



NAVIGARE 2010 - GNSS in ITS: the way of co-operation

NEARCTIS: Excellence in co-operative traffic management, role of technologies

Pierre-Yves Gilliéron
ENAC - Laboratoire de Topométrie
EPFL



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Agenda

- The network of excellence NEARCTIS
 - Context & goal of the project
 - Research programme
 - Resources & associate partners
- Traffic management
 - Traffic control cycle
 - Basics micro-macro variables
- Role of technologies
- Requirements in positioning
- Positioning technologies
- Positioning quality
- Research prospects



NEARCTIS

- NEARCTIS: Excellence in co-operative traffic management
 - A 7th framework programme, Network of excellence, Theme 3, ICT
 - Integrating and strengthening the European Research Area
 - Gathering academic research on traffic management (traffic modelling, traffic control, communication and positioning technologies)



NEARCTIS – Core Partners

- **INRETS** France, French National Institute for Transport and Safety Research, Scientific Coordinator
- **ERT** France, Europe Research Transport, Management coordinator
- **TU Delft** Netherlands, Technical University of Delft
- **DLR** Germany, Deutsches Zentrum für Luft und Raumfahrt
- **University of Southampton**, United Kingdom
- **UCL** United Kingdom, University College London
- **Imperial College London**, United Kingdom
- **EPFL** Switzerland, Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, **Labs: LAVOC – TRANSP-OR, TOPO**
- **Technical University of Crete**, Greece

NEARCTIS - Goals

- To create a virtual research institute
 - Integrated research programme
 - Common shared resources
 - Policy and structure for results and dissemination
 - Integration of training capabilities
- To ensure a strong link between the core network and associate partners
 - Academic, stakeholders of traffic, industry



NEARCTIS – Research Programme

- Elaborating a common and consistent research programme
 - Various scientific fields
 - Modelling, optimization and control, and evaluation
 - Communication, positioning and tracking
 - Deployment and implementation issues
 - Various systems implementation field
 - Motorway corridors
 - Dense urban network
 - Global Services: information based on co-operative systems



NEARCTIS – Resources

- Common resources
 - Developing a set of shared resources: databases, software, experimental tracks,...
- Education, Training and dissemination
 - Researchers' mobility and training
 - PhD grants
 - Workshops, summers schools
 - Web site: <http://www.nearctis.org>



- NEARCTIS
 - Summer school
 - EPFL, June 2010
 - 40 participants
 - 6 instructors



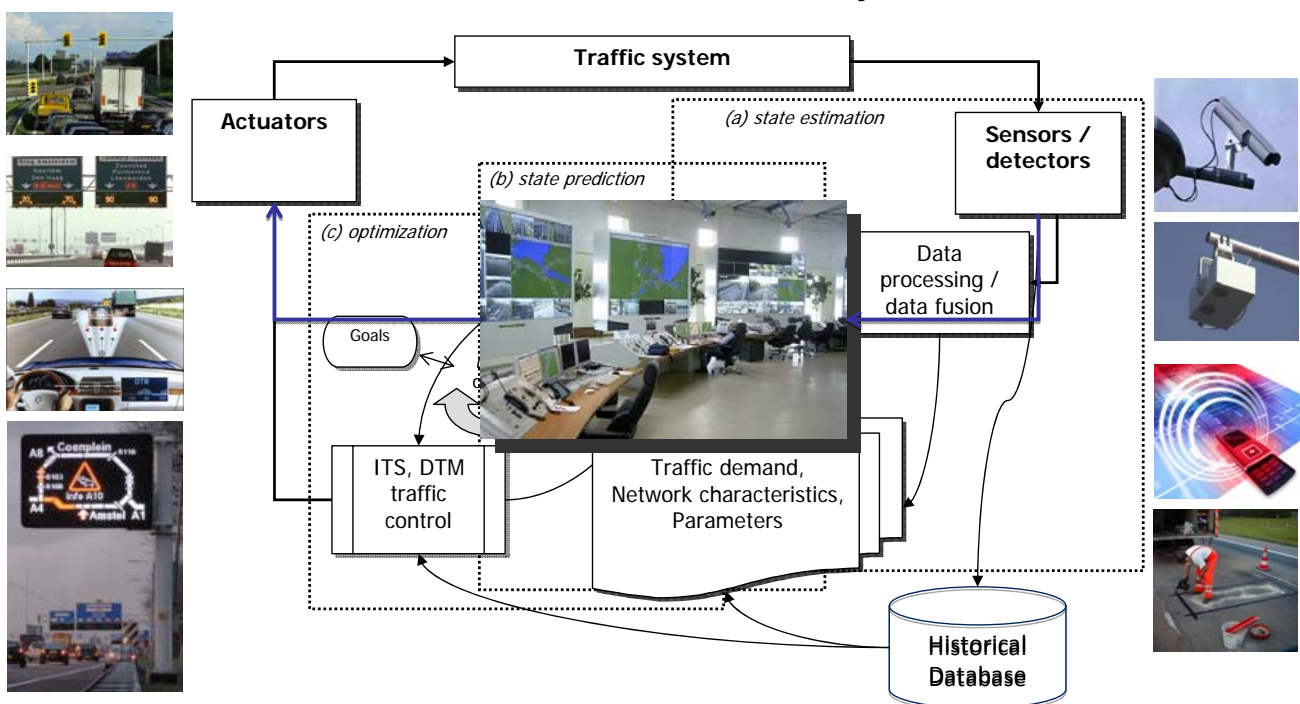
Real-Time Road Traffic Monitoring and Control				
Date	Time	Lecturer	Lecture Title	
9th June	8:15-8:30	Welcome		
	8:30-9:15	Hans van Lint	Framework	
	9:15-9:30			Lecture 1
	9:30-10:15			Break
	10:15-10:30			Lecture 2
	10:30-11:15	Mila Mihaylova	Traffic state estimation (using kalman filtering)	
	11:15-11:30			Break
	11:30-12:15			Lecture 3
	12:15-14:00			Lecture 4
	14:00-14:45	Lunch break		
	14:45-15:00	Nick Hounsell	Urban traffic control and bus priority	
	15:00-15:45			Lecture 5
	15:45-16:00			Break
	16:00-16:45			Lecture 6
10th June	16:45-17:00	Michael Bell	Traffic and transit assignment	
	17:00-17:45			Lecture 7
	8:30-9:15			Break
	9:15-9:30			Lecture 8
	9:30-10:15	Lawrence A. Klein	Data fusion	
	10:15-10:30			Break
	10:30-11:15			Lecture 9
	11:15-11:30			Break
	11:30-12:15	Markos Papageorgiou	Freeway traffic control	
	12:15-14:30			Lecture 10
14:30-15:15	Break			
15:15-15:30	Lecture 11			
15:30-16:15	Markos Papageorgiou	Freeway traffic control		
16:15-16:30			Break	
16:30-17:15			Lecture 12	
17:15-17:30			Break	
	17:30-18:00	Answer to students questions		
11th June	9:00-16:00	Workshop "Towards new research area in co-operative traffic management"		

NEARCTIS – Associate Partners

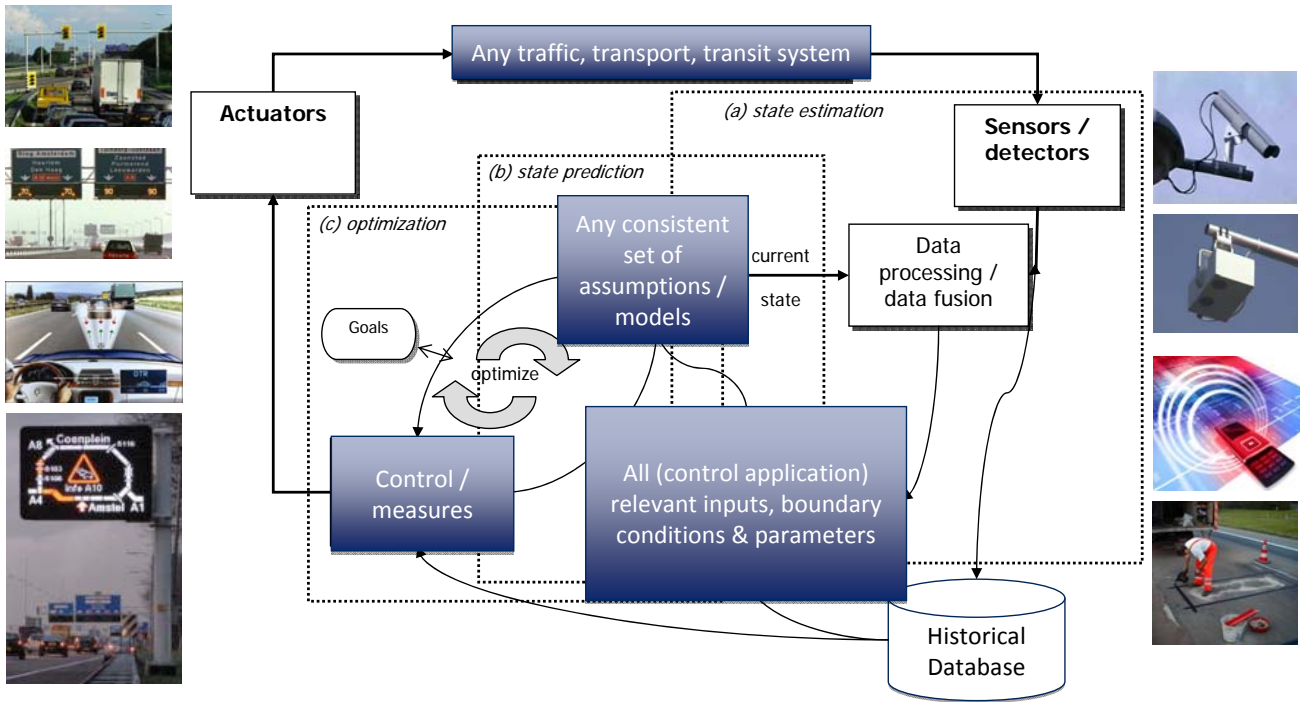
- Close integration of partners:
 - International academic community
 - Scientific community
 - Professional community: car manufacturers, traffic systems manufacturers, consultants
 - Traffic management authorities and road operators
- Involvement of partners
 - Easy access to information disseminated by the project
 - Participation in networking activities
 - Specific access to resources shared by the network
 - Attend NEARCTIS workshops
- Interested? Please become AP of NEARCTIS



The traffic control cycle

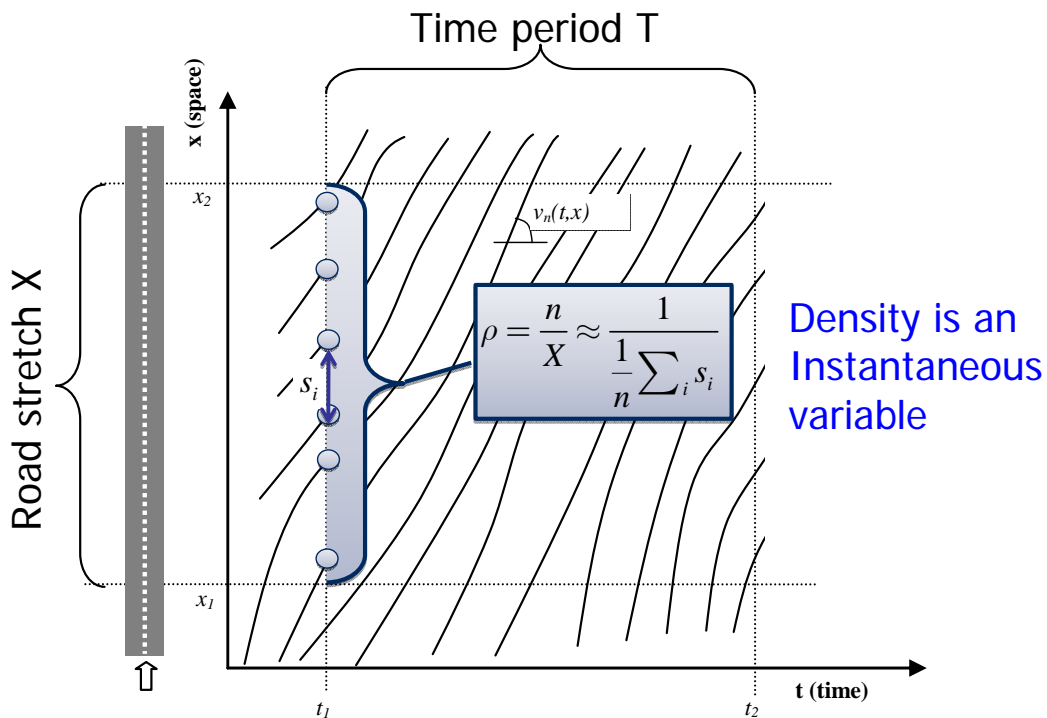


The traffic/transport/transit control cycle



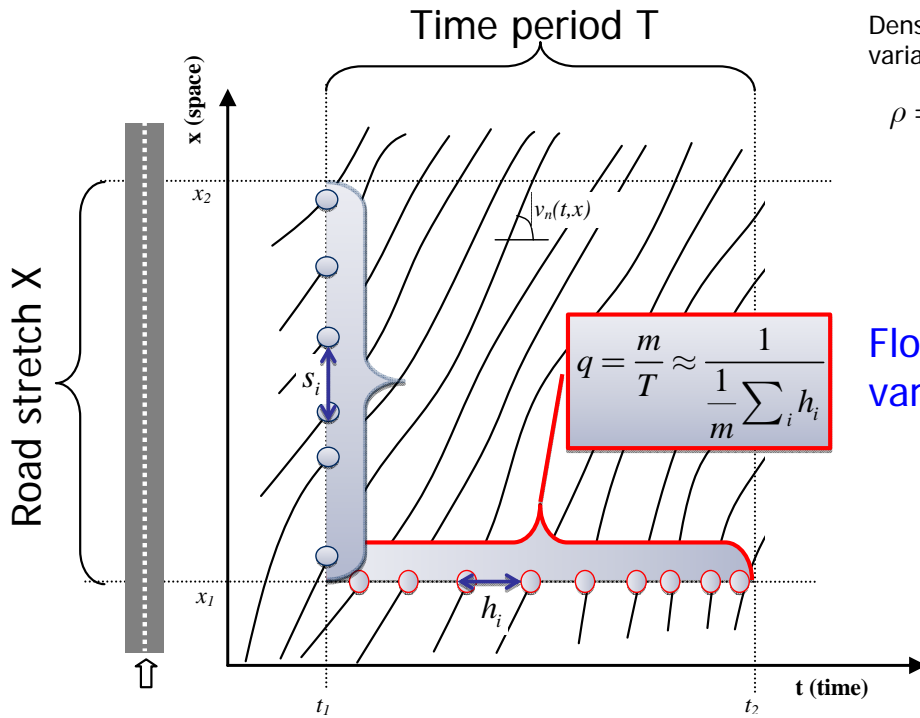
Source: NEARCTIS-COST TU0702 Summer school "Real time road traffic monitoring and control", June 9-11, EPFL, Lausanne
 Acknowledgements: Prof. Hans-Van Lint (TuDelft)

The basics – micro and macro variables



Source: NEARCTIS-COST TU0702 Summer school "Real time road traffic monitoring and control", June 9-11, EPFL, Lausanne
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The basics – micro and macro variables



Density (veh/m, instantaneous variable)

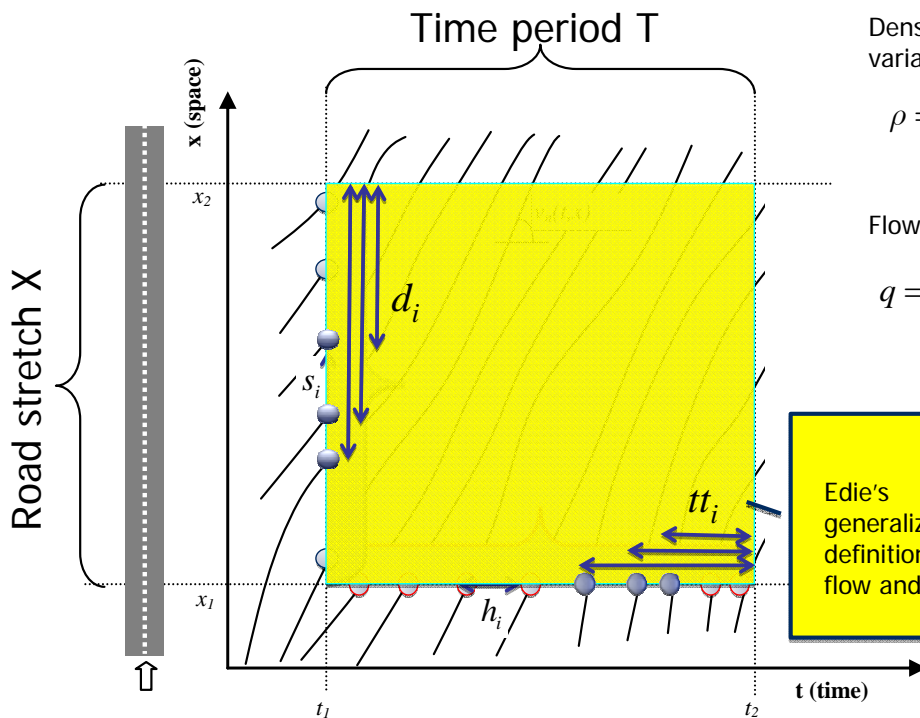
$$\rho = \frac{n}{X} \approx \frac{1}{\frac{1}{n} \sum_i s_i}$$

Flow is a local variable

$$q = \frac{m}{T} \approx \frac{1}{\frac{1}{m} \sum_i h_i}$$

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The basics – micro and macro variables



Density (veh/m, instantaneous variable)

$$\rho = \frac{n}{X} \approx \frac{1}{\frac{1}{n} \sum_i s_i}$$

Flow (veh/s, local variable)

$$q = \frac{m}{T} \approx \frac{1}{\frac{1}{m} \sum_i h_i}$$

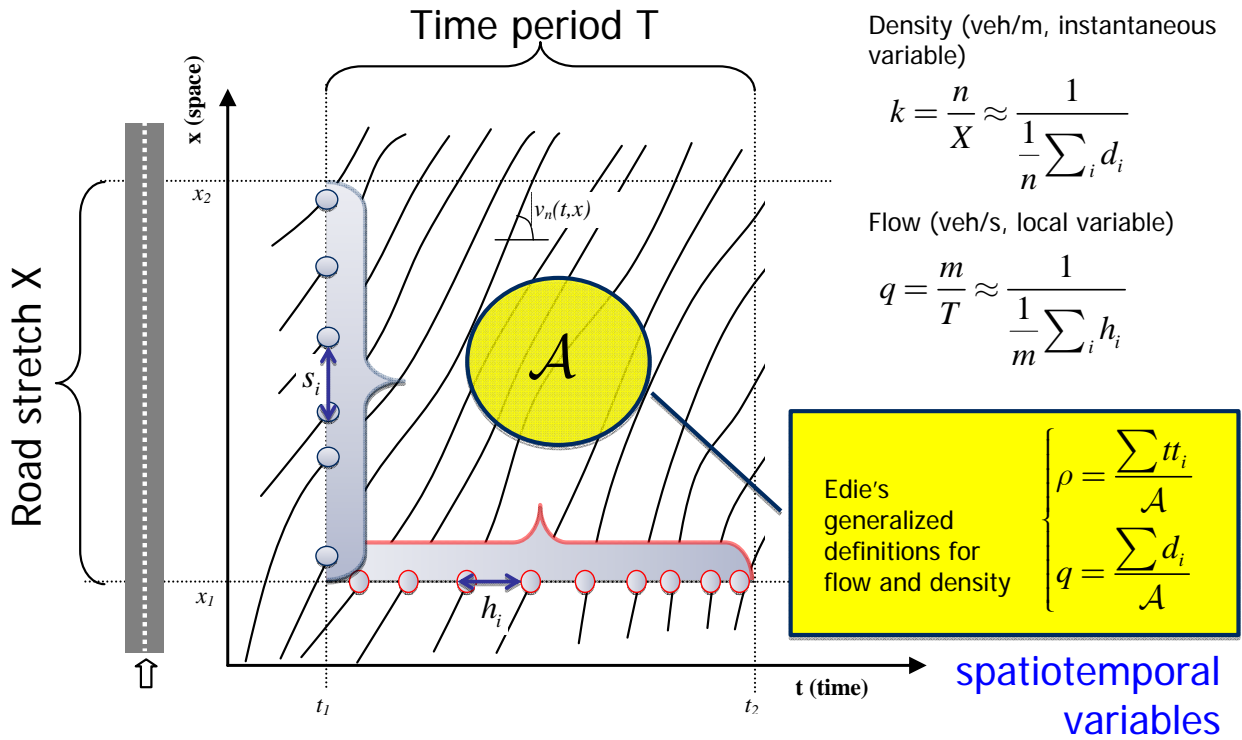
Edie's generalized definitions for flow and density

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \rho = \frac{\sum tt_i}{TX} \\ q = \frac{\sum d_i}{TX} \end{array} \right.$$

spatiotemporal variables

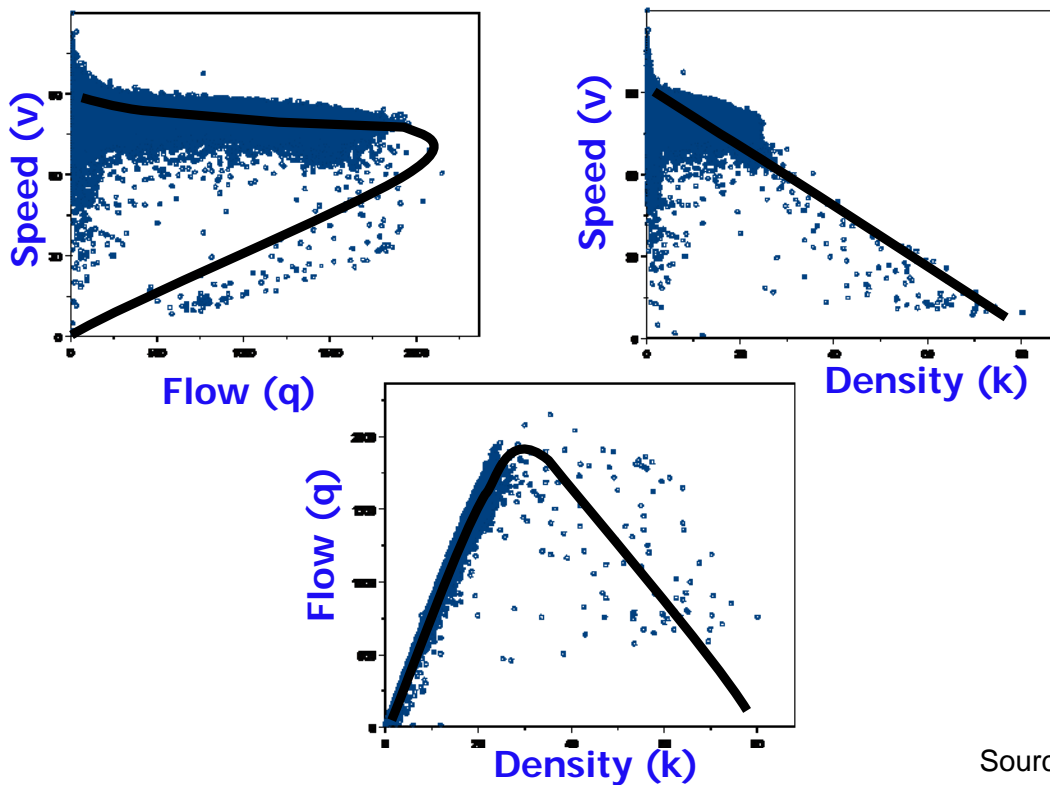
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The basics – micro and macro variables



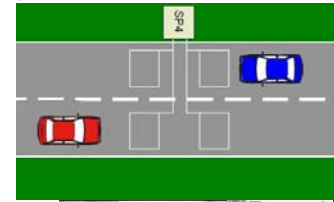
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Real Traffic Data

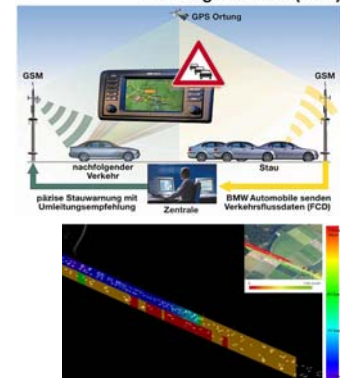


Traffic Management

- Techniques used for measuring the traffic variables
 - Fixed
 - Loop detectors, IR
 - Optical sensors, camera
 - Mobile
 - Floating car data
 - Floating phone data
 - Remote sensing, aerial

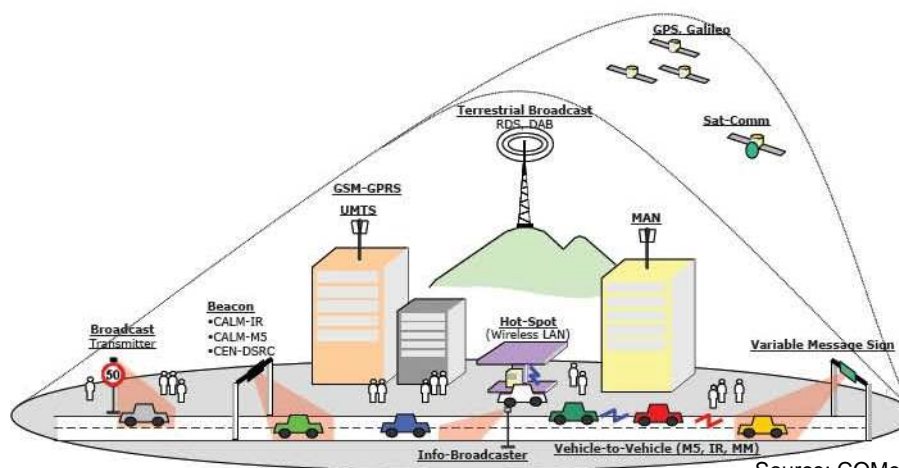


Floating Car Data (FCD)



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Role of Technologies



Source: COMeSafety, 2008

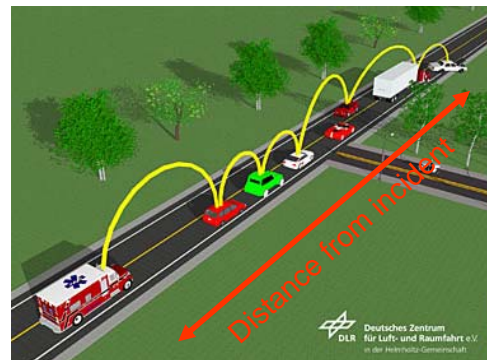
- The improvement of transport efficiency will be based on new traffic and travel information services
- Co-operative systems will play a key role in this context
- V2V – Vehicle to vehicle; V2I: Vehicle to Infrastructure

Role of Technologies

- Communication and positioning systems are basic components of co-operative systems
- The ongoing development of GNSS and the new short range communication systems lead to new possibilities for traffic management
- Innovative traffic management systems require development of specific positioning and communication systems

What are the requirements in positioning?

Why do we need positioning systems?



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Requirements in Positioning

- Grouping of ITS services according issues of safety or liability
 - **Safety-of-life**: applications considered as safety critical, or having any safety implication
 - **Liability-critical**: applications presenting any commercial or legal relationship between the service provider and the users
 - **Non safety-of-life; non liability-critical**: application not presenting any commercial, legal or safety implication

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Requirements in Positioning

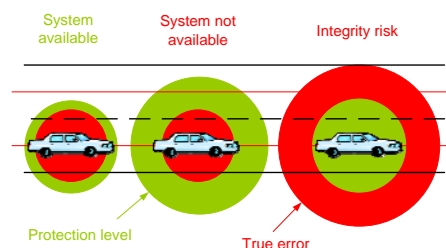
- **Specific requirements**
 - **Accuracy**: measure of the difference between the estimated position of a vehicle and its true position
 - Which road, which lane, where in the lane?
 - **Integrity**: measure of the trust that can be placed in the correctness of the information supplied by the positioning system
 - **Continuity**: capability of the system to perform without unscheduled interruptions during the intended operation
 - **Availability**: percentage of the time that the positioning service is usable and is delivering the required accuracy, continuity and integrity

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Requirements in Positioning

- **Available**: True error < Protection level < Alert Limit
- **Not available**: True error < Protection level > Alert Limit
- **Integrity Risk**: True error > Protection Level

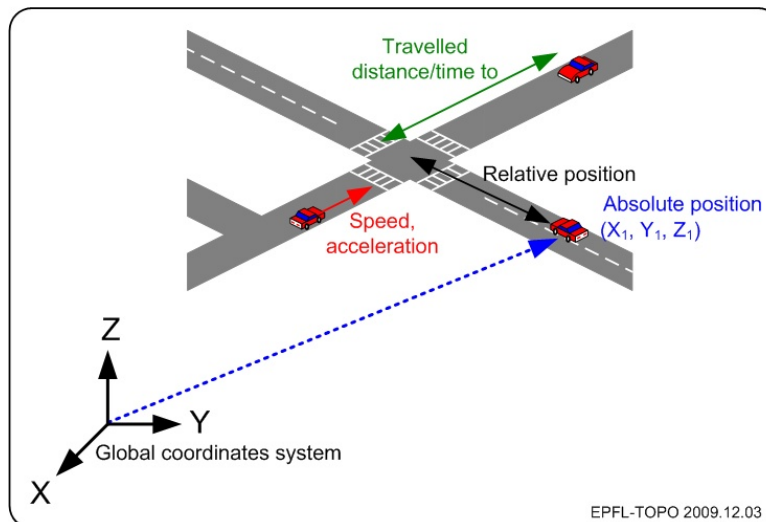
AL:Alert
Limit



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Positioning Technologies

- Fundamental parameters used in positioning
- From fixed location to dynamic measurements
 - « Linking the measuring device (e.g. GPS) to the vehicle »
 - Set of « particles » distributed in the road network
 - Capability to provide instantaneous parameters



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Positioning Technologies

Parameter

- **Absolute position**
 - Tech.: GNSS, combination with other sensors
 - Perf.: availability (e.g. tunnels, urban canyon)
 - Role: tracking, locate the vehicle on the map
- **Relative position**
 - Tech.: beacons, radio-based systems
 - Perf.: limited to specific location (e.g. gantry)
 - Role: relevant in V2V & V2I architecture

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Positioning Technologies

Parameter

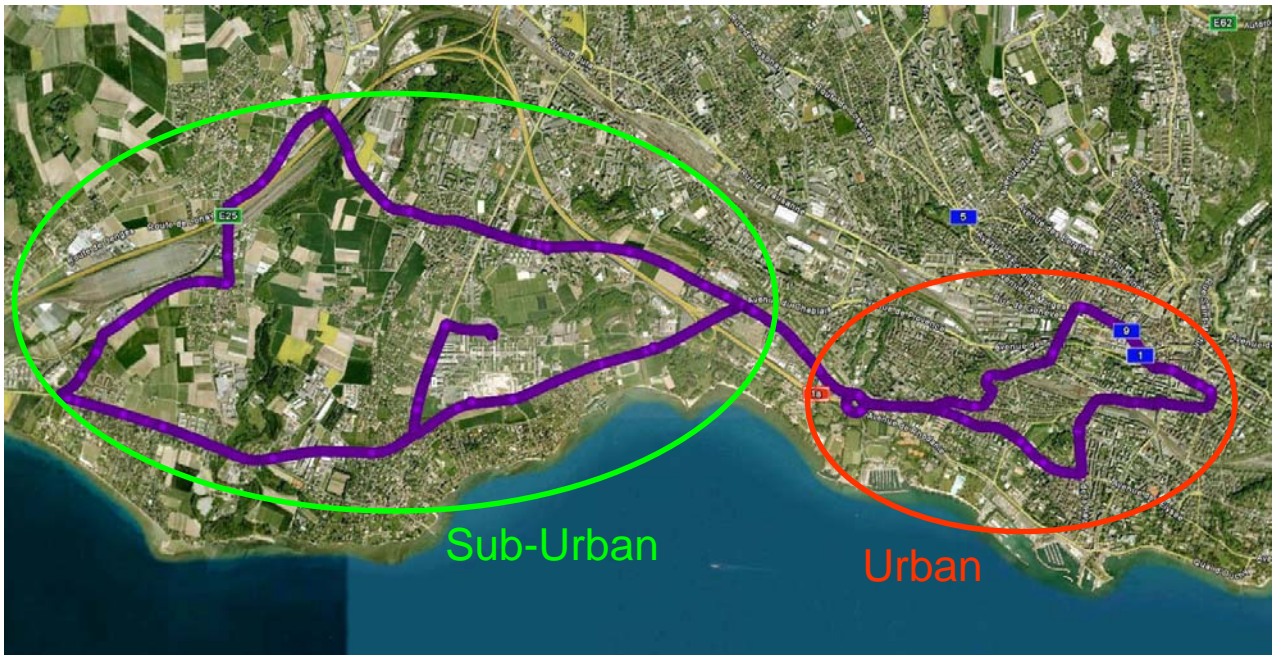
- **Time**
 - Tech.: GNSS provide an accurate time scale
 - Perf.: availability (e.g. tunnels)
 - Role: key parameter for real time applications
- **Speed**
 - Tech.: speed sensors or GNSS based sensors
 - Perf.: continuity
 - Role: traffic state estimation, safety, enforcement

Positioning Technologies

Parameter

- **Acceleration**
 - Tech.: onboard inertial sensors
 - Perf.: continuity
 - Role: ADAS application, crash recorder
- **Travelled distance**
 - Tech.: wheel sensors, GNSS based systems
 - Perf.: availability
 - Role: management systems (e.g. fleet)

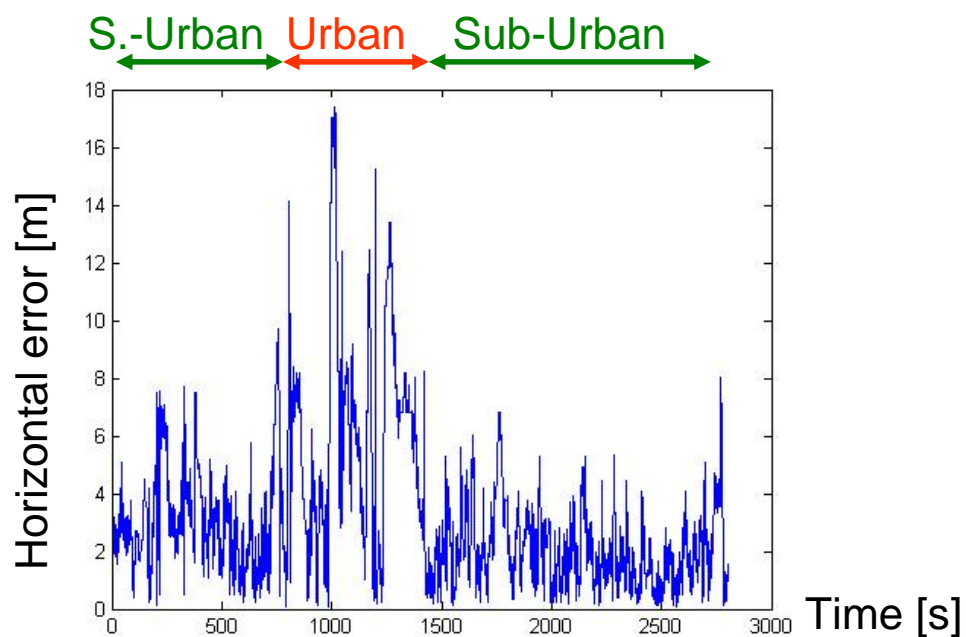
Positioning Quality - Example



- Field test: 18 km, travelled time: 40 min
 - Comparison: GPS “low cost” – High end GPS/INS
- Ref.: Project ENAC, Master students: Paola Cavadia, Amir Sohrab Sahaleh*

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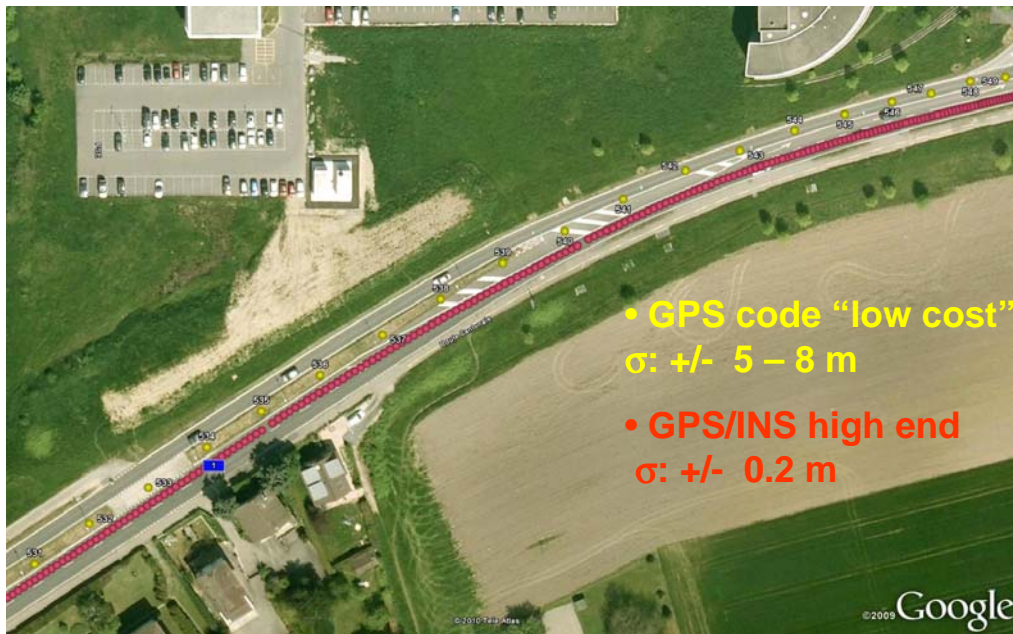
Positioning Quality - Example



- Horizontal error: GPS “low cost” vs reference trajectory

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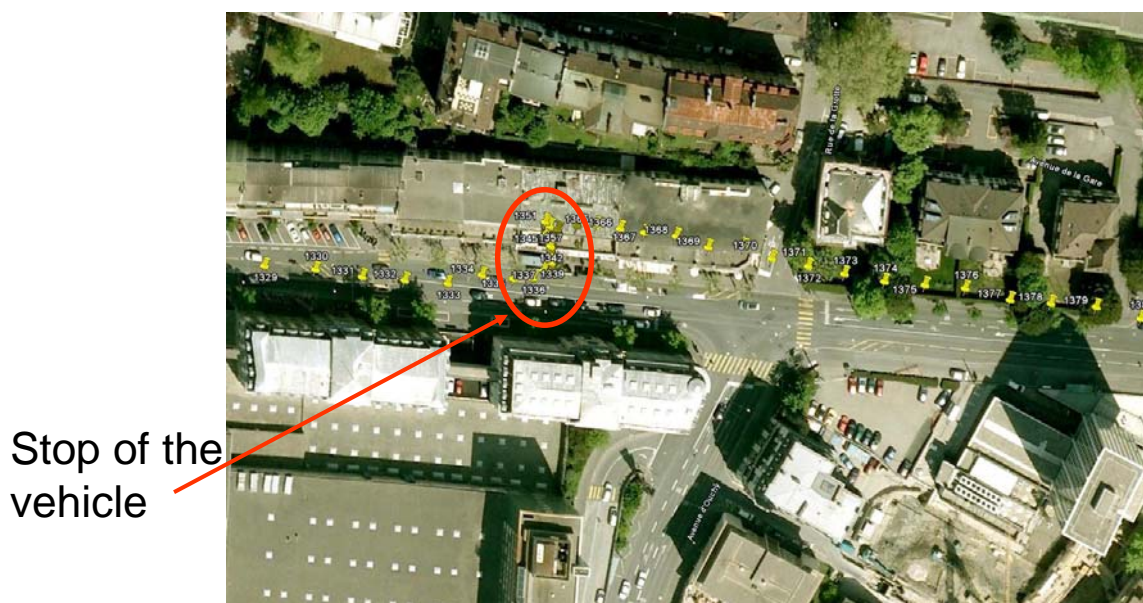
Positioning Quality - Example



- **Position accuracy**: influenced by the environment, variable in time and space

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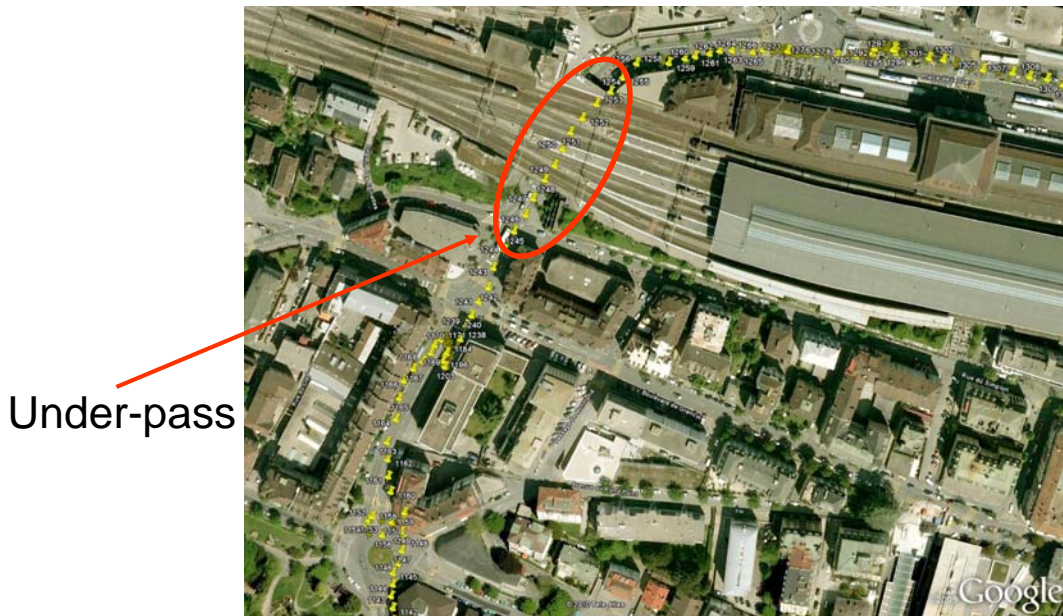
Positioning Quality - Example



- **Position accuracy**: bias, systematic error

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Positioning Quality - Example

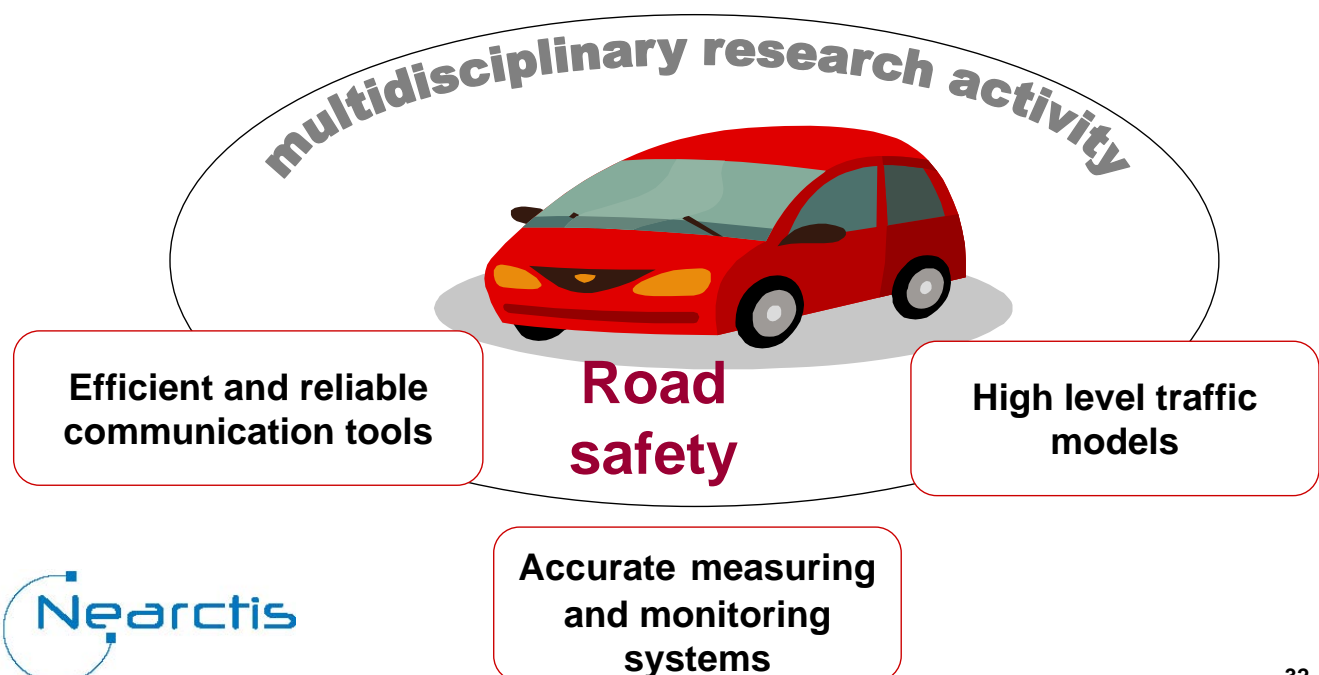


- **Continuity** of the positioning signal

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Research prospects

NEARCTIS has identified some interesting researched areas on the integration of emerging technologies in traffic management



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Research prospects

- **Reliable positioning** and tracking in dense traffic areas
- **Secure vehicles positioning** for traffic management
- Enhanced and **multi-scale positioning**, combination between global (GNSS) and local positioning (sensors)
- **Accurate distance identification** between vehicles for traffic safety
- **Self-calibration and synchronisation** of image-based positioning and tracking systems



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Partenariat



Thank you for your attention

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EPFL – laboratoire de Topométrie
Station 18
1015 Lausanne - Suisse
Mail: pierre-yves.gillieron@epfl.ch
Web: <http://topo.epfl.ch>

