Retrovirology



Poster presentation

Open Access

Phage Display Selection of HIV Specific Conserved Mimotopes With IgG from Long-term Non-progressors

Michael Humber¹, Sascha Antoni¹, Andreas Schreiber¹, Berta Rodes², Vicente Soriano², Matthias Dittmar³ and Ursula Dietrich*^{‡1}

Address: ¹Georg-Speyer-Haus, Frankfurt, Germany, ²Instituto de Salud Carlos III, Madrid, Spain and ³Virology, University of Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany

Email: Ursula Dietrich* - ursula.dietrich@em.uni-frankfurt.de

from 2005 International Meeting of The Institute of Human Virology Baltimore, USA, 29 August - 2 September 2005

Published: 8 December 2005

Retrovirology 2005, 2(Suppl 1):P29 doi:10.1186/1742-4690-2-S1-P29

Background

The aim of this study is to identify conserved epitopes of HIV-1 neutralizing antibodies in polyclonal plasma from LTNP to finally derive vaccine candidates.

Materials and methods

The presence of neutralizing antibodies in 9 LTNP sera was proved by in vitro neutralization assays. Phage displayed peptide libraries were screened with LTNP IgG. HIV-specific mimotopes were analyzed for homology to the gp120 structure by a software (3DEX) especially developed for this purpose. Mice were immunized with interesting phages and their sera were analyzed for neutralizing activities against HIV-1.

Results

After biopannings, between 19% and 75% HIV-specific phage clones were identified by ELISA. Mimotope sequences were identified and could be aligned by 3DEX to linear or conformational epitopes on gp120. A peptide specific immune response was detected in sera of immunized mice. The first mice sera analyzed showed neutralizing activities against HIV-1.

Conclusion

Mimotopes could be selected from LTNP sera that represent conformational epitopes on gp120. Those ones inducing neutralizing antibodies upon immunization potentially are suited to derive vaccine candidates.