organic compounds

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Bis(2,6-dicarboxypyridinium) dichloride acetone monosolvate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 173 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.028; wR factor = 0.082; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.0.

The title compound, $2C_7H_6NO_4^+\cdot 2Cl^-\cdot C_3H_6O$, crystallizes with two 2,6-dicarboxypyridinium cations, two chloride anions and one acetone molecule in the asymmetric unit. The crystal structure is characterized by alternating cations and by Cl⁻ anions, forming zigzag chains running along the *a* axis.

Related literature

For co-crystallization experiments, see: Ton & Bolte (2005); Tutughamiarso *et al.* (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data $2C_7H_6NO_4^+ \cdot 2CI^- \cdot C_3H_6O$ $M_r = 465.23$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 21.108 (4) Å b = 6.7877 (14) Å

c = 15.224 (3) Å
$\beta = 110.28 \ (3)^{\circ}$
V = 2046.0 (7) Å ³
Z = 4
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 0.37 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 173 K

Data collection

Stoe IPDSII two-circle	27731 measured reflections
diffractometer	3867 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	3412 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(MULABS; Spek, 2003;	$R_{\rm int} = 0.041$
Blessing, 1995)	
$T_{\min} = 0.897, T_{\max} = 0.930$	

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$ $wR(F^2) = 0.082$ S = 1.073867 reflections 277 parameters

2 restraints H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.17$ e Å $^{-3}$
 $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.33$ e Å $^{-3}$

 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$ mm

Table 1		
Hydrogen-bond geometry	(Å,	°).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$D2 - H2 \cdot \cdot \cdot Cl2^{i}$	0.84	2.11	2.9469 (13)	171
O3−H3···Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.84	2.14	2.9727 (13)	172
D12−H12···Cl1	0.84	2.13	2.9696 (15)	179
$D14 - H14 \cdots Cl2$	0.84	2.14	2.9775 (12)	177
$N1 - H1N \cdots O30^{iii}$	0.88	2.42	3.277 (2)	166
$N1 - H1N \cdots O2$	0.88	2.34	2.6685 (16)	103
$N1 - H1N \cdots O4$	0.88	2.39	2.7195 (16)	103
$N2 - H2N \cdots O11$	0.88	2.25	2.6365 (17)	106
$N2 - H2N \cdots O13$	0.88	2.26	2.6392 (16)	106
		4		

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) -x + 2, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) x, y, z - 1.

Data collection: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2001); cell refinement: *X-AREA*; data reduction: *X-AREA*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2671).

References

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o2848 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809043220]

Bis(2,6-dicarboxypyridinium) dichloride acetone monosolvate

C. Q. Ton and M. Bolte

Comment

The aim of our research is the cocrystallization of two small organic compounds in order to examine the hydrogen bonds formed between hydrogen-bond acceptors and hydrogen-bond donors (Ton & Bolte, 2005; Tutughamiarso *et al.*, 2009). When pyridine-2,6-dicarbonyl dichlorid and resorcinol were mixed in order to obtain a hydrogen bonded supermolecular complex, it turned out that the pyridine-2,6-dicarbonyl dichlorid had been hydrolyzed to the dicarboxylic acid. The title compound crystallizes with two 2,6-dicarboxypyridinium cations, two chloride anions and one acetone molecule in the asymmetric unit. The crystal structure is characterized by alternating cations and by Cl⁻ anions forming zigzag chains running along the *a* axis. The amino H atoms do not form intermolecular hydrogen bonds, but show short distances to the O atoms of the adjacent carboxyl groups.

Experimental

Pyridine-2,6-dicarbonyl dichlorid (20 mg) and resorcinol (20 mg) were dissolved in 2 ml absolute acetone. The mixture was sealed and set aside at room temperature. After two weeks small block-shaped crystals were obtained. It turned out that the pyridine-2,6-dicarbonyl dichloride had been hydrolyzed to the dicarboxylic acid.

Refinement

Hydrogen atoms were located in a difference Fourier map but they were included in calculated positions [N—H = 0.88 Å, C—H = 0.93 - 0.99 Å] and refined as riding [$U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ or $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O, C_{methyl})$].

Figures



Fig. 1. A view of the molecular structure of the title compound, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radii.



Fig. 2. Part of the crystal packing of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

Bis(2,6-dicarboxypyridinium) dichloride acetone monosolvate

Crystal data

 $2C_7H_6NO_4^+ \cdot 2Cl^- \cdot C_3H_6O$ $M_r = 465.23$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc *a* = 21.108 (4) Å b = 6.7877 (14) Å c = 15.224 (3) Å $\beta = 110.28 (3)^{\circ}$ V = 2046.0 (7) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Stoe IPDSII two-circle diffractometer	3867 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3412 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.041$
<i>T</i> = 173 K	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.7^{\circ}$
ω scans	$\theta_{\min} = 2.7^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (MULABS; Spek, 2003; Blessing, 1995)	$h = -25 \rightarrow 25$
$T_{\min} = 0.897, T_{\max} = 0.930$	$k = -8 \rightarrow 8$
27731 measured reflections	$l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$

 $wR(F^2) = 0.082$

S = 1.07

3867 reflections

277 parameters

2 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

 $F_{000} = 960$ $D_{\rm x} = 1.510 {\rm Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 4736 reflections $\theta = 3.6 - 23.9^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.37 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ *T* = 173 K Block, colourless $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0611P)^2]$ where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$ $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.33 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

 $U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$ \boldsymbol{Z} х y Cl2 0.400074 (15) 0.02093 (10) 0.86812 (5) 0.57272 (2) N1 0.86727(6) 0.62429 (16) 0.08751 (8) 0.0176(2) H1N 0.6094 0.0269 0.021* 0.8461 01 0.72464(5)0.5375(2)0.15456 (8) 0.0373 (3) O2 0.74328 (5) 0.47101 (18) 0.02079(7) 0.0314 (3) H2 0.7020 0.4421 0.047* 0.0003 O3 1.02593 (5) 0.07980(7) 0.77466 (16) 0.0269(2)H3 1.0420 0.7892 0.0369 0.040* 04 0.93315(5)0.66689(17) -0.03641(7)0.0312(3)C1 0.93284 (6) 0.67693 (19) 0.11849 (9) 0.0185 (3) C2 0.21350 (10) 0.0225 (3) 0.96772 (7) 0.6960(2)H2A 0.7289 0.2358 0.027* 1.0144 C3 0.93390 (8) 0.6665 (2) 0.27580 (10) 0.0259 (3) H3A 0.9572 0.6793 0.3413 0.031* C4 0.86538(7) 0.6179(2) 0.24171 (10) 0.0234(3)H4 0.8412 0.6016 0.2835 0.028* C5 0.83310(7) 0.59365 (19) 0.14648 (9) 0.0194 (3) C6 0.76021 (7) 0.5313 (2) 0.10756 (10) 0.0224 (3) C7 0.96393 (7) 0.7065 (2) 0.04423 (9) 0.0210 (3) C11 0.55437 (6) 0.66485 (18) 0.39734 (9) 0.0170(3) C12 0.52686(7) 0.65541 (19) 0.30102 (9) 0.0194 (3) H12A 0.4804 0.6830 0.2695 0.023* C13 0.56847 (7) 0.6047 (2) 0.25084 (9) 0.0220 (3) H13 0.1844 0.026* 0.5505 0.6010 C14 0.63629(7) 0.5591 (2) 0.29749 (9) 0.0202 (3) H14A 0.6647 0.5235 0.024* 0.2635 C15 0.66136(6) 0.56671 (19) 0.39429 (9) 0.0173 (3) C16 0.45933 (9) 0.73154 (6) 0.51806 (19) 0.0201 (3) C17 0.71815 (19) 0.46516 (9) 0.0189 (3) 0.51949 (6) N2 0.62003 (6) 0.43989(7) 0.62153 (15) 0.0162 (2) H2N 0.6370 0.6296 0.5014 0.019* 011 0.74741 (5) 0.55571 (16) 0.54219(7) 0.0281(2)012 0.76850 (5) 0.43135 (16) 0.41724 (7) 0.0260(2)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

supplementary materials

H12	0.8064	0.4033	0.4568	0.039*
O13	0.54906 (5)	0.69891 (16)	0.54842 (7)	0.0269 (2)
O14	0.45750 (5)	0.78176 (16)	0.42371 (7)	0.0244 (2)
H14	0.4400	0.8075	0.4643	0.037*
O30	0.77087 (6)	0.63026 (17)	0.86620 (9)	0.0391 (3)
C31	0.81624 (8)	0.4065 (2)	0.78336 (11)	0.0325 (3)
H31A	0.8598	0.4523	0.8271	0.049*
H31B	0.8139	0.4325	0.7190	0.049*
H31C	0.8118	0.2646	0.7917	0.049*
C32	0.76014 (7)	0.5135 (2)	0.80203 (11)	0.0271 (3)
C33	0.68937 (8)	0.4701 (3)	0.73731 (13)	0.0398 (4)
H33A	0.6597	0.4538	0.7741	0.060*
H33B	0.6893	0.3488	0.7024	0.060*
H33C	0.6730	0.5797	0.6933	0.060*
Cl1	0.903216 (16)	0.33503 (5)	0.55619 (2)	0.02480 (11)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl2	0.01679 (17)	0.02369 (18)	0.02316 (18)	0.00153 (11)	0.00802 (13)	0.00127 (12)
N1	0.0179 (5)	0.0192 (5)	0.0153 (5)	0.0008 (4)	0.0052 (4)	-0.0010 (4)
01	0.0271 (6)	0.0621 (8)	0.0297 (6)	-0.0071 (5)	0.0188 (5)	-0.0038 (5)
02	0.0185 (5)	0.0508 (7)	0.0265 (6)	-0.0076 (5)	0.0098 (4)	-0.0110 (5)
O3	0.0157 (5)	0.0409 (6)	0.0248 (5)	-0.0049 (4)	0.0080 (4)	-0.0054 (4)
O4	0.0253 (5)	0.0496 (7)	0.0185 (5)	-0.0122 (5)	0.0074 (4)	-0.0023 (4)
C1	0.0176 (6)	0.0170 (6)	0.0206 (7)	0.0017 (5)	0.0064 (5)	-0.0001 (5)
C2	0.0196 (6)	0.0250 (7)	0.0207 (7)	0.0006 (5)	0.0042 (5)	-0.0020 (5)
C3	0.0285 (7)	0.0303 (7)	0.0164 (7)	0.0018 (6)	0.0047 (6)	-0.0015 (5)
C4	0.0275 (7)	0.0262 (7)	0.0191 (7)	0.0017 (5)	0.0115 (6)	0.0005 (5)
C5	0.0215 (7)	0.0174 (6)	0.0214 (7)	0.0026 (5)	0.0100 (5)	0.0012 (5)
C6	0.0222 (7)	0.0246 (7)	0.0222 (7)	0.0008 (5)	0.0101 (5)	0.0018 (5)
C7	0.0179 (6)	0.0233 (7)	0.0215 (7)	-0.0013 (5)	0.0065 (5)	-0.0008 (5)
C11	0.0175 (6)	0.0152 (6)	0.0188 (6)	-0.0004 (5)	0.0071 (5)	-0.0003 (5)
C12	0.0192 (6)	0.0187 (6)	0.0184 (6)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0039 (5)	0.0011 (5)
C13	0.0278 (7)	0.0220 (7)	0.0156 (6)	-0.0015 (5)	0.0070 (5)	0.0001 (5)
C14	0.0242 (7)	0.0201 (6)	0.0194 (6)	-0.0006 (5)	0.0117 (5)	-0.0003 (5)
C15	0.0186 (6)	0.0146 (6)	0.0202 (6)	-0.0011 (5)	0.0087 (5)	-0.0005 (5)
C16	0.0196 (6)	0.0196 (6)	0.0219 (7)	0.0005 (5)	0.0082 (5)	-0.0003 (5)
C17	0.0178 (6)	0.0201 (7)	0.0193 (6)	0.0007 (5)	0.0071 (5)	-0.0005 (5)
N2	0.0176 (5)	0.0174 (5)	0.0132 (5)	0.0004 (4)	0.0047 (4)	-0.0013 (4)
011	0.0214 (5)	0.0392 (6)	0.0211 (5)	0.0048 (4)	0.0038 (4)	-0.0057 (4)
012	0.0197 (5)	0.0340 (6)	0.0248 (5)	0.0084 (4)	0.0083 (4)	0.0002 (4)
O13	0.0241 (5)	0.0399 (6)	0.0174 (5)	0.0069 (4)	0.0081 (4)	-0.0004 (4)
O14	0.0188 (5)	0.0342 (6)	0.0217 (5)	0.0062 (4)	0.0091 (4)	0.0019 (4)
O30	0.0382 (6)	0.0362 (6)	0.0452 (7)	-0.0022 (5)	0.0175 (5)	-0.0108 (5)
C31	0.0323 (8)	0.0324 (8)	0.0326 (8)	0.0014 (6)	0.0111 (7)	-0.0022 (7)
C32	0.0305 (7)	0.0229 (7)	0.0288 (8)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0115 (6)	0.0049 (6)
C33	0.0292 (8)	0.0443 (10)	0.0429 (10)	0.0012 (7)	0.0087 (7)	-0.0006 (8)

supplementary	materials
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Cl1	0.01629 (17)	0.02919 (19)	0.0289 (2)	0.00156 (12)	0.00780 (14)	-0.00016 (13)
Gaomatric para	nators (Å °)					
Geometric purun	neters (A,)					
N1—C1		1.3467 (17)	C13-	C14	1.394 (2)	
N1—C5		1.3484 (18)	C13–	-H13	0.95	00
N1—H1N		0.8800	C14–	C15	1.38	34 (19)
O1—C6		1.2040 (18)	C14–	-H14A	0.95	00
O2—C6		1.3087 (18)	C15-	-N2	1.34	21 (17)
O2—H2		0.8400	C15–	C16	1.50	57 (18)
O3—C7		1.3147 (17)	C16–	-011	1.21	49 (17)
O3—H3		0.8400	C16–	012	1.30	85 (17)
O4—C7		1.2036 (17)	C17–	013	1.21	03 (17)
C1—C2		1.3829 (19)	C17–	014	1.31	32 (16)
C1—C7		1.5045 (19)	N2—	H2N	0.88	00
C2—C3		1.385 (2)	012-	-H12	0.84	00
C2—H2A		0.9500	014–	-H14	0.84	00
C3—C4		1.396 (2)	O30–	C32	1.21	67 (19)
С3—НЗА		0.9500	C31–	C32	1.49	8 (2)
C4—C5		1.381 (2)	C31–	-H31A	0.98	00
C4—H4		0.9500	C31–	–H31B	0.98	00
C5—C6		1.5052 (19)	C31–	-H31C	0.98	00
C11—N2		1.3433 (17)	C32–	-C33	1.50	6 (2)
C11—C12		1.3790 (19)	C33–	-H33A	0.98	00
C11—C17		1.5052 (18)	C33–	–H33B	0.98	00
C12—C13		1.392 (2)	C33–	-H33C	0.98	00
C12—H12A		0.9500				
C1—N1—C5		121.98 (11)	C14-	C13H13	119.	8
C1—N1—H1N		119.0	C15–	C14C13	118.	71 (12)
C5—N1—H1N		119.0	C15-	C14H14A	120.	6
C6—O2—H2		109.5	C13–	C14H14A	120.	6
С7—О3—Н3		109.5	N2—	C15—C14	118.	96 (12)
N1—C1—C2		120.07 (13)	N2—	C15—C16	112.	85 (11)
N1—C1—C7		115.80 (12)	C14-	C15C16	128.	19 (12)
C2—C1—C7		124.11 (12)	011-	C16O12	127.	34 (12)
C1—C2—C3		119.26 (13)	011-	C16C15	119.4	41 (12)
C1—C2—H2A		120.4	O12-	C16C15	113.	22 (12)
С3—С2—Н2А		120.4	O13–	C17O14	127.	23 (12)
C2—C3—C4		119.53 (13)	O13–	C17C11	119.	68 (12)
С2—С3—НЗА		120.2	O14–	C17C11	113.	10 (11)
С4—С3—НЗА		120.2	C15-	-N2-C11	123.	93 (11)
C5—C4—C3		119.25 (13)	C15-	-N2-H2N	118.	0
С5—С4—Н4		120.4	C11–	-N2-H2N	118.	0
С3—С4—Н4		120.4	C16–	O12H12	109.	5
N1—C5—C4		119.83 (12)	C17—O14—H14		109.	5
N1—C5—C6		119.40 (12)	C32–	-C31-H31A	109.	5
C4—C5—C6		120.77 (13)	C32–	C32—C31—H31B 10		5
O1—C6—O2		127.04 (13)	H31A	—С31—Н31В	109.	5
O1—C6—C5		121.27 (13)	C32–	-C31-H31C	109.	5

supplementary materials

O2—C6—C5	111.69 (12)	H31A—C31—H31C	109.5
O4—C7—O3	127.38 (13)	H31B—C31—H31C	109.5
O4—C7—C1	120.99 (12)	O30—C32—C31	121.94 (14)
O3—C7—C1	111.63 (12)	O30—C32—C33	121.25 (15)
N2-C11-C12	119.10 (12)	C31—C32—C33	116.81 (14)
N2-C11-C17	112.96 (11)	С32—С33—Н33А	109.5
C12—C11—C17	127.94 (12)	С32—С33—Н33В	109.5
C11—C12—C13	118.80 (12)	Н33А—С33—Н33В	109.5
C11—C12—H12A	120.6	С32—С33—Н33С	109.5
C13—C12—H12A	120.6	H33A—C33—H33C	109.5
C12—C13—C14	120.46 (12)	H33B—C33—H33C	109.5
C12—C13—H13	119.8		
C5—N1—C1—C2	1.76 (19)	N2-C11-C12-C13	-1.17 (19)
C5—N1—C1—C7	-179.77 (12)	C17—C11—C12—C13	179.30 (12)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-2.1 (2)	C11-C12-C13-C14	1.71 (19)
C7—C1—C2—C3	179.60 (13)	C12-C13-C14-C15	-0.4 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.1 (2)	C13—C14—C15—N2	-1.37 (19)
C2—C3—C4—C5	2.1 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C16	177.90 (12)
C1—N1—C5—C4	0.54 (19)	N2-C15-C16-O11	-9.64 (18)
C1—N1—C5—C6	-178.85 (11)	C14-C15-C16-O11	171.05 (13)
C3—C4—C5—N1	-2.5 (2)	N2-C15-C16-O12	168.43 (11)
C3—C4—C5—C6	176.92 (12)	C14—C15—C16—O12	-10.9 (2)
N1—C5—C6—O1	-166.16 (14)	N2-C11-C17-O13	-7.56 (18)
C4—C5—C6—O1	14.5 (2)	C12-C11-C17-O13	172.00 (13)
N1—C5—C6—O2	14.67 (18)	N2-C11-C17-O14	172.82 (11)
C4—C5—C6—O2	-164.72 (13)	C12-C11-C17-O14	-7.62 (19)
N1—C1—C7—O4	-6.70 (19)	C14—C15—N2—C11	2.01 (19)
C2—C1—C7—O4	171.71 (14)	C16-C15-N2-C11	-177.37 (11)
N1—C1—C7—O3	174.26 (11)	C12-C11-N2-C15	-0.71 (19)
C2—C1—C7—O3	-7.33 (19)	C17—C11—N2—C15	178.89 (11)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H…A	$D \cdots A$	$D\!\!-\!\!\mathrm{H}^{\dots}\!A$		
O2—H2···Cl2 ⁱ	0.84	2.11	2.9469 (13)	171		
O3—H3···Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.84	2.14	2.9727 (13)	172		
O12—H12…Cl1	0.84	2.13	2.9696 (15)	179		
O14—H14…Cl2	0.84	2.14	2.9775 (12)	177		
N1—H1N···O30 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.88	2.42	3.277 (2)	166		
N1—H1N···O2	0.88	2.34	2.6685 (16)	103		
N1—H1N···O4	0.88	2.39	2.7195 (16)	103		
N2—H2N…O11	0.88	2.25	2.6365 (17)	106		
N2—H2N…O13	0.88	2.26	2.6392 (16)	106		
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1$, $y-1/2$, $-z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+2$, $y+1/2$, $-z+1/2$; (iii) x , y , $z-1$.						





