



Automated net-shape preforming of MAAXIMUS C73 frames

Björn Reinhard M.Sc., Dipl.-Ing. Sven Torstrick, Dr.-Ing. Jan Stüve

German Aerospace Center (DLR)

Center for Lightweight Production Technology, Stade (Germany)

SICOMP Conference, Pitea

01.-02.06.2017

Knowledge for Tomorrow



Agenda

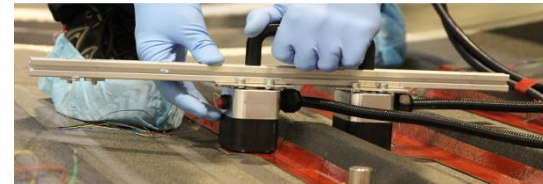
- Overview – MAAXIMUS project (DLR activities)
- Overview – MAAXIMUS work package C73 frames
- C73 frame: RTM process chain
- Automated net shape preforming process
- Achievements
- Conclusions & Outlook



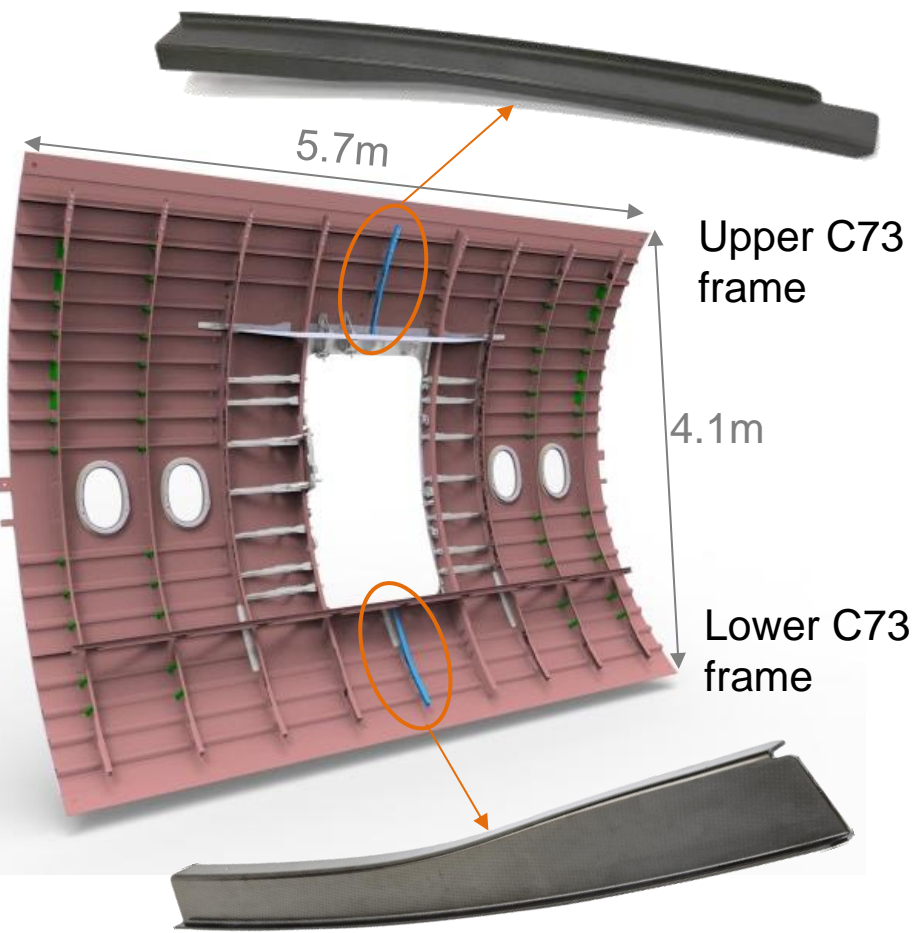
Overview – MAAXIMUS project (DLR activities)

MAAXIMUS (More Affordable Aircraft through eXtended, Integrated and Mature nUmerical Sizing)

- Automated tape laying of shell on vertical tool
- Manual manufacturing of all stringers
- Co-bonding of cured stringers with a new inductive heating device
- Automated preforming of two C73 frames

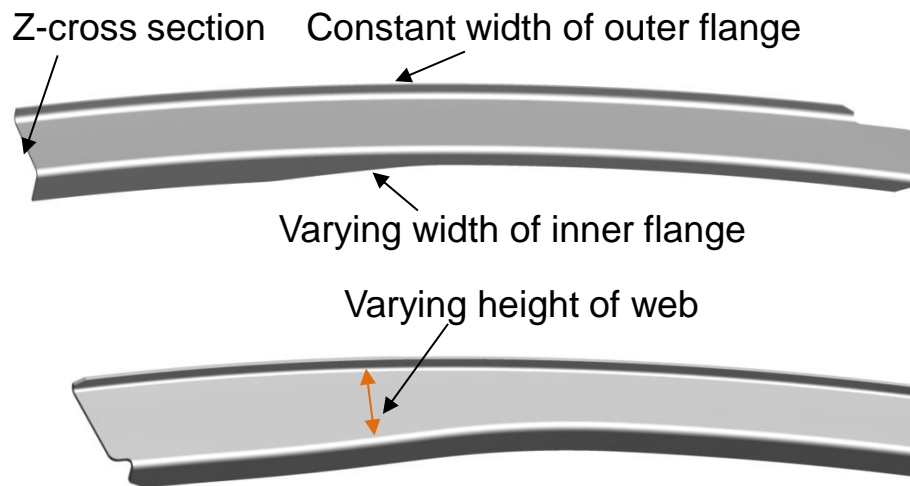


Overview – MAAXIMUS work package C73 frames




Facts of both C73 frames of the MAAXIMUS panel

- Z-profile cross-section, approx. 1 m length
- Varying web height, varying flange width, several patches in inner flange and web
- Dry carbon and glass fiber woven fabric



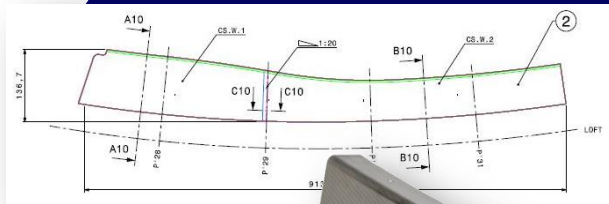
Motivation

- 
- Automated manufacturing of frames in an industrial environment
 - Demonstration of a reproducible and robust process
 - Flexible production line regarding different frame geometries
 - Improved dimensional fidelity (spring-in compensated toolings)
 - Less material waste (net-shape approach)

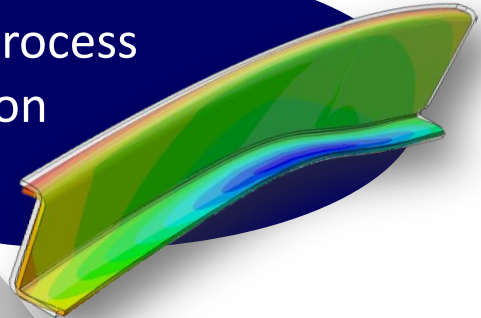


C73 frame: RTM process chain

Design



Curing process simulation



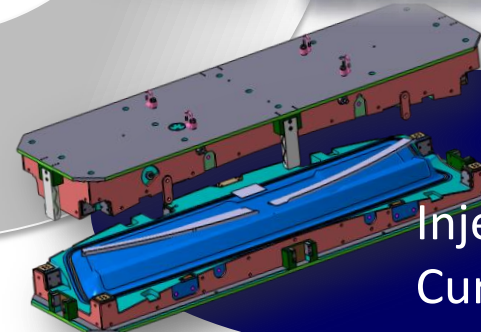
Preform Process



Quality Assurance



Injection & Curing



Video – Automated net shape preforming



If you are interested in the video please write me an email



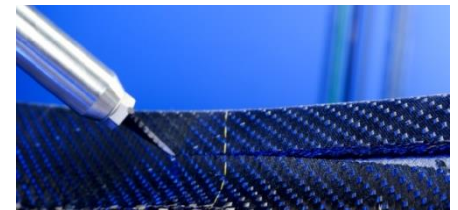
Achievements - Preforming

- Successful manufacturing of 20 CFRP frames with one production line
- Process times
 - Ply preparation (one nesting) : 5 min
 - Preforming (one ply) : 4,5 min
(Draping+QA+binder activation+QA)
 - Consolidation (whole preform) : 20 min
 - Fine trimming : 7 min
- Net shape fine trimming
 - Precise cutting edges, no fiber delamination
 - Local optimization of contour trimming could be realized



92 min for upper C73
(9 plies)

118 min for lower C73
(16 plies)



Achievements - Preforming

- Successful manufacturing of 20 CFRP frames with one production line

- Process times

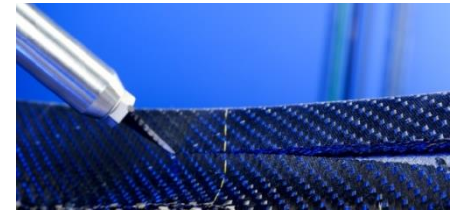
- Ply preparation (one nesting) : 5 min
- Preforming (one ply) : 10 min for upper C73
(Draping+QA+binder activation) (9 plies)
- Consolidation (one frame) : 20 min 118 min for lower C73
(16 plies)
- Fine trimming : 7 min

Time reduction of >25% can be realized by further optimization



- Net shape fine trimming

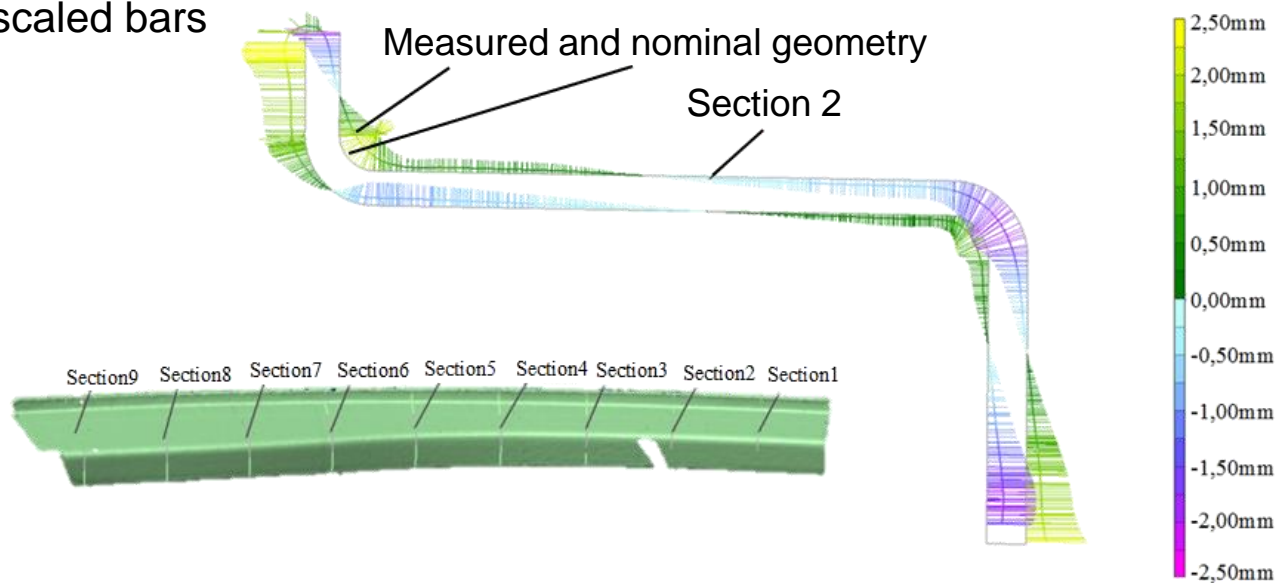
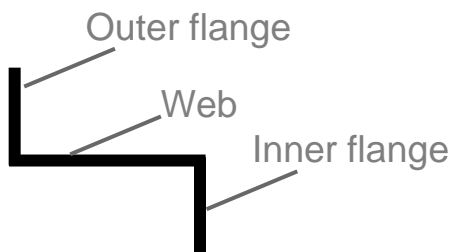
- Precise cutting edges, no fiber delamination
- Local optimization of contour trimming could be realized



Achievement - Preforming

Laser scan of the preform topology

- Target-performance comparison
- Deviations visualized by scaled bars



	Angle in [°] (Inner flange to web)	Angle in [°] (Outer flange to web)
Upper C73 (target: 90,7°)	100,5	109,8
Lower C73 (target: 90,7°)	99,0	104,1



Achievement - Preforming

Laser scan of the preform topology

- Target-performance comparison
- Deviations visualized by scaled bars

➤ Bulking analysis of different materials by different process parameters

Force sensor

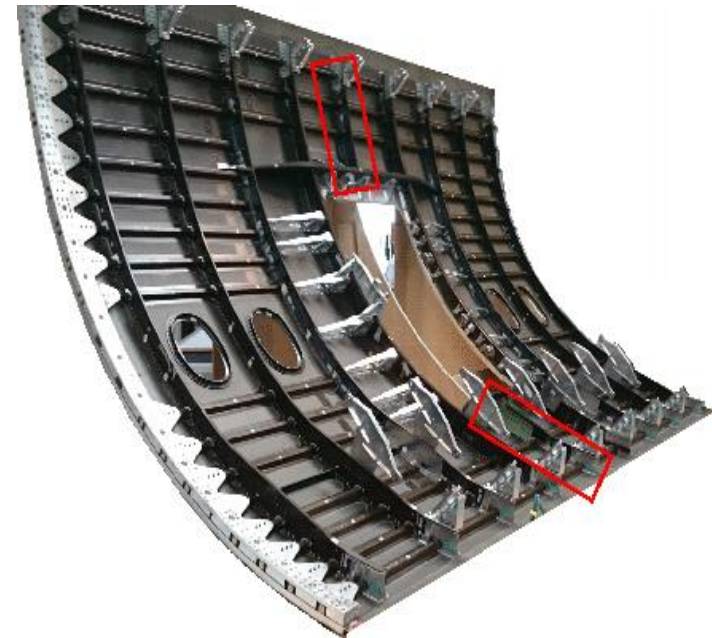
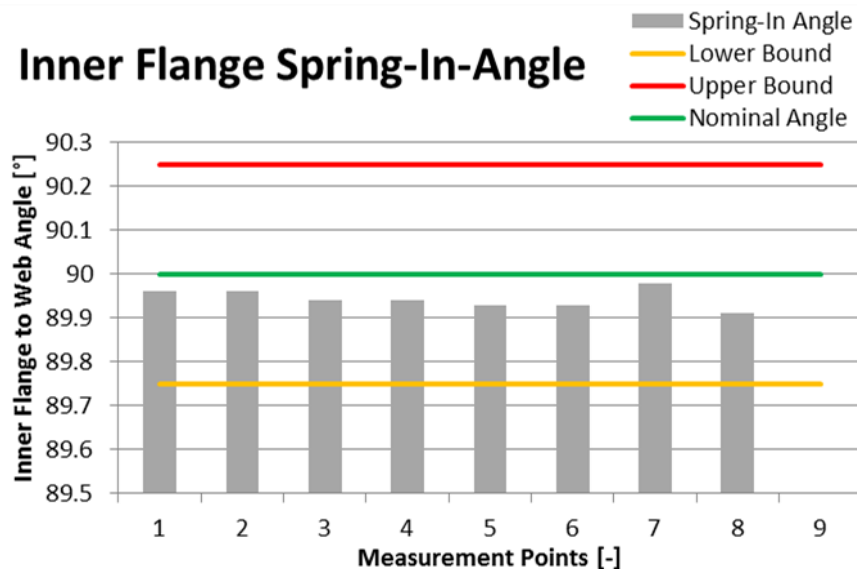
Laser distance measurement

Heating plate



Achievements – Injection and quality assurance

- Reduction of RTM process time by 60% by isothermal RTM process
- No findings in nondestructive testing (NDT) of all manufactured parts
- Geometrical shape verification of cured part in required space
- One set of C73 frames is installed in the test panel

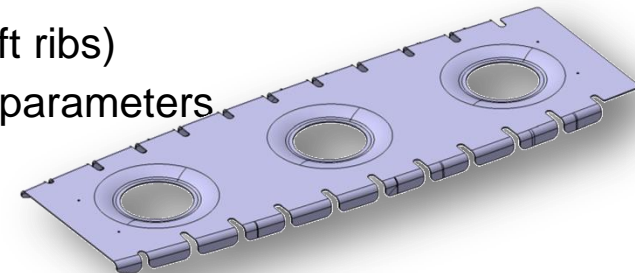


Conclusions & Outlook

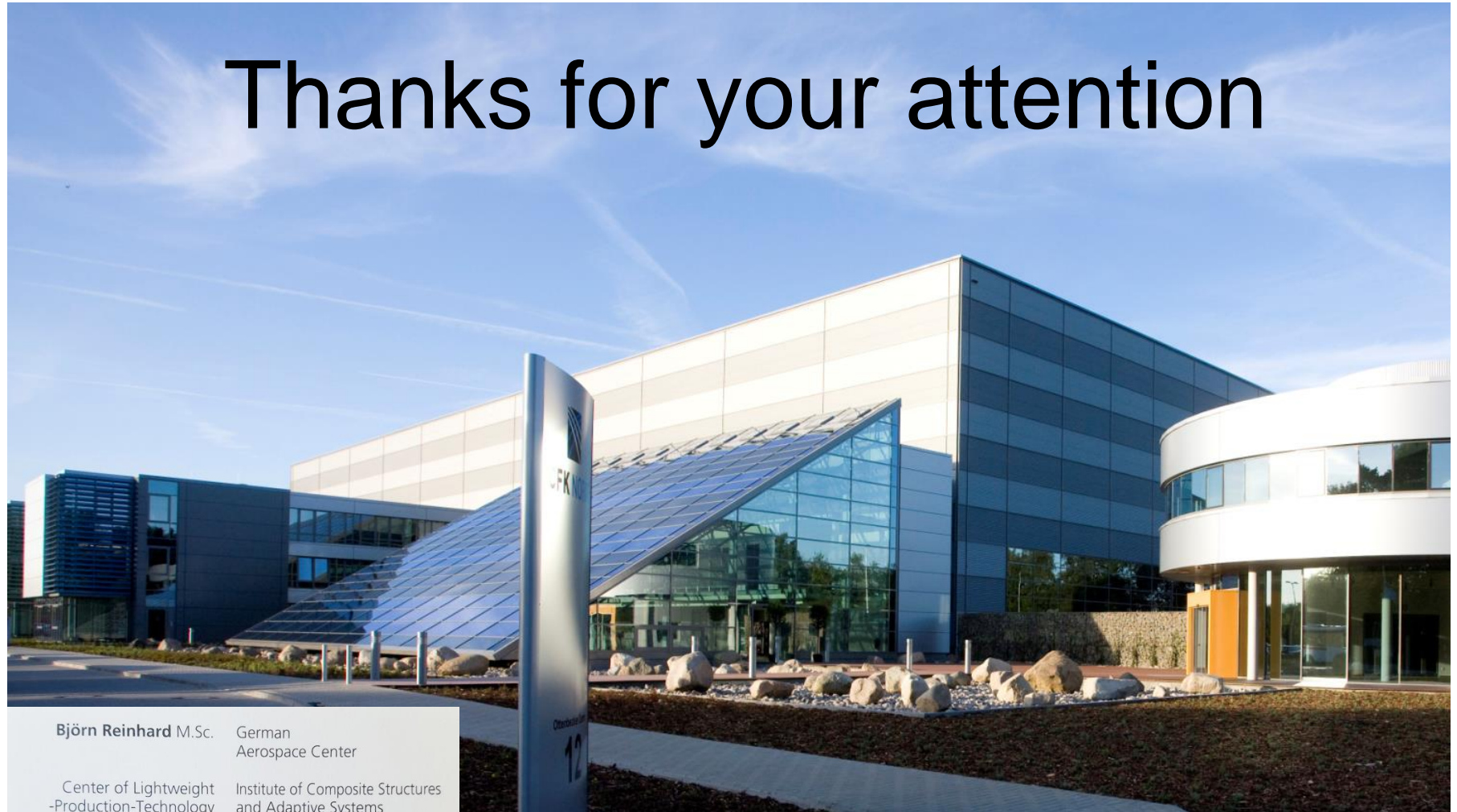
- Automated manufacturing of two different frames with one production line has been realized
- 20 net-shape preforms with no findings in NDT were manufactured
- Reduction of RTM process time by 60%
- Spring-in compensation strategy was successfully applied
 - Airbus tolerances were met for all frames



- Demonstration of the whole RTM production process (aircraft ribs)
- Bulking analysis of different materials with different process parameters



Thanks for your attention



Björn Reinhard M.Sc. German
Aerospace Center

Center of Lightweight
-Production-Technology Institute of Composite Structures
and Adaptive Systems

Ottenbecker Damm 12
21684 Stade
Germany



Telephone +49 531 295-3750
Telefax +49 531 295-3702
E-mail bjoern.reinhard@dlr.de
Internet DLR.de/ZLP



Acknowledgements

- Martin Liebisch, Björn Reinhard: Automated, net shape preforming and isothermal injection process of spring in compensated frames. Springer. (will be published end of 2017)
- S. Torstrick, F. Kruse, M. Wiedemann: RTM-Processing for Net Shaped Parts in High Quantities. CFK Convention 2013, Stade, Germany
- Björn Reinhard: Automatisiertes Endkontur-Preforming eines CFK-Rumpfspantes. 22-24th September 2015, Rostock, DLRK 2015 - Deutscher Luft- und Raumfahrtkongress.
- Erik Kappel, Björn Reinhard, Tim Roser: High-rate, spring-in compensated, net-shape manufacturing of RTM made composite frames within the EU project MAAXIMUS. 26-30th June 2016, Munich, Germany, ECCM17 - 17th European Conference on Composite Materials.
- Martin Liebisch, Robert Hein, Tobias Wille: FE-based prediction of process induced distortions and residual stresses for cfrp frames. September 2015, Manchester, UK, 5th EASN International Workshop on Aerostructures.
- Martin Liebisch, Robert Hein, Tobias Wille: Probabilistic Process simulation to predict process induced distortions and stresses of a composite Frame. 13-15th September 2016, Braunschweig, Germany DLRK 2016, Deutscher Luft- und Raumfahrtkongress.

