Technical University of Denmark



In situ XAS study of supported CuNi-catalyst for CO hydrogenation

Chiarello, Gian Luca; Wu, Qiongxiao; Christensen, Jakob Munkholt; Temel, Burcin; Boubnov, Alexey; Bauer, Matthias; Jensen, Anker Degn; Grunwaldt, Jan-Dierk

Publication date: 2011

Document Version Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Link back to DTU Orbit

Citation (APA):

Chiarello, G. L., Wu, Q., Christensen, J. M., Temel, B., Boubnov, A., Bauer, M., ... Grunwaldt, J-D. (2011). In situ XAS study of supported CuNi-catalyst for CO hydrogenation. Abstract from 10th EuropaCat Congress, Glasgow, United Kingdom.

DTU Library Technical Information Center of Denmark

General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

• Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.

- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
- You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

In situ XAS study of supported CuNi-catalyst for CO hydrogenation

Gian Luca Chiarello¹, Qiongxiao Wu², Jakob M. Christensen², Burcin Temel³, Alexey Boubnov¹, Matthias Bauer¹, Anker D. Jensen² and Jan-Dierk Grunwaldt¹* ¹Institute of Chemical Technology and Polymer Chemistry, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Engesserstr. 20, 76131 Karlsruhe (Germany) ²Department of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering, Technical University of Denmark, Søltofts Plads, Building 229, 2800 Kgs. Lyngby (Denmark) ³Haldor Topsøe A/S, Nymoellevej 55, 2800 Kgs. Lyngby (Denmark) *E-mail address: grunwaldt@kit.edu

Introduction

The synthesis of higher alcohols (C_{2+} alcohols) from synthesis gas has received a renewed attention in the last years for its application in the field of biofuel and bioadditive production [1-2]. Indeed, synthesis gas can be successfully produced by gasification of biomass waste. Among other transition metals, Ni/Cu based catalysts are promising candidates for the title reaction. This work provides a comparison of catalytic activity results and *in-situ* X-ray absorption spectroscopic (XAS) investigations of CuNi/Al₂O₃ and CuNi/CNTs (Carbon Nanotubes) to elucidate: *i*) the Cu/Ni structure after reduction and *ii*) the effect of the support.

Experimental

10wt%Cu/10wt%Ni deposited on CNTs (Sigma-Aldrich) or Al₂O₃ catalysts were prepared by impregnation of Cu and Ni nitrates, followed by overnight drying at 120°C and annealing in air or N₂ (CNTs based cats.) at 400°C for 4 h. The so obtained catalysts have been characterized by BET, HRTEM, *in-situ* XRD, QMS-TPR and *in-situ* XAS at the Ni K- and Cu K-edges both during reduction and exposure in syngas. The XAS experiments were performed with a recently installed *in-situ* setup at the synchrotron of Karlsruhe ANKA-XAS beamline [3]. Catalytic tests were performed in a fixed-bed continuous-flow reactor [2]. Prior to the reaction, the catalysts were pre-reduced under flowing 10% H₂/N₂ mixture for 12 h at 300 °C. Typical operating conditions are: P = 60-100 bar; T = 250-325 °C; GHSV = 2000 h⁻¹; Feed: H₂/CO=1 (v/v).

Results/Discussion

The two samples display different QMS-TPR profiles: a single-broad peak centred at 200 °C for the CNT supported catalyst (Fig.1) and a doubled peak at 212 and 230°C for the Al_2O_3 supported sample. *In-situ* XANES (Fig.1) show that both Ni and Cu start to reduce almost simultaneously at *ca*.180 °C on the former catalyst, whereas Ni on Al_2O_3 starts to reduce at

higher T than Cu. However, on both samples Cu rapidly fully reduces, whereas Ni displays a slower reduction profiles along T and at 300°C a significant fraction of Ni still retains the oxidised state. These results suggest that Ni is present in different forms *i.e.* partially alloyed with Cu, which reduces at lower T, together with NiO and very likely NiAl₂O₄ in the case of the alumina supported sample [4], which are reduced at higher temperature. *In-situ* EXAFS spectra recorded under flowing syngas at 300°C revealed no changes in the copper particles but some variation in the structure of nickel.

Figure 1. *in-situ* XANES spectra at the Cu K-edge during reduction up to 300 °C (left panel) and fraction of oxidised Cu and Ni obtained by linear combination of the *in-situ* XANES spectra together with QMS-TPR profile (right panel) over the CuNi/CNTs sample.

Table 1 shows that Cu-Ni catalysts supported on Al_2O_3 and CNTs exhibited different catalytic behaviors for CO hydrogenation [5]. The CNTs supported catalyst showed higher activity than the Al_2O_3 supported one. These results are interpreted on the basis of Lewis acidic sites of γ - Al_2O_3 and strong interaction between Ni and Al_2O_3 which hinders the formation of the active Cu/Ni alloy. The current work is focused on changing the catalytic selectivity towards higher alcohols by modifying the basicity of the catalysts with alkali and other promoters.

T-1-1-1	Catalatia na sulta a	f C. M. Land Jacksland	s in CO hydrogenation a	+ 2000C 1 100 h
Laple L.	Catalytic results c	it Chini-based catalysis	s in CO hydrogenation a	t source and too par
14010 11	Cutury the results o	r our ir oused eathryst	e in e e injuregenation a	coo c una roo cu

Catalant	CO conv. / mol%	Carbon based selectivity / mol%			
Catalyst		Alcohols	Oxygenates	Hydrocarbons	CO_2
CuNi/Al ₂ O ₃	27.9	4.4	34.4	12.7	48.5
CuNi/CNTs	37.6	77.6	3.4	6.7	12.3

References

1. V. Subramani , S.K. Gangwal, Energy Fuels, 22, 814 (2008).

2. J.M. Christensen, P.M. Mortensen, R. Trane, P.A. Jensen, A.D. Jensen, Appl. Catal. A 366, 29 (2009).

3. J.-D. Grunwaldt, M. Caravati, S. Hannemann, A.Baiker, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. 6, 3037 (2004).

4. L. De Rogatis, et al. Catal. Today, 145, 176 (2009).

5. Q. Wu, J.M. Christensen, B. Temel, J.-D. Grunwaldt, A.D. Jensen, in preparation.