

# DLR Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt

ACstyria Leichtbautag 18.10.2017

## Perspektive „Composites“ in der Luft- und Raumfahrt

Dr. Markus Kleineberg



# DLR - Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt

## Aufgaben

- Forschungseinrichtung
- Raumfahrt-Agentur
- Projektträger

### Forschungsschwerpunkte und Querschnittsbereiche

- Luftfahrt
- Raumfahrtforschung und -technologie
- Energie
- Verkehr
- Sicherheit
- Digitalisierung (u.a. „Factory of the Future“, „Condition Monitoring“)

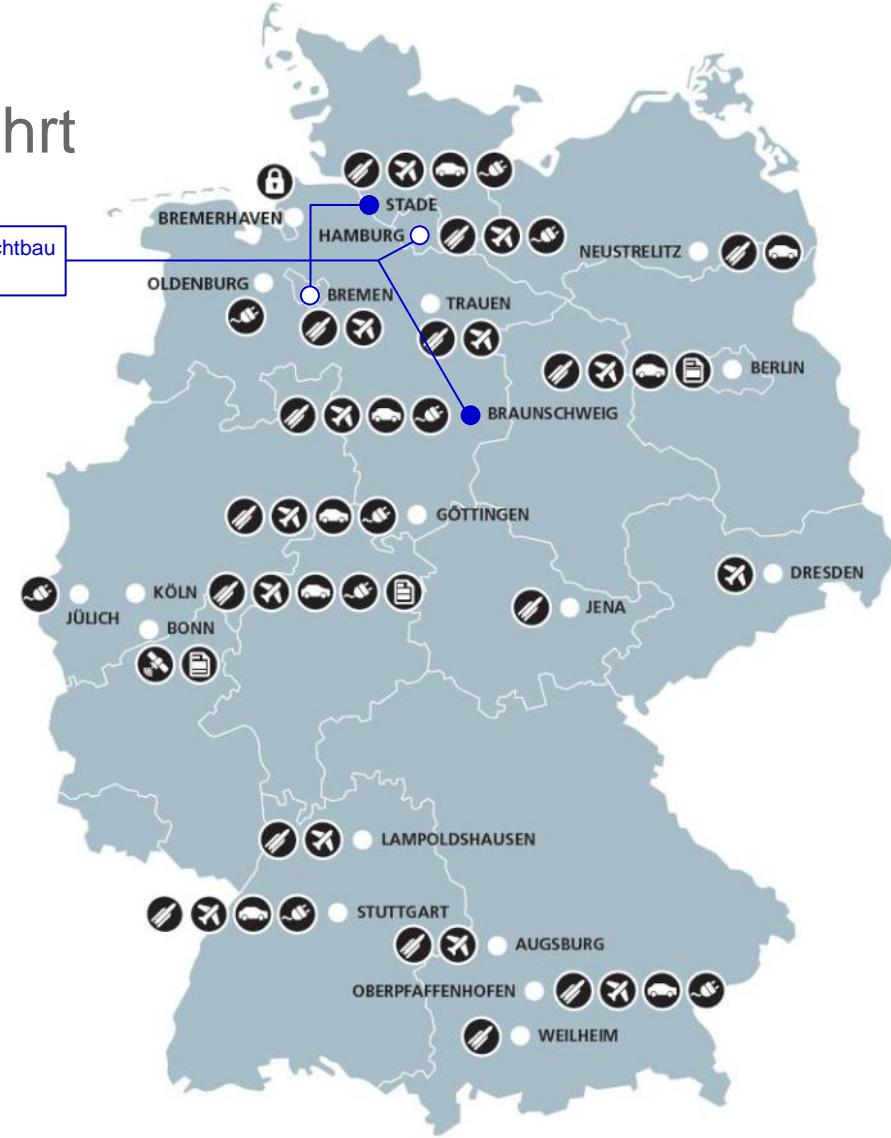


# DLR - Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt

## Standorte und Personal

- Ca. 8.000 Mitarbeiterinnen und Mitarbeiter
- 42 Institute und Einrichtungen
- 20 Standorte
- Büros in Brüssel, Paris, Tokio und Washington.

Institut für Faserverbundleichtbau  
und Adaptronik



RAUMFAHRT

LUFTFAHRT

VERKEHR

ENERGIE

RAUMFAHRTMANAGEMENT

PROJEKTRÄGER

SICHERHEIT

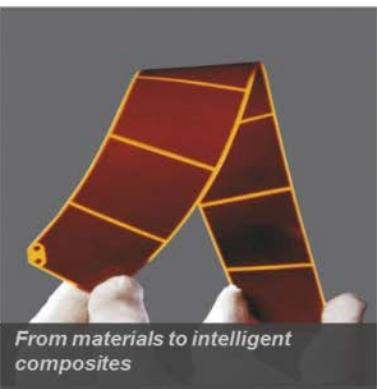
# The Institute of Composite Structures and Adaptive Systems (DLR-FA)

Direktor: Prof. Dr.-Ing. Martin Wiedemann  
Stellv. Direktor: Prof. Dr.-Ing. Peter Wierach

## Multifunctional Materials

Prof. P. Wierach

We increase the ability of the materials!

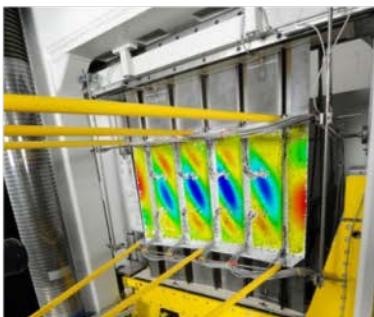


- Fiber- and nanocomposites
- Smart materials
- Structural health monitoring
- Material characterization

## Structural Mechanics

Dr. T. Wille

With high fidelity to virtual reality for the entire life cycle!

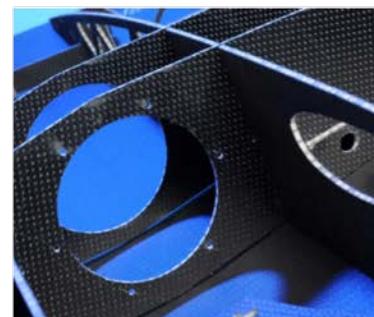


- Global design methods
- Stability and damage tolerance
- Structural dynamics
- Thermal analysis
- Multi-scale analysis
- Process simulation

## Composite Design

Prof. C. Hühne

Our design for your structures!

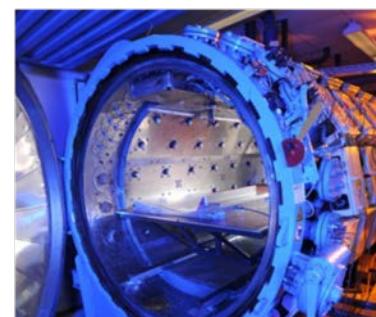


- Design and Sizing
- Structure concepts and assessment
- Multi-functional structures
- Shape-variable structures
- Hybrid structures

## Composite Technology

Dr. M. Kleineberg

Tailored manufacturing concepts



- Tolerance Management
- Process Simulation
- Functional Demonstrators
- Digital Production Network
- Online Process Assessment
- Design to Cost Modelling

## Adaptronics

Prof. H. P. Monner

The adaptronics pioneers in Europe



- Simulation and demonstration of adaptive systems
- Active vibration control
- Active noise control
- Active shape control
- Autarkic systems

## Composite Process Technology

Dr. J. Stüve

Research with industrial dimension



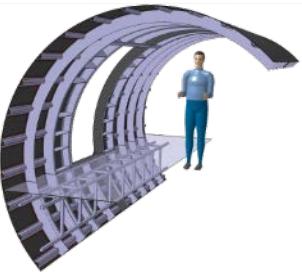
- Automated FP und TL
- Online QA within autoclaves
- Automated manufacturing for mass-production
- Simulation methods for maximum process reliability and process assessment



# The Institute of Composite Structures and Adaptive Systems (DLR-FA)

## Schwerpunkt Rumpftechnologien

Dr. J. Kreikemeier



- Rumpfbauweisen
- Große Rumpfausschnitte
- Fertigungstechnologien

## Schwerpunkt Steuerflächen und Leitwerke

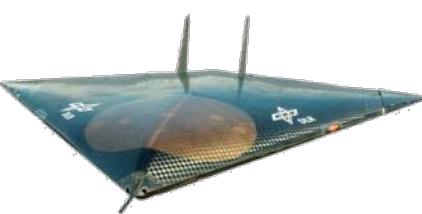
Dr. M. Kintscher



- Flexible Flügelvorderkanten
- Morphing an Hochauftriebsystemen
- Strukturintegration aktiver Strömungskontrolle

## Schwerpunkt Spezialstrukturen

M. Hanke



- Sicherheitsrelevante Luftfahrtstrukturen und UAVs
- Multifunktionale Verbundstrukturen
- Bauweisen- und Technologie-demonstration

## Schwerpunkt Weltraum

O. Mierheim



- Landerstrukturen
- Entfaltbare Raumfahrtstrukturen
- Oberstufe

## Schwerpunkt Verkehr

I. Roese-Koerner



- Next Generation Train
- Neue Fahrzeugstrukturen

## Schwerpunkt Windenergie

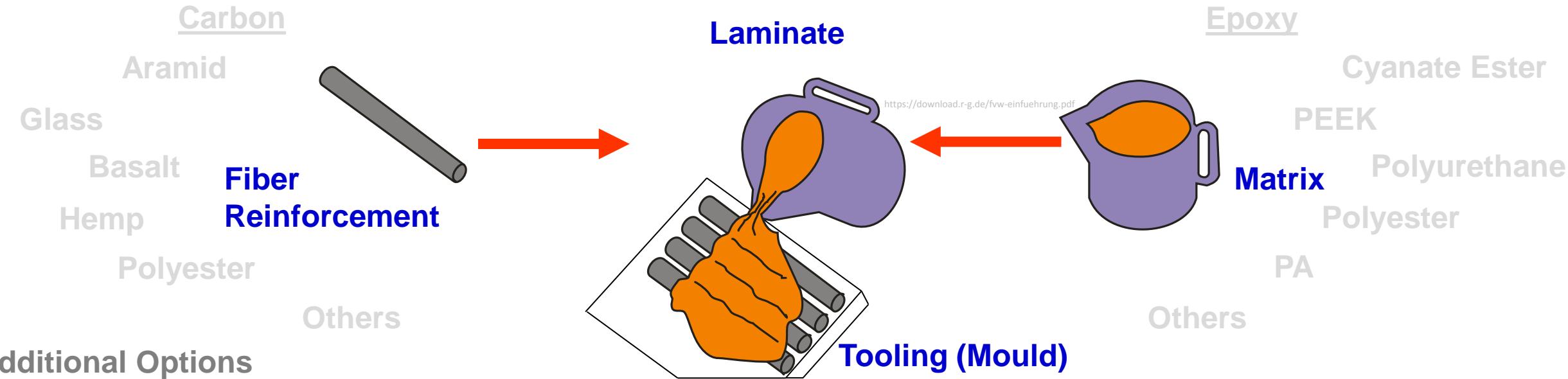
B. Wieland



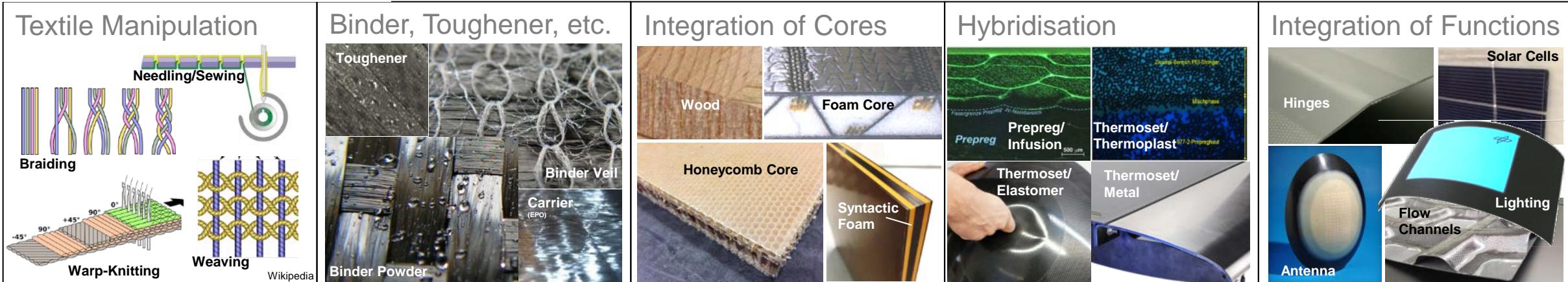
- Multidisziplinäre Auslegungskette
- Qualitätsgesicherte, toleranzgerechte Fertigung
- Passive und aktive Smart Blades
- (Teil-)Automatisierte Produktion
- SHM und Load Monitoring
- Radarabsorption

# “Composite” Material Options

**CERTIFICATION?**



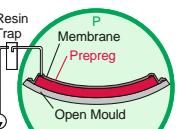
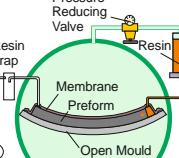
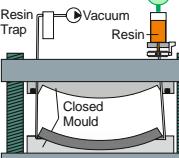
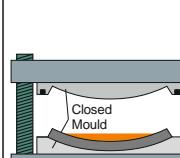
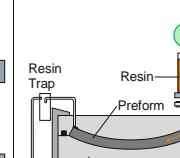
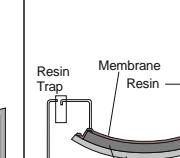
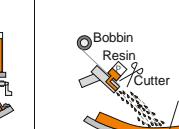
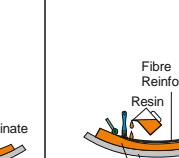
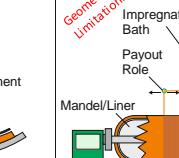
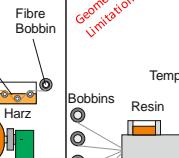
## Additional Options



# “Composite” Manufacturing Options

rarely used  
 occasionally used  
 typical

## RETURN OF INVEST?

Technology	Autoclave Prepreg	Autoclave Injection	Press RTM	Press Moulding	RTM	Resin Infusion	Fibre Spraying	Hand Laminating	Filament Winding	Pultrusion
<b>Industrial Application</b>										
Automotive (mass prod.)	red	red	green	green	yellow	yellow	yellow	yellow	green	green
Aerospace	green	yellow	green	red	green	red	yellow	green	yellow	yellow
Wind Energie	red	red	red	red	red	green	yellow	yellow	yellow	yellow
Engineering	green	red	green	yellow	yellow	red	yellow	green	yellow	yellow
Sport and Leisure	yellow	red	green	green	yellow	green	green	green	green	green
<b>Criteria</b>										
Laminate Quality	++	+	+	0	+	0	-	-	+	+
Reproducibility	+	+	+	0	+	0	-	-	+	+
Cycle Time	0	0	++	++	0	0	+	0	0	+
Scrap Rate	0	0	0	-	0	0	++	-	++	++
Working Conditions	+	+	+	-	+	+	--	--	-	+
Invest	-	-	-	-	0	+	+	++	-	-
<b>Investment</b>										
Open Mould	x	x				x	x	x	x	
Closed Mould			x	x	x					x
Autoclave	x	x								
Press			x	x						
Oven						x		(x)		
Tempering Device			x	x	x				x	x
Special Machines							x		x	x
Vacuum	x	x	x		x	x				
Pressure	x	x	x		x					
CNC Cutter	x	x	x	x	x	x		(x)		
Hotforming Device	x									
Preforming Device		x	x	(x)	x	x				
Resin Mixer		x	x	x	x	x	x	(x)	x	x
Resin Injection Equipment		x	x	x	x					
Refrigerator	x									



# Selection of “Composites” Applications

## Aeronautics



By Dan-vip - Own work, CC BY-SA 3.0, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=266675493>



<https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=27378309>



DLR-FA (Airframe)

## Space Structures



Anisogrid composite lattice structures – Development and aerospace applications; V.V. Vasilev #, V.A. Barynin, A.F. Razin



Von Jeff Foust - Flickr: Zooming in on three noses, CC BY 2.0, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=14222485>



DLR-FA (Philae Structure)

## Transportation



By Jesper Olsson (Own work) [Public domain], via Wikimedia Commons



DLR-FA (CFRP Demonstrator)



M. Kleineberg

## Energy Systems



DLR-FA (20m Rotor Blade)



DLR-FA (Cryo Tank)



DLR (Fly Wheel)

## Sports



<http://cloudfront.bernews.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/06/TeamBOA-Bermuda-June-8-2017.jpg>

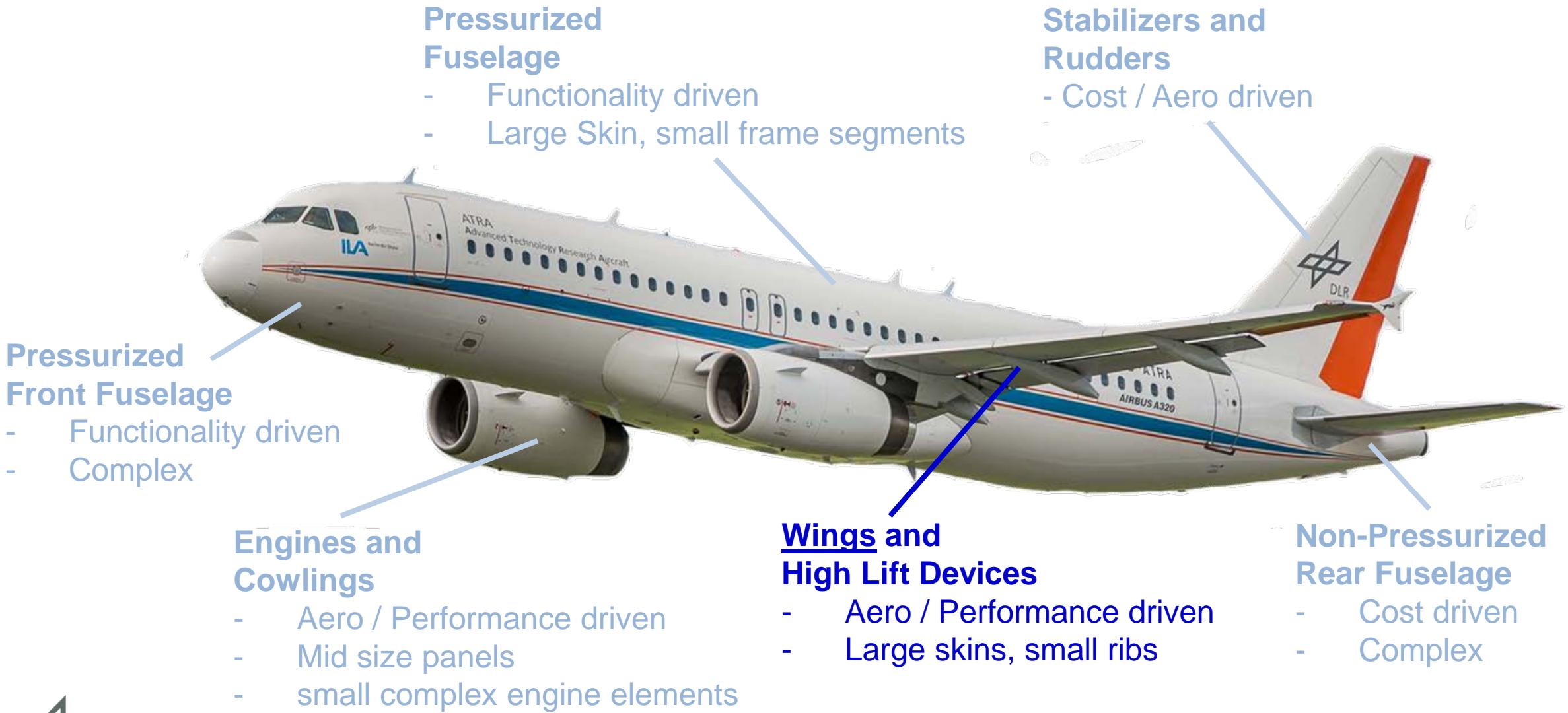


Von FlightReal - 4, CC BY 2.0, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=13440925>



Von 100yen - Eigenes Werk, CC BY-SA 3.0, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=4935279>

# Major Structural Components of an Airliner



# Wing Structure Development

## Material Options

Low Cost Metal (e.g. welded stiffeners)

Fibre Metal Laminate (e.g. GLARE)

Composite Thermoset (Epoxy/Carbon)

Composite Thermoplastic (PEEK/Carbon)

Multi-Material Approach (Metallic Ribs, CFRP Skins)

## Design Decisions

Structural Integration Concept and Interfaces

Panel Strategy (Semi-Monocoque, Sandwich, .... )

Spars (I,L,C), Ribs (I,L,C), Stiffeners (I,Omega, .... )

Assembly approach (Bolting, Welding, Bonding,...)

Design to Cost Balancing (short or long range, .... )

## Within last 10 Years → Decision to develop Composite Wings

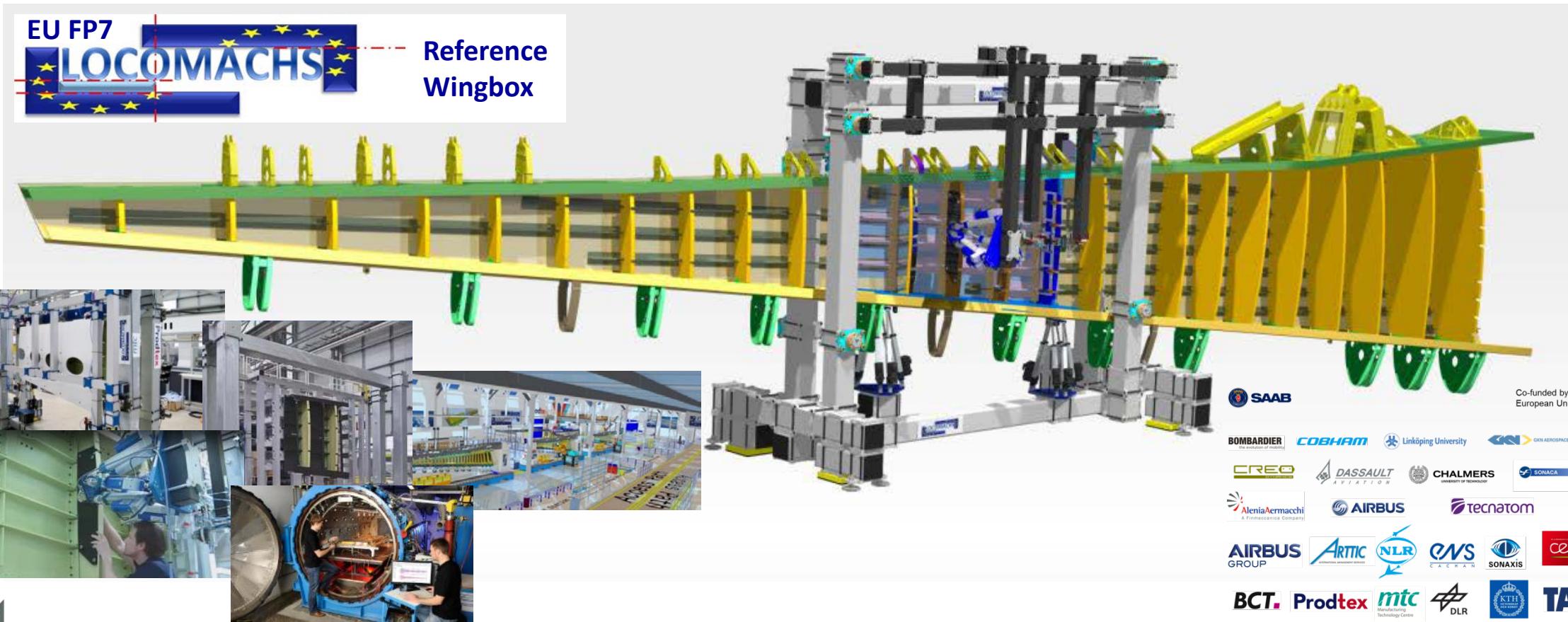


# Wing Box Example

(120 Seater)

## Major Components

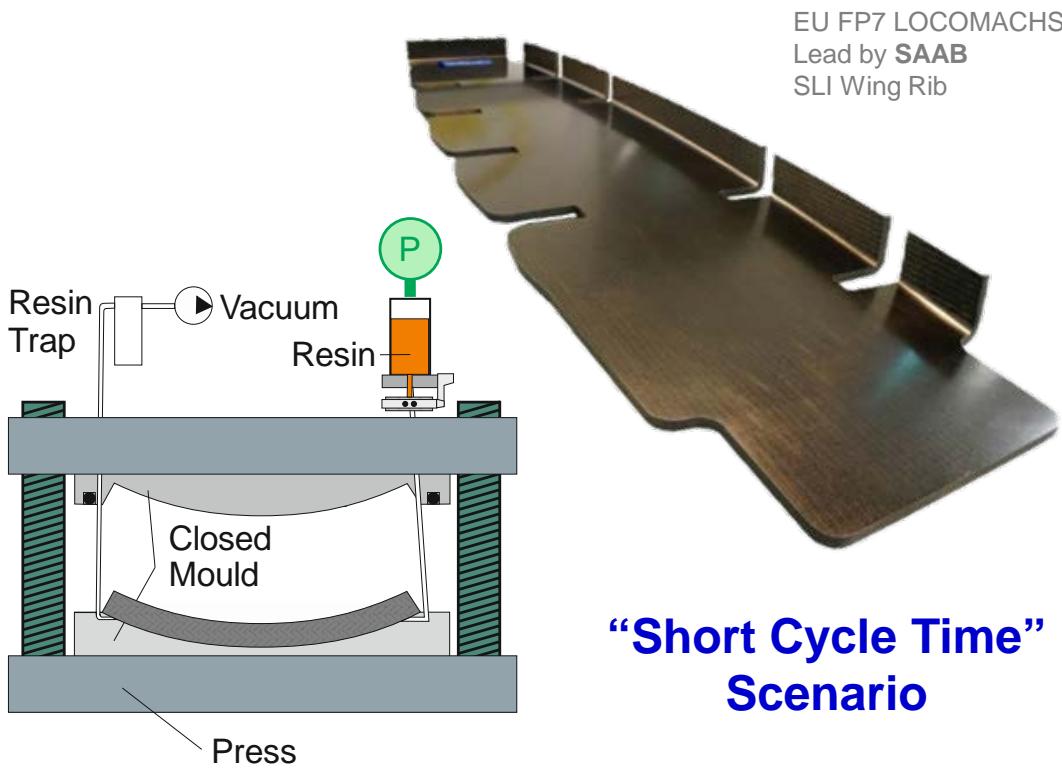
- Large stringer stiffened lower and upper skin
- Long front and rear spar (locally stiffened)
- 25 box ribs of different size (partly stiffened)
- Several highly individual leading edge and trailing edge ribs



# High Rate Composite Production

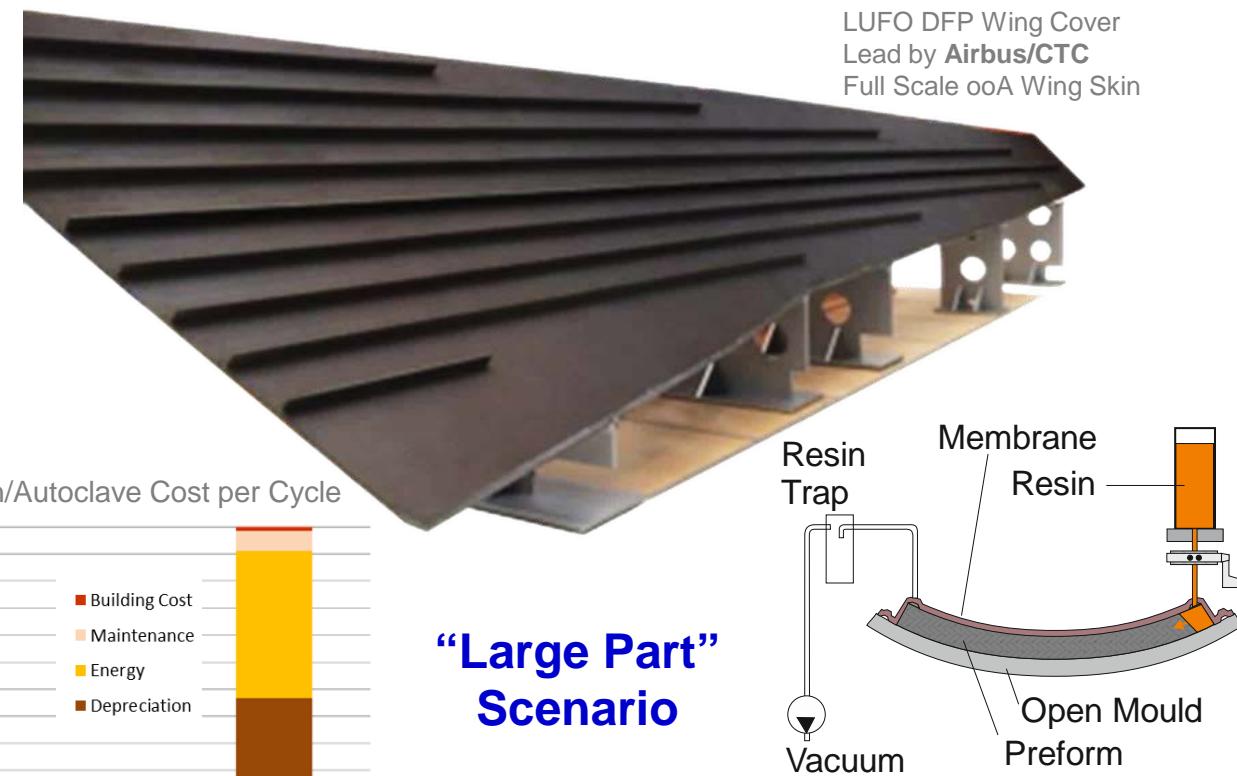
Target: Single Aisle (e.g. A320), Production Rate >70 Aircraft per Month

Wing Box Ribs → NCF Preforming + Press RTM  
(0,75-2,5m length, app. >50.000 parts per year)



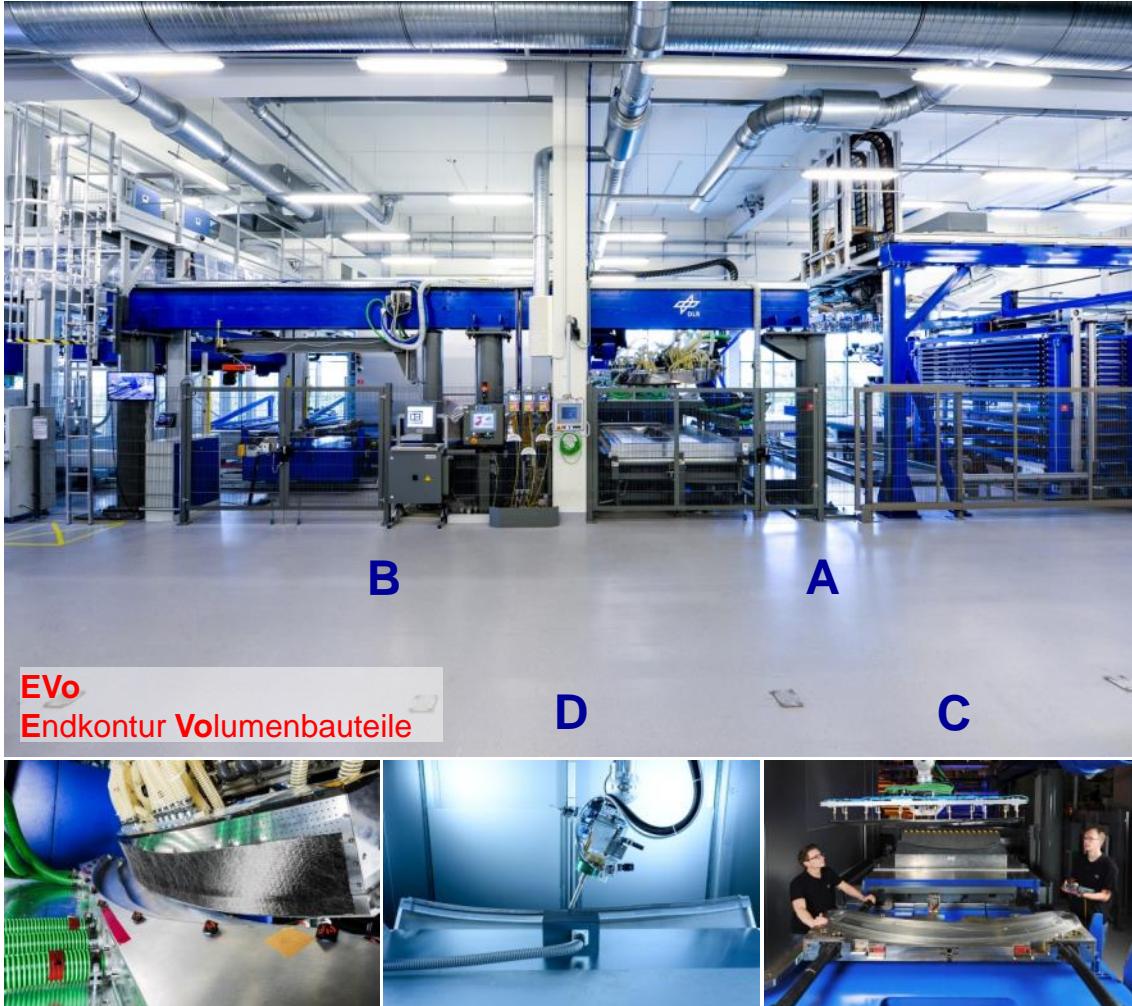
**“Short Cycle Time” Scenario**

Wing Skin → Automated DFP + Resin Infusion  
(>15m length, app. 750 parts per year )



**“Large Part” Scenario**

# NCF Preforming + Press RTM



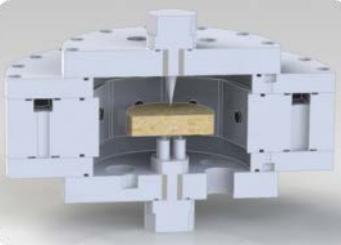
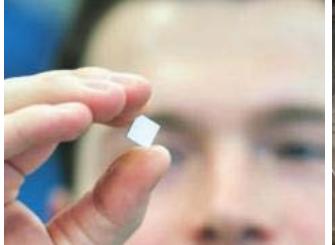
## Research Perspective: Production Setup “Short Cycle Time”

- Automatic material selection, flat pattern cutting, flat pattern buffering (A)
- Automatic flat pattern selection, 3D Preforming, Positioning of preformed layer, binder activation (B)
- Manual selection of dedicated base mould and component specific mould inlays (C)
- Automatic net shape cutting of complete preform, positioning of preform in the mould (D)
- Automatic isothermal injection and cure up to glassy state and final free standing post cure in an oven
- Post cure process to establish final degree of cure

# NCF Preforming + Press RTM



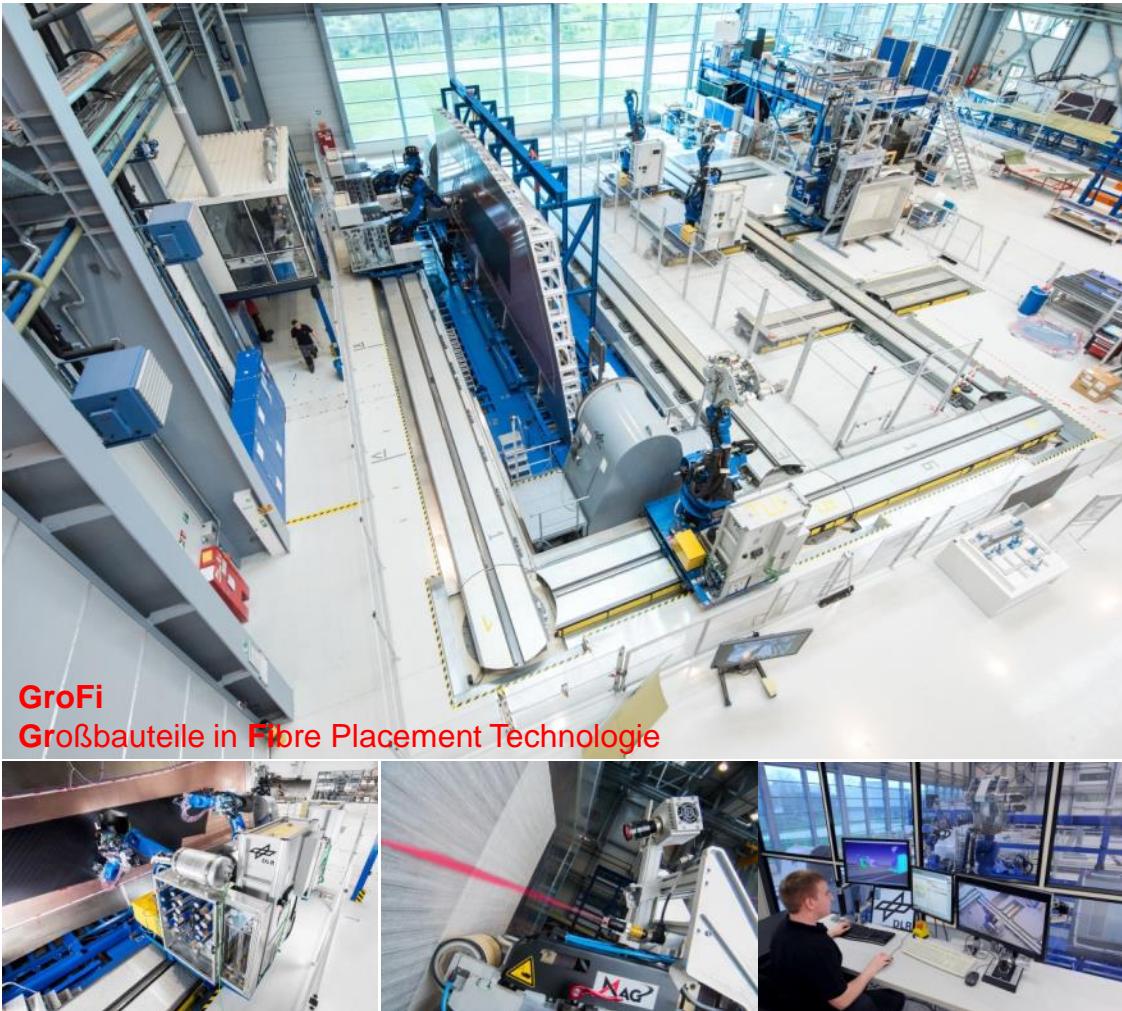
PIDiR  
Process Induced Distortion Replication



## Research Perspective: Process Control “Short Cycle Time”

- ↶ Flow front detection  
Injection line / vacuum port management
- ↶ Fibre content / laminate thickness detection  
Pressure adjustment
- ↶ Crosslinking analyses (gelation, glass transition)  
Temperature zone control / resin mixture adaption
- ↶ Foam core deformation monitoring  
Pressure / Temperature adaption
- ↶ Moisture analyses  
Drying cycle initiation

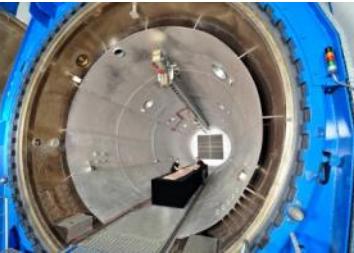
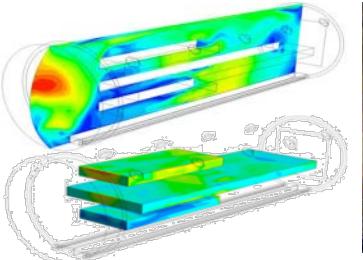
# Automated DFP + Resin Infusion



## Research Perspective: Production Setup “Large Part”

- Coordinated rail bound standard robot units
- Multi-head lay-up
- Combination of various lay-up endeffectors
- Real-time lay-up quality monitoring
- Integrated robot maintenance and set-up area
- Integration of mould / mandrel rotation axis
- Offline programming and process tuning
- Reconfigurable robot platforms

# Automated DFP + Resin Infusion



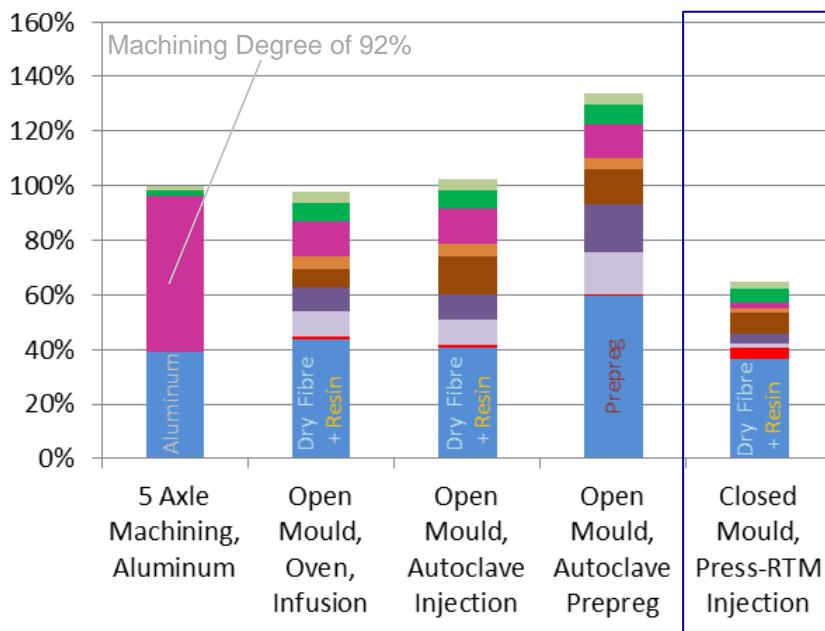
## Research Perspective: Process Control “Large Part”

- ↶ Autoclave/Oven integrated optical sensors  
Flow front manipulation
- ↶ Autoclave/Oven integrated infrared sensors  
Temperature management, leakage detection
- ↶ Process monitoring (flow, thickness, cure)  
Active tooling with switchable temperature zones
- ↶ Predictive process analyses  
Simulation based adaption of process parameters
- ↶ Correlation of monitoring results  
Definition of optimised sensor arrangement

# Assessment of Wing Box Rib and Wing Skin Production Approach

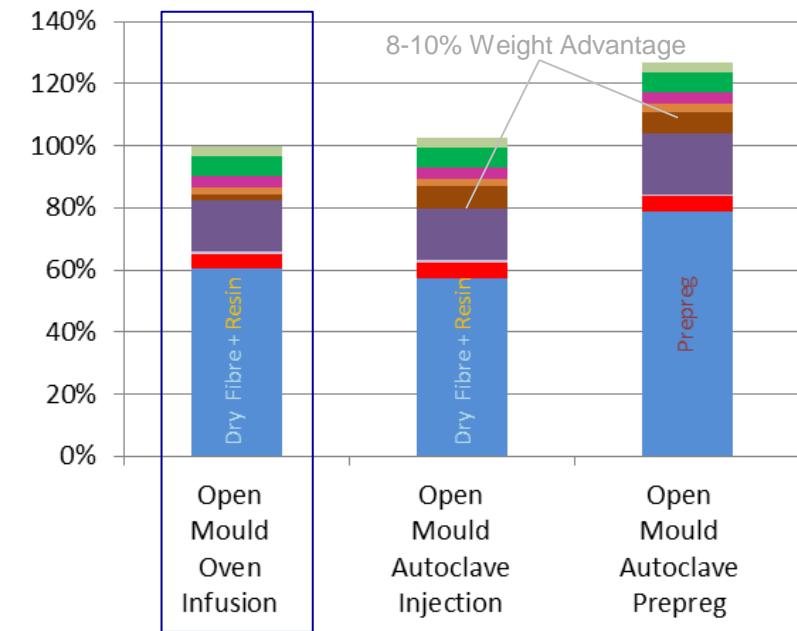


**NCF Preforming +  
Press RTM**



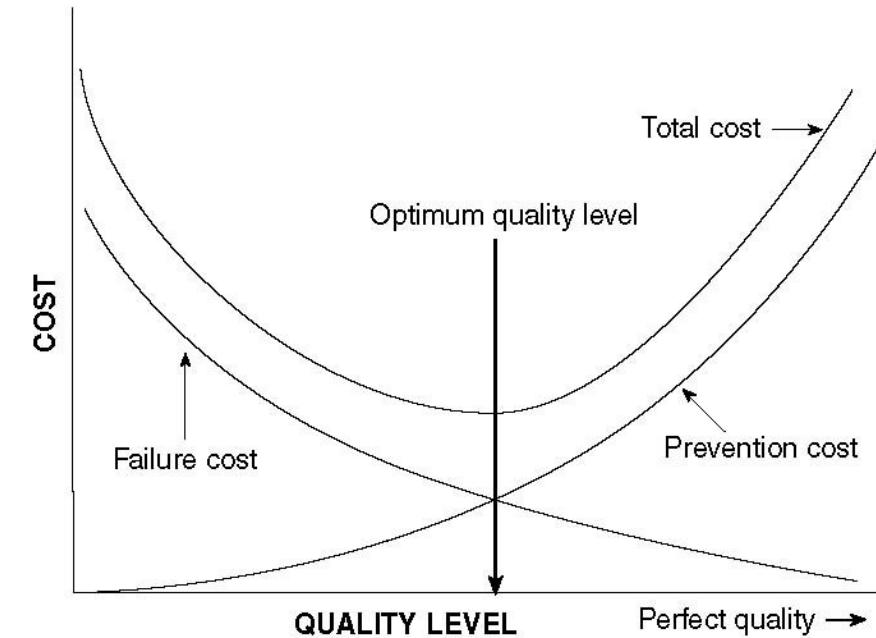
**Automated DFP +  
Resin Infusion**

- Cleaning
- Non Distuctive Testing
- Machining
- Demoulding
- Consolidating
- Forming
- Cutting
- Tooling Share
- Raw Material



# Conclusion

- To introduce material based innovations current research is focusing on direct monitoring and control of all crucial process parameter in order to provide a solid bases for the **CERTIFICATION** approach.
- To maximise processing results for large structural components and high production rates flexible industrialisation strategies will be investigated in order to ensure maximum “Added Value” and **RETURN OF INVEST**.



Classical model of optimum quality costs. From *Jurans Quality Control Handbook, 4th edition*. J.M. Juran, editor. Copyright © 1988, McGraw-Hill.

# Outlook: Joined Production and Assembly



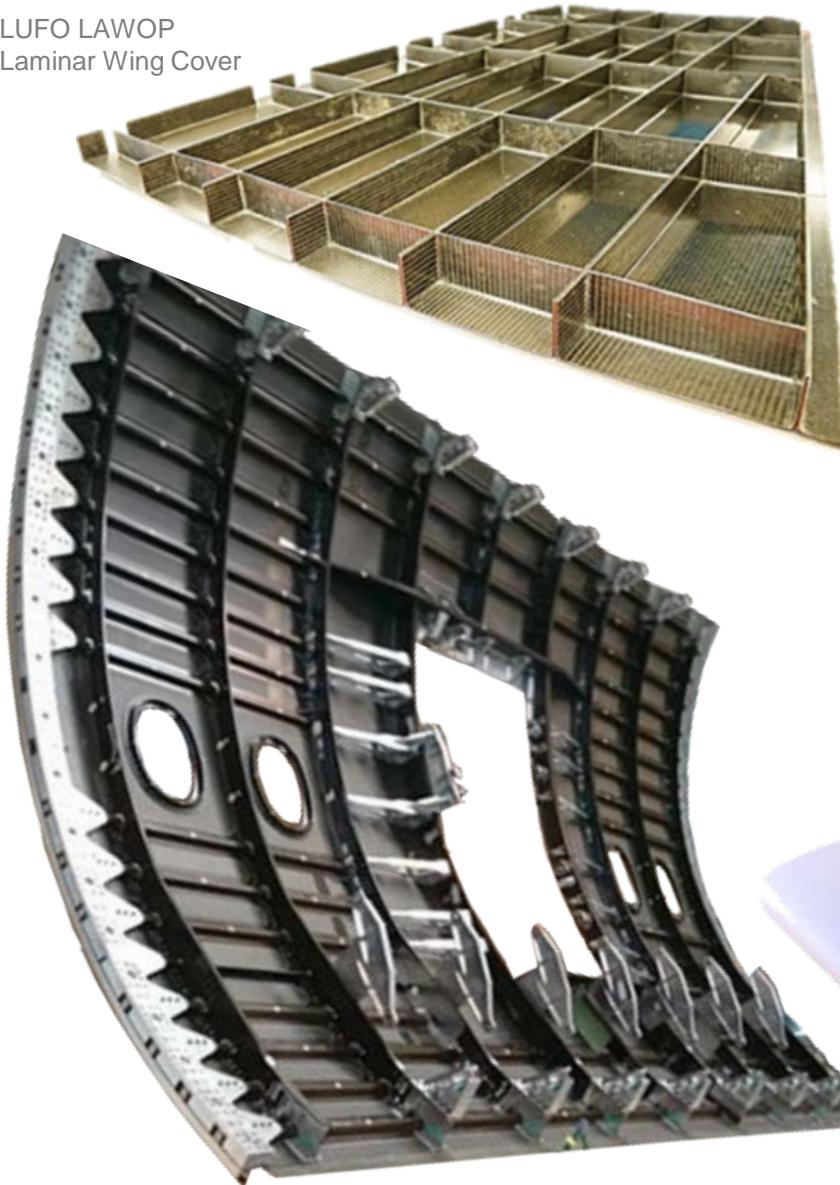
## Research Perspective: “Universal, Multi Scale Production Units”

- Demand actuated reconfiguration of available equipment (robot units) and workspace
- Fully autarkic standard robot platforms
- Combined coordinated and cooperative robot activities
- Integrated production and assembly activities
- Fully automated 24/7 production environment
- Safe “Mixed Reality” human-robot-interaction
- Non-specific factory work floor

# Synergy Potential



LUFO LAWOP  
Laminar Wing Cover



EU FP7 MAAXIMUS  
Door Surround Structure



# Vielen Dank!



DLR MALE  
Laminar Wing

Open Innovation Sagitta  
UAV Platform

Eu:CROPIS Mission