

# The Great Lakes Entomologist

---

Volume 25  
Number 2 - Summer 1992 *Number 2 - Summer*  
1992

Article 3

---

June 1992

## Distribution of the Water Scorpion *Nepa Apiculata* (Hemiptera: Nepidae) in Wisconsin

P. A. Cochran  
*St. Norbert College*

A. P. Gripentrog  
*St. Norbert College*

K. M. Stack  
*St. Norbert College*

Follow this and additional works at: <https://scholar.valpo.edu/tgle>



Part of the [Entomology Commons](#)

---

### Recommended Citation

Cochran, P. A.; Gripentrog, A. P.; and Stack, K. M. 1992. "Distribution of the Water Scorpion *Nepa Apiculata* (Hemiptera: Nepidae) in Wisconsin," *The Great Lakes Entomologist*, vol 25 (2)  
Available at: <https://scholar.valpo.edu/tgle/vol25/iss2/3>

This Peer-Review Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Department of Biology at ValpoScholar. It has been accepted for inclusion in *The Great Lakes Entomologist* by an authorized administrator of ValpoScholar. For more information, please contact a ValpoScholar staff member at [scholar@valpo.edu](mailto:scholar@valpo.edu).

DISTRIBUTION OF THE WATER SCORPION *NEPA APICULATA*  
(HEMIPTERA:NEPIDAE) IN WISCONSINP.A. Cochran, A.P. Gripentrog and K.M. Stack<sup>1</sup>

The water scorpion *Nepa apiculata* Uhler was considered rare in Wisconsin by Hilsenhoff (1984), who collected only 11 individuals during a 25-year period. All of his collections were from overwintering sites, especially debris in streams, during early spring or autumn (Hilsenhoff, pers. comm.). He concluded that the species was restricted to southern Wisconsin. Recent collections indicate that *N. apiculata* is more widely distributed. These records, summarized below, are documented with specimens in the University of Wisconsin-Madison insect collection.

On 25 September 1986 we collected a *N. apiculata* during a brief period of sampling in a small artificial pond near De Pere, Brown County, Wisconsin. An additional specimen from Brown County was provided by Doug Hartman, naturalist at the Barkhausen Waterfowl Preserve, who indicated that school children on class trips had collected approximately six individuals in as many years in a small shallow pond that is fed and drained by a small creek. At both Brown County locations, *N. apiculata* were collected at the water's edge with dipnets. This is consistent with habitat descriptions provided by McPherson and Packauskas (1987). They described the breeding habitat as muddy margins of ponds or marshes where the water barely or only partially covers the insect. A third Brown County specimen, 16 mm long (exclusive of the apical abdominal respiratory appendages), was collected in somewhat different conditions by Andrew Cochran on 29 June 1992. It was found in Duck Creek at Brown County Park beneath a rock approximately 8 cm from shore. The rock was situated over a gravel bottom and the cavity beneath it was 10-13 cm deep.

On 12 July 1991, two *N. apiculata* were collected from debris in Hackett Branch approximately 0.3 km upstream from its confluence with the Grant River in Grant County. Additional records of *N. apiculata* in Wisconsin were provided to us by William Hilsenhoff and include specimens from the Black River in Taylor County (October 1987), a marsh in Sheboygan County (March 1986), and Rush Lake in Winnebago County (collected by G. Drecktrah). Together with our records from Brown and Grant counties, these indicate that the distribution of *N. apiculata* in Wisconsin is much more extensive than previously supposed (Figure 1). Indeed, we expect that this species is even more widely distributed in Wisconsin and perhaps occurs statewide; McPherson and Packauskas (1987) noted that it has been collected in Manitoba. The apparent rarity of *N. apiculata* in Wisconsin is likely due to inadequate collecting in its shallow, muddy breeding habitat. However, because *N. apiculata* apparently occurs in low densities in at least some localities (see above), new records may prove difficult to come by. A potentially useful strategy for obtaining new locality data would be to contact nature centers where pond or wetland studies are routinely conducted.

---

<sup>1</sup>Division of Natural Sciences, St. Norbert College, DePere, WI 54115.

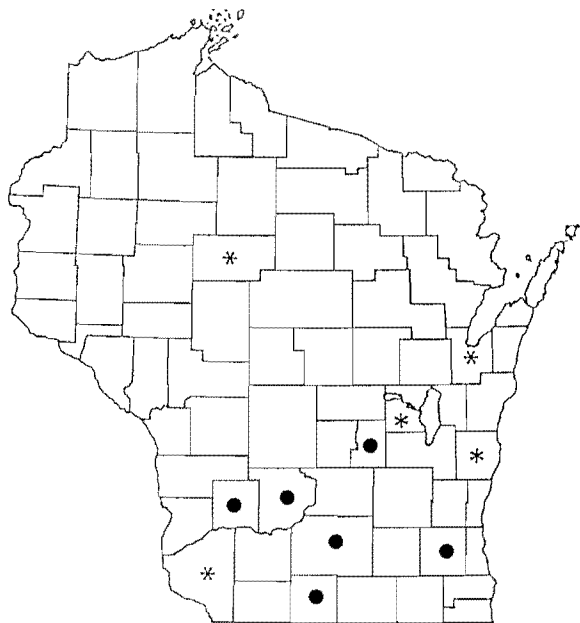


Figure 1. Distribution of *Nepa apiculata* in Wisconsin. Dots are county records from Hilsenhoff (1984) plotted at the center of each county (more exact localities were not provided). Asterisks (\*) mark new county records reported herein.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We thank the various individuals who collected the specimens listed herein, and we thank William Hilsenhoff for comments on an earlier draft on this manuscript.

#### LITERATURE CITED

- Hilsenhoff, W.L. 1984. Aquatic Hemiptera of Wisconsin. Great Lakes Entomol. 17:29-50.
- McPherson, J.E. and R.J. Packauskas. 1987. Life history and laboratory rearing of *Nepa apiculata* (Heteroptera: Nepidae), with descriptions of immature stages. Ann. Entomol. Soc. Amer. 80:680-685.