

GREGUSSISPORITES, A NEW SPORE GENUS FROM ALBIAN SEDIMENTS

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Genus: **Gregussisporites** gen. nov.

Derivatio nominis: The name has been given to honour PROF. DR. PÁL GREGUSS

Type species: *Gregussisporites orientalis* nov. gen. et nov. sp.

Diagnosis: trilete spores with subcircular to subtriangular amb. Both proximal and distal surfaces ornamented by large verrucae which are regularly hexagonal in outline at their bases, forming a honeycomb-like "negative reticulum."

Differential diagnosis: The new genus is distinct from *Tuberisporites* DÖRING 1964, *Varirugosporites* DÖRING 1965 in having regularly distributed verrucae and honeycomb-like "reticulum".

Gregussisporites orientalis nov. gen. et nov. sp.

Plate I., Figs. 1—5.

Locus typicus: Súr, Mts. Bakony (Hungary), Bore Súr-1.

Stratum typicum: "Munieria" clayey-marl, Tés Clay Formation, 533 m. Middle Albian.

Holotype: Slide: Súr-1.: 533/1., coord.: 37.1—113.2. Pl. I., Figs. 1—2.

Paratypes: Mts. Crimea (USSR), slide M-1.; coord.: 45.7—104. Pl. I., Figs. 3, 4., and slide 5G., coord. 40.5—107., Pl. I., Fig. 5.

Diagnosis: Trilete spores, laesurae simple, short, about 1/2 of spore radius, are often opened. Amb subcircular or rounded subtriangular. Exine 5—7 µm thick, verrucose on distal as well as proximal face. Verrucae hemispherical, 7—10 µm in diameter at their bases, 4—6 µm high, spaced 0.7—1.0 µm apart, formed more or less regularly hexagonal, honeycomb-like negative reticulum.

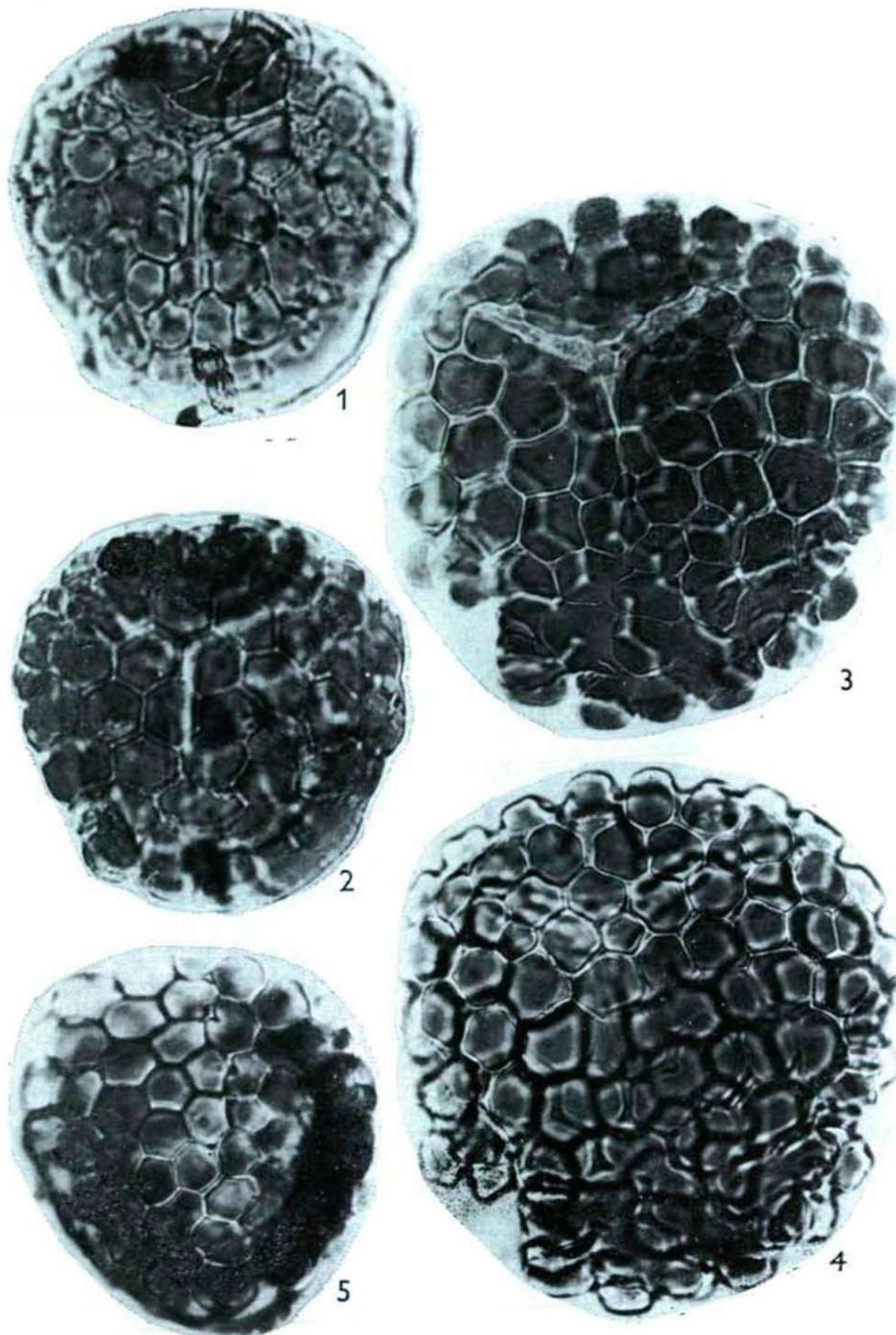
Spore size: 48—80 µm (holotype: 52 µm).

Differential diagnosis: the *Gregussisporites orientalis* nov. sp. differs from all verrucose species in having honeycomb-like negative reticulum both on proximal and distal surfaces.

Occurrence: Hungary: Mts Bakony, Middle Albian to Upper Albian; rare species.

USSR: Mts Crimea, Upper Albian; common.

Plate I



References

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DÖRING, H. (1965): Die sporenpaläontologische Gliederung des Wealden in Westmecklenburg (Struktur Werle). — Geologie., Beih., 47, 1—118.

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