# Mapping the Childhood Obesity Epidemic: <br> A Geographic Profile of the Predicted Risk for Childhood Obesity in Communities Across the United States 

Sharon K. Long<br>Leah Hendey<br>Kathy Pettit<br>The Urban Institute<br>2100 M Street NW<br>Washington, DC 20037

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## Introduction

The prevalence of childhood obesity has nearly tripled over the past 25 years, so that more than 1 in 6 children between the ages of 6 and 19 are obese today. ${ }^{1}$ In response to this rapid rise in childhood obesity, The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJF) initiated a national agenda for change that seeks to reverse the childhood obesity epidemic by 2015 by improving access to affordable healthy foods and increasing opportunities for physical activity in schools and communities across the nation. ${ }^{2}$ In pursuit of that goal, RWJF has developed three integrated strategies that seek to: obtain evidence of what works, take action to promote the most promising approaches and use advocacy to build a broad national constituency for childhood obesity prevention. ${ }^{3}$

With much of RWJF's evidence, action and advocacy agendas focused on state- and community-level interventions, there is a clear need to understand the prevalence of childhood obesity at the state and local levels. Unfortunately, there is no data source that provides measures of childhood obesity across all states and communities in the United States. To address this gap, RWJF asked the Urban Institute to explore the association between community risk factors and childhood obesity using national databases, with the goal of predicting the risk for obesity for children in communities across the United States. This report summarizes the findings from that study, providing maps and community profiles of the predicted risk for obesity for children in all 50 states and the District of Columbia.

We begin with an overview of the methods used to obtain the estimates of the risk for childhood obesity and the results from the models that we estimated. The second half of the report provides a series of maps and tables that document the predicted risk for obesity for children across the states and within communities in each state based on our analysis.

## A. Study Methods and Findings

Overview. The goal of this study was to use information on the relationship between childhood obesity and community-level characteristics for representative samples of children drawn from national surveys to predict the risk for obesity for children in all communities across the United States. To do this, we first estimated multivariate models of childhood obesity as a function of a wide array of community characteristics based on the children and communities included in national survey data. Based on the estimates obtained from those models, we then predicted the risk for childhood obesity for children in communities across the United States. It is important to acknowledge that because our estimates are based on a national model, we do not capture unique aspects of states and local communities that may exacerbate or mitigate the risk for childhood obesity (e.g., we do not capture the impacts of Arkansas's statewide assessment of

[^0]childhood obesity or the Food Trust's initiatives in Philadelphia). The remainder of this section briefly describes our definition of childhood obesity, the data used for the study, our analytic approach and the findings from the analysis.

Defining Overweight and Obese. While the definitions for overweight and obesity are well established for adults, there is less consistency is the use of the terms for children. Using the "body mass index" (BMI), a measure of how much a person weighs relative to their height, the Centers for Disease Control defines children as being "at risk for being overweight" if their BMI is at or above the $85^{\text {th }}$ percentile of a fixed reference group of U.S. children of the same age and sex. ${ }^{4}$ Children with a BMI above the $95^{\text {th }}$ percentile are defined as "overweight." Others, including the Institute of Medicine, ${ }^{5}$ refer to the first group of children as "overweight" and the second group as "obese." For simplicity of language, we use the latter terminology.

Data Sources. Two types of data were needed for the study. The first was information on overweight and obesity for children across communities in the United States. The second was detailed information on community characteristics that are potential predictors of childhood obesity. For the first type of data, we used data on child height and weight from three surveys: the 1988-94 National Health and Examination Survey (NHANES), ${ }^{6}$ the 2000-04 Medical Expenditures Panel Survey (MEPS) and the 2003/2004 National Survey of Children's Health (NSCH). As explained further below, we focus on the MEPS analysis in this report.

For the second type of data--community characteristics, we gathered nearly 500 variables from various national data sources, including Census 2000, the National Center for Education Statistics, Department of Housing and Urban Development, County and ZIP Business Patterns, the Federal Bureau of Investigations, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, and others. ${ }^{7}$ (Appendix Table 1 provides more details on the data sources for community characteristics.)

To link each child to the characteristics of their community, we relied on the existing geocoding ${ }^{8}$ in the three surveys. The NHANES and MEPS provide census tract identifiers, while the smallest area identified in the NSCH is ZIP code. Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county that are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. ${ }^{9}$

Unlike census tracts, ZIP codes are not spatially defined areas with precise boundaries. Instead, they are a set of mailing addresses grouped by the U.S. Postal Service as a delivery route, and do not necessarily correspond to any definition of neighborhood. ${ }^{10}$ The median

[^1]census tract in the U.S. covers about 2 square miles, compared to 38 square miles for the median ZIP code area. Consistent with those differences in size, the average population in a census tract is about 4,300 , compared to 8,800 in the average ZIP code area. ${ }^{11}$ Census tracts are much smaller than ZIP codes, particularly in urban areas, and provide a better measure of the child's local neighborhood.

The community characteristics that we consider in our model can be grouped into nine categories:

- Demographic variables-e.g., the age, race, and citizenship status of the population in the community;
- Measures of household structure-e.g., share of children living in two-parent, singleparent, and non-parent households;
- Education and language variables-e.g., percent of the adult population with a high school degree, percent of the population with poor English skills;
- Employment status-e.g., the unemployment rate, the labor force participation rate for women;
- Income and poverty-e.g., the poverty rate, median family income, percent of households on public assistance;
- Housing-e.g., homeownership rate, vacancy rates, measures of overcrowding;
- Health environment-e.g., infant mortality rate, uninsurance rate;
- Food environment - e.g., number of grocery stores and restaurants per capita; and
- Physical environment-e.g., pedestrian fatalities in auto accidents, weather patterns, number of bowling alleys per capita, crime rates.

Table A. 1 summarizes the set of variables included in the analysis at the county, census tract and ZIP code levels. A more detailed list is provided in the appendix as Appendix Table 1. The models using the NHANES and MEPS include measures at the census tract and county level, while the NSCH models included measures at the ZIP code and county level. While many of the variables are available at all three levels, several are only available at the county level or at the county and tract, or county and ZIP code levels.

Analytic Approach. Using the survey data on childhood obesity combined with the data on community characteristics, we estimated models of the probability of child obesity as a function of the characteristics of the child's community (based on Table A.1) for children ages 6 to 17 . The parameter estimates obtained from these models were used to predict the "risk for childhood obesity" for children in all communities in the United States.

The models of childhood obesity were estimated using logistic regression in a boosted regression framework. ${ }^{12}$ Boosted regression is a data mining method that can identify complex

[^2]Table A.1: Summary of Available Community Context Measures

| Variable | Geographic Level |
| :---: | :---: |
| Demographic: |  |
| Age Distribution | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Grade Distribution of Students | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Number of Public Schools/Public School Students | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Race/Ethnicity Distribution of Students, Children, Overall | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Recent Immigrants | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Household Structure: |  |
| Household Structure (Single Parents, etc). | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Education and Language: |  |
| Education Level for Adults | Tract, ZIP, County |
| English Language Ability | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Employment: |  |
| Female Labor Force Participation and Employment | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Unemployment Rate | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Income/Poverty: |  |
| Family/Household Income | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Poverty Rates and Concentration | Tract, ZIP, County |
| IRS Filing Status/Returns | ZIP, County |
| Housing: |  |
| Home Purchase Mortgage Information | Tract, County |
| Housing Affordability | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Rent/Housing Value | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Overcrowded Housing | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Vacancy Rates | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Public/Subsidized Housing | Tract, County |
| Health: |  |
| Infant Mortality Rate | County |
| Number of Doctors/Hospitals per Capita | County |
| Uninsurance Rate | County |
| Food Environment: |  |
| Number of Restaurants/Grocery stores per Capita, etc. | ZIP, County |
| Physical Environment: |  |
| Pedestrian Fatalities (in Auto Accidents) | County |
| Average Weather (Temperature/Precipitation, etc.) | County |
| Business Patterns (Types of Establishments, etc). | ZIP, County |
| Level of Urbanization | County |
| Method of Traveling to Work | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Neighborhood Stability | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Population Density | Tract, ZIP, County |
| Crime Rates | County |

nonlinear relationships between the outcome of interest and a large number of covariates. In this case, we use the method to select the community characteristics that best classify a child as obese. ${ }^{13}$ The output from the boosted regression models provides a measure of the relative importance (or "influence") of each variable to the overall fit of the model.

It is important to acknowledge that this type of model is intended to provide accurate predictions of the probability that a child is obese but not intended to describe the true mechanism that underlies the relationship between childhood obesity and community characteristics. ${ }^{14}$

We estimated models for all children ages 6 to 17, for boys and girls separately, and for younger (ages 6-11) and older (ages 12 to 17) children separately. We focus on the estimates for all children here. The general patterns were similar for boys and girls and for older and younger children.

Findings. We found that community characteristics explained only a small share of the variation in childhood obesity in the three surveys (ranging from $<1$ to 2 percent depending on the model and national health dataset used). ${ }^{15}$ To place the predictive power of our models in context, it is useful to review the explanatory power of other models of childhood obesity. In general, efforts to model childhood obesity as a function of the characteristics of the individual child and his or her family do not explain a large share of the variation in childhood obesity. For example, work by Anderson, Butcher and Levine (2002) using a strong empirical framework, reports a pseudo $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ of .02 to .12 for their models depending on the particular model of childhood obesity that is estimated. Similarly, recent work by Monheit, Vistnes and Rogowski (2007) obtains a pseudo $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ of .09 to .14 in models of adolescent obesity. ${ }^{16}$ In that work, they find only a minimal increase in the pseudo $\mathrm{R}^{2}(<.02)$ due to the addition of community characteristics. ${ }^{17}$

Within the set of variables that did influence child obesity, our analysis found that neighborhood characteristics, whether based on census tracts or ZIP codes had a greater influence than county level characteristics. Because the census tract is more closely aligned with a child's neighborhood and is defined more consistently across the county, we use the estimates from models using the MEPS for the maps and tabulations reported in the remainder of this report. In general, the findings from the models using the NSCH (based on ZIP codes) were very similar to those based on the MEPS (census tracts), as the types of community indicators that

[^3]proved most influential in determining a child's probability of being obese (discussed below) were very similar across the two data sets.

Table A. 2 summarizes the influence of community variables on the probability of being obese based on the MEPS. The types of community indicators that proved most influential in determining a child's probability of being obese were the demographic characteristics, household structure, and education and English language proficiency of the population in the child's community. The two single most influential variables were the percentage of children who lived in households headed by someone other than a parent and the percentage of adults (age 25 and over) without a high school degree in the community.

Using the estimates from the regression models, we predicted the probability for obesity for children in each census tract based on the characteristics of the child's tract and county. There are a number of strategies that could be used to compare the estimated risk for childhood obesity across areas. For this analysis, we classify census tracts based on the predicted risk for obesity for children in the tract relative to the national mean predicted risk for childhood obesity using the following groups:

- Lowest risk for obesity -the predicted risk for obesity for a child in the census tract is more than 1.5 standard deviations below the national mean;
- Lower risk for obesity-the predicted risk for obesity for a child in the census tract is between 0.5 and 1.5 standard deviations below the national mean;
- Average risk for obesity-the predicted risk for obesity for a child in the census tract is within 0.5 standard deviations above or below the national mean;
- Higher risk for obesity - the predicted risk for obesity for a child in the census tract is between 0.5 and 1.5 standard deviations above the national mean; and
- Highest risk for obesity-the predicted risk for obesity for a child in the census tract is more than 1.5 standard deviations above the national mean.

Based on our model, we obtained a predicted risk for childhood obesity for all 65,443 census tracts in the United States. In order to convey the general patterns of the risk for obesity for children across the communities, we have summarized the predicted risk for children in the communities using the percent of census tracts in a given area, such as a state or county, in which children are predicted to be either at above average risk for obesity (that is at either higher or highest risk) or at highest risk for obesity.

As part of this study, we explored the availability of data sets for selected states or communities to test the reliability of the predictions based on our model; unfortunately, we were not able to identify any data sources that could be used to test the accuracy of the predictions generated by the model.

Table A.2: Percent Influence of Community Variables on the Probability of Being Obese for Children Ages 6 to 17
(Individual variables with greater than 2\% influence are listed)

| Category/Variable | Influence on <br> Probability of <br> Being Obese |
| :--- | :---: |
| All Demographic Variables |  |
| Tract Proportion Black Males age 5-14 | 30.7 |
| All Household Structure Variables | 2.1 |
| Tract Percent of Children in Households Headed by a Non-Parent | 21.1 |
| All Education and Language Variables | 17.0 |
| Tract Percent of Adult Population Without High School Degree | 14.4 |
| All Housing Variables | 12.8 |
| All Income and Poverty Variables | 11.8 |
| All Employment Variables | 8.0 |
| All Physical Environment Variables | 2.9 |
| All Food Environment Variables | 8.3 |
| All Health Environment Variables | 1.5 |
| Total Influence Indicators | 1.00 .0 |
| Source: Analy | 1.3 |

Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

Potential Extensions to the Study. The low explanatory power of our models suggests that the set of community characteristics considered here explain little of the variation in childhood obesity. Given the timeframe for the study, we pulled together data from existing Urban Institute data collection efforts and easily available public use files. There are additional measures that could be added to the model with additional time and resources (e.g., more detailed data on the location of food outlets, food prices). Further, alternative measures of the local community could be constructed using the data, such as measures of the distance from the child's neighborhood to different types of community characteristics (e.g., closest grocery store).

While not available in national files, smaller-area measures for crime and other community characteristics (e.g., parks and playgrounds) would be attainable for certain metropolitan areas from local data organizations, such as members of the National Neighborhood Indicators Partnership (NNIP). ${ }^{18}$ These agencies could also potentially provide missing factors such as built environment, child health outcomes, and local health interventions.

Finally, a more recent round of the NHANES is in the process of being geocoded. This survey, which includes data on measured height and weight, as well as other measures of adiposity, along with data on food consumption and physical activity, offers the potential for a much more in-depth study of the link between the community environment and the risk for childhood obesity than was feasible with the data sources available at the time of this study.

## B. A National Perspective on the Risk for Childhood Obesity

Overall we estimated that children ages 6 to 17 are at an above average risk for obesity in 34 percent of all census tracts and are at the highest risk for obesity in 6.5 percent of tracts. Figure B. 1 shows the percent of census tracts in each state in which children ages 6 to 17 are predicted to be at above average risk for childhood obesity, with supporting data provided in Table B.1. As shown, the states with the highest proportions of census tracts at above average risk are clustered in the southeast, with the highest proportions in Mississippi (77 percent), the District of Columbia (66 percent), Hawaii (65 percent), Louisiana (65 percent), Georgia (64 percent) and South Carolina ( 63 percent). On the other end of the scale, children were predicted to be at above average risk for obesity in only 2.3 percent of census tracts Wyoming and 3.4 percent of census tracts in Vermont.

Figure B. 2 displays the percent of census tracts in a state in which children ages 6 to 17 are predicted to be at the highest risk for obesity. As one might expect, this map looks similar to Figure B.1. Hawaii has the highest proportion of census tracts predicted to be at highest risk for childhood obesity (28 percent), closely followed by Mississippi (27 percent), Georgia (22 percent), North Carolina ( 21 percent), South Carolina (20 percent), and Alabama (19 percent) (See Table B.1). Neither Vermont or Wyoming contain any census tracts in which children ages 6 to 17 are predicted to be at highest risk for obesity.

[^4]Table B. 2 provides a national profile of communities based on their predicted risk for childhood obesity. Comparisons are made among census tracts predicted to be at highest risk for obesity, those at above average risk for obesity and those at average or below average risk for obesity for children ages 6 to 17. As shown in the table, tracts predicted to be at above average or highest risk for obesity for children ages 6 to 17 are more likely to have minority residents, higher unemployment rates, higher proportions of children living in households headed by a nonparent and of single parent families, higher poverty rates, lower female labor force participation, lower education and income levels, and lower homeownership rates than tracts at average or below average risk for obesity. For many factors, children in census tracts predicted to be at highest risk are worse off and in less economically-stable situations than children in census tracts at above average risk for obesity.

The differences in community indicators by relative risk for obesity are quite striking. For example, the child poverty rate in tracts predicted to be at the highest risk for obesity was nearly 40 percent, while it was 31 percent in tracts at above average risk and less than 10 percent in tracts with average or below average risk for childhood obesity. The average median household income was more than $\$ 30,000$ per year higher in average or below average risk tracts than in the census tracts at the highest risk for obesity. Overall, the communities where childhood obesity is predicted to be highest face disadvantages across multiple dimensions. Strategies to address the childhood obesity epidemic in these communities will be most effective if they recognize the context of these underlying problems and tailor programs to the local circumstances of the children at risk.

Figure B.1: Percent of Census Tracts in States in which Children Ages 6 to 17


Source: Analyses by The Urban Institute

Figure B.2: Percent of Census Tracts in States in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity


Source: Analyses by The Urban Institute

Table B.1: Predicted Risk for Obesity for Children 6 to 17 in US Communities, by State Share of census tracts in which Share of census tracts in which | State | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Share of census tracts in which } \\ \text { children ages } 6 \text { to } 17 \text { are predicted to } \\ \text { be at above average risk for obesity }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Share of census tracts in which } \\ \text { children ages } 6 \text { to } 17 \text { are predicted to } \\ \text { be at highest risk for obesity }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

| Alabama | 61.1\% | 19.4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska | 32.9\% | 11.4\% |
| Arizona | 37.7\% | 8.7\% |
| Arkansas | 56.4\% | 10.1\% |
| California | 31.5\% | 3.2\% |
| Colorado | 15.2\% | 1.1\% |
| Connecticut | 24.7\% | 3.2\% |
| Delaware | 28.9\% | 3.6\% |
| District of Columbia | 66.0\% | 4.8\% |
| Florida | 39.8\% | 7.0\% |
| Georgia | 63.8\% | 22.3\% |
| Hawaii | 65.4\% | 27.6\% |
| Idaho | 7.1\% | 0.4\% |
| Illinois | 33.8\% | 7.0\% |
| Indiana | 26.2\% | 3.4\% |
| lowa | 9.0\% | 2.1\% |
| Kansas | 17.3\% | 1.7\% |
| Kentucky | 50.8\% | 11.7\% |
| Louisiana | 64.9\% | 15.2\% |
| Maine | 7.5\% | 0.9\% |
| Maryland | 38.2\% | 7.1\% |
| Massachusetts | 15.7\% | 1.2\% |
| Michigan | 23.1\% | 3.3\% |
| Minnesota | 10.1\% | 1.4\% |
| Mississippi | 77.4\% | 27.3\% |
| Missouri | 31.2\% | 5.0\% |
| Montana | 13.7\% | 2.2\% |
| Nebraska | 12.3\% | 1.2\% |
| Nevada | 32.9\% | 4.3\% |
| New Hampshire | 4.4\% | 0.4\% |
| New Jersey | 28.9\% | 3.4\% |
| New Mexico | 45.8\% | 9.6\% |
| New York | 32.4\% | 3.0\% |
| North Carolina | 59.1\% | 21.1\% |
| North Dakota | 8.4\% | 4.0\% |
| Ohio | 29.7\% | 5.9\% |
| Oklahoma | 39.9\% | 7.5\% |
| Oregon | 7.3\% | 0.7\% |
| Pennsylvania | 20.9\% | 2.6\% |
| Rhode Island | 26.5\% | 9.4\% |
| South Carolina | 63.0\% | 20.2\% |
| South Dakota | 24.3\% | 14.9\% |
| Tennessee | 52.5\% | 9.3\% |
| Texas | 50.1\% | 6.9\% |
| Utah | 11.3\% | 1.0\% |
| Vermont | 3.4\% | 0.0\% |
| Virginia | 46.8\% | 11.9\% |
| Washington | 9.0\% | 0.5\% |
| West Virginia | 45.1\% | 8.4\% |
| Wisconsin | 15.2\% | 1.7\% |
| Wyoming | 2.4\% | 0.0\% |

Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 5,536 | 7,966 | 3,903 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 79.0\% | 81.6\% | 87.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 9.6\% | 9.5\% | 3.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 8.9\% | 6.4\% | 3.8\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 70.0\% | 79.0\% | 82.0\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 26.9\% | 27.0\% | 24.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 36.2\% | 43.4\% | 82.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 42.6\% | 32.0\% | 4.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 3.1\% | 3.6\% | 4.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 3.4\% | 1.7\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 14.7\% | 19.2\% | 7.4\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 46.7\% | 42.4\% | 33.1\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 13.5\% | 10.4\% | 4.5\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 20.9\% | 22.2\% | 35.5\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 49.0\% | 52.0\% | 59.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 49.7\% | 52.4\% | 60.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 57.1\% | 60.1\% | 70.1\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 17.7\% | 16.2\% | 7.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 50.1\% | 42.7\% | 21.5\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 49.9\% | 57.3\% | 78.5\% |


| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 37.1\% | 33.2\% | 14.3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 50.8\% | 53.6\% | 57.6\% |
| Average percent of persons 25+ with a college degree | 12.1\% | 13.2\% | 28.1\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 6.5\% | 7.8\% | 2.6\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 32.0\% | 23.9\% | 8.0\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 39.3\% | 30.6\% | 9.6\% |
| Average median household income, \$2005 | \$27,718 | \$34,324 | \$60,347 |
| Average percent of households with public assistance income (state/local) | 8.9\% | 7.2\% | 2.2\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 44.3\% | 51.5\% | 72.2\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units, \$2005 | \$482 | \$570 | \$780 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units, \$2005 | \$83,740 | \$100,336 | \$179,240 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 9.0\% | 3.1\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 5.0\% | 3.5\% | 1.8\% |

See Table C. 52 for more information about the variables.

## C. State Profiles on the Risk for Childhood Obesity

Figures C. 1 to C. 51 show the percentage of census tracts in counties in which children ages 6 to 17 are predicted to be at above average risk for obesity for each state and the District of Columbia, respectively. Additionally the light colored dots on the maps mark the center of census tracts where children were predicted to be at highest risk for obesity. For very large states, we have included additional maps that provide greater detail for the different areas of the state. Together, these maps provide a clearer picture of the communities in which children are predicted to be that at greatest risk for obesity than maps drawn at the national level.

Tables C. 1 to C. 51 provide a profile for each state that compares census tracts predicted to be at highest risk for obesity, those at above average risk for obesity and those at average or below average risk for obesity for children ages 6 to 17 for each state. Table C. 52 contains notes on the variables included in the tables.

The state maps and tables are in the following order (with the number of the table or figure corresponding to the state number below):

1 Alabama
2 Alaska
3 Arizona
4 Arkansas
5 California
6 Colorado
7 Connecticut
8 Delaware
9 District of Columbia
10 Florida
11 Georgia
12 Hawaii
13 Idaho
14 Illinois
15 Indiana
16 Iowa
17 Kansas
18 Kentucky
19 Louisiana
20 Maine
21 Maryland
22 Massachusetts
23 Michigan
24 Minnesota
25 Mississippi
26 Missouri
27 Montana
28 Nebraska
29 Nevada

30 New Hampshire
31 New Jersey
32 New Mexico
33 New York
34 North Carolina
35 North Dakota
36 Ohio
37 Oklahoma
38 Oregon
39 Pennsylvania
40 Rhode Island
41 South Carolina
42 South Dakota
43 Tennessee
44 Texas
45 Utah
46 Vermont
47 Virginia
48 Washington
49 West Virginia
50 Wisconsin
51 Wyoming

Figure C.1: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Alabama in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.2: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Alaska in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Less than 10\%
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%

- Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.3: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Arizona in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.4: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Arkansas in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above
Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.5: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in California in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.5.A: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Northern California in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Figure C.5.B: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Southern California in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.6: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Colorado in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

Figure C.7: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Connecticut in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.8: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Delaware in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Figure C.9: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in the District of Columbia in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


[^5]Figure C.10: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Florida in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Less than 10\%
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk

Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

Figure C.10.A: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in South Florida in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Figure C.11: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Georgia in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

| Less than 10\% |
| :---: |
| 10 to $25 \%$ |
| 26 to 45\% |
| 46 to 60\% |
| More than 60\% |

Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.11.A: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in the Atlanta Area in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above
Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.12: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Hawaii in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

[^6]Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

Figure C.13: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Idaho in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.14: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Illinois in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

| $\square$ |
| :--- |
| $\square$ |
| Less than $10 \%$ |
| 10 to $25 \%$ |
| 26 to $45 \%$ |
|  |
| 46 to $60 \%$ |

Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

[^7]Figure C.14.A: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties surrounding Chicago in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

Figure C.15: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Indiana in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.16: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in lowa in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.17: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Kansas in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


[^8]Figure C.18: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Kentucky in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Less than 10\%
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.19: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Louisiana in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

| $\square$ | Less than $10 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 10 to $25 \%$ |  |
| 26 to $45 \%$ |  |
| 46 to $60 \%$ |  |
| More than $60 \%$ |  |
| Census Tract in which Children are |  |
| Predicted to be at Highest Risk |  |
| for Obesity |  |

[^9]Figure C.20: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Maine in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

[^10]Figure C.21: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Maryland in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

[^11] for Obesity

Figure C.22: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Massachusetts in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

| $\square$ | Less than $10 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ | 10 to $25 \%$ |
|  | 26 to $45 \%$ |
|  | 46 to $60 \%$ |
|  | More than $60 \%$ |

Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

[^12]Figure C.23: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Michigan in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity
$\square$ Less than $10 \%$
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.24: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Minnesota in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

Figure C.25: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Mississippi in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

| $\square$ | Less than $10 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ | 10 to $25 \%$ |
| 26 to $45 \%$ |  |
| 46 to $60 \%$ |  |
|  | More than $60 \%$ |

Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.26: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Missouri in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity
$\square$ Less than 10\%
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.27: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Montana in which Children Ages 6 to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Less than 10\%
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.28: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Nebraska in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.29: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Nevada in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.30: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in New Hampshire in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.31: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in New Jersey in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Less than 10\%
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.32: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in New Mexico in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above
Average Risk for Obesity


Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.33: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in New York in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

Figure C.33.A: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in New York City in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.34: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in North Carolina in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

| $\square$ |
| :--- |
| Less than $10 \%$ |
| 10 to $25 \%$ |
| 26 to $45 \%$ |
| 46 to $60 \%$ |
| $\square$ |
| More than $60 \%$ |

Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.35: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in North Dakota in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Less than 10\%
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.36: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Ohio in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.37: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Oklahoma in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.38: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Oregon in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.39: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Pennsylvania in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.40: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Rhode Island in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Less than $10 \%$
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.41: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in South Carolina in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

|  | Less than $10 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ | 10 to $25 \%$ |
|  | 26 to $45 \%$ |
|  | 46 to $60 \%$ |
|  | More than $60 \%$ |

Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.42: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in South Dakota in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Less than $10 \%$
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.43: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Tennessee in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

[^13]Figure C.44: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Texas in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

[^14]Figure C.44.A: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in East Texas in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.44.B: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Southwestern Texas in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity
$\qquad$ Less than 10\%
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.45: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Utah in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.46: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Vermont in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.47: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Virginia in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

## $\square$ Less than 10\% <br> 10 to $25 \%$ <br> 26 to $45 \%$ <br> 46 to 60\% <br> More than 60\%

Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.47.A: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Southeastern Virginia in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.48: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Washington in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity
$\square$ Less than $10 \%$
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to 60\%
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

Figure C.49: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in West Virginia in which Children Ages 6 to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Figure C.50: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Wisconsin in which Children Ages $\mathbf{6}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Figure C.51: Percent of Census Tracts in Counties in Wyoming in which Children Ages 6 to 17 are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity


Percent of Census Tracts in County in which Children are Predicted to be at Above Average Risk for Obesity

Less than 10\%
10 to $25 \%$
26 to $45 \%$
46 to $60 \%$
More than 60\%
Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 1,417 | 1,189 | 868 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 91.7\% | 94.1\% | 95.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 1.7\% | 1.1\% | 0.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 4.8\% | 3.2\% | 1.5\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 54.3\% | 61.7\% | 81.2\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 27.0\% | 25.8\% | 24.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 35.1\% | 53.1\% | 88.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 62.7\% | 44.3\% | 8.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.5\% | 0.6\% | 1.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.6\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 1.3\% | 1.6\% | 1.6\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 43.2\% | 37.3\% | 38.9\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 12.2\% | 9.2\% | 4.0\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 20.2\% | 21.6\% | 35.5\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 46.1\% | 49.4\% | 55.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 52.2\% | 55.6\% | 57.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 57.6\% | 62.0\% | 67.1\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 17.7\% | 15.5\% | 7.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 51.4\% | 40.4\% | 19.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 48.6\% | 59.6\% | 80.4\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 35.6\% | 31.7\% | 17.5\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 52.7\% | 56.1\% | 55.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 11.8\% | 12.2\% | 27.3\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 0.8\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 33.4\% | 24.0\% | 8.8\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 42.9\% | 31.2\% | 10.5\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$24,167 | \$31,042 | \$53,704 |
| 1999 | 4.7\% | 3.5\% | 1.2\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 58.2\% | 66.7\% | 78.8\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$376 | \$436 | \$607 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$64,742 | \$73,317 | \$127,984 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 8.9\% | 3.6\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.4\% | 3.0\% | 2.3\% |

[^15]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 199 | 1,602 | 1,389 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 44.1\% | 59.3\% | 83.5\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 3.8\% | 2.9\% | 1.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 49.1\% | 34.1\% | 10.5\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 5.6\% | 34.6\% | 65.1\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 32.1\% | 30.8\% | 29.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 29.8\% | 42.9\% | 80.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 1.2\% | 4.3\% | 3.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 6.3\% | 6.5\% | 4.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 59.6\% | 41.8\% | 8.1\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 3.0\% | 4.5\% | 3.6\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 39.0\% | 35.9\% | 36.8\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 20.4\% | 16.0\% | 7.8\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 30.4\% | 29.9\% | 35.5\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 62.7\% | 61.4\% | 65.1\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 63.2\% | 61.3\% | 57.9\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 60.5\% | 65.3\% | 71.1\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 12.5\% | 11.6\% | 6.7\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 35.5\% | 39.5\% | 24.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 64.5\% | 60.5\% | 75.6\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 25.2\% | 21.2\% | 8.9\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 60.9\% | 63.4\% | 64.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 13.9\% | 15.5\% | 26.5\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 3.0\% | 2.7\% | 1.2\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 17.9\% | 16.0\% | 7.3\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 18.8\% | 18.3\% | 8.9\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$48,470 | \$45,303 | \$66,271 |
| 1999 | 18.2\% | 16.1\% | 6.0\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 58.3\% | 52.1\% | 66.0\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$706 | \$712 | \$875 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$112,885 | \$121,330 | \$163,821 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 0.3\% | 0.9\% | 0.3\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.7\% | 3.8\% | 2.0\% |

[^16]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 2,498 | 4,178 | 3,091 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 82.2\% | 85.8\% | 89.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 4.1\% | 3.4\% | 1.1\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 10.5\% | 8.0\% | 3.8\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 74.0\% | 81.1\% | 93.0\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 33.2\% | 29.8\% | 24.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 26.5\% | 39.2\% | 78.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 4.6\% | 4.4\% | 2.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.0\% | 1.7\% | 2.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 27.2\% | 11.5\% | 1.3\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 40.7\% | 42.9\% | 14.1\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 50.0\% | 47.1\% | 33.6\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 15.5\% | 10.4\% | 3.9\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 18.6\% | 19.8\% | 37.8\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 45.4\% | 47.9\% | 57.9\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 38.0\% | 42.6\% | 56.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 48.2\% | 52.9\% | 68.0\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 19.7\% | 18.4\% | 8.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 39.9\% | 35.9\% | 23.5\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 60.1\% | 64.1\% | 76.5\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 41.5\% | 36.4\% | 10.5\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 49.7\% | 53.2\% | 59.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 8.7\% | 10.4\% | 30.2\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 15.1\% | 14.6\% | 2.4\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 36.9\% | 25.8\% | 7.5\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 43.2\% | 32.1\% | 9.0\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$28,690 | \$33,872 | \$61,357 |
| 1999 | 9.5\% | 6.0\% | 1.6\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 54.0\% | 57.8\% | 74.3\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$479 | \$580 | \$910 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$70,233 | \$86,435 | \$169,147 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 2.8\% | 1.3\% | 0.0\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 5.2\% | 3.5\% | 2.1\% |

[^17]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 885 | 752 | 653 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 91.8\% | 92.4\% | 94.4\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 0.8\% | 0.9\% | 0.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 5.7\% | 4.4\% | 2.1\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 36.5\% | 41.8\% | 72.4\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 24.5\% | 25.5\% | 25.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 54.3\% | 65.8\% | 90.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 42.0\% | 29.6\% | 4.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.6\% | 0.7\% | 1.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.9\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 2.8\% | 3.3\% | 2.6\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 61.0\% | 46.1\% | 37.5\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 11.5\% | 8.5\% | 4.0\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 22.7\% | 21.3\% | 28.9\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 51.4\% | 51.0\% | 57.1\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 56.9\% | 55.7\% | 60.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 63.6\% | 63.9\% | 71.1\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 16.1\% | 14.5\% | 8.1\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 42.0\% | 35.2\% | 21.5\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 58.0\% | 64.8\% | 78.5\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 31.8\% | 31.5\% | 19.4\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 54.3\% | 56.7\% | 60.8\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 13.8\% | 11.8\% | 19.8\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.3\% | 1.8\% | 1.2\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 27.3\% | 22.1\% | 10.3\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 35.2\% | 29.6\% | 13.5\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$27,695 | \$31,145 | \$45,862 |
| 1999 | 4.4\% | 3.9\% | 1.8\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 55.7\% | 64.2\% | 74.5\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$435 | \$454 | \$556 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$54,986 | \$60,758 | \$98,545 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 2.8\% | 1.6\% | 0.0\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.8\% | 3.3\% | 2.5\% |

[^18]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 17,176 | 12,355 | 6,054 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 70.4\% | 80.9\% | 87.4\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 16.0\% | 9.1\% | 3.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 9.9\% | 7.0\% | 4.2\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 98.7\% | 96.9\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 30.0\% | 30.8\% | 24.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 19.1\% | 25.4\% | 59.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 10.3\% | 13.0\% | 4.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 6.4\% | 9.4\% | 13.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.8\% | 0.8\% | 0.8\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 63.3\% | 51.4\% | 21.6\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 39.2\% | 38.7\% | 30.0\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 13.8\% | 11.9\% | 5.5\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 16.0\% | 20.0\% | 40.3\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 45.7\% | 49.3\% | 57.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 39.3\% | 42.4\% | 55.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 44.6\% | 49.9\% | 64.6\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 15.9\% | 15.5\% | 10.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 36.4\% | 35.6\% | 22.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 63.6\% | 64.4\% | 77.7\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 51.8\% | 42.6\% | 16.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 39.3\% | 45.8\% | 51.8\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 8.9\% | 11.7\% | 32.2\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 29.9\% | 22.7\% | 7.1\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 32.5\% | 25.8\% | 8.9\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 38.0\% | 32.5\% | 10.5\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$32,844 | \$36,898 | \$71,047 |
| 1999 | 11.2\% | 10.1\% | 3.1\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 30.9\% | 39.3\% | 65.5\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$615 | \$701 | \$1,093 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$152,173 | \$164,120 | \$327,528 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 3.1\% | 2.0\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 7.2\% | 3.6\% | 1.5\% |

[^19]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 941 | 4,185 | 3,108 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 84.8\% | 84.9\% | 86.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 1.2\% | 4.6\% | 2.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 10.5\% | 7.2\% | 4.3\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 33.3\% | 73.9\% | 85.0\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 24.5\% | 25.2\% | 24.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 45.9\% | 50.4\% | 79.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 1.0\% | 7.3\% | 3.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.3\% | 2.1\% | 2.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 8.4\% | 1.7\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 43.4\% | 38.4\% | 13.0\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 44.3\% | 52.2\% | 41.3\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 8.7\% | 8.1\% | 4.1\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 23.6\% | 22.0\% | 37.6\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 48.8\% | 55.2\% | 63.5\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 56.7\% | 52.8\% | 60.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 58.3\% | 63.2\% | 71.5\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 14.9\% | 13.8\% | 7.5\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 33.3\% | 36.5\% | 23.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 66.7\% | 63.5\% | 76.6\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 32.3\% | 28.4\% | 11.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 52.0\% | 55.5\% | 54.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 15.8\% | 16.2\% | 34.3\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 8.7\% | 9.5\% | 3.0\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 24.0\% | 20.4\% | 7.8\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 23.5\% | 25.6\% | 9.3\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$28,521 | \$35,211 | \$62,246 |
| 1999 | 7.5\% | 5.8\% | 2.0\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 54.5\% | 52.5\% | 70.9\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$409 | \$590 | \$880 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$78,105 | \$130,960 | \$212,643 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 2.5\% | 2.1\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 6.1\% | 3.3\% | 1.6\% |

[^20]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 10,041 | 8,735 | 1,984 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 64.7\% | 78.9\% | 89.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 16.7\% | 10.5\% | 3.1\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 17.0\% | 9.0\% | 2.6\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 97.5\% | 88.5\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 26.8\% | 27.4\% | 23.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 27.9\% | 36.1\% | 88.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 27.7\% | 30.0\% | 3.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 3.2\% | 2.9\% | 2.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.8\% | 0.8\% | 0.4\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 40.3\% | 30.1\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 51.8\% | 45.7\% | 28.2\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 18.5\% | 11.9\% | 3.8\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 28.0\% | 23.2\% | 42.1\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 53.9\% | 56.4\% | 60.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 44.5\% | 57.4\% | 62.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 50.6\% | 61.8\% | 73.3\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 15.3\% | 14.4\% | 6.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 71.5\% | 57.0\% | 18.2\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 28.5\% | 43.0\% | 81.8\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 38.6\% | 34.1\% | 12.1\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 45.8\% | 52.1\% | 52.5\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 15.6\% | 13.8\% | 35.4\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 11.8\% | 10.1\% | 1.8\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 33.7\% | 23.1\% | 4.4\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 45.1\% | 29.7\% | 4.8\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$28,157 | \$35,570 | \$78,735 |
| 1999 | 16.7\% | 11.1\% | 1.9\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 13.4\% | 30.8\% | 76.0\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$667 | \$704 | \$956 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$110,501 | \$119,565 | \$242,483 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 61.8\% | 11.1\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 4.5\% | 4.3\% | 1.1\% |

[^21]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 12,245 | 6,749 | 1,943 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 55.6\% | 80.1\% | 91.5\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 20.2\% | 8.4\% | 1.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 21.2\% | 9.1\% | 2.7\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 84.2\% | 80.7\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 25.2\% | 25.8\% | 23.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 26.1\% | 44.3\% | 81.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 61.0\% | 45.9\% | 11.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 2.0\% | 1.6\% | 2.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.3\% | 0.5\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 10.6\% | 7.7\% | 3.5\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 37.2\% | 51.6\% | 36.9\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 19.8\% | 9.6\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 22.3\% | 25.8\% | 36.2\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 60.4\% | 57.9\% | 60.1\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 42.5\% | 61.5\% | 65.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 62.4\% | 68.8\% | 74.9\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 21.5\% | 17.6\% | 9.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 75.0\% | 51.3\% | 23.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 25.0\% | 48.7\% | 76.7\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 33.8\% | 27.4\% | 15.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 54.9\% | 56.9\% | 58.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 11.3\% | 15.7\% | 27.0\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 2.9\% | 3.6\% | 1.6\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 37.5\% | 19.7\% | 6.4\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 35.5\% | 23.3\% | 7.9\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$29,406 | \$39,249 | \$63,643 |
| 1999 | 12.4\% | 6.2\% | 1.8\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 26.2\% | 52.1\% | 78.2\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$642 | \$652 | \$798 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$78,920 | \$103,806 | \$164,859 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 33.3\% | 6.5\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.4\% | 3.0\% | 1.6\% |

[^22]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 10,347 | 15,721 | 12,870 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 38.3\% | 49.8\% | 49.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 44.9\% | 37.1\% | 25.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 15.1\% | 10.2\% | 15.0\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 28.0\% | 23.9\% | 11.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 6.4\% | 9.4\% | 55.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 85.0\% | 80.7\% | 28.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 2.7\% | 1.5\% | 5.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.2\% | 0.4\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 5.6\% | 7.2\% | 5.0\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 48.8\% | 44.5\% | 40.4\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 24.0\% | 15.4\% | 6.2\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 26.9\% | 32.5\% | 63.7\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 46.1\% | 54.0\% | 63.1\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 45.1\% | 50.3\% | 57.5\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 52.9\% | 57.8\% | 59.7\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 24.0\% | 24.9\% | 12.8\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 62.9\% | 64.1\% | 24.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 37.1\% | 35.9\% | 75.1\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 40.5\% | 31.4\% | 8.5\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 45.0\% | 49.5\% | 30.2\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 14.5\% | 19.1\% | 61.3\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 4.2\% | 4.3\% | 2.1\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 41.0\% | 27.3\% | 9.5\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 44.8\% | 34.0\% | 9.0\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$23,687 | \$35,907 | \$73,769 |
| 1999 | 15.4\% | 9.0\% | 1.3\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 10.7\% | 33.8\% | 50.8\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$383 | \$578 | \$893 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$144,011 | \$147,354 | \$382,796 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 59.9\% | 8.8\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 11.2\% | 6.4\% | 1.1\% |

[^23]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 3,846 | 4,060 | 2,832 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 82.6\% | 88.5\% | 91.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 6.9\% | 4.3\% | 0.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 8.6\% | 5.2\% | 3.1\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 87.8\% | 88.4\% | 97.4\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 24.0\% | 24.3\% | 20.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 39.8\% | 48.8\% | 79.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 44.9\% | 31.2\% | 5.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.4\% | 1.5\% | 2.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 0.4\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 13.3\% | 17.9\% | 12.2\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 48.0\% | 41.7\% | 30.3\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 10.9\% | 8.5\% | 4.1\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 19.6\% | 21.4\% | 36.5\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 49.2\% | 51.1\% | 53.5\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 52.1\% | 55.6\% | 60.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 59.4\% | 63.0\% | 68.9\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 18.3\% | 16.6\% | 8.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 52.8\% | 43.3\% | 24.1\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 47.2\% | 56.7\% | 75.9\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 35.4\% | 31.5\% | 13.6\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 51.9\% | 55.7\% | 58.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 12.7\% | 12.8\% | 28.1\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 7.2\% | 8.5\% | 3.3\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 31.2\% | 21.6\% | 7.4\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 39.2\% | 28.9\% | 9.5\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$26,884 | \$33,984 | \$57,872 |
| 1999 | 6.2\% | 5.2\% | 1.6\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 43.1\% | 58.0\% | 77.1\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$539 | \$613 | \$872 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$79,839 | \$91,976 | \$166,196 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 5.2\% | 1.4\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 5.0\% | 3.5\% | 2.1\% |

[^24]Table C.11: Profile of Census Tracts Predicted to be at Above Average and Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity in Georgia

|  | Census Tracts with <br> Highest Risk for <br> Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with <br> Above Average Risk for <br> Childhood Obesity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Census Tracts with <br> Average or Below <br> Childhood Obesity |  |  |
| Characteristics |  |  |
| Physical Environment: | 1,698 |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | $87.4 \%$ | 1,689 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | $5.0 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | $5.5 \%$ | $4.5 \%$ |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | $54.6 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area |  | $67.4 \%$ |
| Demographics: |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | $26.6 \%$ | $41.4 \%$ |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | $51.5 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ |

[^25]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 10,145 | 9,949 | 4,967 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 76.7\% | 77.9\% | 80.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 10.1\% | 8.3\% | 4.1\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 8.8\% | 9.4\% | 5.0\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 68.4\% | 69.5\% | 87.9\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 25.5\% | 24.0\% | 21.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 18.2\% | 20.8\% | 28.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 2.1\% | 2.4\% | 2.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 70.7\% | 69.0\% | 57.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 8.5\% | 7.4\% | 5.1\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 33.7\% | 33.6\% | 25.8\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 9.3\% | 7.8\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 24.6\% | 26.8\% | 38.8\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 54.5\% | 55.5\% | 53.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 55.6\% | 58.1\% | 58.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 66.2\% | 68.4\% | 67.7\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 19.3\% | 20.5\% | 14.2\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 34.5\% | 28.8\% | 15.7\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 65.5\% | 71.2\% | 84.3\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 23.1\% | 19.5\% | 8.6\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 59.4\% | 59.6\% | 57.2\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 17.5\% | 20.9\% | 34.2\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 6.1\% | 5.6\% | 2.5\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 19.0\% | 14.3\% | 4.7\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 23.9\% | 18.3\% | 5.6\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$44,130 | \$52,532 | \$73,776 |
| 1999 | 12.6\% | 9.3\% | 2.9\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 44.6\% | 49.5\% | 59.0\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$750 | \$873 | \$1,256 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$232,684 | \$266,119 | \$372,903 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 4.4\% | 2.3\% | 0.0\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.8\% | 4.7\% | 3.4\% |

[^26]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 1 | 2,262 | 1,160 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 100.0\% | 87.9\% | 88.5\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 1.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 0.0\% | 8.1\% | 5.0\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 75.0\% | 56.9\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 37.1\% | 29.7\% | 28.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 6.7\% | 62.0\% | 90.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 0.0\% | 0.4\% | 0.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.8\% | 1.4\% | 1.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 82.6\% | 12.9\% | 1.1\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 8.9\% | 23.2\% | 6.8\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 0.0\% | 42.9\% | 39.2\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 27.6\% | 10.6\% | 5.9\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 44.4\% | 20.5\% | 28.4\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 61.0\% | 54.7\% | 58.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 100.0\% | 58.3\% | 57.2\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 65.5\% | 64.0\% | 69.4\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 18.5\% | 12.6\% | 6.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 43.8\% | 28.9\% | 21.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 56.3\% | 71.1\% | 78.4\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 37.0\% | 30.4\% | 15.1\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 54.6\% | 58.4\% | 63.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 8.4\% | 11.2\% | 21.2\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 0.0\% | 8.0\% | 2.4\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 30.2\% | 23.4\% | 11.7\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 30.9\% | 24.8\% | 14.8\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$27,109 | \$32,298 | \$45,244 |
| 1999 | 10.4\% | 6.4\% | 3.2\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 61.5\% | 59.7\% | 73.5\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$394 | \$467 | \$587 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$80,865 | \$86,654 | \$124,627 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 0.0\% | 0.4\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 0.0\% | 3.1\% | 2.6\% |

[^27]Table C.14: Profile of Census Tracts Predicted to be at Above Average and Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity in Illinois

| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 12,837 | 12,666 | 4,339 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 59.7\% | 70.9\% | 86.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 28.1\% | 19.6\% | 6.0\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 9.5\% | 7.1\% | 3.5\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 95.7\% | 92.0\% | 79.9\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 31.6\% | 28.9\% | 24.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 14.4\% | 27.2\% | 84.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 70.9\% | 49.4\% | 4.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.5\% | 2.7\% | 3.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.8\% | 0.4\% | 0.2\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 12.5\% | 20.3\% | 7.3\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 34.5\% | 37.3\% | 33.0\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 23.7\% | 14.3\% | 4.3\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 20.5\% | 23.3\% | 34.9\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 47.2\% | 53.4\% | 59.9\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 42.0\% | 51.0\% | 60.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 50.1\% | 57.6\% | 71.0\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 22.6\% | 20.3\% | 6.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 64.2\% | 48.7\% | 19.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 35.8\% | 51.3\% | 81.0\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 40.5\% | 33.8\% | 14.2\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 49.1\% | 51.9\% | 56.9\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 10.4\% | 14.4\% | 28.9\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 4.9\% | 8.2\% | 3.2\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 41.3\% | 25.6\% | 6.6\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 47.8\% | 31.6\% | 7.8\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$23,960 | \$36,191 | \$64,118 |
| 1999 | 18.2\% | 10.3\% | 1.6\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 25.8\% | 43.5\% | 74.8\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$500 | \$602 | \$761 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$104,703 | \$121,084 | \$183,535 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 22.3\% | 5.7\% | 0.3\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 7.0\% | 3.8\% | 1.6\% |

[^28]Table C.15: Profile of Census Tracts Predicted to be at Above Average and Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity in Indiana

| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 4,379 | 3,849 | 1,306 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 80.5\% | 88.0\% | 93.1\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 6.4\% | 3.8\% | 0.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 10.7\% | 6.3\% | 2.9\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 86.8\% | 71.8\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 23.5\% | 26.0\% | 25.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 37.0\% | 57.2\% | 93.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 56.8\% | 34.0\% | 2.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.5\% | 1.2\% | 1.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 4.2\% | 7.0\% | 2.3\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 49.0\% | 47.3\% | 37.0\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 14.4\% | 10.1\% | 4.0\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 22.8\% | 20.3\% | 28.1\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 53.0\% | 55.9\% | 60.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 48.0\% | 54.9\% | 62.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 53.6\% | 63.7\% | 73.3\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 19.0\% | 15.4\% | 7.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 64.1\% | 49.3\% | 22.2\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 35.9\% | 50.7\% | 77.8\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 30.6\% | 29.1\% | 16.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 54.1\% | 58.4\% | 64.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 15.3\% | 12.5\% | 20.0\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.7\% | 2.9\% | 0.9\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 32.4\% | 22.1\% | 7.3\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 39.0\% | 28.4\% | 8.9\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$25,605 | \$33,024 | \$53,419 |
| 1999 | 9.0\% | 6.4\% | 1.8\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 33.5\% | 50.8\% | 76.7\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$453 | \$530 | \$609 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$72,155 | \$72,151 | \$113,299 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 8.0\% | 2.7\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 5.3\% | 3.7\% | 1.9\% |

[^29]Table C.16: Profile of Census Tracts Predicted to be at Above Average and Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity in lowa

| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 4,166 | 4,160 | 1,125 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 77.1\% | 84.6\% | 89.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 6.4\% | 3.4\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 15.0\% | 10.0\% | 4.4\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 76.1\% | 47.1\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 24.4\% | 25.8\% | 24.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 57.3\% | 67.7\% | 95.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 24.7\% | 15.8\% | 1.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 6.2\% | 4.0\% | 1.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 1.2\% | 1.1\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 10.6\% | 11.4\% | 2.0\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 74.3\% | 59.7\% | 39.7\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 11.9\% | 9.5\% | 3.9\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 21.5\% | 19.0\% | 26.9\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 55.5\% | 58.0\% | 62.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 50.6\% | 57.0\% | 72.9\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 60.6\% | 64.6\% | 80.7\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 16.0\% | 13.3\% | 5.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 56.5\% | 44.3\% | 21.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 43.5\% | 55.7\% | 78.6\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 30.0\% | 27.0\% | 13.5\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 53.2\% | 59.5\% | 66.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 16.8\% | 13.5\% | 20.3\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 5.4\% | 6.4\% | 1.0\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 34.0\% | 24.2\% | 8.2\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 46.1\% | 31.6\% | 9.9\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$24,624 | \$30,710 | \$47,549 |
| 1999 | 9.6\% | 7.4\% | 2.6\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 24.6\% | 45.2\% | 75.1\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$463 | \$486 | \$512 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$41,049 | \$56,222 | \$93,269 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 0.5\% | 1.3\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 4.8\% | 3.1\% | 2.0\% |

[^30]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 2,398 | 3,170 | 1,310 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 80.6\% | 89.3\% | 91.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 4.1\% | 2.0\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 12.7\% | 5.9\% | 3.1\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 75.0\% | 69.0\% | 56.9\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 21.2\% | 27.3\% | 25.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 41.5\% | 51.3\% | 89.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 46.0\% | 26.2\% | 3.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 2.9\% | 2.8\% | 1.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 1.7\% | 1.3\% | 0.9\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 8.0\% | 17.5\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 65.8\% | 54.2\% | 38.5\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 13.3\% | 9.4\% | 3.5\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 21.9\% | 18.9\% | 31.8\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 52.3\% | 55.9\% | 60.1\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 50.9\% | 54.6\% | 65.2\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 69.9\% | 66.4\% | 75.3\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 17.2\% | 14.1\% | 6.2\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 60.1\% | 44.7\% | 20.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 39.9\% | 55.3\% | 79.6\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 26.8\% | 28.4\% | 12.1\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 58.2\% | 59.4\% | 61.5\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 15.0\% | 12.2\% | 26.5\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 3.6\% | 7.9\% | 1.3\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 30.9\% | 22.6\% | 8.0\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 37.3\% | 28.3\% | 9.8\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$23,153 | \$31,322 | \$53,018 |
| 1999 | 7.2\% | 5.5\% | 1.9\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 34.3\% | 49.9\% | 73.3\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$436 | \$500 | \$599 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$47,653 | \$50,778 | \$100,318 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 11.3\% | 2.5\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 4.0\% | 4.0\% | 2.4\% |

[^31]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 1,566 | 1,488 | 1,527 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 88.1\% | 90.4\% | 93.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 3.2\% | 2.3\% | 0.9\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 6.4\% | 4.6\% | 2.5\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 31.9\% | 35.6\% | 72.0\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 24.3\% | 24.7\% | 24.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 83.2\% | 85.6\% | 93.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 14.5\% | 12.1\% | 3.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.7\% | 0.6\% | 1.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 1.3\% | 1.4\% | 1.2\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 42.5\% | 40.8\% | 40.7\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 10.8\% | 8.8\% | 4.3\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 20.8\% | 20.7\% | 30.7\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 44.5\% | 48.3\% | 58.6\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 47.1\% | 51.2\% | 61.9\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 55.0\% | 59.5\% | 70.3\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 11.8\% | 11.3\% | 7.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 36.9\% | 33.0\% | 22.1\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 63.1\% | 67.0\% | 77.9\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 40.5\% | 36.0\% | 19.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 49.8\% | 54.2\% | 58.8\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 9.7\% | 9.8\% | 22.2\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 0.9\% | 0.9\% | 0.8\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 31.5\% | 24.5\% | 9.7\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 39.3\% | 32.1\% | 12.0\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$24,413 | \$29,425 | \$51,235 |
| 1999 | 7.7\% | 5.9\% | 2.2\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 62.4\% | 67.6\% | 75.0\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$369 | \$414 | \$569 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$63,170 | \$68,482 | \$119,195 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 4.7\% | 1.7\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 2.8\% | 2.7\% | 1.9\% |

[^32]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 5,268 | 3,390 | 2,411 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 77.8\% | 86.1\% | 93.0\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 10.7\% | 5.9\% | 0.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 8.9\% | 5.8\% | 3.1\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 72.0\% | 70.2\% | 87.1\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 28.5\% | 27.9\% | 24.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 30.9\% | 44.6\% | 86.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 65.5\% | 51.2\% | 8.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.1\% | 1.3\% | 1.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.4\% | 0.7\% | 0.5\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 2.1\% | 2.2\% | 2.8\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 36.7\% | 31.2\% | 29.0\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 14.3\% | 10.7\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 21.8\% | 22.9\% | 37.2\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 48.9\% | 50.0\% | 55.6\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 51.9\% | 54.1\% | 58.6\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 58.8\% | 61.3\% | 68.0\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 20.5\% | 18.0\% | 7.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 56.1\% | 45.3\% | 22.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 43.9\% | 54.7\% | 78.0\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 36.5\% | 32.6\% | 15.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 50.3\% | 54.2\% | 56.2\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 13.2\% | 13.2\% | 28.5\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.0\% | 1.1\% | 0.9\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 37.9\% | 28.3\% | 9.6\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 47.7\% | 37.2\% | 10.4\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$24,022 | \$30,113 | \$54,006 |
| 1999 | 6.9\% | 4.9\% | 1.4\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 46.8\% | 60.2\% | 74.1\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$416 | \$460 | \$621 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$71,497 | \$75,530 | \$138,279 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 9.1\% | 2.9\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 4.4\% | 2.9\% | 1.8\% |

[^33]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 3,822 | 4,110 | 706 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 81.8\% | 82.8\% | 88.4\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 1.1\% | 2.3\% | 0.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 12.9\% | 11.4\% | 5.0\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 33.3\% | 46.2\% | 54.7\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 20.7\% | 21.3\% | 23.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 96.9\% | 92.2\% | 96.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 0.8\% | 1.7\% | 0.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.9\% | 1.6\% | 0.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.8\% | 3.1\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 0.6\% | 1.5\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 21.1\% | 32.4\% | 23.7\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 9.4\% | 9.2\% | 4.8\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 19.9\% | 23.6\% | 30.0\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 52.3\% | 54.3\% | 58.8\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 65.3\% | 60.5\% | 63.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 68.9\% | 67.3\% | 74.0\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 9.8\% | 9.4\% | 6.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 40.7\% | 43.2\% | 26.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 59.3\% | 56.8\% | 74.0\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 28.3\% | 25.3\% | 14.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 64.4\% | 60.5\% | 63.4\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 7.3\% | 14.2\% | 22.3\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 0.3\% | 1.1\% | 0.5\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 20.8\% | 22.6\% | 10.8\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 26.4\% | 31.3\% | 13.6\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$28,538 | \$29,552 | \$44,055 |
| 1999 | 8.3\% | 9.4\% | 4.6\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 60.3\% | 48.8\% | 73.4\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$464 | \$481 | \$585 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$69,977 | \$79,312 | \$113,209 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 1.2\% | 1.6\% | 0.4\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.7\% | 4.9\% | 1.8\% |

[^34]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 10,916 | 8,999 | 2,628 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 64.5\% | 75.2\% | 88.4\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 22.7\% | 16.1\% | 4.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 11.3\% | 6.4\% | 2.7\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 97.7\% | 95.9\% | 93.9\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 27.5\% | 25.8\% | 24.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 19.7\% | 32.8\% | 78.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 69.2\% | 58.3\% | 12.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 2.8\% | 2.9\% | 4.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.4\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 7.9\% | 5.5\% | 3.2\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 50.2\% | 40.6\% | 31.0\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 13.0\% | 9.2\% | 3.3\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 27.6\% | 29.2\% | 43.7\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 58.0\% | 59.1\% | 62.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 52.5\% | 60.2\% | 64.6\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 63.1\% | 68.1\% | 73.7\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 19.1\% | 19.5\% | 8.5\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 62.4\% | 50.5\% | 20.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 37.6\% | 49.5\% | 80.0\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 32.3\% | 27.0\% | 13.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 51.4\% | 54.6\% | 51.4\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 16.3\% | 18.3\% | 35.7\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 4.9\% | 3.3\% | 1.6\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 26.5\% | 17.6\% | 5.2\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 31.2\% | 22.2\% | 5.9\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$33,629 | \$43,966 | \$76,473 |
| 1999 | 7.5\% | 5.3\% | 1.2\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 25.4\% | 49.3\% | 78.2\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$612 | \$690 | \$949 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$99,591 | \$111,179 | \$200,676 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 14.8\% | 3.6\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 7.6\% | 4.3\% | 1.5\% |

[^35]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 8,907 | 14,031 | 5,478 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 63.3\% | 72.4\% | 82.4\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 11.2\% | 14.2\% | 8.5\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 23.1\% | 11.1\% | 5.2\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 99.1\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 28.2\% | 26.8\% | 22.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 39.5\% | 47.1\% | 86.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 13.9\% | 17.0\% | 4.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 5.8\% | 5.9\% | 3.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 4.2\% | 2.4\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 36.5\% | 27.7\% | 4.0\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 49.0\% | 43.5\% | 30.7\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 16.2\% | 10.0\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 20.7\% | 23.7\% | 41.6\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 40.7\% | 50.8\% | 60.9\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 41.1\% | 52.7\% | 62.1\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 45.1\% | 57.7\% | 72.0\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 11.0\% | 12.2\% | 6.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 60.5\% | 54.3\% | 22.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 39.5\% | 45.7\% | 77.7\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 43.2\% | 37.0\% | 13.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 39.7\% | 48.3\% | 51.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 17.1\% | 14.6\% | 35.1\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 15.1\% | 13.1\% | 2.7\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 42.8\% | 27.9\% | 7.4\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 53.5\% | 35.4\% | 8.6\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$23,336 | \$30,594 | \$66,710 |
| 1999 | 13.0\% | 9.4\% | 2.1\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 12.0\% | 25.0\% | 66.0\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$525 | \$618 | \$859 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$143,716 | \$138,400 | \$248,869 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 14.1\% | 6.6\% | 0.5\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.0\% | 3.3\% | 1.0\% |

[^36]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 5,095 | 5,716 | 1,990 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 78.1\% | 84.8\% | 91.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 10.3\% | 6.8\% | 0.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 9.4\% | 5.8\% | 2.4\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 93.4\% | 90.9\% | 77.3\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 26.8\% | 28.6\% | 24.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 29.1\% | 33.9\% | 88.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 65.1\% | 57.5\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.2\% | 1.7\% | 2.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.8\% | 0.7\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 3.9\% | 5.9\% | 2.3\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 39.0\% | 37.0\% | 29.8\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 18.1\% | 13.2\% | 4.5\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 20.5\% | 19.8\% | 31.9\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 50.4\% | 53.9\% | 57.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 51.6\% | 55.6\% | 59.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 53.7\% | 60.4\% | 69.7\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 20.0\% | 18.2\% | 6.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 68.8\% | 57.4\% | 21.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 31.2\% | 42.6\% | 78.6\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 35.6\% | 29.8\% | 13.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 53.4\% | 58.7\% | 62.8\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 11.0\% | 11.5\% | 23.5\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.7\% | 2.8\% | 1.0\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 40.0\% | 27.6\% | 6.7\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 48.1\% | 34.7\% | 8.1\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$23,851 | \$32,098 | \$59,867 |
| 1999 | 13.5\% | 10.5\% | 2.1\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 31.1\% | 50.8\% | 78.1\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$472 | \$543 | \$683 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$59,697 | \$67,712 | \$150,493 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 8.3\% | 2.3\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 6.7\% | 3.6\% | 1.6\% |

[^37]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 12,087 | 8,024 | 1,972 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 61.4\% | 72.2\% | 87.9\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 19.9\% | 13.8\% | 2.4\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 15.3\% | 11.0\% | 3.9\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 83.3\% | 87.0\% | 68.2\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 22.3\% | 26.8\% | 25.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 47.3\% | 51.3\% | 91.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 27.4\% | 22.9\% | 2.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 6.8\% | 10.7\% | 2.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 5.7\% | 5.2\% | 0.9\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 12.8\% | 10.0\% | 2.2\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 72.3\% | 58.9\% | 39.7\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 9.9\% | 9.3\% | 3.8\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 25.5\% | 26.8\% | 33.5\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 58.5\% | 59.5\% | 65.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 49.2\% | 54.0\% | 70.6\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 53.6\% | 60.4\% | 79.4\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 13.0\% | 13.6\% | 5.1\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 57.2\% | 50.1\% | 21.7\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 42.8\% | 49.9\% | 78.3\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 27.2\% | 25.0\% | 11.5\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 51.9\% | 55.2\% | 61.4\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 21.0\% | 19.8\% | 27.0\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 12.1\% | 9.0\% | 1.3\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 28.9\% | 25.6\% | 7.0\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 39.2\% | 33.7\% | 8.3\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$28,448 | \$33,345 | \$58,800 |
| 1999 | 11.1\% | 12.9\% | 2.7\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 24.0\% | 40.8\% | 78.1\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$492 | \$561 | \$645 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$125,033 | \$101,950 | \$138,538 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 8.6\% | 6.2\% | 0.3\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.5\% | 1.8\% | 1.2\% |

[^38]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 1,125 | 882 | 831 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 92.6\% | 93.6\% | 95.1\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 1.2\% | 0.9\% | 0.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 4.5\% | 3.6\% | 2.2\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 22.4\% | 33.5\% | 73.7\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 27.8\% | 27.5\% | 25.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 40.3\% | 49.8\% | 85.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 57.0\% | 47.8\% | 11.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.8\% | 0.6\% | 1.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.7\% | 0.5\% | 0.4\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 1.2\% | 1.3\% | 1.6\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 43.7\% | 39.5\% | 36.9\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 10.8\% | 9.1\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 21.5\% | 22.6\% | 34.9\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 48.3\% | 50.5\% | 58.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 56.7\% | 57.2\% | 61.5\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 62.3\% | 64.0\% | 70.0\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 18.8\% | 17.3\% | 8.2\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 49.3\% | 41.9\% | 21.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 50.7\% | 58.1\% | 78.7\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 35.6\% | 32.1\% | 16.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 51.2\% | 54.2\% | 58.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 13.2\% | 13.8\% | 26.0\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.7\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 30.5\% | 25.0\% | 9.0\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 39.6\% | 32.8\% | 10.4\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$26,410 | \$31,997 | \$54,044 |
| 1999 | 5.6\% | 4.6\% | 1.6\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 62.8\% | 68.4\% | 77.0\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$404 | \$441 | \$631 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$59,999 | \$66,889 | \$115,974 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 2.1\% | 1.1\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 2.6\% | 2.2\% | 2.0\% |

[^39]|  | Census Tracts with <br> Highest Risk for <br> Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with <br> Above Average Risk for <br> Childhood Obesity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Census Tracts with <br> Average Risk for <br> Childhood Obesity |  |  |
| Characteristics |  |  |
| Physical Environment: | 5,209 |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | $75.7 \%$ | 1,486 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | $13.1 \%$ | 8.479 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | $8.5 \%$ |  |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | $86.4 \%$ | $7.1 \%$ |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area |  | $5.2 \%$ |
| Demographics: |  | $68.9 \%$ |

[^40]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 753 | 692 | 843 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 76.2\% | 78.9\% | 82.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 2.6\% | 1.3\% | 0.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 13.9\% | 12.1\% | 7.8\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 16.7\% | 13.5\% | 29.6\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 32.4\% | 32.3\% | 24.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 35.4\% | 49.8\% | 93.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 1.0\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 60.8\% | 46.6\% | 3.5\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 2.2\% | 2.6\% | 1.8\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 22.2\% | 28.7\% | 24.9\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 21.6\% | 15.0\% | 5.7\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 29.5\% | 25.7\% | 27.9\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 52.5\% | 56.4\% | 59.2\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 42.1\% | 53.7\% | 62.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 48.1\% | 66.0\% | 74.2\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 18.9\% | 17.5\% | 6.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 48.1\% | 34.9\% | 23.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 51.9\% | 65.1\% | 77.0\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 26.4\% | 22.4\% | 12.4\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 61.0\% | 64.0\% | 63.9\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 12.7\% | 13.6\% | 23.7\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 0.4\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 39.7\% | 33.7\% | 13.5\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 51.7\% | 40.9\% | 17.1\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$25,397 | \$26,733 | \$40,254 |
| 1999 | 17.3\% | 11.5\% | 3.0\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 47.6\% | 57.0\% | 71.0\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$340 | \$338 | \$489 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$45,555 | \$61,097 | \$108,609 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 0.0\% | 0.4\% | 0.3\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 1.2\% | 2.9\% | 2.6\% |

[^41]|  | Census Tracts with <br> Highest Risk for <br> Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with <br> Above Average Risk for <br> Childhood Obesity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Census Tracts with <br> Average or Below <br> Childhood Obesity |  |  |
| Characteristics |  |  |
| Physical Environment: | 6,140 |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | $81.8 \%$ | 4,559 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | $5.4 \%$ | $83.2 \%$ |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | $11.7 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | $8.3 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area |  | $74.2 \%$ |

[^42]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 8,953 | 7,054 | 3,343 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 70.5\% | 82.5\% | 89.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 15.8\% | 7.8\% | 1.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 11.7\% | 7.7\% | 3.1\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 95.2\% | 92.5\% | 84.4\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 20.7\% | 25.9\% | 23.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 47.1\% | 49.8\% | 76.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 14.6\% | 11.9\% | 3.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 6.6\% | 5.6\% | 5.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 2.1\% | 2.0\% | 1.4\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 29.6\% | 30.7\% | 10.8\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 49.4\% | 45.6\% | 27.3\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 10.2\% | 8.8\% | 4.9\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 12.8\% | 16.7\% | 30.1\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 53.4\% | 54.7\% | 58.8\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 50.4\% | 49.8\% | 57.9\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 54.7\% | 58.4\% | 66.8\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 15.3\% | 15.3\% | 10.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 41.8\% | 37.2\% | 23.7\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 58.2\% | 62.8\% | 76.3\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 33.0\% | 31.1\% | 12.6\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 57.7\% | 59.2\% | 65.5\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 9.3\% | 9.7\% | 21.9\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 14.5\% | 13.0\% | 2.5\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 23.5\% | 17.2\% | 6.1\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 31.8\% | 22.3\% | 7.4\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$30,003 | \$40,275 | \$63,667 |
| 1999 | 3.6\% | 3.9\% | 1.5\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 25.4\% | 46.3\% | 72.3\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$625 | \$727 | \$967 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$122,585 | \$124,176 | \$182,900 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 0.1\% | 1.0\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 5.4\% | 3.3\% | 2.9\% |

[^43]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 6,157 | 8,682 | 1,166 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 76.2\% | 84.6\% | 91.1\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 8.4\% | 3.3\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 13.7\% | 10.3\% | 3.7\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 75.0\% | 58.2\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 14.2\% | 22.1\% | 24.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 72.1\% | 82.7\% | 95.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 3.0\% | 3.9\% | 0.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 2.5\% | 2.4\% | 1.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 4.9\% | 1.2\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 17.5\% | 9.8\% | 1.2\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 67.9\% | 48.1\% | 28.3\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 5.9\% | 10.5\% | 3.5\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 30.4\% | 21.1\% | 35.6\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 44.6\% | 57.5\% | 64.2\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 35.1\% | 62.2\% | 64.6\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 23.6\% | 66.9\% | 76.7\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 11.2\% | 10.5\% | 6.2\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 52.0\% | 46.5\% | 23.1\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 48.0\% | 53.5\% | 76.9\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 36.9\% | 27.8\% | 12.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 45.0\% | 57.6\% | 58.8\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 18.1\% | 14.6\% | 28.9\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 9.8\% | 6.0\% | 0.7\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 32.0\% | 22.2\% | 6.5\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 69.1\% | 34.4\% | 7.9\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$25,286 | \$32,705 | \$60,089 |
| 1999 | 10.1\% | 10.5\% | 2.7\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 6.9\% | 21.5\% | 72.1\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$565 | \$636 | \$755 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$127,591 | \$105,901 | \$149,788 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 0.0\% | 6.4\% | 0.5\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 1.2\% |

[^44]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 13,406 | 17,138 | 4,383 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 61.2\% | 69.5\% | 85.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 23.2\% | 19.5\% | 7.0\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 13.9\% | 9.2\% | 3.1\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 26.1\% | 26.4\% | 23.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 18.3\% | 26.6\% | 80.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 50.5\% | 39.2\% | 5.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 2.0\% | 4.1\% | 6.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.5\% | 0.6\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 28.6\% | 29.4\% | 6.4\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 50.4\% | 45.0\% | 30.4\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 17.0\% | 12.3\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 20.1\% | 22.2\% | 40.6\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 48.7\% | 53.9\% | 58.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 47.7\% | 52.2\% | 55.8\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 50.8\% | 58.3\% | 67.3\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 21.1\% | 18.5\% | 6.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 60.6\% | 47.2\% | 16.2\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 39.4\% | 52.8\% | 83.8\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 42.3\% | 34.6\% | 13.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 46.6\% | 52.0\% | 53.6\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 11.1\% | 13.4\% | 33.4\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 12.2\% | 12.8\% | 3.1\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 32.5\% | 21.0\% | 4.8\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 37.9\% | 26.0\% | 5.4\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$30,904 | \$40,161 | \$77,988 |
| 1999 | 11.6\% | 7.8\% | 1.5\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 22.1\% | 36.2\% | 74.8\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$611 | \$743 | \$1,007 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$108,570 | \$124,948 | \$226,479 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 14.4\% | 3.9\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 9.4\% | 4.3\% | 1.2\% |

[^45]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 482 | 1,293 | 2,083 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 85.7\% | 88.6\% | 86.0\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 0.7\% | 0.8\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 8.4\% | 6.4\% | 3.5\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 40.9\% | 46.4\% | 78.1\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 34.3\% | 29.7\% | 23.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 12.8\% | 30.4\% | 55.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 1.2\% | 2.1\% | 1.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.6\% | 0.8\% | 1.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 56.9\% | 19.6\% | 2.4\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 28.5\% | 47.1\% | 33.3\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 37.0\% | 36.6\% | 30.9\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 17.1\% | 11.3\% | 4.9\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 25.6\% | 25.3\% | 36.4\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 46.6\% | 49.1\% | 54.5\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 40.1\% | 46.6\% | 55.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 52.6\% | 57.2\% | 64.7\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 20.5\% | 15.0\% | 8.8\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 40.1\% | 38.4\% | 26.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 59.9\% | 61.6\% | 73.7\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 37.8\% | 31.8\% | 12.6\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 51.9\% | 54.5\% | 58.1\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 10.3\% | 13.6\% | 29.3\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 6.0\% | 7.3\% | 2.7\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 35.3\% | 27.1\% | 10.3\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 41.0\% | 34.5\% | 13.7\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$27,507 | \$30,443 | \$48,797 |
| 1999 | 11.2\% | 7.5\% | 2.7\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 75.9\% | 68.9\% | 68.7\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$409 | \$455 | \$678 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$58,669 | \$88,895 | \$149,978 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 0.7\% | 0.8\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 2.6\% | 2.9\% | 2.2\% |

[^46]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 24,903 | 38,783 | 16,310 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 41.4\% | 44.4\% | 70.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 37.0\% | 43.3\% | 17.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 15.4\% | 9.6\% | 6.2\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 99.3\% | 96.9\% | 89.0\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 28.4\% | 27.5\% | 22.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 23.7\% | 24.3\% | 77.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 37.9\% | 38.7\% | 6.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 3.7\% | 7.0\% | 5.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 1.7\% | 1.5\% | 0.5\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 33.0\% | 28.4\% | 7.7\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 43.0\% | 40.9\% | 27.6\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 20.3\% | 13.1\% | 5.5\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 22.4\% | 24.1\% | 37.8\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 44.6\% | 50.4\% | 55.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 40.4\% | 47.6\% | 55.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 44.0\% | 54.4\% | 65.5\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 16.8\% | 16.5\% | 7.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 57.2\% | 49.3\% | 20.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 42.8\% | 50.7\% | 79.1\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 42.3\% | 35.3\% | 15.8\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 45.7\% | 50.0\% | 54.4\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 12.0\% | 14.7\% | 29.8\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 10.3\% | 12.0\% | 4.0\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 38.3\% | 27.0\% | 9.4\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 45.4\% | 34.1\% | 11.0\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$26,267 | \$35,441 | \$61,833 |
| 1999 | 15.5\% | 11.1\% | 2.4\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 20.8\% | 29.8\% | 63.7\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$575 | \$712 | \$858 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$110,006 | \$168,342 | \$213,145 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 22.5\% | 6.0\% | 0.5\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 11.0\% | 4.5\% | 1.6\% |

[^47]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 1,869 | 1,292 | 957 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 88.3\% | 91.8\% | 92.5\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 3.9\% | 2.1\% | 0.5\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 5.9\% | 4.1\% | 2.2\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 60.9\% | 61.6\% | 78.9\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 24.9\% | 24.2\% | 22.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 37.6\% | 56.2\% | 84.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 50.8\% | 35.1\% | 8.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.1\% | 1.4\% | 1.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 2.6\% | 1.6\% | 0.5\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 7.8\% | 5.7\% | 2.9\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 67.0\% | 59.4\% | 44.2\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 10.4\% | 7.6\% | 3.6\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 21.0\% | 23.2\% | 37.1\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 54.0\% | 56.1\% | 59.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 57.2\% | 59.7\% | 59.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 64.5\% | 68.5\% | 70.6\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 17.6\% | 14.6\% | 6.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 48.8\% | 38.3\% | 19.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 51.2\% | 61.7\% | 80.1\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 34.1\% | 29.2\% | 14.4\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 52.0\% | 55.9\% | 54.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 13.9\% | 15.0\% | 31.6\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 5.7\% | 4.0\% | 1.6\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 25.2\% | 18.1\% | 7.3\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 32.2\% | 23.4\% | 8.5\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$30,770 | \$37,015 | \$58,260 |
| 1999 | 5.9\% | 4.2\% | 1.5\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 48.9\% | 60.6\% | 74.8\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$509 | \$541 | \$698 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$84,983 | \$96,519 | \$160,731 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 6.0\% | 2.6\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.7\% | 2.9\% | 2.2\% |

[^48]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 25 | 442 | 1,004 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 85.9\% | 81.1\% | 83.0\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 1.2\% | 0.9\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 9.1\% | 10.7\% | 7.4\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 0.0\% | 5.3\% | 30.8\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 39.4\% | 32.7\% | 24.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 24.8\% | 47.4\% | 94.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 0.2\% | 0.3\% | 0.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.3\% | 1.5\% | 0.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 72.2\% | 49.5\% | 2.4\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 1.5\% | 1.3\% | 1.1\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 50.8\% | 38.8\% | 33.8\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 15.9\% | 12.6\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 28.0\% | 27.2\% | 25.8\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 56.8\% | 54.7\% | 59.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 55.7\% | 51.2\% | 71.8\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 66.8\% | 65.1\% | 80.1\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 20.9\% | 15.0\% | 3.7\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 47.1\% | 40.8\% | 18.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 52.9\% | 59.2\% | 81.6\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 25.9\% | 23.5\% | 16.9\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 61.9\% | 61.8\% | 62.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 12.3\% | 14.8\% | 20.5\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 0.3\% | 0.4\% | 0.5\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 34.1\% | 29.6\% | 11.3\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 41.0\% | 34.1\% | 13.0\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$28,839 | \$28,232 | \$41,075 |
| 1999 | 15.4\% | 10.7\% | 2.3\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 57.5\% | 59.4\% | 71.9\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$322 | \$349 | \$410 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$52,927 | \$47,879 | \$72,865 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 0.0\% | 1.1\% | 0.3\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 1.3\% | 2.6\% | 3.3\% |

[^49]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 5,493 | 5,224 | 2,073 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 71.5\% | 82.6\% | 92.5\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 14.8\% | 8.8\% | 1.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 11.6\% | 6.6\% | 2.5\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 97.7\% | 88.4\% | 80.2\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 26.5\% | 26.8\% | 24.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 34.3\% | 49.7\% | 92.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 60.8\% | 44.7\% | 3.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.0\% | 1.2\% | 1.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.8\% | 0.5\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 3.0\% | 3.8\% | 1.4\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 42.4\% | 38.8\% | 29.0\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 16.4\% | 11.2\% | 3.9\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 19.8\% | 20.8\% | 31.5\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 50.0\% | 53.8\% | 58.9\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 45.6\% | 54.2\% | 62.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 53.5\% | 61.7\% | 72.0\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 17.3\% | 15.5\% | 6.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 65.2\% | 54.5\% | 21.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 34.8\% | 45.5\% | 78.1\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 36.6\% | 30.3\% | 14.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 52.8\% | 58.2\% | 62.6\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 10.6\% | 11.5\% | 23.0\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.7\% | 1.6\% | 0.7\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 40.3\% | 26.7\% | 7.0\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 46.9\% | 34.3\% | 8.7\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$20,544 | \$29,953 | \$55,759 |
| 1999 | 13.3\% | 9.1\% | 1.9\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 27.2\% | 46.0\% | 75.3\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$415 | \$506 | \$641 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$63,835 | \$74,089 | \$134,239 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 14.2\% | 4.1\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 7.8\% | 4.0\% | 1.7\% |

[^50]Table C.37: Profile of Census Tracts Predicted to be at Above Average and Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity in Oklahoma

| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 582 | 1,245 | 1,833 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 89.2\% | 90.6\% | 93.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 1.2\% | 1.3\% | 0.4\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 6.5\% | 4.8\% | 2.6\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 31.1\% | 47.8\% | 76.3\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 24.7\% | 25.8\% | 25.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 65.7\% | 66.6\% | 82.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 12.1\% | 15.0\% | 5.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.6\% | 1.0\% | 2.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 18.2\% | 11.1\% | 4.7\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 3.5\% | 6.3\% | 4.8\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 47.0\% | 41.1\% | 39.1\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 10.7\% | 8.2\% | 4.3\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 19.5\% | 21.0\% | 32.1\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 47.3\% | 49.3\% | 57.2\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 48.6\% | 53.0\% | 58.1\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 61.3\% | 63.1\% | 69.8\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 13.8\% | 13.9\% | 8.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 31.1\% | 33.5\% | 24.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 68.9\% | 66.5\% | 75.7\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 29.4\% | 28.3\% | 14.8\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 58.3\% | 59.7\% | 60.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 12.3\% | 12.0\% | 24.9\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.4\% | 2.4\% | 1.7\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 26.5\% | 23.4\% | 10.7\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 32.0\% | 29.8\% | 13.9\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$27,674 | \$29,520 | \$48,570 |
| 1999 | 10.5\% | 8.7\% | 3.3\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 63.1\% | 63.2\% | 71.2\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$406 | \$430 | \$597 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$59,491 | \$55,189 | \$96,344 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 1.9\% | 1.9\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 4.8\% | 3.9\% | 2.7\% |

[^51]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 2,152 | 3,680 | 2,655 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 83.9\% | 78.0\% | 84.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 3.4\% | 6.1\% | 4.0\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 8.8\% | 11.4\% | 5.8\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 20.0\% | 60.0\% | 74.4\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 24.6\% | 24.0\% | 24.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 69.6\% | 66.6\% | 86.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 11.7\% | 6.9\% | 2.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 2.3\% | 3.1\% | 3.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 3.2\% | 4.7\% | 1.2\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 13.3\% | 18.7\% | 6.5\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 41.3\% | 49.5\% | 39.7\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 11.9\% | 11.7\% | 6.4\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 17.7\% | 22.3\% | 32.1\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 52.6\% | 54.4\% | 58.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 43.2\% | 49.3\% | 57.9\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 70.6\% | 62.1\% | 69.5\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 11.6\% | 13.5\% | 8.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 44.2\% | 38.6\% | 26.5\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 55.8\% | 61.4\% | 73.5\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 22.4\% | 26.1\% | 14.1\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 67.2\% | 58.8\% | 60.0\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 10.3\% | 15.1\% | 25.9\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 5.3\% | 9.1\% | 3.1\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 24.1\% | 24.2\% | 11.4\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 31.4\% | 32.5\% | 14.1\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$28,706 | \$32,627 | \$50,576 |
| 1999 | 9.1\% | 6.9\% | 3.4\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 47.8\% | 45.1\% | 66.1\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$547 | \$588 | \$718 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$107,381 | \$132,685 | \$179,656 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 1.2\% | 1.4\% | 0.4\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 2.7\% | 3.2\% | 2.6\% |

[^52]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 7,930 | 11,330 | 3,057 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 57.9\% | 68.6\% | 88.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 23.2\% | 18.8\% | 3.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 17.0\% | 10.8\% | 4.3\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 97.6\% | 92.0\% | 83.2\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 25.8\% | 25.7\% | 22.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 40.0\% | 47.6\% | 92.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 49.7\% | 40.2\% | 3.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 2.6\% | 2.5\% | 1.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.6\% | 0.5\% | 0.2\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 7.0\% | 9.3\% | 1.5\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 44.0\% | 38.9\% | 28.5\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 17.3\% | 12.5\% | 4.6\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 22.6\% | 22.7\% | 33.0\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 47.9\% | 50.8\% | 55.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 50.5\% | 54.6\% | 60.5\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 58.9\% | 62.3\% | 70.3\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 17.2\% | 16.7\% | 6.8\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 66.4\% | 55.2\% | 20.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 33.6\% | 44.8\% | 79.1\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 32.3\% | 30.6\% | 15.6\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 55.4\% | 57.4\% | 60.2\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 12.4\% | 12.0\% | 24.2\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 2.8\% | 3.4\% | 0.9\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 40.2\% | 27.4\% | 7.9\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 47.9\% | 34.9\% | 9.7\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$21,829 | \$29,274 | \$53,781 |
| 1999 | 13.0\% | 9.7\% | 1.8\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 30.8\% | 49.6\% | 75.0\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$425 | \$527 | \$660 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$54,444 | \$59,706 | \$128,474 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 33.7\% | 6.8\% | 0.4\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 6.5\% | 4.1\% | 1.7\% |

[^53]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 11,531 | 10,848 | 3,137 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 75.1\% | 82.1\% | 91.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 6.9\% | 6.0\% | 1.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 16.2\% | 10.3\% | 3.7\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 25.1\% | 26.8\% | 22.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 45.4\% | 50.8\% | 92.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 14.6\% | 13.9\% | 2.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 6.7\% | 5.2\% | 1.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 2.3\% | 2.9\% | 0.5\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 31.0\% | 27.1\% | 2.1\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 48.3\% | 42.5\% | 21.2\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 12.1\% | 10.2\% | 4.5\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 19.6\% | 21.8\% | 36.5\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 49.7\% | 52.9\% | 60.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 45.9\% | 52.0\% | 64.8\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 54.9\% | 56.5\% | 74.3\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 12.1\% | 10.5\% | 6.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 52.9\% | 51.2\% | 22.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 47.1\% | 48.8\% | 77.4\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 41.5\% | 39.3\% | 16.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 42.5\% | 45.6\% | 54.1\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 16.0\% | 15.1\% | 29.2\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 16.0\% | 13.6\% | 1.4\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 33.6\% | 27.7\% | 7.1\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 43.0\% | 36.4\% | 8.1\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$25,304 | \$29,886 | \$57,898 |
| 1999 | 11.9\% | 11.1\% | 2.5\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 20.4\% | 29.8\% | 68.6\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$542 | \$561 | \$717 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$95,851 | \$104,768 | \$169,257 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 7.7\% | 4.7\% | 0.9\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 5.3\% | 3.3\% | 1.2\% |

[^54]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 1,379 | 1,101 | 1,114 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 87.8\% | 90.8\% | 93.1\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 3.2\% | 2.1\% | 0.4\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 6.9\% | 4.8\% | 3.6\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 52.6\% | 65.0\% | 91.0\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 24.8\% | 25.2\% | 23.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 41.7\% | 50.7\% | 85.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 54.6\% | 45.6\% | 10.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.6\% | 0.8\% | 1.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.3\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 2.8\% | 2.4\% | 2.1\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 47.2\% | 44.6\% | 41.2\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 10.4\% | 8.1\% | 3.9\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 20.0\% | 21.6\% | 36.5\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 52.0\% | 54.6\% | 58.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 57.4\% | 59.9\% | 60.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 63.7\% | 66.3\% | 70.9\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 19.1\% | 17.1\% | 7.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 48.4\% | 41.2\% | 20.7\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 51.6\% | 58.8\% | 79.3\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 35.4\% | 31.3\% | 14.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 51.9\% | 55.0\% | 54.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 12.7\% | 13.7\% | 30.5\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 2.0\% | 1.6\% | 1.2\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 26.7\% | 20.7\% | 7.6\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 33.6\% | 26.7\% | 9.1\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$30,917 | \$35,255 | \$56,325 |
| 1999 | 4.3\% | 3.5\% | 1.2\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 58.8\% | 65.9\% | 75.6\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$455 | \$492 | \$689 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$80,940 | \$88,168 | \$159,824 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 3.2\% | 1.4\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.7\% | 2.9\% | 2.2\% |

[^55]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 25 | 371 | 759 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 74.7\% | 75.8\% | 81.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 11.4\% | 9.6\% | 5.9\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 0.0\% | 12.3\% | 33.1\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 38.3\% | 33.3\% | 25.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 25.1\% | 41.1\% | 91.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 0.3\% | 0.7\% | 0.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 69.6\% | 52.3\% | 2.7\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 1.3\% | 1.5\% | 1.1\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 37.5\% | 36.0\% | 35.9\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 18.0\% | 14.0\% | 3.3\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 26.3\% | 23.9\% | 24.6\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 50.2\% | 52.3\% | 60.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 44.3\% | 51.1\% | 71.6\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 51.2\% | 56.7\% | 78.4\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 25.8\% | 20.5\% | 4.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 42.7\% | 39.6\% | 19.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 57.3\% | 60.4\% | 80.7\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 25.4\% | 23.9\% | 14.9\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 64.5\% | 65.1\% | 65.2\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 10.1\% | 11.0\% | 19.8\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.1\% | 1.2\% | 0.6\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 42.7\% | 34.5\% | 10.7\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 47.8\% | 39.6\% | 13.1\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$25,296 | \$26,798 | \$40,797 |
| 1999 | 14.4\% | 11.2\% | 2.2\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 52.3\% | 54.1\% | 69.3\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$292 | \$331 | \$446 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$36,993 | \$43,058 | \$74,922 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 4.3\% | 3.6\% | 2.3\% |

[^56]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 2,071 | 1,677 | 1,016 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 83.9\% | 91.2\% | 93.9\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 5.3\% | 2.4\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 8.6\% | 4.3\% | 1.7\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 69.2\% | 63.4\% | 79.8\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 25.3\% | 24.5\% | 23.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 51.6\% | 65.4\% | 89.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 45.3\% | 30.9\% | 6.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.8\% | 1.0\% | 1.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 2.0\% | 2.4\% | 1.6\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 50.6\% | 47.8\% | 39.6\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 14.4\% | 8.7\% | 4.1\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 18.2\% | 20.8\% | 33.3\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 47.7\% | 52.1\% | 58.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 49.3\% | 54.8\% | 58.5\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 54.2\% | 62.6\% | 68.8\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 15.9\% | 14.6\% | 8.2\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 54.2\% | 40.6\% | 20.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 45.8\% | 59.4\% | 79.7\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 40.4\% | 33.5\% | 17.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 49.9\% | 54.8\% | 56.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 9.7\% | 11.6\% | 25.6\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.4\% | 1.7\% | 0.9\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 35.4\% | 22.2\% | 8.1\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 42.8\% | 28.6\% | 10.0\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$22,775 | \$32,395 | \$54,566 |
| 1999 | 9.8\% | 5.9\% | 1.9\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 44.5\% | 61.0\% | 76.3\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$402 | \$480 | \$652 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$69,531 | \$80,855 | \$132,846 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 17.4\% | 4.3\% | 0.2\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 3.8\% | 2.9\% | 2.1\% |

[^57]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 3,602 | 3,250 | 2,360 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 85.0\% | 89.5\% | 92.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 5.1\% | 3.2\% | 1.0\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 6.9\% | 4.8\% | 2.5\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 74.3\% | 77.3\% | 88.5\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 29.0\% | 28.8\% | 26.0\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 26.5\% | 34.5\% | 72.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 23.4\% | 19.1\% | 5.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.6\% | 2.0\% | 3.4\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.3\% | 0.4\% | 0.5\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 47.9\% | 44.1\% | 17.8\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 45.6\% | 43.5\% | 37.4\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 12.2\% | 9.4\% | 4.1\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 19.5\% | 21.3\% | 38.7\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 46.9\% | 50.4\% | 58.9\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 43.3\% | 47.4\% | 56.6\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 53.5\% | 56.9\% | 67.6\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 17.4\% | 16.1\% | 8.3\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 37.2\% | 33.0\% | 20.7\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 62.8\% | 67.0\% | 79.3\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 43.4\% | 37.9\% | 14.2\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 45.7\% | 49.8\% | 54.8\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 10.8\% | 12.3\% | 31.0\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 16.1\% | 12.9\% | 3.4\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 32.8\% | 24.3\% | 8.2\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 39.7\% | 31.0\% | 10.1\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$27,427 | \$33,739 | \$62,859 |
| 1999 | 7.4\% | 5.4\% | 1.6\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 48.0\% | 57.0\% | 71.2\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$473 | \$527 | \$780 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$58,867 | \$64,507 | \$131,653 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 4.7\% | 1.6\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 4.0\% | 2.8\% | 2.1\% |

[^58]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 5,897 | 4,700 | 3,066 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 58.9\% | 78.1\% | 88.9\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 7.5\% | 5.1\% | 1.9\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 31.9\% | 10.2\% | 3.6\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 83.9\% | 85.9\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 16.8\% | 26.2\% | 31.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 67.5\% | 57.5\% | 88.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 6.9\% | 3.1\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 3.1\% | 4.6\% | 2.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 3.2\% | 7.4\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 19.4\% | 25.6\% | 6.6\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 75.5\% | 65.3\% | 43.4\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 15.5\% | 11.0\% | 4.4\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 25.4\% | 20.9\% | 32.9\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 57.6\% | 55.7\% | 60.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 71.9\% | 48.9\% | 53.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 55.5\% | 55.1\% | 64.8\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 22.1\% | 15.1\% | 6.7\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 26.2\% | 31.1\% | 16.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 73.8\% | 68.9\% | 84.0\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 25.1\% | 28.7\% | 10.5\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 55.0\% | 56.8\% | 62.1\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 19.9\% | 14.4\% | 27.4\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 9.7\% | 11.4\% | 2.1\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 40.2\% | 27.1\% | 7.8\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 39.1\% | 30.8\% | 8.9\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$28,531 | \$32,086 | \$58,849 |
| 1999 | 5.3\% | 9.2\% | 2.5\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 12.1\% | 42.0\% | 75.7\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$520 | \$560 | \$757 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$83,133 | \$109,382 | \$177,945 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 1.1\% | 1.2\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 13.6\% | 4.4\% | 2.4\% |

[^59]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) |  | 6,816 | 604 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van |  | 77.5\% | 87.0\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation |  | 3.0\% | 0.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot |  | 16.5\% | 6.3\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area |  | 66.7\% | 22.5\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 |  | 19.8\% | 24.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | . | 92.6\% | 97.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | . | 2.0\% | 0.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population |  | 3.2\% | 0.9\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | . | 0.9\% | 0.5\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population |  | 1.4\% | 0.8\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | . | 44.2\% | 27.6\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | . | 6.5\% | 4.3\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | . | 27.8\% | 34.2\% |
| Average female labor force participation | . | 58.7\% | 64.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | . | 64.6\% | 68.0\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | . | 66.3\% | 78.7\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | . | 9.9\% | 6.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | . | 41.3\% | 26.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | . | 58.7\% | 74.0\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | - | 22.0\% | 13.6\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | . | 52.5\% | 57.1\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree |  | 25.5\% | 29.3\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | . | 1.9\% | 0.5\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate |  | 23.9\% | 9.4\% |
| Average child poverty rate | . | 28.3\% | 11.7\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | . | \$31,750 | \$48,225 |
| 1999 | . | 9.3\% | 4.7\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | . | 38.0\% | 72.9\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | . | \$628 | \$645 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 |  | \$104,341 | \$126,539 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | . | 1.9\% | 0.4\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | . | 1.9\% | 1.9\% |

[^60]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 2,758 | 3,031 | 2,400 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 86.1\% | 88.5\% | 88.5\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 4.7\% | 4.3\% | 2.9\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 7.1\% | 4.8\% | 3.1\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 62.0\% | 74.5\% | 93.2\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 23.5\% | 23.9\% | 23.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 50.3\% | 55.4\% | 80.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 44.4\% | 37.3\% | 9.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 1.5\% | 2.4\% | 4.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.4\% | 0.5\% | 0.4\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 3.3\% | 4.4\% | 3.7\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 43.0\% | 39.3\% | 34.4\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 10.0\% | 7.1\% | 2.9\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 21.5\% | 24.8\% | 43.7\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 51.6\% | 55.4\% | 60.5\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 56.5\% | 61.1\% | 61.3\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 64.3\% | 68.2\% | 71.0\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 15.8\% | 14.9\% | 7.1\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 45.9\% | 39.2\% | 18.6\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 54.1\% | 60.8\% | 81.4\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 34.8\% | 29.2\% | 11.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 52.4\% | 55.0\% | 50.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 12.9\% | 15.9\% | 37.6\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 1.9\% | 2.4\% | 1.8\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 23.8\% | 17.2\% | 5.3\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 29.8\% | 22.3\% | 6.0\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$31,635 | \$39,522 | \$72,571 |
| 1999 | 6.0\% | 4.4\% | 1.2\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 52.0\% | 58.5\% | 73.7\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$506 | \$589 | \$911 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$88,066 | \$102,361 | \$188,938 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 8.3\% | 2.9\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 4.7\% | 3.1\% | 1.4\% |

[^61]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 5,225 | 5,539 | 2,715 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 52.6\% | 77.9\% | 86.7\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 14.3\% | 7.7\% | 4.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 28.7\% | 10.9\% | 4.5\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 100.0\% | 81.5\% | 85.2\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 14.5\% | 25.9\% | 25.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 62.0\% | 58.4\% | 83.3\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 9.6\% | 8.9\% | 3.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 10.0\% | 7.8\% | 6.6\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 3.4\% | 6.2\% | 1.5\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 14.9\% | 18.7\% | 5.5\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 53.3\% | 49.1\% | 37.7\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 24.9\% | 13.2\% | 6.0\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 21.3\% | 22.9\% | 35.0\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 42.6\% | 53.6\% | 59.4\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 39.2\% | 52.1\% | 56.8\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 57.2\% | 58.8\% | 69.1\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 13.4\% | 13.1\% | 7.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 61.1\% | 45.6\% | 25.0\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 38.9\% | 54.4\% | 75.0\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school diploma/GED | 34.5\% | 27.9\% | 11.8\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 54.0\% | 57.7\% | 60.3\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 11.5\% | 14.3\% | 27.9\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 8.9\% | 10.4\% | 2.7\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 41.2\% | 27.1\% | 9.4\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 57.2\% | 34.3\% | 11.9\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$18,617 | \$30,949 | \$58,247 |
| 1999 | 11.3\% | 9.8\% | 3.3\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 21.2\% | 39.7\% | 68.5\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$440 | \$560 | \$825 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$184,380 | \$129,513 | \$206,810 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 10.2\% | 3.8\% | 0.4\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 4.8\% | 3.6\% | 2.1\% |

[^62]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 1,640 | 990 | 996 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 85.7\% | 90.7\% | 93.2\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 2.9\% | 1.3\% | 0.8\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 9.0\% | 5.7\% | 3.5\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 43.6\% | 36.7\% | 69.5\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 20.6\% | 21.6\% | 22.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 85.8\% | 92.2\% | 96.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 12.6\% | 6.3\% | 2.2\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 0.8\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 0.8\% | 0.6\% | 0.7\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 23.6\% | 26.7\% | 26.5\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 12.7\% | 10.1\% | 6.2\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 21.9\% | 22.5\% | 29.9\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 37.8\% | 42.2\% | 51.1\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 41.8\% | 47.5\% | 56.7\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 46.7\% | 54.6\% | 65.3\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 13.0\% | 11.4\% | 7.9\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 36.4\% | 30.5\% | 24.2\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 63.6\% | 69.5\% | 75.8\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 35.7\% | 31.5\% | 19.9\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 53.6\% | 58.0\% | 61.5\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 10.7\% | 10.5\% | 18.6\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.4\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 33.8\% | 25.0\% | 14.4\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 43.4\% | 33.6\% | 19.3\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$22,247 | \$27,798 | \$39,893 |
| 1999 | 7.4\% | 5.7\% | 3.0\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 61.9\% | 70.5\% | 76.3\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$353 | \$398 | \$478 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$54,311 | \$63,606 | \$92,858 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 2.7\% | 1.3\% | 0.3\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 4.1\% | 3.2\% | 2.3\% |

[^63]| Characteristics | Census Tracts with Highest Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Above Average Risk for Childhood Obesity | Census Tracts with Average or Below Average Risk for Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | 8,905 | 9,466 | 1,932 |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | 59.5\% | 75.0\% | 88.6\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public transportation | 21.8\% | 14.1\% | 1.3\% |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | 16.9\% | 8.5\% | 4.4\% |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | 95.7\% | 98.0\% | 65.9\% |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | 27.9\% | 31.1\% | 24.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | 32.3\% | 36.4\% | 92.1\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | 51.8\% | 44.9\% | 1.7\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | 3.7\% | 3.8\% | 1.5\% |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race population | 4.7\% | 1.9\% | 0.9\% |
| Average percent Hispanic population | 7.5\% | 13.0\% | 2.3\% |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | 45.3\% | 42.2\% | 34.2\% |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | 20.2\% | 15.1\% | 4.0\% |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional sector | 26.3\% | 20.8\% | 29.2\% |
| Average female labor force participation | 56.5\% | 57.9\% | 63.1\% |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are employed | 39.0\% | 53.6\% | 69.5\% |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | 50.8\% | 59.9\% | 78.3\% |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | 19.9\% | 16.9\% | 5.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | 74.7\% | 58.4\% | 21.4\% |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | 25.3\% | 41.6\% | 78.6\% |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ without a high school diploma/GED | 37.1\% | 32.6\% | 13.7\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | 47.2\% | 54.5\% | 63.8\% |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a college degree | 15.7\% | 12.9\% | 22.5\% |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | 3.8\% | 5.7\% | 1.0\% |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | 44.1\% | 30.1\% | 6.9\% |
| Average child poverty rate | 49.6\% | 36.9\% | 8.0\% |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | \$19,860 | \$30,248 | \$53,757 |
| 1999 | 7.8\% | 6.7\% | 1.3\% |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | 20.8\% | 35.6\% | 71.7\% |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$464 | \$543 | \$610 |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | \$72,265 | \$71,099 | \$127,521 |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | 7.0\% | 3.2\% | 0.1\% |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | 8.4\% | 3.7\% | 1.4\% |

[^64]|  | Census Tracts with <br> Highest Risk for <br> Childhood Obesity |
| :--- | :--- | | Census Tracts with <br> Above Average Risk for <br> Childhood Obesity |
| :---: | | Census Tracts with <br> Average Risk for <br> Childhood Obesity |
| :---: |
| Characteristics |

[^65]Table C.52: Variable Notes

| Characteristics | Data | Year | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Environment: |  |  |  |
| Average population density (people per square mile) | Census <br> Estimates | 2005 | Uses 2000 Census Tract Definitions |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work by car, truck or van | Census | 2000 | Workers age 16 years and older |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on public | Census | 2000 | Workers age 16 years and older |
| Average percent of workers traveling to work on foot | Census | 2000 | Workers age 16 years and older |
| Percent of census tracts in a metropolitan statistical area | USDA | 2003 | Metropolitan Statistical Area as defined by OMB in 2003 |
| Demographics: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of population under age 18 | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average percent non-Hispanic White population | Census | 2000 | Bridged Race |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Black/African American population | Census | 2000 | Bridged Race |
| Average percent non-Hispanic Asian population | Census | 2000 | Bridged Race |
| Average percent non-Hispanic American Indian or other race | Census | 2000 | Bridged Race |
| Average percent Hispanic population | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average percent foreign born population arrived since 1990 | Census | 2000 |  |
| Employment: |  |  |  |
| Average unemployment rate | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average percent persons employed in management/ professional | Census | 2000 | Persons age 16 years and older |
| Average female labor force participation | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average percent of females with children under 6 who are | Census | 2000 | Females age 16 years and older |
| Average percent of females with children 6-17 who are employed | Census | 2000 | Females age 16 years and older |
| Household Structure: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of children in households headed by non-parent | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average percent of households with children that are single-parent | Census | 2000 | Own children only (related to householder by birth, marriage or adoption) |
| Average percent of households with children that are two-parent | Census | 2000 | Own children only (related to householder by birth, marriage or adoption) |
| Education and Language: |  |  |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ without a high school | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average percent of persons $25+$ with a high school diploma/GED | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average percent of persons 25+ with a college degree | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average percent of persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly or not at all | Census | 2000 |  |
| Income/Poverty: |  |  |  |
| Average poverty rate | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average child poverty rate | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average median household income 1999, \$2005 | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average percent of households with public assistance income (state/local) 1999 | Census | 2000 |  |
| Housing: |  |  |  |
| Average homeownership rate | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average median gross rent for renter-occupied units in 2000, | Census | 2000 | Specified renter-occupied units only |
| Average median value for owner-occupied units in 2000, \$2005 | Census | 2000 | Specified owner-occupied units only |
| Average percent of public housing units as a percent of all housing | Census | 2000 |  |
| Average homeowner vacancy rate | Census | 2000 |  |

Appendix Table 1: Area Variables Included in the Analyses Using the NSCH and MEPS

| Variable | Source | Variable Name for Unit of Measurement |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Census Tract | ZIP Code | County |
| Baked goods stores per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Bowling centers per 1 K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Cafeterias, buffets per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Convenience stores per 1 K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Offices of dentists per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Drinking places (alcoholic) per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Fish markets per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Fitness and recreation centers per 1 K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Fruit and vegetable markets per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Full-service restaurants per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Gasoline stores with convenience stores per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Golf courses and country clubs per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Supermarket stores with 100+ employees per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Supermarket stores per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Beer, wine and liquor stores per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Limited-service restaurants per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Marinas per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Meat markets per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Mobile food services per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Nature parks and other similar institutions per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Pharmacies and drug stores per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Offices of physicians except mental health per 1 K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Skiing facilities per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Snack \& non-alcoholic beverage bars per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Warehouse clubs per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Zoos and botanical gardens per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Limited service cafeteriaslsnacks per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Total establishments per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Grocerylmarkets\convenience stores per 1K pop | CBP |  | X | X |
| Number of open public schools | NCES | X | X | X |
| Total number of public school students | NCES | X | X | X |
| Total public school students per 1K pop | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students non-Hispanic Black | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students non-Hispanic White | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students Asian or PI | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students Hispanic | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students American Indian/Native American | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students eligible for free/reduce lunch | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students ungraded | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students pre-k | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students grades K-2 | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students grades 3-6 | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students grades 7-9 | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students grades 10-12 | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students female | NCES | X | X | X |
| \% public students male | NCES | X | X | X |

Appendix Table 1: Area Variables Included in the Analyses Using the NSCH and MEPS

| Variable | Source | Variable Name for Unit of Measurement |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Census Tract | ZIP Code | County |
| Payroll local parks and recreation per 10K pop | LGEPD |  |  | X |
| Full-time employees local parks and rec per 10K pop | LGEPD |  |  | X |
| Violent crime rate per 1K (Part 1) | FBI <br> UCR |  |  | X |
| Property crime rate per 1K (Part 1) | FBI |  |  | X |
| Rate of Part 1 crime per 1K pop | FBI UCR |  |  | X |
| Persons with health insurance 2000 | SAHIE |  |  | X |
| Persons without health insurance 2000 | SAHIE |  |  | X |
| \% without health insurance 2000 | SAHIE |  |  | X |
| Persons under 18 with health insurance 2000 | SAHIE |  |  | X |
| Persons under 18 without health insurance 2000 | SAHIE |  |  | X |
| \% under 18 without health insurance 2000 | SAHIE |  |  | X |
| Rural-Urban Continuum | USDA |  |  | X |
| Pct workers in nonmetro cnty commuting to central cnty of adj. metro areas | USDA |  |  | X |
| Counties in metro areas of 1M pop or more | USDA |  |  | X |
| Counties in metro areas of 250 K to 1 M pop | USDA |  |  | X |
| Counties in metro areas of fewer than 250K pop | USDA |  |  | X |
| Urban pop of 20K or more adjacent to metro area | USDA |  |  | X |
| Urban pop of 20K or more not adjacent to metro area | USDA |  |  | X |
| Urban pop of 2.5K to 19,999 adjacent to metro area | USDA |  |  | X |
| Urban pop of 2.5 K to 19,999 not adjacent to metro area | USDA |  |  | X |
| Completely rural or less than 2.5 K urban pop adjacent to metro area | USDA |  |  | X |
| Completely rural or less than 2.5 K urban pop not adjacent to metro area | USDA |  |  | X |
| Urban Influence Code | USDA |  |  | X |
| In large metro area of greater than 1M residents | USDA |  |  | X |
| In small metro area of less than 1M residents | USDA |  |  | X |
| Micropolitan adjacent to large metro | USDA |  |  | X |
| Noncore adjacent to large metro | USDA |  |  | X |
| Micropolitan adjacent to small metro | USDA |  |  | X |
| Noncore adjacent to small metro with own town | USDA |  |  | X |
| Noncore adjacent to small metro no own town | USDA |  |  | X |
| Micropolitan not adjacent to a metro area | USDA |  |  | X |
| Noncore adjacent to micro with own town | USDA |  |  | X |
| Noncore adjacent to micro with no own town | USDA |  |  | X |
| Noncore not adjacent to metro or micro with own town | USDA |  |  | X |
| Noncore not adjacent to metro or micro with no own town | USDA |  |  | X |
| No children in area | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% of females(16+) employed with own children | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% of females(16+) in LF with own children | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% of females(16+) with kids under 6--employed | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% of females(16+) with kids under 6--in LF | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% of females(16+) with kids 6-17--employed | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% of females(16+) with kids 6-17--in LF | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Unemployment rate | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |

Appendix Table 1: Area Variables Included in the Analyses Using the NSCH and MEPS

| Variable | Source | Variable Name for Unit of Measurement |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Census Tract | ZIP Code | County |
| Female labor force participation | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% females 16+ employed | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons 16+ employed in management/professional | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Total housing units | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Total households | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Persons in occupied housing units | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Persons under 18 years old | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Persons under 5 years old | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Total population | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population under 5 years old | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population under 18 years old | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population 65+ | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Average household size | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Population density (people per square mile) | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% of children in HH headed by non-parent | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% of children in group quarters | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% households with children that are single parent | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% married-couple households with own children under 18 | Census | $x$ | X (ZCTA) | $x$ |
| \% single-parent-headed households with own children under 18 years | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% family households without own children under 18 years old | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% nonfamily households | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons $25+$ no high school diploma/GED | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons 25+ with bachelor's/graduate degree | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons 5-17 years who speak English poorly/not at all | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons 18-64 years who speak English poorly/not at all | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons 65+ old who speak English poorly/not at all | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% foreign born population arrived since 1990 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% households moved into housing unit since 1995 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% households that moved into housing unit before 1980 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% households with public assistance income (state/local) 1990 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Poverty rate | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Child poverty rate | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| High poverty concentration- 20\% | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Very high poverty concentration- 40\% | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% workers 16+ traveling to work by car,truck or van | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% workers 16+ traveling to work on public transport | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% workers 16+ traveling to work on foot | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% households with no car | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Average travel time to work (minutes) | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Vacancy rate | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Rental vacancy rate | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Homeowner vacancy rate | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Homeownership rate | Census | $x$ | X (ZCTA) | $x$ |
| \% of spec. owner units with owner costs 30\%+ of income | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% of spec. owner units with owner costs 50\%+ of income | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |

Appendix Table 1: Area Variables Included in the Analyses Using the NSCH and MEPS

| Variable | Source | Variable Name for Unit of Measurement |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Census Tract | ZIP Code | County |
| \% of spec. renter units with gross rent 30\%+ of income | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% of spec. renter units with gross rent 50\%+ of income | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% housing units overcrowded | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% housing units severely overcrowded | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% housing units with two or more physical or financial hsg. problems | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% housing units with incomplete kitchens | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Median family income, 1999 \$2005 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Median gross rent spec renter-occ units with rent 2000, \$2005 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Median household income 1999, \$2005 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Median value for spec owner-occ units 2000, \$2005 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population non-Hispanic Black/African American alone | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population non-Hispanic White alone | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population non-Hispanic Asian alone | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population non-Hispanic American Indian alone | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population non-Hispanic other race alone | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population non-Hispanic multiracial population | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% minority alone, not non-Hispanic white alone | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Hispanic | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% bridged non-Hispanic Black/African American population | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% bridged non-Hispanic White population | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% bridged non-Hispanic Asian population | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population bridged non-Hispanic American Indian | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% population bridged non-Hispanic other race population | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% minority, not non-Hispanic white (90 def) | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Argentinean origin | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Bolivian origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Chilean origin | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Colombian origin | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Costa Rican origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Cuban origin | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Dominican origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Ecuadorian origin | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons El Salvadoran origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Guatemalan origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Honduran origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Mexican origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Nicaraguan origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons other Central American origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons other South American origin | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Panamanian origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Paraguayan origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Peruvian origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Puerto Rican origin | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Uruguayan origin | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% persons Venezuelan origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |

Appendix Table 1: Area Variables Included in the Analyses Using the NSCH and MEPS

| Variable | Source | Variable Name for Unit of Measurement |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Census Tract | ZIP Code | County |
| \% persons other Hispanic origin | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% white females 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% white females 5-14 | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% white females 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% white males 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% white males 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% white males 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% black females 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% black females 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% black females 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% black males 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% black males 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% black males 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% American Indian females 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% American Indian females 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% American Indian females 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% American Indian males 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% American Indian males 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% American Indian males 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian, PI, HI females 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian, PI, HI females 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian, PI, HI females 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian, PI, HI males 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian, PI, HI males 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian, PI, HI males 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian females 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% asian females 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian females 15-17 | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian males 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian males 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Asian males 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% other females 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% other females 5-14 | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% other females 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% other males 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% other males 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% other males 15-17 | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% multirace females 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% multirace females 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% multirace females 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% multirace males 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% multirace males 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% multirace males 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Hispanic females 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Hispanic females 5-14 | Census | X | $X$ (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Hispanic females 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |

Appendix Table 1: Area Variables Included in the Analyses Using the NSCH and MEPS

| Variable | Source | Variable Name for Unit of Measurement |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Census Tract | ZIP Code | County |
| \% Hispanic males 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Hispanic males 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% Hispanic males 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% nhwhite females 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% nhwhite females 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% nhwhite females 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% nhwhite males 0-4 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% nhwhite males 5-14 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| \% nhwhite males 15-17 | Census | X | X (ZCTA) | X |
| Mean January temperature | ARF |  |  | X |
| Mean July temperature | ARF |  |  | X |
| Mean annual temperature | ARF |  |  | X |
| Mean January precipitation | ARF |  |  | X |
| Mean July precipitation | ARF |  |  | X |
| Mean annual precipitation | ARF |  |  | X |
| Mean January sunlight | ARF |  |  | X |
| Mean July sunlight | ARF |  |  | X |
| Mean January humidity | ARF |  |  | X |
| Mean July humidity | ARF |  |  | X |
| Elevation | ARF |  |  | X |
| Number pedestrians killed in auto accidents | FARS |  |  | X |
| Number pedestrians killed in auto accidents per 1K pop | FARS |  |  | X |
| 5-year infant mortality rate | ARF |  |  | X |
| Total doctors per 1K pop | ARF |  |  | X |
| Total general pediatricians per 1K pop | ARF |  |  | X |
| total \# hospitals per 1K pop | ARF |  |  | X |
| total \# hospital beds per 1K pop | ARF |  |  | X |
| Home purchase loans for 1-4 family units per 1,000 housing units | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase loans to Asian/PI | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase loans to blacks | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase loans to Hispanics | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase loans to whites | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase loans to native americans | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase loans to other races | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase mortgage to mixed race pairs | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase loans to minorities | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied purchase loans to very low-income borrowers | HMDA | $x$ |  | $x$ |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase loans to low income borrowers | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase loans to middle income borrowers | HMDA | X |  | X |
| \% of owner occupied home purchase loans to high income borrowers | HMDA | X |  | X |
| Median loan amount for home purchase of 1-4 family units | HMDA | $x$ |  | $x$ |
| \% owner occupied purchase loans to non-Hispanic multiracial borrowers | HMDA | X |  | X |
| Total units as a \% of all housing | APSH | X |  | X |

## Appendix Table 1: Area Variables Included in the Analyses Using the NSCH and MEPS

| Variable | Source | Variable Name for Unit of Measurement |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Census Tract | ZIP Code | County |
| Total units as a \% of renter-occupied housing | APSH | X |  | X |
| Public housing units as a \% of all housing | APSH | X |  | X |
| Public housing units as a \% of renter-occupied housing | APSH | X |  | X |
| Vouchers as a \% of all housing | APSH | X |  | X |
| Vouchers as a \% of renter-occupied housing | APSH | X |  | X |
| \% of returns with single filing status | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of returns filing Married (Joint or Separate) | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of returns with head of household filing status | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of returns that receive Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of low-income returns that receive EITC | IRS |  | X | X |
| Average adjusted gross income in 2005 \$ | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of returns with Adjusted Gross Income of \$10,000-\$19,999 | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of returns with Adjusted Gross Income of \$20,000-\$29,999 | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of returns with Adjusted Gross Income of \$30,000-\$49,999 | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of returns with Adjusted Gross Income of \$50,000-\$74,999 | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of returns with Adjusted Gross Income of \$75,000-\$99,999 | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of returns with Adjusted Gross Income of less than \$10,000 | IRS |  | X | X |
| \% of returns with Adjusted Gross Income of \$100,000 or more | IRS |  | X | X |

Notes:
APSH -- A Picture of Subsidized Housing Data, Dept. of Housing and Urban Development
ARF -- Area Resource File, Health Resources Services Administration, Department of Health and Human Services
Census -- Census 2000
CBP - County Business Patterns (Bureau of Labor Statistics)
FARS -- Fatality Analysis Reporting System/National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.
FBI UCR -- FBI Uniform Crime Reporting Program Data
HMDA -- Home Mortgage Disclosure Act
IRS -- Internal Revenue Service
LGEPD -- Local Government Employment and Payroll Data (Census Bureau)
NCES -- National Center for Education Statistics
SAHIE -- Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (Census Bureau)
USDA -- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service
ZCTA -- ZIP Code Tabulation Areas (ZCTAs ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ) are a geographic area developed by the U.S. Census Bureau as generalized representations of ZIP Code service areas


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Centers for Disease Control. "Prevalence of Overweight Among Children and Adolescents: United States, 20032004, Table 1, www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/hestats/overweight/overwght_child_03.htm, December 6, 2007.
    ${ }^{2}$ Lavizzo-Mourey, R. 2007 "We Will Reverse the Epidemic of Childhood Obesity," President’s Message from the RWJF 2006 Annual Report.
    ${ }^{3}$ For more information about the RWJF's childhood obesity initiatives see www.rwjf.org.

[^1]:    ${ }^{4}$ Centers for Disease Control. "About BMI for Children and Teens," http://cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpa/bmi/childrens_BMI/about_childrens_BMI.htm, accessed December 6,2007.
    ${ }^{5}$ Institute of Medicine, 2005. Preventing Childhood Obesity: Health in the Balance. www.iom.edu.
    ${ }^{6}$ We were unable to use the more recent rounds of the NHANES because they had not yet been geocoded (discussed below) at the time of our study.
    ${ }^{7}$ Home Mortgage Disclosure Act and Internal Revenue Service data provided with permission by DataPlace ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ (http://www.dataplace.org), a product of KnowledgePlex, Inc.
    ${ }^{8}$ Geocoding is the process of assigning geographic identifiers (e.g., census tracts or ZIP codes) to data items.
    ${ }^{9}$ For more information on census tracts, see www.census.gov/geo/www/cen_tract.html.
    ${ }^{10}$ For more information on ZIP codes, see www.oseda.missouri.edu/jgb/ZIP.resources.html.

[^2]:    ${ }^{11}$ Tabulations by the Urban Institute based on the Census 2000.
    ${ }^{12}$ Boosted regression is described in Ridgeway, G. 1999. "The State of Boosting," Computing Science and Statistics, 31: 172-181.and Hastie, T., R. Tibshirani, and J.H. Friedman. 2001. The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference and Prediction. New York, NY: Springer. All our models were estimated using the MART boosting algorithm developed by Hastie, Tibshirani, and Friedman for Stata, which was written by M. Schonlau (available at http://www.schonlau.net/). The analyses were done using Stata 9.2.

[^3]:    ${ }^{13}$ We estimated models for the probability of obese and probability of overweight. In presenting the results, we focus primarily on the models of the probability of obesity.
    ${ }^{14}$ Robinson, J.W. 2007. "Regression Tree Boosting to Adjust Health Care Cost Predictions for Diagnostic Mix." Health Services Research, forthcoming.
    ${ }^{15}$ The explanatory power of the models NHANES were particularly weak, likely due to three factors: the smaller sample size of the survey, the more limited geographic variation in the sample, and the more limited community characteristics available for the time period of the survey.
    ${ }^{16}$ Monheit, AC, JP Vistnes, and JA Rogowski. 2007. "Overweight in Adolescents: Implications for Health Expenditures," NBER Working Paper 13488.
    ${ }^{17}$ Unpublished correspondence with J. Vistnes at the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, 2007.

[^4]:    ${ }^{18}$ The National Neighborhood Indicators Partnership (NNIP) is a collaborative effort by the Urban Institute and local partners to further the development and use of neighborhood-level information systems in local policymaking and community building. For more information, see www2.urban.org/nnip/.

[^5]:    Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

[^6]:    $\square$ Less than 10\%
    10 to $25 \%$
    26 to $45 \%$
    46 to 60\%
    More than 60\%
    Census Tract in which Children are
    Predicted to be at highest risk
    for Obesity

[^7]:    Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

[^8]:    Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

[^9]:    Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

[^10]:    Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

[^11]:    Less than 10\%
    10 to $25 \%$
    26 to $45 \%$
    46 to 60\%
    More than 60\%
    Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk

[^12]:    Source: Analyses by the Urban Institute

[^13]:    Less than 10\%
    10 to $25 \%$
    26 to $45 \%$
    46 to 60\%
    More than 60\%
    Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

[^14]:    Less than 10\%
    10 to $25 \%$
    26 to $45 \%$
    46 to 60\%
    More than 60\%
    Census Tract in which Children are Predicted to be at Highest Risk for Obesity

[^15]:    See Notes on Table C.52.

[^16]:    See Notes on Table C. 52

[^17]:    See Notes on Table C. 52.

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[^64]:    See Notes on Table C. 52

[^65]:    See Notes on Table C.52.

