

Linfield College DigitalCommons@Linfield

2013 Projects

Keck Summer Collaborative Research Projects

Summer 2013

Engaging Elementary English Learner Student's Families and Backgrounds within a Standards-Based Curriculum

Micaela Craig Linfield College

Alyssa Carano Linfield College

Criselda Lopez Linfield College

Tanika Finch Linfield College

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.linfield.edu/keck_2013

Part of the Bilingual, Multilingual, and Multicultural Education Commons, and the Educational Assessment, Evaluation, and Research Commons

Recommended Citation

Craig, Micaela; Carano, Alyssa; Lopez, Criselda; and Finch, Tanika, "Engaging Elementary English Learner Student's Families and Backgrounds within a Standards-Based Curriculum" (2013). *2013 Projects*. Presentation. Submission 3.

https://digitalcommons.linfield.edu/keck_2013/3

This Presentation is protected by copyright and/or related rights. It is brought to you for free via open access, courtesy of DigitalCommons@Linfield, with permission from the rights-holder(s). Your use of this Presentation must comply with the Terms of Use for material posted in DigitalCommons@Linfield, or with other stated terms (such as a Creative Commons license) indicated in the record and/or on the work itself. For more information, or if you have questions about permitted uses, please contact digitalcommons@linfield.edu.

Engaging elementary English learner students' families and backgrounds within a standards-based curriculum

By:
Micaela Craig,
Alyssa Carano,
Criselda Lopez,
and Tanika Finch



"While one tenth of white students leave high school without a diploma, one fourth of african american, one third of latino, and two thirds of immigrant students drop out of school"

(Suarez-Orozco & Suarez-Orosco, 2001)

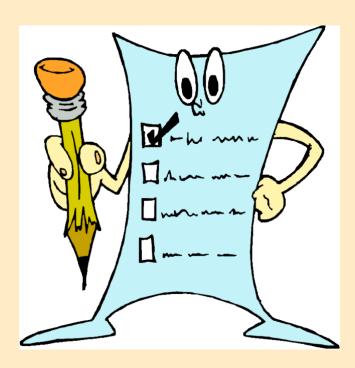
What information and experiences do student teachers need to know about English language learners, families, cultures, and communities to best meet their educational goals?

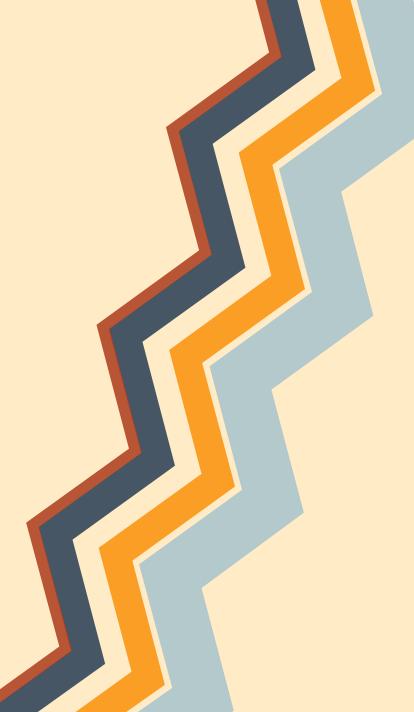


Where are the places in the Common Core State Standards (CCSS) to build upon student's families, cultures and communities?



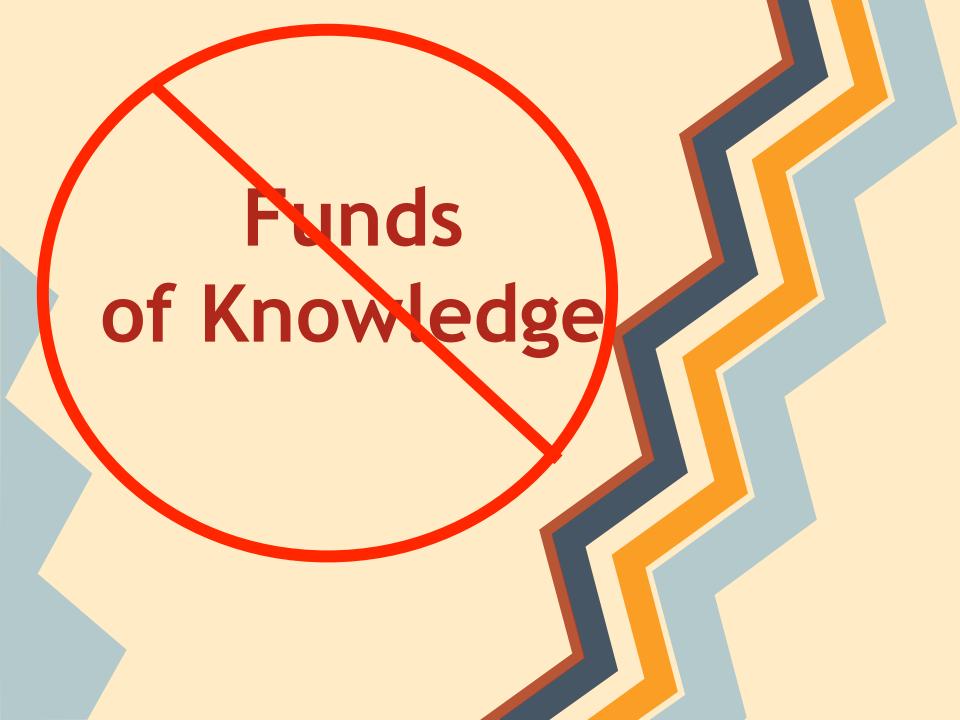
Surveys





Funds of Knowledge

"Those historically accumulated and culturally developed bodies of knowledge and skills essential for household or individual functioning and well-being" (Moll, 2011).



and what ends up happening...

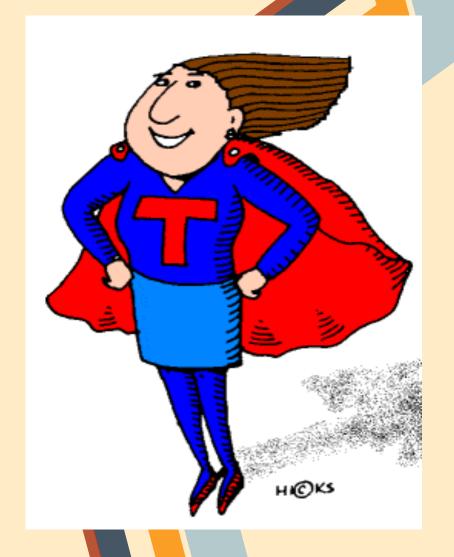


Where do we draw the line between negative funds of knowledge and positive funds of knowledge?

Dark funds of knowledge

Light or Positive funds of knowledge

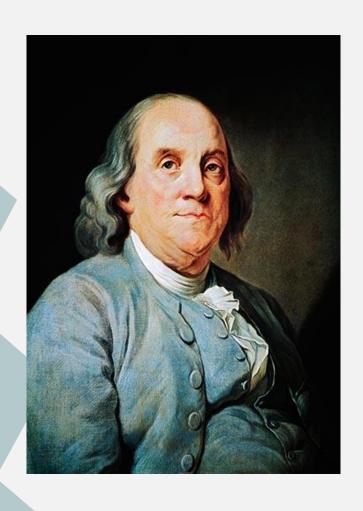
It becomes the duty of the teacher to bravely and creatively find the positives within the student's funds of knowledge.



The academic success of English language learners relies on a community as a whole.



Funds of Knowledge

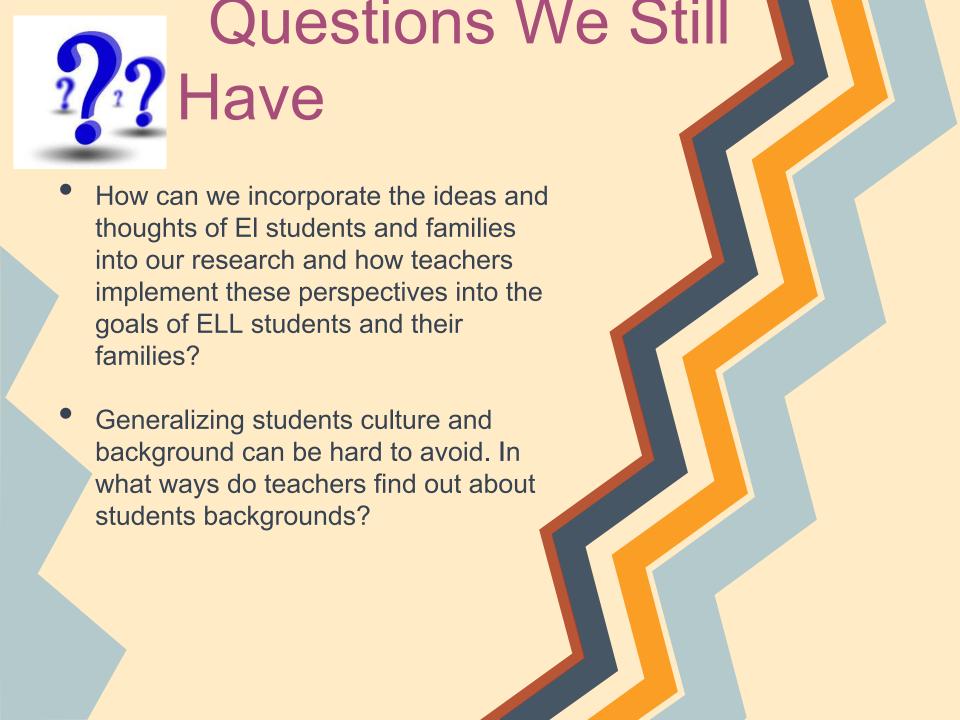


"Tell me and I forget,

teach me and I may remember,

involve me and I learn"

-Benjamin Franklin



Common Core
Standards
State



PREPARING AMERICA'S STUDENTS FOR COLLEGE & CAREER

Big Idea:

"The limits of my language are the limits of my world." ~ Ludwig Wittgenstein

```
citys a second life discover humanes world world
```

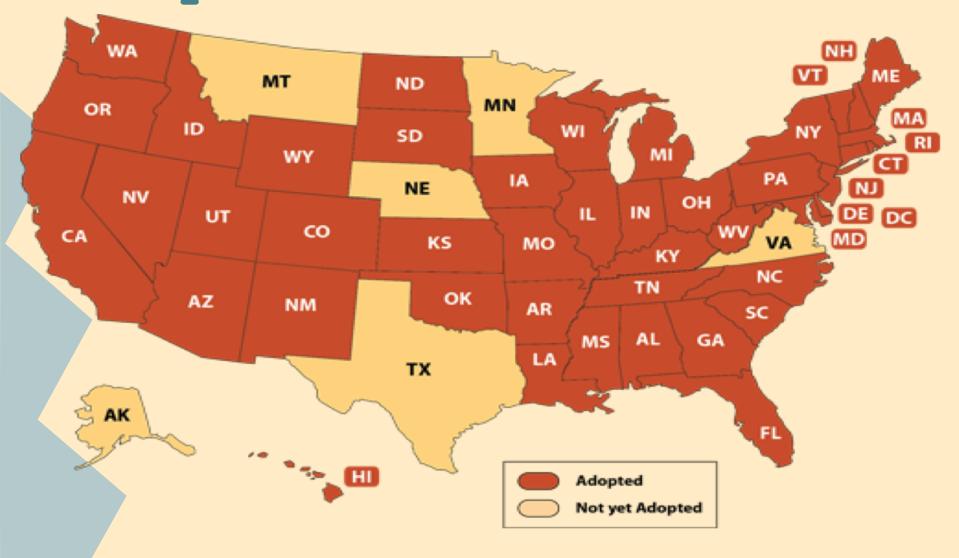
Focus Questions

- How can the CCSS change from "one size fits all" to incorporate student's unique abilities and backgrounds?
- How can student's rich sociocultural backgrounds be incorporated?

What are the Common Core State Standards?

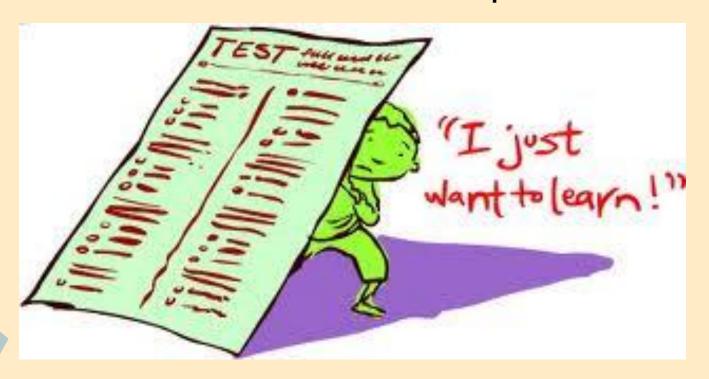
- •They define the define the knowledge and skills in **English**, **language arts**, and **mathematics** that students need for success in **college and career** upon high school education
- •2014- fully implemented
- •Before they were fully created, many states adopted them because of they didn't want to miss **needed funding**
- •Some states are arguing that the Common Core should be removed

States that have Adopted the Common Core



What is wrong with them?

Nearly **One fourth** of all schools in the United States are **not** meeting the standards that are expected



How are students evaluated using the CCSS?

•Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium- SBACC

 Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Career- PARCC

Modifications for all students?

- "Teaching to the test"
- •ELL assessment stresses and misclassifications caused by inaccurate testing

Incorporating Backgrounds+cognitive learning

Teacher training

 ullet L₁ + L₂ = Bilingualism; bilingualism = more proficiency in English in the long run

Pre-Kindergarten for all students



What do you think?

On a scale of 1-5,

if you were currently an elementary, middle, or high school student who spoke English as a second language, how comfortable would you feel about the *Common Core State Standards*?

Please show your number with your fingers when you are ready:)



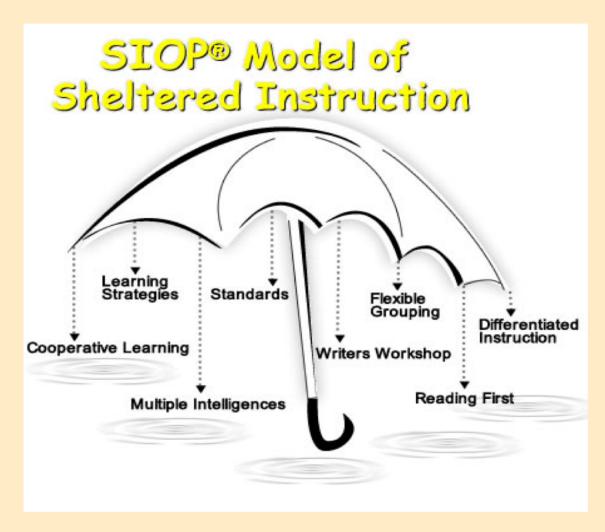
2022 Questions We Still Have

• How do teachers incorporate the Common Core State Standards without "teaching to the test"?

• Where do the Common Core State Standards incorporate student's unique abilities and backgrounds?

SIOP Model

Sheltered Immersion Observation Protocol





•SIOP is a teaching model or framework that generally refers to a core subject such as math, science, or history along with academic language development.

Research and Methods

•SIOP attention to language development, high teacher implementation, and practices influence stronger academic performance and English language proficiency while improving content teaching

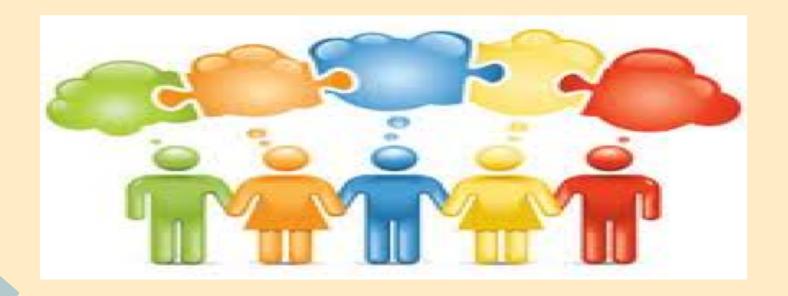
(Short, Echevarría, & Richards-Tutor, 2011).

Practice & Applications

Teacher Strategies

- Pre Reading Activities
- Vocabulary
- Read Alouds
- Communicative Pre-Reading
- Questioning Method
- Providing background information
- Utilizing students first language
- Scaffolding

Collaboration



 "It takes an entire community in order to support the needs of ELLs"

SIOP Overview

Turn to a neighbor and explain Sheltered Immersion Operations Protocol in your own words!

2222 Questions We Still Have

- Every method has its limitations and strengths, what are the current and most popular methods' limitations and strengths?
- How do schools get the support they need to create high implementing teachers, and how do they determine that when the focus of the standards has changed?

Deficit ApproachTheory



"cultural limitations"

"cultural discrepancies"





T=TEACHER



- ELL (English Language Learner)
- LEP (Limited English Proficiency)
- Culturally and linguistically diverse
- English as a second language
- Language minority
- Far below basic, Below basic, Basic,



Amount of ELL students in special education
Compared to a 61% increase of ELL students,
And they have only regressed in their progress
As a consequence
(Clarke, 2011, p. 733-734)



"If all that is reinforced in our lives are deficits, it is likely that we will have deficit identities"

~Hattam and Prosser (2008)

What we do know ...

· SIOP and funtion of the state of the state

• "[Respect] [students'] background knowledge & experience and [build] on students' linguistic, cultural and cognitive 'funds of knowledge' to teach them what they need to achieve success" Dudley-Marley and Lucas (2009)



What we do know ... Practice/Collaboration

• Elicit student connections from outside world

 Acknowledge dominant culture while valuing students' cultures

Discontinue labels of students



Questions We Still Have

- How can we ensure that teachers do not place upon students a deficit discourse? What kind of teacher development/ accountability would help teachers?
- There are light and dark funds of knowledge (the latter based on a deficit approach). How do teachers respond to perceived dark funds of knowledge?



All of the Questions We Still Have

- How do teachers incorporate the Common Core State Standards without "teaching to the test"?
- Where do the Common Core State Standards incorporate student's unique abilities and backgrounds?
- Every method has its limitations and strengths, what are the current and most popular methods' limitations and strengths?
- How do schools get the support they need to create high implementing teachers, and how do they determine that when the focus of the standards has changed?
- How can we incorporate the ideas and thoughts of El students and families into our research and how teachers implement these perspectives into the goals of ELL students and their families?
- Generalizing students culture and background can be hard to avoid. In what ways do teachers find out about students backgrounds?
- How can we ensure that teachers do not place upon students a deficit discourse? What kind of teacher development/ accountability would help teachers?
- There are light and dark funds of knowledge (the latter based on a deficit approach). How do teachers respond to perceived dark funds of knowledge?

Still Still



Have

Cited Sources

- Clarke, Kelly; Huang, Jinyan; Milczarski, Ericka; & Raby, Christie. (2011). The assessment of English Language Learners with learning disabilities: Issues, concerns, and implications. *Education*, 86.5.
- Dudley-Marling, C. & Lucas, K. (2009). Pathologizing the language and culture of poor children. Language Arts, 86.5.
- Falchi, L., Ofelia, G., & Kleifgen, J. A. (2008). From English Language Learners to Emergent Bilinguals. Research Review, 1
- Flores, B. (2013) Resisting & Transforming Policies, Practices & the Riddiculum: Creating a Pedagogy of Hope [PowerPoint Slides]. Retrieved from Oregon Association for Bilingual Education Facebook page.
- Hattam, R. & Prosser, B. (2008). Unsettling deficit views of students and their communities. *The Australian Educational Researcher*, 35.2.
- Ludwig Wittgenstein. The limits of my language are the limits of my world. Grand Strategy: The View from Oregon. (n.d.). *Grand Strategy: The View from Oregon* | *Grand strategy and geopolitics from the perspective of the Pacific Northwest.*Retrieved July 16, 2013, from http://geopolicraticus.wordpress.com/2011/06/03/the-limits-of-my-language-are-the-limits-of-my-world/
- Short, D. J., Echevarría, J., & Richards-Tutor, C. (2011). Research on academic literacy development in sheltered instruction classrooms. *Language Teaching Research*, *15*(3), 363–380. doi:10.1177/1362168811401155
- Stepanek, J., Raphael, J., Autio, E., Deussen, T., & Thompson, L. (2010). Creating Schools That Support Success for English Language Learners. *Education Northwest*, 1(2), 4.

For More Information

Common Core:

Abedi, J., & Levine, H. (2013). Fairness in Assessment of English Learners. *Association of California School Administrators*, *42* (5), 26–28, 38.

Coleman, R., & Goldenberg, C. (2012). The Common Core Challenge for ELLs. *Principal Leadership*, 12(5), 46–51.

Herbert, M. (2012). A RUNNING START FOR ELLs. District Administration, 48(7), 52–57.

Santos, M., Darling-Hammond, L., & Cheuk, T. (n.d.). Teacher Development to support English Language Learners in the Context of Common Core State Sta\ndards.

Building on Students' Background:

Honigsfeld, A., & Dove, M. G. (2012). Collaborative Practices to Support All Students. *Principal Leadership*, *12*(6), 40–44.

Rios-Aguilar, C., Kiyama, J. M., Gravitt, M., & Moll, L. C. (2011). Funds of Knowledge for the Poor and Forms of Capital for the Rich? A Capital Approach to Examining Funds of Knowledge. *Theory and Research in Education*, 9(2), 163–184.

Zipin, L. (2009). Dark funds of knowledge, deep funds of pedagogy: exploring boundaries between lifeworlds and schools. *Discourse: Studies in the Cultural Politics of Education*, *30*(3), 317–331. doi:10.1080/01596300903037044

For More Information

Building Background for Students:

- August, D., Carlo, M., Dressler, C., & Snow, C. (2005). The Critical Role of Vocabulary Development for English Language Learners. *Learning Disabilities Research & Practice*, 20(1), 50–57. doi:10.1111/j.1540-5826.2005.00120.x
- Echevarria, J., & Short, D. J. (2000). Using Multiple Perspectives in Observations of Diverse Classrooms: The Sheltered Instruction Observation Protocol (SIOP).
- Navarro, A. M. (2008). Building Schema for English Language Learners. Online Submission.
- Stepanek, J., Raphael, J., Autio, E., Deussen, T., & Thompson, L. (2010). Creating Schools That Support Success for English Language Learners. *Education Northwest*, *1*(2), 4.

Deficit Approach:

- Django, Paris. (2012). Culturally sustaining pedagogy: A needed change in stance, terminology, and practice. *American Educational Research Association*, 4.3.
- Dudley-Marley, C. & Paugh, P. C. (2011). 'Speaking' deficit into (or out of) existence: How language constrains classroom teachers' knowledge about instructing diverse learners." *International Journal of Inclusive Education*, 15.8.