| C14-N4-N5 | 111.6 (3) |
| C15-N5-N4 | 112.1 (3) |
| C19-N6-C18 | 116.3 (3) |
| N1-C1-S2 | 122.4 (3) |
| N1-C1-S1 | 119.8 (3) |
| S2-C1-S1 | 117.8 (2) |
| N1-C2-C3 | 112.3 (3) |
| N1-C2-H2A | 109.2 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.2 |
| N1-C2-H2B | 109.2 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.2 |
| $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 107.9 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 112.1 (4) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.2 |
| C2-C3-H3A | 109.2 |
| O1-C3-H3B | 109.2 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.2 |
| $\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 107.9 |
| N1-C4-H4A | 109.5 |
| N1-C4-H4B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| N1-C4-H4C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |


| N2-C6-H6A | 109.0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| C7-C6-H6A | 109.0 |
| N2-C6-H6B | 109.0 |
| C7-C6-H6B | 109.0 |
| H6A-C6-H6B | 107.8 |
| O2-C7-C6 | 113.1 (3) |
| O2-C7-H7A | 109.0 |
| C6-C7-H7A | 109.0 |
| O2-C7-H7B | 109.0 |
| C6-C7-H7B | 109.0 |
| H7A-C7-H7B | 107.8 |
| N2-C8-H8A | 109.5 |
| N2-C8-H8B | 109.5 |
| H8A-C8-H8B | 109.5 |
| N2-C8-H8C | 109.5 |
| H8A-C8-H8C | 109.5 |
| H8B-C8-H8C | 109.5 |
| N3-C9-C10 | 122.5 (3) |
| N3-C9-H9 | 118.7 |
| C10-C9-H9 | 118.7 |
| C9-C10-C11 | 120.0 (3) |
| C9-C10-H10 | 120.0 |
| C11-C10-H10 | 120.0 |
| C10-C11-C12 | 117.4 (3) |
| C10-C11-C14 | 121.4 (3) |
| C12-C11-C14 | 121.2 (3) |
| C13-C12-C11 | 118.8 (4) |
| C13-C12-H12 | 120.6 |
| C11-C12-H12 | 120.6 |
| N3-C13-C12 | 124.4 (4) |
| N3-C13-H13 | 117.8 |
| C12-C13-H13 | 117.8 |
| N4-C14-C11 | 120.9 (3) |
| N4-C14-H14 | 119.5 |
| C11-C14-H14 | 119.5 |
| N5-C15-C16 | 119.9 (3) |
| N5-C15-H15 | 120.1 |
| C16-C15-H15 | 120.1 |
| C20-C16-C17 | 117.7 (3) |
| C20-C16-C15 | 120.7 (3) |
| C17-C16-C15 | 121.6 (3) |
| C18-C17-C16 | 119.2 (3) |
| C18-C17-H17 | 120.4 |
| C16-C17-H17 | 120.4 |
| N6-C18-C17 | 124.0 (3) |
| N6-C18-H18 | 118.0 |
| C17-C18-H18 | 118.0 |
| N6-C19-C20 | 124.3 (4) |


| H4B-C4-H4C | 109.5 | N6-C19-H19 | 117.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N2-C5-S4 | 120.7 (3) | C20-C19-H19 | 117.8 |
| N2-C5-S3 | 121.7 (3) | C19-C20-C16 | 118.5 (4) |
| S4-C5-S3 | 117.7 (2) | C19-C20-H20 | 120.8 |
| N2-C6-C7 | 113.0 (3) | C16-C20-H20 | 120.8 |
| C14-N4-N5-C15 | 170.1 (4) | Zn-N3-C9-C10 | -179.6 (3) |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 2$ | 178.3 (3) | N3-C9-C10-C11 | -0.2 (6) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 2$ | -0.6 (5) | C9-C10-C11-C12 | -0.7 (6) |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 1$ | -0.1 (5) | C9-C10-C11-C14 | -178.6 (4) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 1$ | -179.1 (3) | C10-C11-C12-C13 | 0.8 (7) |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | -175.9 (3) | C14-C11-C12-C13 | 178.8 (5) |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 1$ | 2.55 (18) | C9-N3-C13-C12 | -0.6 (8) |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 175.9 (3) | $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{N} 3-\mathrm{C} 13-\mathrm{C} 12$ | 179.8 (4) |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 2$ | -2.64 (19) | C11-C12-C13-N3 | -0.2 (9) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 92.4 (4) | N5-N4-C14-C11 | -176.8 (3) |
| C4-N1-C2-C3 | -86.6 (4) | C10-C11-C14-N4 | -177.2 (4) |
| N1-C2-C3-O1 | 59.9 (4) | C12-C11-C14-N4 | 4.9 (6) |
| C6-N2-C5-S4 | -179.6 (2) | N4-N5-C15-C16 | 179.5 (3) |
| C8-N2-C5-S4 | 0.3 (5) | N5-C15-C16-C20 | -175.7 (4) |
| C6-N2-C5-S3 | 2.3 (5) | N5-C15-C16-C17 | 2.4 (6) |
| C8-N2-C5-S3 | -177.8 (3) | C20-C16-C17-C18 | 1.4 (6) |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 2$ | -163.6 (3) | C15-C16-C17-C18 | -176.8 (3) |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{S} 3$ | 14.54 (17) | C19-N6-C18-C17 | -1.1 (6) |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 162.9 (3) | C16-C17-C18-N6 | -0.4 (6) |
| $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{S} 4$ | -15.21 (18) | C18-N6-C19-C20 | 1.5 (7) |
| C5-N2-C6-C7 | 86.1 (4) | N6-C19-C20-C16 | -0.5 (7) |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7$ | -93.8 (4) | C17-C16-C20-C19 | -1.0 (6) |
| N2-C6-C7-O2 | 56.2 (4) | C15-C16-C20-C19 | 177.2 (4) |
| C13-N3-C9-C10 | 0.8 (6) |  |  |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )
Cg 1 is the centroid of the $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{S} 1 / \mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{C} 1$ ring.

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 O \cdots \mathrm{O} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.85(5)$ | $1.92(5)$ | $2.721(5)$ | $158(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 O \cdots \mathrm{~N}^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $0.84(4)$ | $1.95(4)$ | $2.769(5)$ | $163(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 20 — \mathrm{H} 20 \cdots 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | 0.95 | 2.32 | $3.233(6)$ | 162 |
| $\mathrm{C} 6 — \mathrm{H} 6 B \cdots \mathrm{Cg} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.99 | 2.59 | $3.540(4)$ | 162 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x,-y+1,-z+1$; (ii) $-x+1,-y-1,-z+1$; (iii) $-x, y-3 / 2,-z+1 / 2$.

