Maziwa Zaidi (More Milk) in Tanzania How to upgrade the smallholder dairy value chain in Tanzania's Kilosa district

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Key messages

- This study addresses issues of low productivity of dairy cows and limited market access of smallholder producers in Tanzania's Kilosa district as means to improve the livelihood of producers.
- The combined effect of **artificial insemination** (AI) and **dairy market** hub collaborative action potentially facilitates the transition from extensive non-commercial to intensive semi-commercial/commercial dairy value chains in Kilosa district.

Opportunities to invest and scale

- The results shows the potential for upgrading the smallholder dairy value chain in Kilosa, but this requires third parties (NGOs and government) to support producers in the initial stages (first 5 years) of investment to support/subsidize high costs of Al.
- It is possible to upgrade the dairy value chain in Kilosa district in Tanzania by way of technology interventions (using AI) in combination with market re-organization (implementing the market hub).
- Such value chain upgrading however requires a significant initial \bullet investment from producers. Given producers' low incomes, it is unlikely that producers are willing or able to invest, hence need for public support

Objectives and approach

- This paper presents an initial ex-ante analysis of alternative interventions to facilitate increased total milk production and amount of farm milk commercially marketed for Tanzania's Kilosa district.
- This paper provides a tool to simulate different interventions using System Dynamics (SD) modelling approach that summarizes quantitative results of policy interventions in short and long terms.

Institutional aspects of dairy market hubs have substantial effects on trade-offs among performance measures (e.g. higher profit Vs. household nutrition) with gain in cumulative profit coming at the expense of a proportional and substantial reduction in home milk consumption.

Key results (over time)



Milk production

We provide key results of two interventions (AI and dairy market hub) using the SD model.

Key results (Cumulative)

	Percentage change in cumulative (by the end of simulation, 2025)					
Scenarios	Milk production	Cumulative profit	Milk consumption	Improved cross breed (%total population)	milk traded to diary hub (liter)	Milk traded to processors (liter)
2 vs.1	18%	-10%	13%	42%	NA	NA
3 vs.1	18%	14%	13%	42%	197,404	157,903
Scenario 2: Al; Scenario 3: Market hub & Al Indicates that Al without improved market access			Inc 429 po Im	dicates in 202 % of total cat pulation beca proved cross	25, tle ame	



Profit over time (USD/week)

marker access does not pay Off

breed

Indicates in scenarios 2 & 3 producers consumed 13% more milk relative to baseline

Indicate total volume milk traded through dairy market hub and processors

More Milk in Tanzania (MoreMilkiT)









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Artificial insemination Al intervention begins to start time positively change profit







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