

## ABSTRAK

Pengambilan sampel dalam penelitian ini menggunakan metode *random sampling* sehingga sampel yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah 34 ( $169 \times 25\%$ ) dari 169 populasi. Subjek Penelitian ini adalah PT Toyota Astra Motor. Jenis data yang digunakan adalah data primer yang berasal dari kuisoner (angket) yang disebar di perusahaan.

Metode analisis data yang digunakan adalah regresi berganda. Hasil penelitian menunjukan bahwa secara simultan *Just In Time* dan *Total Quality Management* berpengaruh signifikan terhadap efektivitas penentuan harga pokok produksi. Dari hasil pengujian yang dilakukan terhadap penelitian ini secara simultan diketahui bahwa *Just In Time* dan *Total Quality Management* berpengaruh signifikan karena  $F_{hitung}$  (23,996) lebih besar dibanding  $F_{tabel}$  (3,305).

Sedangkan dari pengujian secara parsialnya diketahui bahwa, dikarenakan nilai  $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$  ( $3,536 > 2,037$ ), sehingga pada tingkat kekeliruan 5% diputuskan  $H_0$  ditolak, artinya *Just In Time* berpengaruh signifikan terhadap efektifitas penentuan harga pokok produksi. Sedangkan *Total Quality Management* diperoleh  $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$  ( $4,022 > 2,037$ ), sehingga pada tingkat kekeliruan 5% diputuskan  $H_0$  ditolak, artinya *Total Quality Management* berpengaruh signifikan terhadap Efektifitas Penentuan Harga Pokok Produksi.

Keyword: Efektivitas Penentuan Harga Pokok Produksi, *Just In Time*, *Total Quality Management*.

## **ABSTRACT**

*The samples in this study using random sampling so that the sample used in this study was 34 ( $169 \times 25\%$ ) of 169 population. Subject of this research is PT Toyota Astra Motor. The data used is primary data derived from the questionnaire (questionnaire) were deployed in the enterprise. Data analysis method used is multiple regression. The results showed that simultaneous Just In Time and Total Quality Management significantly influence the effectiveness of determining the cost of production.*

*From the results of tests performed on this research simultaneously known that Just In Time and Total Quality Management have a significant effect because of F (23.996) is greater than the F table (3,305).*

*While testing in partial, Due to  $t_{count} > t_{table}$  ( $3.536 > 2.037$ ), so that the error rate of 5% was decided  $H_0$  is rejected, it means Just In Time has a significant effect on the determination of cost of production. As for Total Quality Management obtained  $t > t_{table}$  ( $4.022 > 2.037$ ), so that the error rate of 5% was decided  $H_0$  is rejected, meaning that Total Quality Management significantly influence the effectiveness of Determining Cost-producing plant.*

*Keyword:* Effectiveness Determining Cost of Production, Just In Time, Total Quality Management.